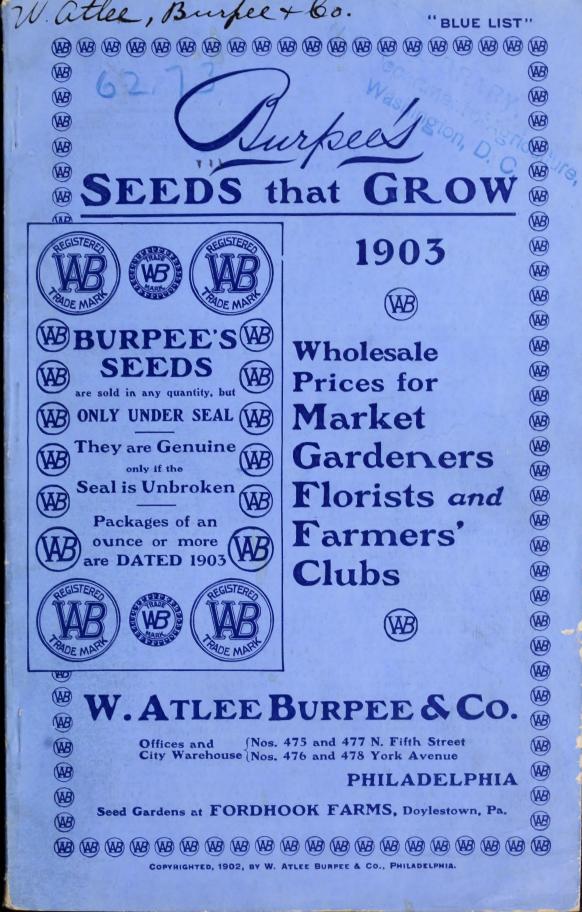
Historic, Archive Document

Do not assume content reflects current scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.





Best Seeds that Grow for 1903 Tested and Proved at our Fordhook Farms

Sold Only Under Seal. Every ounce-package is dated as above. Packets, although not dated (because the electrotypes generally require the entire front of the bag), contain fresh seeds of the same choice quality. Packets and ounces, in heavy manilla paper bags, bear, plainly printed, either our full firm Name or Registered TRADE MARK, which is protected by United States Letters Patent. Quarter-pounds, half-pounds, pounds, pints, quarts, and two quarts, neatly done up in strong manilla paper bags, have securely pasted across the top a long green label worded as follows:



Burpee's Seeds that Grow

For 1903—"Best by Test" Genuine Only if this Seal is Unbroken

that is, Peas, Beans, etc., by the peck or bushel, and quantities of small seeds SEEDS in bags, have each sack sealed with our Trade Mark on a leaden seal.

33¹/₃ PER CENT. DISCOUNT on Seeds in Retail Packets.

After making out your order you will please figure up the total value of Seeds in Retail Packets, at the prices quoted "per packet," and then deduct one-third. Prices by weight or measure, by the trade packet and ounce, are net.

How to Order. Please be careful to sign your name, post office, county, and State on each and every letter sent us. Cash should accompany the order. Send money at our risk either by post-office order, bank draft, express order, or the cash by registered letter. On orders of \$1.00 or more the cost of remitting by any of these methods may be selected in extra seeds free. We are responsible for the safe arrival of the seeds in first-class condition,—therefore, you run no risk whatever. We accept postage stamps the same as cash.

Our Terms are Cash with the Order, unless you are personally known to us, or in a business where we can learn your financial standing from the ratings in the commercial agencies. Our prices are fixed too close to cost to allow for losses from bad debts, and hence we must maintain our rule of "cash with the order" or C. O. D. by express, as explained below, excepting only in the cases named, when we shall expect remittance to be made within thirty days.

C. O. D. Shipments can be made only by express (not by freight) when \$2.00 is remitted with the freight) when \$2.00 is remitted with the order as an evidence of good faith, and to cover express charges in case the shipment should not be paid for upon arrival. For quantities of more than one hundred pounds the **charges by freight** are much less than by express, and therefore it is better on large orders to have shipments made by freight,—remitting the full amount with the order. There is no reason why you should not remit with the order, as you can easily figure the **exact cost**,—the prices being given plainly in this catalogue, and there are **no extra charges except for postage**, when seeds are ordered at these prices to be sent by mail.

You run no risk in sending cash with the order. Our reputation as trustworthy and experienced Seedsmen is well known, while our financial responsibility can be ascertained by making inquiry of any Bank, Trust Company, or Wholesale Merchant who subscribes to either of the Commercial Agency Reports. We do not charge for bags or boxes.

W. ATLEE BURPEE @ CO., PHILADELPHIA, PA.

BURPEE'S BLUE LIST FOR 1903



A TRUSTWORTHY CATALOGUE FOR MARKET GARDENERS AND FLORISTS

3.

Burpee's Seeds are the best that can be grown! Better seeds cannot be had at any price. We spare neither labor nor expense to produce the best—and we strive constantly to improve the quality. Being farmers and gardeners ourselves, we realize fully that no extra cultivation can make up for inferiority in the seeds planted. We know that "from good seeds only can good crops be raised."

Thousands of Testimonials from successful Gardeners could be quoted did space

permit. We had a number of these typewritten and some already "set up," when we found that to insert same we should be obliged to curtail descriptions. Some of these letters were from men (and others from successful women-gardeners) who had dealt with us continuously for periods ranging from ten to twenty-five years. Many have written that they now rely exclusively upon Burpee's seeds when planting for profit. This confidence is the most valuable asset of our business and one that we constantly strive to extend. If you do not know the value of Burpee's Seeds we are willing to wait until you have given them a fair trial. But will you not make a trial this season? We are sure that you will be satisfied.

These Wholesale Prices are quoted only to Market Gardeners, Commercial Florists, Granges, and those who act as Agents in a wholesale way. Should this catalogue fall into the hands of any private planters, they will kindly take notice of this fact and write for Burpee's Farm Annual,—our complete retail catalogue of 184 pages.

While we believe thoroughly in "one price to all," yet in common fairness we must classify our customers. We could not afford to fill regular retail orders at these figures, although market gardeners and florists can send, at any time, as small an additional order as may be needed, at the rates herein quoted.

The Burpee Quality is quite different from the quality of usual commercial grades. Consequently our prices are necessarily slightly higher,—but the seeds are worth much more than the difference in price! We grow seeds just as good as we can. The best is none too good for market gardeners, and each season we strive to produce better seeds than ever before. We are not willing to reduce cost of production at expense of quality;—hence we pay little attention to current prices of ordinary commercial grades, with which we do not attempt to compete. We are satisfied to seek the trade only of sensible planters who can appreciate QUALITY IN SEEDS,—see our KEYSTONE on page 137.



BURPEE'S SEEDS are sold in any quantity, but only under seal. They are always GENUINE as dated,—if seal is unbroken.



son, on account of extremely short crops. This is the case with all *Dwarf Wax Beans*, *Cucumbers*, *Musk Melons*, *Sweet Corn*, many *Peas*, and several *Tomatoes*. On the other hand, however, owing to abundant crops, we are able to offer *Cabbage*, *Carrots*, and *Radish* at lower prices than last season, while other varieties of vegetable seeds are in normal supply and have not varied materially in cost.

The First Cost of even the best seeds is trifling,—compared with the market value of the products and the expense of cultivation. Figure up the difference in cost per acre of Burpee's Seeds and so-called "cheap seeds",—even at half the price. Figure also the cost of fertilizer and cultivation, which will be the same whatever seeds you may purchase. Then ask yourself fairly the question, "Will it pay to run any risk?"

Cut Our Prices in Half, and there are advertisers of seeds who would be glad to fill your order for varieties under the same name. But is it reasonable to suppose you would obtain equal value? If so, it is certainly astonishing that we should continue to do—as we have done for so many years past—the largest mail order seed trade in the world. As Abraham Lincoln once said, "You can not fool all the people all the time"—and we have tried never to fool any planter at any time!

We Lose Orders

every year, because there are so many planters who look only at the apparent difference in prices and seem to forget to consider the difference in quantity and quality of products. Were we unduly eager to extend our business we could readily sell seeds at as low prices as any of our competitors. We have ample capital and know the business thoroughly, but we will not handle any seeds that we would not willingly purchase ourselves for our own planting. Twenty-seven years in active work among growing crops have only served to emphasize the truth,—particularly as applied to seeds,—of that familiar old saying, "The Best is the cheapest."

There are Many honest seedsmen in America,—but there are no others who test so thoroughly, in careful comparative trials, both their own stocks and those of other growers. Fordhook Farms have been long recognized as the largest trial grounds in America. Seedsmen and gardeners who favor us with a visit during the growing season are unanimous in their expressions of admiration at the extent and variety of the trials conducted in the open fields,—in addition to the many thousands of greenhouse tests. We could afford to sell seeds at considerably lower prices were we willing to take any risks! And yet for our own satisfaction,—as well as for the protection of our customers,—we must know all about the seeds we sell. Kindly read A CORDIAL INVITATION, on page 144,—this is extended to you. We have nothing to conceal. Our best customers are those who know us best.

Compare Our Prices with those of common seeds. You will find that Burpee's Seeds cost more,—but not so much more as the difference in value of the resulting crops. Our large business enables us to sell on a comparatively close margin, and we are quite sure that nowhere can you obtain seeds of equal value for less money.

"Proved by Test." Unless you should order some variety that we do not catalogue and instruct that we get it for you (when we shall send it at your risk,—in its original package), you may be absolutely sure that you will receive from us only such stocks of seeds as have been proved to be absolutely the "Best by Test."

Quick Mails Make Near Neighbors of Vs All. Some sort of idea

may be formed of the scope of the business done by W. ATLEE BURPEE & Co., when it is known that over 6000 pieces of mail matter containing orders for seeds, plants, etc., frequently pour into the big Philadelphia warehouse in one day. In these days of fast mails the products of Fordhook are but a short distance from every man's door, and the firm's books show that in the United States alone W. Atlee Burpee & Co. have business correspondents at 59,352 post offices. In addition, there are orders filled for people in nearly every civilized country in the world.—E. J. Wheelock in A Year's Work at Fordhook.

About "Agents." We employ no traveling salesmen to solicit orders. If any one represents that he comes from our office seeking your order, you can put him down as a fraud. But we shall be pleased to have You get up a club among your neighbors. Many market gardeners and florists find it profitable to take orders at our retail prices and have them filled with their own orders at these lower Blue List prices. The difference gives a fair margin of profit and adds but little trouble, for, whenever instructed to do so, we put each order up in a separate package with either the individual name or a number (as you may direct), so that upon receipt of the goods you have only to hand out the different lots as ordered.

With hearty thanks for your courtesies during past years and trusting that you may continue to favor us with your orders, we remain,

Sincerely and gratefully yours,

FORDHOOK FARMS,

Doylestown, Bucks Co., Pa. Willes Burpeere

THE NEW RURPEE BUILDING

Nos. 475 and 477 North Fifth Street, and Nos. 476 and 478 York Avenue,

January 1, 1903.

PHILADELPHIA, PA.



You should buy Burpee's Seeds by Mail

BECAUSE you can be absolutely sure of getting the highest grade seeds that the most skilful cultivation can produce, and at the lowest prices possible.

All you have to do is to make out a list on the order sheet (or on a separate sheet of paper) of the seeds you need, write your address plainly, and enclose the total amount by post-office or express order, or draft; cash or stamps in registered letter. We are responsible both for the safe receipt of your remittance and the prompt arrival of the seeds in good order,—so that you run no risk. Send at least a trial order, and you will learn to your entire satisfaction that we sell uniformly the

Best Seeds that Grow for 1903

New Leaflets (Original and Copyrighted) Given Free to Planters of Burpee's Seeds.

Our Aim is that, in every neighborhood, the finest gardens shall be those planted with BURPEE'S SEEDS. To secure this result, many planters are in need of special information, such as has been gained by many years of experience at our FORDHOOK FARMS.

We have published Two "Vest=Pocket" Guides, one on Vegetables, the other on Flowers, both FREE if asked for with orders, as are also the Special New Leaflets described briefly below. Any of these will be mailed FREE, if requested, with an order for the seed.

AN ASPARAGUS BED-"How to Make." Full directions for preparing the soil, planting the roots, cultivation and manuring the beds,—being a complete treatise on the cultivation of this popular esculent

AND CAULIFLOWER - " How A most useful leaflet. Gives practical information for culture from seed-bed to mature heads.

HOW TO GROW CELERY. Complete instructions for raising the young plants from seed, transplanting, cultivating, and storing for winter use.

INSECT PESTS IN THE GARDEN. tive leaflet is clear and concise, but describes fully the tive leanet is clear and concise, but describes fully the various insects detrimental to the growth of each variety of plant and how they may be held in check or prevented from attacking the plants, together with the most approved formulas for making Kerosene Emulsion, Bordeaux Mixture, and other approved insecticides and their application. Undoubtedly, it will be of creat service event to experience of the control of the great service even to experienced gardeners.

MELONS FOR ALL. Tells plainly how to succeed in growing the sweetest Musk. Melons and largest Watermelons in different soils and locations.

MUSHROOM CULTURE. Full directions for preparing the beds, planting the spawn, and proper care of the beds, with suggestions as to suitable places.

ONIONS FROM SEED. In this leaflet we give brief but clear directions for preparing the soil, sowing the seed, cultivating and harvesting the crop, together with a description of the new method of starting seedlings in the hot-bed to be transplanted.

ROOTS FOR STOCK AND WINTER MARKET. How to prepare the soil, sow the seed and cultivate during growth, with directions for harvesting and stor-It gives useful suggestions as to the most suitable varieties both for stock feeding and the table, with notes also on preparing them for market.

SALADS FOR GARNISHES. The use of many of the finest salading plants and their wholesome properties, as well as the appetizing and refreshing crispness when served, is but too little known. Especially is this the case in the country home, where it is possible at all times to have a constant and varied supply with but slight expense and labor. Wishing to promote the use of these desirable plants we have promote the use of these desirable plants, we have published this new leaflet, which gives complete but concise directions for their cultivation, and the best way to prepare and serve them on the table.

TOMATO CULTURE, by Three Experts. Separate essays by Messrs. Darlington, Van Fleet, and Green are published in this new leaflet, which, consequently, gives complete information by America's "three leading experts."

WHY WE DO NOT SELL VEGETABLE PLANTS such as Cabbage, Cauliflower, Celery, Egg Plants, Peppers, and Tomatoes, and How they may be grown most profitably at home. Better results can be obtained by growing young plants at home, where advantage may be taken of the most favorable conditions for transplanting, and at much less cost. To assist gardeners who are not familiar with the methods of starting these young plants we have written this leaflet, giving full directions for preparing the seed-bed, sowing the seeds, and proper management of young plants until set in the field.

CULINARY HERBS: Their Uses and Cultiva= culinary HERBS: Their Uses and Cultiva-tion. In this new leaflet PROF. KAINS gives plain practical instructions as to the best way to grow all the herbs required in a complete family garden. Not only does this leaflet contain full cultural directions, but also information as to the various uses of the dif-ferent herbs. Many planters have overlooked the value of a few herbs in the garden, and have thus failed to become acquainted with the fact that much can be added in an appetizing way to many disks by can be added in an appetizing way to many dishes by a judicious use of Sage, Thyme, Savory, etc., etc. We predict that this leaflet will be among those most frequently asked for by our customers this season.

HOW TO GROW ASTERS. The Aster is one of the finest flowers for bedding as well as for pot culture and for cut-flowers. This leaflet gives full directions for growing in different locations and seasons.

TO GROW BEGONIAS FROM SEED. This leaflet gives full directions for the proper soil and methods of sowing seed and handling the young plants to grow them rapidly to blooming size, as practised at FORDHOOK FARMS, where we grow seed of all varieties.

HOW TO GROW NASTURTIUMS. liant-hued free-flowering annuals are popular favorites for bedding and decorative effects in the garden or on the lawn. This leaflet gives suggestions as to soil and best methods of planting the seed, together with in-structions for cultivating the plants until they come into full bloom.

HOW TO GROW THE LARGEST PANSIES. Concise directions for growing Pansies in cold-frames during the winter, as well as raising bedding plants from spring-sown seed. Customers purchasing seed of our superb large-flowering strains of Pansies will find this information of great assistance.

HOW TO GROW THE FINEST SWEET PEAS. Written from the experience gained in the cultivation of the many hundred trials of Sweet Peas each season of the many hundred trials of Sweet Peas each season at FORDHOOK FARMs. Full instructions as to soil and cultivation from both spring- and fall-planted seeds, and how to secure the largest flowers as well as the longest period of bloom, together with special cultural directions for the new types, Burpee's Cupid and Burpee's Bush Sweet Peas. It tells also how to make the delicate white-seeded Sweet Peas germinate well.

SUMMER=FLOWERING BULBS. Full directions for the proper planting of these brilliant summer bloomers; their cultivation during growth, and how to keep them through the winter.

SPECIAL CULTURE OF DAHLIAS. This leaflet gives instructions for the most successful culture of this "Queen of Autumn." It has been written for us by the largest grower of dahlias in the world.

majority of these seeds at FORDHOOK FARMS, and from our own experience give directions for preparing the soil; when, how, and where to sow seed; potting young plants; growing them on until in fall; young plants; growing them on until in full bloom in pots in the house or planting outdoors for summer flowering. By aid of this booklet even the novice can raise such fine flowers as Chinese Primrose, Gloxinias, Cineraria, Fuchsia, Begonias, Heliotrope, Water Lilies, our gorgeous large-leaved Coleus, etc.

PRIZE SUPPLEMENT FOR 1903. Gi plete list of winners of the Burpee Premiums.

Please Note {These leaslets are NOT for sale, but are FREE} with an order for seed of which the leaslets treat.}



PLEASE NOTE, that not only do we offer these books at very low prices, but we allow also the same discount on Books as on SEEDS IN PACKETS,—

331/3 PER CENT. DISCOUNT.

FLOWERS FOR EVERY HOME.

Contains directions for raising flowering plants in the outdoor garden or in the house during winter; suggestions for laying out flower-beds and different styles of planting to produce finest effects. Directions for exterminating insects, making compost for pot-plants, starting young plants in the house or open-air seed-bed, etc. Price 10 cents, postpaid.

VEGETABLES FOR THE HOME GARDEN.

A book of 125 pages, giving full directions for the proper management of a complete Family Garden, including perennials such as Rhubarb, Asparagus, Herbs, etc. Also gives tables of quantity of seed required for certain areas; illustrated directions for making hot-beds, etc. Price 10 cents, postpaid.

CABBAGE AND CAULIFLOWER FOR PROFIT.

Full instruction for raising the young plants, preparing the soil, transplanting, and proper cultivation, with complete notes on the best varieties. Illustrated suggestions for preparing for market, and full directions for guarding the crops from insects and diseases. Price 30 cents, by mail,

CELERY FOR PROFIT.

A complete book on modern Celery culture on a large scale for market, containing instructions both for the ordinary field culture and the new intensive method for raising finely blanehed Celery without banking. With illustrations of pits and cheap greenhouses for raising the young plants. Price 20 cents.

ONIONS FOR PROFIT.

The most complete and thoroughly up-to-date book on the subject, giving full directions for the new method of raising the plants in frames or cheap greenhouses and transplanting the young plants so as to produce an early crop of fine bulbs. Also gives full directions for the usual method of sowing the seed directly in the field. Fully illustrated, and contains complete instructions for cultivating, gathering, storing, and marketing the crop. Contains 104 pages, and is profusely illustrated. Price 30 cents.

POTATOES FOR PROFIT.

It contains full information about raising this staple crop on a large scale for market, and the most profitable methods of handling the crop, from planting to marketing the tubers, with best methods of cultivation, proper fertilizing, and directions for storing through the winter. 82 pages. Price 20 cents.

HOW TO GROW MELONS FOR MARKET

Full directions for growing Watermelons and Musk Melons or Cantaloupes. Treats on the best soils, preparing the land, planting, cultivation, and marketing. 81 pages. Price 20 cents, postpaid.

ROOT CROPS FOR STOCK FEEDING AND HOW TO GROW THEM.

Gives, full information regarding the various root crops planted for stock feeding,—how to prepare the ground, sowing the seed, methods of cultivation, harvesting, and storing for winter use, as well as analysis of feeding value of the different roots, and proper feeding rations. 72 pages. Price 20 cents.

THE BEAUTIFUL FLOWER GARDEN.

A beautifully illustrated book by the artist and flower lover, F. SCHUYLER MATHEWS, who has combined with his instructions numerous drawings of flowers and plants and their artistic arrangement in the flower garden and lawn. It is of the greatest interest and full of helpful suggestions to all flower lovers, bringing out the intrinsic beauty of many so-called summer flowers when artistically grouped. 191 pages. Price 40 cents, by mail.

MANURES: HOW TO MAKE AND HOW TO USE THEM.

This standard book has been compiled carefully, and gives the fullest information regarding the best methods of enriching soils of varying characters. It contains full directions for composting and using to the best advantage the waste products of the farm, muck, or pond mud and marf. Also detailed information regarding the various chemicals used in the manufacturing of commercial fertilizers, with directions for mixing at home, and formulas for special crops. 218 pages. Price 40 cents, postpaid.

INJURIOUS INSECTS AND THE USE OF INSECTICIDES.

A complete treatise on the various insect pests which prey upon the garden, orchard, and field crops, as well as of those which are troublesome in the flower garden, with fullest directions for the proper remedies to be used, and how to prepare and use them. A very valuable book of 216 pages. Price 40 cents.

HOW AND WHAT TO GROW IN A KITCHEN GARDEN OF ONE ACRE.

This is a complete book on the proper management of the Family Garden. It gives full directions for laying out the garden, planting, cultivation, and management the whole year round. While written especially for a garden of the proper size to supply an ordinary family with vegetables and small fruits, the directions are equally applicable to smaller gardens or to truck growing on a larger scale for market. It contains 198 pages. Price 30 cents, postpaid.

A YEAR'S WORK AT FORDHOOK.

A beautiful book, profusely illustrated with photoengravings, which we publish for the benefit of customers who are not able to visit Fordhook Farms in person. Price 10 cents, by mail, postpaid.

SELECTION IN SEED GROWING.

A book containing the papers contributed to the Horticultural Congress at the World's Fair, Chicago, 1893, by leading seedsmen of Europe and America. Price 10 cents, postpaid.

SWEET PEAS UP-TO-DATE.

Published in January, 1897. Specially written for us by the Rev. W. T. HUTCHINS. Price 10 cents.

HOW TO COOK VEGETABLES.

This book was written especially for the benefit of our customers by the well-known authority, Mrs. S. T. RORER. Our agreement with the authoress does not permit us to offer this valuable book for sale, but we shall send it free as a premium with all orders for seeds amounting to \$1.00 or more, if ten cents additional be remitted,

Burpee's GEM COLLECTION of Annuals Ten Packets Beautiful Flowers for 25 Cts.

Burpee's BLUE BEDDING

(Now Nameless)

Petunia.

This beautiful novelty originated at FORDHOOK FARMS. It is so charming as a bedding Petunia and grows so easily from seed that we have decided to offer it for advance trial in this new Gem Collection.

We enclose with each collection a CARD-LITHOGRAPH, showing a flower and bud painted from nature, while we offer prizes for best reports and also a Prize of \$25.00 for a Name.

The plants are of dwarf, compact growth, pyramidal in form and about fifteen inches in height. The small plants are literally covered with deep blue flowers. The flowers measure from one to one and a half inches in diameter, bright blue in color and each distinctly marked in the center by the snowy-white throat, which has the effect of being a small circle or round spot of clear white in the center of the rich blue flower. of the rich blue flower.

Will you suggest a name?



More than twenty years ago we originated the plan of offering each season a GEM COLLECTION, containing ten packets seeds of choice flowers for only twenty-five cents. So popular has this collection been each season that, still further "to encourage the beautiful," we have endeavored now to surpass all previous efforts. The folios of pages named refer to pages in The FARM ANNUAL.

For 25 Cts. we mail one packet each of all the followcarpets the ground with a mass of white, as illustrated on page 137.—
Fordnook Favorites among ASIERS, embracing many of the
choicest types, as enumerated at bottom of page 138.—Burpee's New
"Daylight" DOLICHOS, the most beautiful climbing vine first
introduced by us from Japan, and which produces magnificent spikes
of bloom, as illustrated on page 158.—New Nineteen Hundred
MIGNONEITE, a grand new variety with substantial spikes of surpassingly sweet fragrance,—Superb Giant = Flowered
NASTURTIUMS in unequaled mixture, as described on
page 128.—Imperial German PANSIES, more than fifty
beautiful colors in splendid mixture, as described on
page 128.—Imperial German PANSIES, more than fifty
beautiful colors in splendid mixture, as described on
page 128.—Imperial German PANSIES, more than fifty
beautiful colors in splendid mixture, as described on
page 128.—Imperial German PANSIES, more than fifty
beautiful colors in splendid mixture, as described on
page 128.—Imperial German PANSIES, more than fifty
beautiful colors in splendid mixture, as described on
page 128.—Imperial German PANSIES, more than fifty
beautiful colors in splendid mixture, as described on
page 128.—Imperial German PANSIES, more than fifty
beautiful colors in splendid mixture, as described on
page 128.—Imperial German PANSIES, more than fifty
beautiful colors in splendid mixture, as described on
page 128.—Imperial German PANSIES, more than fifty
beautiful colors in splendid mixture, as described on
page 128.—Imperial German PANSIES, more than fifty
beautiful colors in splendid mixture, as described on
page 128.—Imperial German PANSIES, more than fifty
beautiful colors in splendid mixture, as described on
page 128.—Imperial German PANSIES, more than fifty
beautiful colors in splendid mixture, as described on
page 128.—Imperial German PANSIES, more than fifty
beautiful colors in splendid mixture, as described on
page 128.—Imperial German PANSIES, more than fifty
beautiful colors in splendid mixt

For Only 25 Cts. we mail one packet each of all the above, each of all the above, and in the large envelope containing this collection we enclose flat a CARD-LITHOGRAPH of the BLUE BEDDING PETUNIA, natural size flower and bud, as painted from nature at Fordhook Farms. Every purchaser is entitled to one vote, and we shall pay a prize of \$25.00 cash for a name for this beautiful new Petunia, while we shall pay twenty-five dollars also (first prize \$10.00) for the best complete but brief descriptions that may be written by our customers.

\$1.00 for 25 Cts.! At the regular price of desiration new Pelunia would alone sell for one shilling, or 25 cts., per packet, while with the other nine packets this New GEM COLLECTION is really worth a dollar!

A Favor Requested. We shall esteem it a personal favor if our customers will kindly tell friends and neighbors of this liberal offer. Perhaps you will allow some friend to cut off the corner and mail to us in ordering this collection alone. It is so hard to persuade some people to write a letter! Should you desire to sell these collections, we shall be pleased to mail you six complete Collections for one dollar. Apply or, if preferred, you can have any six Collections for one dollar,—assorted as desired,—"GEMS," NASTURTIUMS, as offered on page 114, and SWEET PEAS offered on page 215. and SWEET PEAS, offered on page 125.

For the E STORE STOR You 25 Cts. can cui off enclosed. W. Atlee Burpee @ Co.,

Philadelphia,

will please mail immediately-A Complete Gem Collection (Ten Packets Choice Flower Seeds), as advertised, to

Burpee's Farm Annual, pronounced "The Leading American Seed Catalogue," is too costly a book to mail broadcast. It is sent unsolicited only to our customers, but we shall be pleased to mail a copy also FREE to all who intend to buy Burpee's seeds. If you have a friend who can appreciate the BURPEE QUALITY IN SEEDS, will you kindly advise him or her (for many of our best customers are women) to write a postal card,—or, better still, to send a Quarter for one of these three collections.

This Corner and use as an Order Blank. EGISTERE County,

Shall we mail also THE FARM ANNUAL FOR 1903?



Complete List of Standard

VEGETABLE SEEDS,

Of Strongest Vitality and Choicest Selected Strains.

We grow seeds, and we grow seeds just as good as we can. BURPEE'S SEEDS are not "cheap seeds," but are sold at prices as low as seeds of equal quality can be had anywhere. No matter what price you might pay you could not get better seeds. Wherever our registered TRADE MARK appears it signifies that these varieties were first

introduced into cultivation by us. We have marked with a bull's-eye [O] those that are the best of

their respective types for general cultivation.

The Prices of Seeds by WEIGHT or MEASURE are NET. 1/2 lb. or 1/2 bushel supplied at pound and bushel rates. The seeds are shipped as directed, either by express or freight, at expense of the purchaser. If to be

sent by mail, an extra remittance (at the rate of 8 cts. per lb, 10 cts. per quart on sweet corn, or 15 cts. per quart on beans and peas) must be sent

to cover cost of postage.

Seeds in PACKETS are subject to a DISCOUNT of 331/3 PER CENT. This liberal discount applies only to seeds in retail packets.



ARTICHOKE.

The Globe Artichoke is cultivated for its flower-heads, which are cooked like asparagus. Plants set in any good soil, with slight covering in winter, will remain in bearing several years. LARGE GREEN GLOBE. The standard variety. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; 1/4 lb. 75 cts.

ASPARAGUS.

The Asparagus bed furnishes the first green delicacy for our table in the spring, is universally popular, and requires but little care for its successful cultivation. We send, free with either seed or roots, our new Leaflet, giving full directions, if requested on the order.

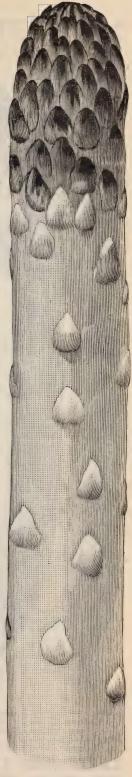
CONOVER'S COLOSSAL. The standard variety. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 5 cts.; ½ lb. 15 cts.; per lb. 40 cts. One-year-old roots, sent by express at expense of purchaser: 40 cts. per 100; \$3.50 per 1000; two-year-old roots, 45 cts. per 100; \$4.00 per 1000.

BARR'S MAMMOTH. • This fine variety has brought in market thirty-five cents a bunch when other asparagus was selling for ten and fifteen cents. The stalks are very large, frequently an inch in diameter, with few scales; the stalks stalks are very large, frequently an inch in diameter, with few scales; the stalks retain their thickness completely up to the top of the shoots, and have close round heads. They are extra quick growing, very tender and succulent, entirely free from woody fiber, and make shoots fit for market in a single day.

Price of seed: Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; ½ lb. 18 cts.; per lb. 55 cts. Good strong roots, by express: One-year-old, 50 cts. per 100; 500 for \$2.10; \$4.00 per 1000. Two-year-old roots, by express, 60 cts. per 100; \$5.25 per 1000

PALMETTO. The plants are strong and vigorous in growth, producing large, thick, dark-green shoots, with a distinctly pointed head or tip, as contrasted with the rounded head of the other large-stalked varieties. Both seed and roots at the same prices as quoted for Barr's Mammoth.

COLUMBIAN MAMMOTH WHITE. "Furnishes white shoots which stay white as long as fit for use, without earthing up or any other artificial blanching, and because it can be absolutely depended upon to give eighty to ninety per cent. of white plants from seed." Seed scarce. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 7 cts.; 14 lb. 25 cts.; per lb. 65 cts. Prices of roots, same as quoted for Barr's Mammoth.



BARR'S MAMMOTH ASPARAGUS the Philadelphia Favorite.



N. B. Keeney & Son, of Genesee County, N. Y., the most extensive growers of beans in the world, January 22, 1900, write: "In point of earliness Burpee's Stringless Green-Pod is ahead of any other known variety except Emperor William. That is unquestionably the quickest bean in sight, but the young pods of the Emperor William are very thin, lacking the thick meat of the Burpee Stringless Green-Pod." Alfred J. Brown Seed Co. of Michigan, January 30, 1900, states: "Burpee's Stringless has been found to be by all odds the best green-podded bean in cultivation."

EARLY RED VALENTINE, IMPROVED EXTRA EARLY ROUND=POD. O EARLI RED VALENTIRE, interest EATRA EARLY ROUND-POD. 5 The standard green-pod snap bean, surpassed in quality only by Burpee's Stringless Green-Pod. In this improved strain the pods are very fleshy, round, and saddle-backed with only slight strings. Bushes grow uniformly about fifteen inches in height and produce a large crop of pods of the finest flavor when gathered young. Per pkt. 10 cts.; pint 12 cts.; quart 20 cts.; 2 quarts 30 cts.; 4 quarts 55 cts.; per peck \$1.00; per bushel \$3.75. For all other green-podded Bush Beans, -see page 10.

NEW EARLY BURPEE'S "BRITTLE WAX."

This superb new "Earliest of All" Wax Beans, while remarkably hardy, is of extra fine quality and extremely prolific. The prize bush, grown in Canada, bore 167 pods,—counted by ourselves. For illustration of another bush, see page 37 of THE FARM ANNUAL. Even at the present high prices we are sure it will pay to plant Burpee's Brittle Wax, rather than wait until the seed becomes more plentiful. We are quite sure that those who plant it this season—whether for family use or market—will appreciate its unequaled merits as thoroughly as do the originators and ourselves. The genuine seed can be obtained only in sealed packages, bearing our Registered Trade Mark. Per pkt. 15 cts.; ½ pint 25 cts.; per pint 45 cts., by mail, postpaid. By express, not prepaid: Per pint 35 cts.; quart 65 cts.; 2 quarts \$1.10; 4 quarts \$2.00; per peck \$3.75; ½ bushel \$7.25; per bushel \$14.50.

Remarks of the Originator who is an Expert on Beans. "This bean is a half-brother to Round-Pod Kidney Wax, also a half-brother to Pencil-Pod Black Wax. They both have Round-Pod Refugee blood in them, and from this parent they get the long, straight, handsome, round, pulpy pod, together with vigor and productiveness. These latter characteristics, although very important, are painfully lacking in some other wax sorts. This bean is entirely stringless, of a rich yellow color; quality is exceptionally fine; the plant is vigorous and productive, and we hardly know how this bean could be improved. We think the fact of this bean having quite a little Black-Eyed Wax blood in it ought to make it a little earlier than the Round-Pod Kidney Wax or the Pencil-Pod Black Wax."

"It is superior to Burpee's Saddleback Wax in this respect: it is a more certain cropper. Burpee's

this respect: It is a more certain cropper. Burpee's Saddleback Wax is a fine bean, and when the conditions are favorable it gives a very satisfactory crop, but it is not so robust in habit. It would also

crop, but it is not so robust in habit. It would also be considered superior to Burpee's Saddleback Wax and to Round-Pod Kidney Wax by a person who wants a small, slender, long, straight, handsome pod; while, on the other hand, a person who wants a large pod would consider Burpee's Saddleback Wax preferable to this new Wax. By emphasizing the fact that this new Wax has Refugee blood in it, thereby acquiring the hardiness and vigor which the original Black-Eyed Wax lacked, and giving it the long, straight, handsome pod of the Refugee parent, it will not be difficult to explain to most of your customers that it is a great improvement."

What Others Say. We should like to have several pages in which to publish more testimony concerning this unequaled "BRITTLE WAX" Bean. The few extracts printed below, however, are worth reading, and should suffice to show that neither the originator nor ourselves are too enthusiastic in its praise:

printed below, however, are worth reading, and should suffice to show that neither the originator nor ourselves are too enthusiastic in its praise:

Jas. E. Murphy, Clockville, N. Y., September 27, 1901, writes: "The plants are remarkably productive, vigorous, and erect, and grow from fifteen to eighteen inches in height. They branch freely and hold their load of pods well up from the soil, keeping them clean and free from rust. The pods are borne in the greatest profusion in clusters of four and six through a long season beginning early. The quality is unrivaled,—is absolutely stringless even when full grown. In earliness it stands in the front rank; in quality it is unexcelled; in bearing ability a worthy rival of Stringless Green-Pod; and in uniformity ot shape and size without a rival."—T. D. Boone, Saltsburg, Pa., writes: "The bushes are not only loaded, but they are loaded all of the time from early in June until late in September. On a fair estimate they produced, bush by bush, fully three times as many pods as that of any other variety."—J. F. Rose, South Byron, N. Y., writes: "We might say, almost of tree instead of bush habit, as the stocky stalk keeps the pods and foliage well off the ground. The pods are entirely stringless through the season and are meaty, of best quality and flavor."—ALERIT GLEASON, Castleton, Ill., writes: "The pods all look alike and remain in eating condition longer than any other variety which I have grown, and do not become tough when beans begin to form."—J. H. BASTARD, Copopa, Ohio, writes: "A rapid grower, it commences to bear extremely early, continuing to throw an abundance of pods until frost. The pods are exceptionally long, solid, crisp, tender, and perfectly stringless. The flavor is very rich and creamy."—Mrs. Jane E. Bolton, Niantic, Connecticut, writes: "The best wax bean I have ever grown. It is absolutely stringless, sweet, and with a flavor like the best dairy butter. It is very prolific, and there are no small or insignificant beans on the plants; all are near

MRS. M. SAVRE GARDNER, Glenwood Springs, Colo., writes: "It is very prolific, the yield being simply enormous; in quality beyond compare. When cooked they are of a delicious flavor."

MRS. F. F. FEURT, Irwin, Mo., writes: "This bean is absolutely stringless; very prolific; positively free from rust. It is of a rich yellow color; quality is ex-ceptionally fine. The plant is vigorous and productive."

MRS. A. G. GEORGE, Elmwood, Ill., writes: "It forms a good symmetrical bush, and has no tendency to lie on the ground; its branches begin after two inchesof stem have formed. It bears 'early and often'; stringless pods; remarkably fleshy."

JOHN S. LINSLEY, M.D., 1700 Washington Ave., New York, N. Y., writes: "It is early, prolific, hardy, vigorous, delicious in quality beyond all others, a con-tinuous and perpetual bearer; its constitution and vigor are marvelous."

G. H. WILLIAMS, East Sound, Washington, writes: "A prolific bean, my plants being literally covered with pods, my most prolific counting 84. Earliest of any wax bean I ever raised. Pods are round, very meaty, full of jelly substance, and generally straight; a beautiful lemon-yellow color; quality the best; they are very crisp. Pods grow all over the vines, even to extreme end of branches."

DWARF or BUSH BEANS.—Green-Podded Varieties.



IMPROVED ROUND-POD RED VALENTINE BEAN.

These are planted largely during the early spring to furnish a supply of fresh green pods for snapshorts. EARLY MOHAWK, Early Yellow Six Weeks, and China Red-Eye are quite hardy and early in cool locations, but of rather inferior quality. Round Yellow Six Weeks is an improved type of the Early Yellow Six Weeks, having rounder and more meaty pods of improved quality.

The IMPROVED ROUND-POD RED VALENTINE has been long regarded as the finest of the early dwarf string beans, and quite justly so, having a tender, fleshy, round pod of fine flavor. This is, however, now being superseded by BURPEE'S STRINGLESS GREEN-POD, which not only produces equally fine-flavored pods two weeks earlier than the Valentine, but the pods are absolutely without strings, even when of full size. BEST OF ALL and Refugee are later varieties; the latter a rather small, round, fleshy pod of mild flavor, while Best of All has quite large, round, straight pods of extra fine quality. The new EXTRA EARLY REFUGEE has become lately most popular on Long Island. The Blue-Podded Butter is a second-early, and is esteemed for its exceptionally rich flavor and fine quality. The Blue-Podded Butter is a second-early, and is esteemed for its exceptionally rich flavor and fine quality. The New "Giant Stringless" Green-Pod Valentine produces fine, long, stringless "pencil-pods," but is not so early as Burpee's Stringless Green-Pod.

New Everbearing or French "Inexhaustible" is a very distinct and ornamental as well as useful sort; quite hardy and bears practically two crops of darkgreen pods, the first in the center of the plant and later in sprays on the branches above the foliage. half bushels per acre, in drills three feet anart.

One quart is required to 100 feet of drill; one and a half bushels per acre, in drills three feet apart.

		Not in	cluding po	stage	
	Quart.	2 Quarts	4 Quarts	Peck.	Bushel.
Early Mohawk,	\$0 20	\$0 30	\$0 55	\$1 00	\$3 90
Improved Early Round=Pod Red Valentine,	20	30	55	1 00	3 75
Burpee's New STRINGLESS GREEN-POD, O	20	38	70	1 25	4 75
Early China Red=Eye,	20	30	55	1 00	3 75
Early Long Yellow Six Weeks,	20	30	55	1 00	3 90
Early Round Yellow Six Weeks,	25	40	65	1 10	4 00
Refugee, or Thousand to One,	25	45	75	1 25	4 50
Extra Early Refugee. (See description below),	20	38	70	1 25	4 75
New Everbearing, or "Inexhaustible,"	20.	35	65	1 20	4 25
Giant Stringless Green-Pod "Valentine," O	20	35	65	1 20	4 25
Blue=Podded Butter. Finest flavor,	30	55	1 00	1 75	
Best of All. Prolific; choice quality,	20	35	65	1 25	4 50
FOR SHELLED BEANS.					
Dwarf Horticultural. Choice green shell beans,	20	35	65	1 25	4 50
Goddard, or Boston Favorite. A fine strain,	20	38	70	1 25	4 75
Boston "Small Pea" Bean,	18	30	60	1 00	3 75
White Marrowfat. The standard market bean,	20	35	65	1 10	4 00
Fach of the above 10 cents per packet of two onnees					

Each of the above, 10 cents per packet of two ounces.

By Mail. Please note that in larger quantities than pints the above prices are net. Fif large quantities of Peas or Beans are ordered to be sent by mail, the postage, 15 cts. per quart, must be remitted in addition to the price of the seed. On Sweet Corn the cost of postage is 10 cts. per quart.

EXTRA EARLY REFUGEE. The pods of this new strain are equally as tender and fine in flavor and the plants equally as productive as the popular and well-known Refugee, or 1000 to 1. They have the additional merit of producing fine pods ten days to two weeks earlier. The plants are of quick growth, branch freely, and are loaded with an immense crop. Pods are smooth and of a light-green color, three and a half to four inches long, found and slightly pointed at the ends; solidly fleshy and of mild flavor. Of handsome appearance, it makes an excellent sort to come in after Burbee's Stringless Green-Pod and before the old type of Refugee. Prices as quoted in price list above,—per peck \$1.25; bushel \$4.75.

GIANT STRINGLESS GREEN-POD VALENTINE. O
This new variety should not be confused with Burpee's Stringless Green-Pod, from which it is entirely distinct, resembling more closely the Valentine, the pods averaging one-third larger than those of the latter variety. The claim that it is ready for market a week earlier than the Extra Early Valentine is not sustained in our trials, it being nearly a week later and making an excellent succession to Burpee's Stringless Green-Pod when planted at the same time. The plants are of strong growth; pods slightly curved, very meaty, being broadly rounded and saddle-backed; brittle and stringless at all stages. Prices as quoted in price list above. Bushel \$4.25.

O A Bull's-Eye, according to the "Century Dictionary," means a shot that hits the bull's-eye—the best shot that can be made. We have marked with a bull's=eye [0] those varieties of seeds which we consider the very-best of their class. Even inexperienced planters, who might be confused by our complete list, can make no mistake by selecting the varieties marked with a bull's-eye. 000

Dwarf WAX BEANS.

The Dwarf German Black Wax "Chailenger" strain and New Prolific German Black Wax are the earliest varieties; pods are rather short and generally curved, but of fine quality. The Golden Wax and the Rust-Proof are both fine market varieties, having large, handsome, golden pods. Keeney's Rustless' is hardy, very prolific, and of fine quality. Burpee's Perfection Wax is an improved strain of scarlet Flageolet, producing an abundance of long, handsome, golden-yellow, stringless pods. Burpee's Saddleback is the most popular of all; unfortunately our crops were nearly a failure.

Crystal White Wax yields a plentiful supply of the most delicious small white pods, excellent for the home garden, but too small for market. "Pencil-Pod" Black Wax, Jones' New Crown, and Jones' Stringless are choice new varieties with handsome pods. The finest of all wax beans is Burpee's Brittle Wax.

BRITTLE WAX.

There is a scarcity of Bush Beans this season,—
particularly Wax-Podded Varieties and Burpee's
Stringless Green-Pod. An exceptionally unfavorable
for the growing crops was followed by an al-Stringless Green-Pod. An exceptionally unlavorable season for the growing crops was followed by an almost continuous downpour of rain during the last half of September and first week of October, after the plants were cut,—thus spoiling the appearance of many beans in the pod. This caused much extra waste in handpicking, and consequently prices are necessarily higher.



,	hese prices	do not incl	ude postag	0
Quart.	2 Quarts	4 Quarts	Peck.	Bushel.
"Challenger" Dwarf German Black Wax, \$0 25	\$0.45	\$0 85	\$1 65	\$6 50
Early Prolific Dwarf German Black Wax, O 25	45	85	1 65	6 50
Golden-Eyed Wax. Productive but poor quality, 25	45	80	1 50	5 50
Golden Wax. The well-known standard, 30	55	1 00	1 75	6 75
Improved Rust-Proof Golden Wax,	- 55	1 00	1 75	6 75
Burpee's Perfection Wax. Handsome pods, 30	55	1 00	1 75	6 75
Burpee's Saddleback Wax, 0	. 65	1 25	2 40	
Keeney's Rustless Golden Wax,	45	80	1 50	5 50
Jones' Stringless Wax. O A fine new variety, 30	. 55	1 00	1.75	6 50
Jones' New Crown Wax,	60	1 10	2 00	7 50
Kidney Wax (Wardwell's). Popular early variety, 30	- 55	1 00	1 75	6 50
Crystal White Wax. Tender pods; best quality, 40	70	1 25		
New "Pencil=Pod" Black Wax, O	60	1 10		
Currie's Rust=Proof Golden Wax,	50	90	1 60	6 00
Refugee Wax. Early, prolific, and fine,	50	90	1 60	6 00
Davis White Wax. Productive but stringy, 30	50	90	1 60	6 00
Yosemite Mammoth Wax. Extra large pods, 40	70	1 25	2 25	

Each of the above, 10 cents per packet of two ounces.

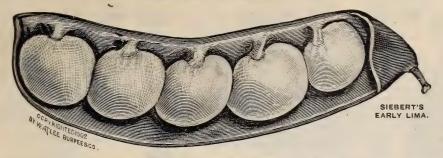
BUSH LIMAS.

The Bush Limas are used as shelled beans in both the green and dry states,—the same as corresponding varieties of Pole Limas. The Henderson's Bush is the Small Lima, or Butter Bean, of the South, very early and prolific, but quite small in size. Wood's Prolific is the same, but the pods and green beans are rather larger than those of the Henderson's Lima. Burpee's Willow-Leaf is similar, but has beautiful cut foliage,—see description and illustration of a plant in our retail catalogue. Burpee's Bush Lima is the true large Lima Bean, growing in true bush form; fully as early as the tall variety and quite prolific; highly esteemed in alparts of the country for size, productiveness, and flavor, as well as the great economy over the tall sorts in requiring no poles. It succeeds best in rather sandy or well-drained locations. The New "Wonder Strain" of Burpee's Bush Lima Bean is rather earlier but not quite so productive,—see description at bottom of the following page. Thorburn's, Kumerle, or Dreeen's Bush Lima, is of the Potato-Lima type, rather late, and more of a trailer than a bush in growth; pods are short and thick, beans quite thick and with edges flattened against each other from the crowding in the pods; quite prolific; cooks dry and mealy.

	Quart.	2 Quarts 4 Quarts	Peck.	Bushel.
Burpee's Bush Lima. (See next page),	\$0 25	\$0 50 \$0 90	\$1.75	\$6 75
New "Wonder" Burpee's Bush Lima,	25	50 90	1 75	6 75
Henderson's Bush Lima,	25	50 - 90	1.75	6 75
Wood's Prolific, O	25	50 90	1 75	6 75
Burpee's Willow=Leaf, O		50 90	1 75	6 75
Thorburn, Kumerle, or Dreer's Bush,		50 90		

Each of the above, 10 cents per packet of two ounces.





POLE LIMA BEANS.

The Small Carolina and Willow-Leaf Lima are the small Sieva, or "Butter Beans," of the South. These are very early and immensely prolific; though small in size, they are highly esteemed for their fine flavor.

The Early Jersey and the new Siebert's Large Early are early maturing strains of the Large White Lima. King of the Earbern is decidedly the finest strain of the large type, carefully selected to yield the largest beans as well as the most prolific pods. Challenger, or Dreer's Improved, is the Potato Lima, rather late, but very prolific, in which the thick beans are crowded so closely in the pods as to be slightly flattened against each other; these beans are easily shelled, and from their thickness make "quarts" quickly, but are dry and mealy when cooked. Of Pole Limas, twenty quarts are required per acre in hills four by four feet.

t.		At buyer's	cost for tra	naportatio	n.——
	Quart.	2 Quarts	4 Quarts	Peck.	Bushel.
Willow-Leaf Lima. Most beautiful cut foliage,	\$0 25	\$0 50	\$0 90	\$1 75	\$6 75
Small Lima, Carolina, Sieva, or Sewee,	25	50	90	1 75	6 75
Early Jersey Lima. An early large Lima,	25	45	85	1 65	6 50
Siebert's Large Early Lima. (See illustration),	25	45	85	1 65	6 50
Large White. The well-known standard,	25	45	85	1 65	6 25
King of the Garden. O Best strain of large Lima,	25	45	85	1 65	6 50
Challenger, Dreer's, or Potato Lima,	25	50	90	1 75	6 75

Each of the above, 10 cents per packet of two ounces.

Other POLE BEANS.

These are strong-growing climbers, and need poles or other supports on which to run. The WHITE CREASEBACK, Southern Prolific, and OLD HOMESTEAD are green-podded sorts, generally used as snapshorts, and mature one after the other in the order named, the pods also increasing in size in the same order; all are round, fleshy, brittle, and free from strings. Case Knife is early and has large flat pods. LAZY WIFE'S and Cranberry have shorter pods, and are used both as snaps and as dry shelled beans during the winter.

**The best green-podded varieties for "snapshorts" are the WHITE CREASEBACK for early, the improved OLD HOMESTEAD for main crop, and the LAZY WIFE'S for late. These three produce tender stringless green pods, of finest flavor, and are so prolific that a few poles will furnish ample supply for a small family.

**Burpee's Sunshine Wax and the Golden Cluster Wax are both prolific, of large, handsome, waxenyellow pods; both of fine quality and stringless. Worcester Manmoth-Podded is an improved strain of the Horticultural Pole Bean, so popular in New England. The Dutch Runner and Scarlet Runner are used as shell-beans in the green state; they are highly esteemed where the season is too cool and short for the finer Limas to succeed. Of Pole Beans, ten quarts are required per acre in hills four by four feet.

Prices not including postage.				<u> </u>	
	Quart.	2 Quarts	4 Quarts	Peck.	Bushel.
White Creaseback, or Best of All, o	\$0 25	\$0 45	\$0 85	\$1 65	\$6 50
Lazy Wife's. (See description on page 14),	25	45	85	1 65	6 50
Southern Prolific. Long green pods,	20	. 38	70	1 35	5 00
Old Homestead, or Kentucky Wonder. ⊙ (See page 14),	25	45	85	1 65	6 50
Early Golden Cluster Wax. Large yellow pods,	30	55,	1 00	1 85	7 00
Burpee's Sunshine Wax. O Very fine,	35	65	1 10		
Horticultural, or Cranberry. For shell beans,	20	38	70	1 35	5 25
Worcester Mammoth=Podded Horticultural, o	30	50	90	1 60	6 00
Red Speckled Cut-short. Popular for shell beans, .	25	45	80	1 40	5 50
White Datch Case Knife. For winter shell beans,	25	45	80	1 50	5 50
Improved White Dutch Runner. For shell beans, .	30	60	1 10	2 00	
Scarlet Runner. Clusters of showy bright flowers,	30	60	1 10	2 00	

Each of the above, 10 cents per packet of two ounces.

Yard Long (Cuban Asparagus Bean). Slender pods; grow a yard long; small packets only. Per pkt. 10 cts.

oPlease bear in mindo that a bull's=eye [O] means that we consider varieties so marked the very best of their respective types. O

Two Green-Podded POLE BEANS.

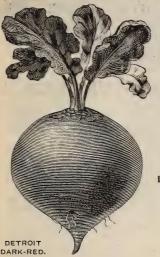


GARDEN BEETS.

Our Beets are of the finest possible strains, great care being taken in growing the seed to have all the roots smooth and free from rootlets, uniform in size.

EARLY TURNIP BEET. O BURPEE'S EXTRA Fully as early and of better quality than the Egyptian.

It makes a fine
market crop in



10

seven or eight weeks from sowing. Of fine globular form; roots are very smooth. color the flesh is of alterrings nate light and dark pink; very tender and sweet. See illustration below. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 5 cts.; 1/4 lb. 15 cts.; per 1b. 40 cts.

DETROIT DARK RED.O A choice strain of dark-red turnip beet. F Fine ovoid, smooth roots, with small tops; skin blood-red, flesh

dark red, zoned with a lighter shade, tender and sweet. Extremely popular for market and canning. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; ¹/₄ lb. 15 cts.; lb. 50 cts.



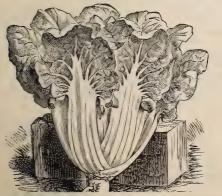
BURPEE'S IMPROVED BLOOD TURNIP BEET. O
This is an improved strain of the old Blood Turnip
Beet, having smooth round roots of medium
size with dark-red flesh, fine grain, very
sweet, and retaining its deep coloring when
cooked. Tops are small. Per pkt. 5 cts.;
oz. 6 cts.; 1/4 lb. 15 cts.; per lb. 50 cts.



CROSBY'S EGYPTIAN. O An improved strain of the *Egyptian*. Instead of being flat, the roots are smooth and round in shape; of finer quality, combined with the same extra early maturity. Per pkr. 5 cts.; oz. 5 cts.; ¹/₄ lb. 15 cts.; per lb. 45 cts.

In lots of 5 pounds, each at 5 cents per pound less.	Per oz.	1/4 fb.	Per fb.
Extra Early Egyptian. Very quick-growing; flattened blood turnip,	\$0 05	\$0 15	\$0,40
Crosby's Egyptian. Beets round, as early and of better quality, .	5	15	45
Eclipse. O Extremely early, round, blood-red,	6	15	50
Edmand's Early Turnip. O Extra early, dark-red,	5	15.	. 40
Early Blood=Red Turnip Beet. The popular old standby, :	5	15	40
Dewing's Improved Blood Turnip. A popular strain,	5	15	. 40
Bastian's Extra Early Red Turnip. Fine and early,	5	12	35
Early Bassano. Early round turnip-rooted; light colored,	5	12	35
Bastian's Half-Long Blood, or Philadelphia Perfection Beet,	5	15	40
Long Smooth Blood=Red. A large and excellent late variety,	5	12	. 35
Early Yellow Turnip. Sweet, bright-yellow roots of sweet flavor,	6	20	.60
All Goden Date:	,		, 00

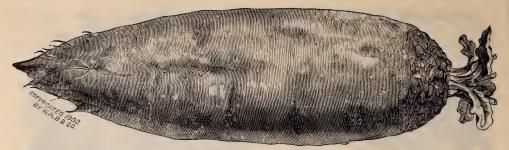
All Garden Beets, in regular-size packets, 5 cents per packet.



SWISS CHARD, LARGE-RIBBED WHITE.0 This variety does not make large bulbs or roots like the ordinary garden beets, but is grown for the broad white leaf-stalks, which are bunched and cooked in the same manner as asparagus, and make a delicious summer vegetable. The leaves may be also gathered young and cooked like spinach. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 5 cts.; ¼ lb. 15 cts.; per lb. 40 cts.



CRIMSON GLOBE. See preceding page. BURPEE'S COLUMBIA. See preceding page. TRUE DARK STINSON. See preceding page.



SUGAR BEETS AND MANGEL-WURZELS.

These are grown extensively for stock feeding, and afford large quantities of fresh, nutritious, and whole-

These are grown extensively for stock feeding, and afford large quantities of fresh, nutritious, and wholesome food for stock during the winter months, in connection with grain and dried forage. Full directions for cultivation, storing, and feeding are given in **our new Leaflet**, which will be sent **free** with orders, if requested. Sugar Beets are richer and sweeter than Mangels, but the latter will generally produce one-third to one-half heavier crops per acre, and hence are preferred by many farmers.

The SUGAR BEETS are all white fleshed. Improved Wanzelbeen is the richest in sugar and nearly as productive as the Danish Sugar and Lane's Improved, which are so popular for stock feeding. Some of the Mangels, however, notably the Golden Tankard, have bright-yellow flesh, imparting a richer coloring to the milk. The soil should be deep, rich, and fine, and should be frequently and deeply worked throughout the season. Sow seed in slight ridges three feet apart, using four pounds of seed per acre; when sown, pass over the rows with a light roller to thoroughly pack the soil about the seed and insure proper germination.

Of Mangels. The Globe varieties are the most easily harvested, as they grow largely above the surface, and the tap-root being quite blunt they are easily handled and stored. The Golden Giant Intermediate and Golden Tankard are larger in size, although less in diameter, and yield more heavily than the Globe sorts. The improved Manmoth Prize Long Red grows to an immense size; in good soil, with thorough cultivation, single roots will measure two feet in length and six to eight inches in diameter.

Special prices quoted on 25 pounds or more. 73	Per oz.	1/4 lb.	Per lb.	5 fbs. or more, per fb.
Improved Wanzleben. Contains the largest per cent. of sugar,	\$0 05	\$0 10	\$0 22	\$0 18
Lane's Improved Imperial. Favorite for cattle feeding,	5	10	22	20
New Danish Sugar. O Productive and nutritious for cattle, .	5	12	30	25
New Red Top. Clean, handsome roots, of symmetrical form,	5	10	22	18
Giant Half=Sugar. (See description in Farm Annual),	5	12	28	25
Golden Giant Intermediate, or Leviathan, o	5	10	- 22	20
Golden Tankard Yellow Fleshed. Most popular; clean,	5	10	22	20
Mammoth Prize Long Red. The standard; immense size,	5	10	22	20
Red Globe. Red skin; globe shaped; smaller than Yellow Globe,	5	10	22	20
Champion Yellow, or Orange Globe. Best of round Mangels,	5	10	22	20

BROCCOLI.

This plant is suited only for culture in cool moist locations. It greatly resembles the cauliflower, and is grown in the same manner as the latter, but being more hardy can be grown in cooler locations and for late fall use. It is of no value in warm localities, and the heads are not so fine as the cauliflower, when the latter can be grown successfully.

		Per pkt.	Per oz.	1/4 fb.	Per fb.
Purple Cape.	Close heads of brownish-purple color,	 \$0 10	\$0 25	\$0 75	\$2 75

BRUSSELS SPROUTS.

Plants should receive the same cultivation as cabbage. The numerous small heads are formed at each leaf-joint on the stalk. They are very hardy and are much improved in sweetness and quality by frost, making an excellent green when served boiled during the winter months. They are not desirable for summer use except-ing in cool locations. A "packet" contains about 1700 and an ounce 12,000 seeds.

	Per pkt. Per oz. 1/4 fb. 1	Per Ih.
Perfection. Grows about two feet high,	\$0.05 \$0.10 \$0.35 \$	\$1 25



BURPEE'S SEEDS are sold in any quantity, but only under seal. They are always Genuine as dated,—if seal is unbroken.



BURPEE'S SUREHEAD,—from a Photograph.

Cabbage is more extensively grown in large areas for market than any other vegetable excepting the potato. All growers recognize the importance of planting only the choicest seed. We exercise exceptional care in growing and selecting our Cabbage seed. Not only are the plants grown from the best stock, but they are also inspected carefully before being put away for the winter. We can assure our customers that it is impossible to get better seed at any price.

sible to get better seed at any price.

For the earliest supply, seed may be sown in September and the plants wintered in cold-frames, or young ber and the plants wintered in cold-frames, or young plants started from seed in hot-beds or cold-frames early in the spring. These are set out in rich soil early in the spring. For the fall or main crop, the seed should be sown about the first of June thinly in drills in the seed-bed, and the young plants transplanted to the rows during the latter part of July, setting them eighteen to twenty-four inches apart in the row, in rows three to four feet apart. The Cabbage is a gross feeder, and to insure best results the soil should be rich and the plants well cultivated during growth. Except of Novelties, a "packet" contains generally more than 800 seeds, and an ounce 6000. One ounce of seed will sow 300 feet of drill; two ounces sown thinly should provide plants enough for one acre. enough for one acre.

CABBAGE,—Earliest Oblong-Headed Varieties.

EXTRA EARLY EXPRESS is fully a week ahead of all other varieties in forming marketable heads; the heads are tall and slim, and of rather small size. This is closely followed by Early Etampes and Early Dwarf York, having heads of the same type, but slightly larger. The EARLY JERSKY WAKEFIELD is the most popular first-early cabbage, and is very satisfactory both for home markets and shipping. CHARLESTON WAKEFIELD is ten days later, or rather it will grow to a much larger size and stand ten days to two weeks longer than the Early Wakefield without bursting. It is an excellent shipping variety, as is also the old WINNIGSTADT, which makes an extremely hard conical head, about ten days later than the Wakefield. Sow seed thinly in drills, so that the young plants can grow strong,—as slender, long-stemmed plants are of little value. With your order, ask for our New Leaflet on "How to Grow Cabbage and Cauliflower."

In lots of 5 pounds or more, deduct 10 cents per pound.	Per oz.	1/4 lb.	Per fb.
Early Etampes. Extremely early and of good quality,	\$0 15	\$0 40	\$1 40
Extra Early Express. • The earliest of all; similar to Etampes,	15	40	1 50
Early Dwarf York. Very early; small heart-shaped,	10	35	1 25
Large Early York. About ten days later; larger in size,	10	35	1 25
Early Jersey WAKEFIELD. The most popular. (See below), .	, 18	60	2 00
Large Wakefield, or Charleston. Considerably larger; ten days later,	20	65	2 25
Early WINNIGSTADT. O Hard cone-shaped heads; superb quality,	15	40	1 50

Each of the above, except Charleston, 5 cents per packet.

EARLY JERSEY WAKEFIELD. 0 The BEST first-early oblong-headed Cabbage. Those familiar only with the old Wakefield, of irregular type, will appreciate the "trueness" of our strain from the accompanying illustration, which was engraved accurately from a photograph of a typical head. The heads are uniformly hard and solid. The heads are pyramidal in form, generally pointed at the end, with but few outside leaves. The outer leaves are unusually thick and heavy, and it is thereby enabled to stand more cold weather without injury when carried through the winter either in the open ground in the South or in cold-frames in the North.

Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 18 cts.; 1/4 lb. 60 cts.; 1/2 lb.

\$1.00; per lb. \$2.00.

CHARLESTON, or LARGE WAKEFIELD.

This is a selection of the Early Jersey Wakefield, largely planted in the Southern States for shipping to the northern markets in the spring. The heads are of similar form, although generally not so pointed, but of equal solidity as the original stock, while they grow half again as large, reaching full size about ten days later. Per pkt. 10 cts.; 02. 20 cts.; ½ lb. \$1.15; per lb. \$2.25.



WE KNOW SEEDS by means of the FORDHOOK TRIAL GROUNDS. We sell only seeds known to be good—THE BEST SEEDS THAT GROW!

M. G.-2



CABBAGE,— Early and Second-Early Flat-Headed Varieties.

The new Early Spring, illustrated herewith, is the earliest flat-headed Cabbage, excepting only the new Burpee's Early Baseball. It forms good solid flat heads and is valuable alike for the home table and market. While very solid, the heads are not so large, however (nor are the plants so hardy and vigorous in growth, under unfavorable conditions), as Burpee's Allhead Early, which, with all its new competitors, is bound to remain the most popular of this class. These two are followed by Early Summer, Succession, Fottler's Brunswick, and All Seasons. All of these varieties make good solid heads, with only a moderate amount of outer foliage, so that they can be grown quite closely together on good rich soil, and the heads will stand some time after becoming matured before bursting. Burfee's Early Baseball and Stonehead The new EARLY SPRING, illustrated here-

PEE'S EARLY BASEBALL and STONEHEAD EARLY are distinct new varieties, which are sure to become popular,—see descriptions below and on page 20.

In lots of 5 pounds, deduct 5 cents per pound. The	Per oz.	1/4 fb.	Per fb.
Burpee's ALLHEAD EARLY. (See next page.) Per pkt. 10 cts.,	\$0 20	80 75	\$2 50
Early Cannon Ball. Hard, round heads of small size,	15	40	1 50
Early Dwarf Flat Dutch. A first-class second-early; round, flat,	15	40	1 50
Henderson's EARLY SPRING. Extremely early, solid, flat-head,	20	65	2 25
Henderson's Early Summer. A popular large hard-heading variety,	15	40	1 50
All Seasons. Fine large heads; medium early and very long-standing,	15	40	1 50
Fottler's Drumhead, or Short-Stem Brunswick. O A grand strain,	15	40	1 40
Henderson's Succession. Large flat-heads, similar to All Seasons,	18	60	2 0.0
Each of the above, except Allhead, 5 cents per pac	eket.	4	

Burnee's New "EARLY BASEBALL" Cabbage.

This most distinct new extra early cabbage, for four consecutive years at FORDHOOK, has proved



BURPEE'S "EARLY BASEBALL" CABBAGE. From Photograph taken at Fordhook.

fully as early as Jersey Wakefield, while pro-ducing heads so round in form and extremely solid that we have given it the descriptive name of Burper's "Basebail." This name aptly describes the form and great solidity of the heads. The plants are extremely dwarf, and, while well furnished with leaves, are so compact that they can be grown at a distance of only twelve inches

apart in the row, hence are especially desirable for the small home garden. The plants are only eight inches high when fully grown, and the outer leaves are folded closely

about the heads. The round heads are "solid as a baseball," and average four to five inches in diameter. The great hardiness and extreme earliness, together with the solidity of the small ball-like heads, will make it most popular. After careful trials, in comparison with "Early Spring" and all other first-early cabbages, we regard this new "BASEBALL" as earliest of all first=early flat=head cabbages. It has been tested in all sections, and did space permit we could publish many testimonials.

Per pkt. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 20 cts.; oz. 40 cts.; 2 ozs. 75 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.25; lb. \$4.50.

A SAMPLE LETTER. ISAAC PEARSON, Canton, Ohio, November 8, 1901, writes: "Two years ago last spring you sent me a trial package of cabbage seed.—a small head, round, short stem, and hard enough to play ball with. It was the best cabbage I ever saw. Now, can you not get more of it? Please try and oblige the American people by introducing the best cabbage the world ever saw or ate."

Burpee's Allhead Early Cabbage.

The BEST Early Summer Cabbage—the EARLIEST Large Flat-head.

Burpee's Allhead is the earliest of all large Cabbage, and considerably larger than any other early summer cabbage that is equally as early. The deep flat heads are remarkably solid and the most uniform in color, form, and size of any variety. As tenderness is the result of rapid growth, it surpasses all others in this respect. The hard heads grow so free from spreading leaves that fully one thousand more heads than usual with large cabbage can be obtained to the acre. It is really an all-the-year-round Cabbage,—being equally good for winter,—see remarks

Burpee's Allhead has been developed by long-continued careful selection. Prior to introduction, twelve years ago, we paid a cash bonus of one thousand dollars for its control; therefore, to be sure to obtain the true seed of selected strain grown direct from the original stock, you should order either direct from these who progue their supplies from us

From us or from those who procure their supplies from us.

Per pkt. 10 cts.; per oz. 20 cts.; 2 ozs. for 38 cts.;

1/4 lb. 75 cts.; 1/2 lb. \$1.25; per lb. \$2.50.

The illustration below was accurately engraved from a few heads in the foreground of a photograph of one of our fields. It shows the auniformity of Burpee's ALLHEAD, just as it grows in the field.

BIRPES

CABBAGE

CABBAGE

C. L. ALLEN, the well-known writer and grower of Queens County, N. Y., after reading our description of this Cabbage, wrote:—"I would say that in all my experience in the cultivation of Cabbage I have never seen a variety that possessed so many good qualities as this, neither have I seen a field of Cabbage that contained so few objectionable plants as the one being grown for you. Your claims for Burpee's ALLHEAD Early seem very high, but after a careful inspection of the crop I cannot question one of the points you claim."

New Cabbage,-Maule's "FIRST-EARLY."

This early flat-heading cabbage is similar in growth and season to the popular Early Jersey Wakefield. It is distinct in having flat heads,—see allustration from a photograph. We have been familiar with it for several years, both in the grounds of the originator and at FORDHOOK FARMS, so can confidently recommend it as an extra early flat-head cabbage of good size. The foliage and hardy habit are of the Wakefield type, making it an excellent variety for fall planting in the South or to winter over in cold-frames for the earliest crop in the Northern States.

crop in the Northern States.

It has a larger head and is about a week later than Early Baseball planted at the same time. It is earlier than Burpee's All-Head Early, but the heads are not so large nor will they stand so long after heading, as like the parent Wakefield the hard solid heads burst open soon after they are fully developed, hence they should be marketed as soon as they reach full size. The growth is compact, so that plants can be set closely together. Per pkt. 10 cts.; ½ oz. 20 cts.; oz. 40 cts.; 2 ozs. 70 cts.; ¼ tlb. \$1.25; per lb. \$4.50.



New Cabbage,—Burpee's "EARLY STONEHEAD."

Introduced by us last year, EARLY STONEHEAD has made already a host of friends. The large solid head is of very distinct growth and appearance. It is exceptionally robust and hardy, with ample spreading foliage,—well adapted both



BURPEE'S EARLY STONEHEAD CABBAGE. From Photograph taken at Fordhook.

for an early summer crop and from later planting for fall and winter. It is also specially adapted to fall planting in the Southern States for an early spring market; the heads, each "solid as a stone," being particularly valuable for shipping to the northern markets.

In season it is slightly later than Burpee's Allhead Early, but the heads grow to a larger size and will stand quite a long time before bursting. The outer leaves are large and spreading,

so that the plants should be set two feet apart in the row. The plants are short-stemmed, the saucer-like circle of large grayish leaves resting on the soil.

The heads are quite large, averaging ten inches and more in diameter, broad but distinctly rounded at the top. The leaves are very tightly folded, ensuring heads uniformly of the greatest possible solidity. The leaves composing the heads, while of heavier substance than in Althead, are equally as well blanched and of crisp sweet flavor. Its great solidity makes it most desirable for slicing for slaw, sourkrout, etc.

Per pkt. 10 cts.; ½ oz. 20 cts.; per oz. 40 cts.; 2 ozs. 70 cts.; ¼ lb. \$1.25; per lb. \$4.50.



NEW BURPEE'S "STONEHEAD" WINTER CABBAGE,—from a Photograph taken at Fordhook.

BURPEE'S "LATE STONEHEAD" CABBAGE.o A Superb Solid Sure-Heading New Winter Cabbage.

The plants are of strong sturdy growth; the head is surrounded by a spreading circle of large, rounded, blue-green leaves. These leaves serve as a saucer to catch light rains or heavy dews and deliver

them around the stalk to the roots. The stem is short, the spreading leaves resting upon the soil, and the large solid heads are formed close to the ground. The heads are broad,—"solid as a stone,"—of distinctly rounded form. The leaves composing the head are tightly folded, beautifully blanched, and of mild sweet flavor. The superb hard heads are excellent for making slaw or sourkrout. From their great solidity, they keep well when stored for winter use. Per pkt. 10 cts.; ½ oz. 20 cts.; per oz. 30 cts.; 2 ozs. 50 cts.; ¼ lb. 85 cts.; ½ lb. \$1.50; per lb. \$3.00; 5 lbs. or more at \$2.90 per lb.

CABBAGE,—Varieties for Autumn and Winter.



more are not recommended.			
In lots of 5 pounds, deduct 10 cents per pound. The	Per oz.	1/4 fb.	Per lb.
Acme Flat Dutch. A quick-growing strain; solid heads, medium size,	\$0 15	\$0 40	\$1 40
Large Late Flat Dutch. The well-known popular standard variety,	15	40	1 25
Burpee's Superior Premium Flat Dutch. An improved strain,	15	40	1 40
Burpee's Safe=Crop. Very large, hard heads; fine for late winter, .	18	60	2 00
Burpee's SUREHEAD. O "Sure to head." (See page 22.) Pkt. 10 cts.	18	60	2 00
Large Late Drumhead. Not equal to Burpee's Short-Stem Drumhead,	15	40	1 25
Louisville Drumhead. Of low growth and dark bluish-green color,	15	40	1 25
Burpee's Large Late STONEHEAD. (See page 20.) Per pkt. 10 cts.	30	85	3 00
Burpee's SHORT=STEM DRUMHEAD. Pkt. 10 cts.,	18	60	2 00
DANISH BALLHEAD. © Grown in Denmark. (See page 22.) Pkt. 10 cts.	25	75	2 75
Burpee's New DANISH ROUNDHEAD. (See page 23.) Pkt. 10 ets.	35	1 00	3 75
The Lupton. Large, flat, solid heads; generally dark green in color,	15	50	1 75
Autumn King, or World=Beater. (See illustration.) Pkt. 10 cts.	20	70	2 40
Marblehead Mammoth. Large coarse heads, of poor quality,	15	40	1 25
Stone=Mason Marblehead. Of weak constitution,	15	40	1 40
Filderkraut, or Pomeranian Pointed Heading. Extremely solid, .	15	40	1 40
Green-Glazed American. For the South; resists insects well,	15	40	1 40
SAVOY CABBAGES.			
Belleville Savoy. Solid small heads,	15	50	1 75
Perfection Drumhead Savoy. Fine hard heads; of good size,	15	40	1 50
RED CABBAGES.			
Hard-Heading Red. "Solid as a rock;" deep red, of medium size, .	15	40	1 50
Mammoth Rock Red. O Large solid heads, averaging ten pounds each,	15	40	1 50
Early Blood-Red Erfurt. Small and hard; of intense blood-red color,	15	40	1 40
Large Red Drumhead, or Red Dutch. © The standard,	15	40	1 40
Except where priced, each variety is 5 cents per p			
per price priced, each turiety is a contact per p			



BURPEE'S SUREHEAD CABBAGE.

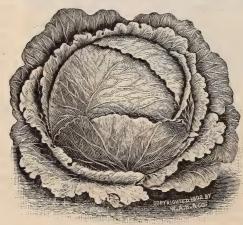
This famous Cabbage, named and introduced by us twenty-six years ago, has gained steadily in popular favor. Hardly any other variety can approach the SUREHEAD in fine quality and uniform reliability in forming solid heads of good size and superb quality.

Burpee's Original SUREHEAD Cabbage produces large, round, flat-

tened heads, of the Flat Dutch type, and is remarkable for its certainty to head. It is ALL HEAD and SURE TO HEAD, even under unfavorable conditions. The heads are remarkably uniform, very hard, firm, and fine in texture, and ordinarily weigh from ten to fifteen pounds each. It is very sweet flavored, has but few loose leaves, keeps well, is good for shipping, and is just the variety and quality to suit market gardeners, farmers, and all lovers of good cabbage.

Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 18 cts.; 2 ozs. 35 cts.; 1/4 lb. 60 cts.; per lb. \$2.00.

THE TRUE DANISH BALLHEAD CABBAGE.



DANISH BALLHEAD CARRAGE. Engraved from a Photograph.

us from Denmark nineteen years ago and our Danish-grown seed is unequaled! It is highly esteemed for winter use by reason of the great solidity and excellent keeping qualities of the heads. Large quantities of these cabbages have been imported for contracted for the cabbages have been imported. ity and excellent keeping qualities of the heads. Large quantities of these cabbages have been imported for spring sales from Denmark, and have proved most popular in our markets. It is an easy matter to grow this same cabbage in cool locations in our own country, and we offer seed of the finest selected strain, which has been grown especially for us in Denmark. From repeated trials, as well as from the experience of many customers purchasing this seed, we are convinced that this most carefully grown strain surpasses in even growth and heading, as well as in uniform size and solidity of heads, any other strain of the so-called "Hollander Cabbage." While the plants are "longer in the legs" than out American Cabbages and have more outer foliage, yet this grows closely about the heads. Heads nearly round in form, very hard and solid; keep in finest condition when buried through the winter, coming out solid in spring. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; 2 ozs. 40 cts.; 14 lb. 75 cts.; per lb. \$2.75. This price is for our Best imported Danish-grown Seed, which is absolutely unsurpassed. ** We have also a first-class stock of seed grown in Holland and France, which we offer at \$2.00 per lb.

This famous cabbage was first introduced by

BURPEE'S "DANISH ROUNDHEAD" CABBAGE.

An Earlier, Shorter-Stemmed Type of the Famous "Danish Ballhead."



Must Have the Seed at Any Price.

ality

ead. The

ality

.0

by

nave easy ions

in

HERBERT C. WEAVER, Wilson, N. Y., October 27, 1902, writes:—I have grown cabbage for ten years and generally grow over one hundred tons, and have grown all kinds, but I have never found a cabbage that equaled your DANISH PRINCES IN your Danish Roundhead. It is a strong vigorous grower, with large solid heads and a sure header. Please save me five pounds of seed, no matter what the price,-none other will do.

None to Equal Danish Roundhead!

E. D. Roth, Faribault, Minn., September 29, 1902, E. D. ROTH, Faribault, Minn., September 29, 1902, writes:—Of the various kinds of cabbage I have raised I have yet to find any to equal Burpee's Danish Roundhead. It grows rapidly and is the most solid and compact cabbage that I have ever seen. As to flavor, it is sweetest, tenderest, and most crisp of all. The heads grow to a large size, and their very solid compact form will make them good keepers.

Large Size; Delicious Flavor.

A. C. CRITTENDEN, Carleton, Mich., September 14, 1902, writes:—I cannot too highly recommend your seeds. I tried Burfee's Danish Roundhead Cabrage sides other kinds, and while the others died from the effects of wet weather, the Roundhead did well, growing heads of large size. It is a great cooker and of delicious flavor; the heads have not bursted open like the other cabbage.

Burpee's Danish Roundhead is Worth Double Danish Ballhead, or "Hollander!"

J. A. SWEET, West Bay City, Mich., October 13, 1902, writes: Of 2700 plants set out all headed up good, something I have never had with other Danish stock. I loaded up 325 heads which tipped the scales at the enormous weight of 2275 lbs. Fetched me \$8.00 per ton, when other cabbage were selling at \$5.00 to \$6.50 per ton. I planted All Seasons and Danish Ballhead or Hollander, and they were not in it with the New Danish Roundhead. I will get more tons of cabbage from the 2700 than from 5000 of Hollander. It is harder heading than the Hollander and of quicker growth. I cannot recommend it too highly for winter. It is the only cabbage I intend to grow for late crop next season. Success to the New Danish Roundhead, or "\$200.00 per acre cabbage!"

"Solid as Cabbage Could Possibly Be!"

GEO. C. WAY, Winfield, Kansas, October 6, 1902, writes:—The DANISH ROUNDHEAD all headed nicely; were as solid as cabbage could possibly be. After maturing they remain in marketable condition longer than any of the other kinds that I have. Do not burst or rot, but keep firm and sound. It is just the right size to sell well. Would always go to Danish Roundhead rows when a choice cabbage was wanted for either home use or a customer. It withstands the hot dry weather better than other varieties, which is a very important qualification in this latitude. important qualification in this latitude.

The Best CARROTS for the Table. Our stocks are remarkably true to type, far superior to the cheaper Californicown seed. Gardeners wishing early strains which will mature uniformly, or
longer later sorts with roots of even form and color for bunching, will find
our seed absolutely unsurpassed. The Golden Ball is the smallest and
earliest of all, closely followed by the Early Scarlet Horn, which is about
three inches long and decidedly stump-rooted. Oxheart and ChanteNAY, or "Model," are five to six inches long, thick through, decidedly
stump-rooted, and of finest quality. Half-Long Scarlet and New Long
Yellow are more slender and shapely stump-rooted. The true
Danvers is a popular rich orange-colored root, six inches long,
of medium size, and with tapering point. The St. Vallery, New
Meanx, Improved Long Orange, Coreless Long Red, and
Long Yellow Stump-Rooted are all long and rather slender;
they need a light soil, both for growth and successful

they need a light soil, both for growth and successful harvesting.



THE TRUE DANVERS CARROT.

While the varieties in the lower list are mainly grown for stock feeding on account of their great pro-ductiveness, we would call attention also to the great feeding value, as well as the greater ease in harvesting, of a fine table variety like the *Oxheart* or *Danvers*. The seed costs but little more and the crop is available for market if opportunity offers.

One ounce of seed will sow 200 feet of drill; two and

a half pounds will plant one acre of land in rows three

BURPEE'S OXHEART CARROT.

	1	1	
In lots of 5 pounds, deduct 5 cents per pound.	Per oz.	1/4 lb.	Per fb.
Early Very Short; or Scarlet Golden Ball. Earliest; small round roots,	\$0 06	\$0 20	\$0 75
Short Horn, or Early Scarlet Horn. Very popular; standard early,	. 6	20	70
Chantenay, or MODEL. One of the finest in quality for table use,	6	20	75
Burpee's OXHEART, or Guerande. Handsome; splendid quality,	6	20	70
True DANVERS Half-Long. A great favorite; rich dark orange,	6	20	70
Half-Long Scarlet Stump-Rooted. For shallow soils,	6	20	70
Burpee's Improved Long Orange. A very fine strain; good keeper,	6	20	70
Saint Vallery. O Very choice; known also as "Point-rooted Danvers,"	. 6	20	70
New Meaux. A fine, coreless, long, stump-rooted; skin reddish orange,	6	20	70
Coreless Long Red. Handsome, long, stump-rooted; of rich color,	6	20	70
Long Yellow Stump=Rooted. New; long, smooth; excellent quality,	6	20	70

In regular-size packets, each of the above, 5 cents per packet.

Best Large CARROTS,—for Stock Feeding.



IMPROVED SHORT WHITE CARROT

These are highly esteemed as a wholesome and nutritious addition to the winter feeding of stock when dependent on grain and dry forage. They are easily raised and keep in excellent condition when properly stored. For full cultural directions and proper feeding rations we refer to our book, "ROOT CROPS FOR STOCK FEEDING," sent, postpaid, on receipt of 20 cents, or Our New Leaflet, which is free with orders.

The Long Red Altringham is very deep colored, but long and slender; growing entirely below the surface, it is difficult to harvest, excepting in light soils. Large White Vosges and Improved Short White are thick at the shoulder and taper rather quickly, being about six inches in length. These are highly esteemed as a wholesome and nutri-

six inches in length.

The Large White and Yellow Belgian are long and slender; as fully one-third to one-half of the length grows above the surface, they are, however, easily pulled. They differ only in color of the flesh, as indicated by their respective names.

In lots of 5 pounds, deduct 5 cents per pound.	Per oz.	1/4 th.	Per fb.
Improved Short White. The best and most productive,			
Large White Vosges. Suitable for shallow soils,	5	15	35
Long Red Altringham. Long, bright-red roots,	5	15	40
Large White Belgian. Large white; very productive,	5	15	40
Large Yellow Belgian. A good keeper for late feeding,	5	15	45

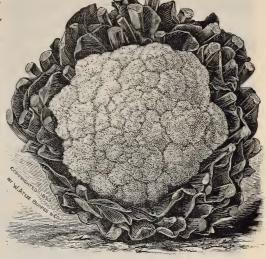
In regular-size packets, each of the above, 5 cents per packet.

"Dry-Weather" Cauliflower Succeeds even where all others fail. In the United States there is no place in which it is more difficult to grow cauliflower than in Arizona. Therefore we refer with pleasure to the following: "Cauliflower is somewhat difficult to grow here, as it requires much water, and most varieties need a damp atmosphere and do not endure so much heat as cabbage. . . The varieties that have succeeded best at the Station farm are Burpee's Dry-Weather and Burpee's Best-Early. The former produced large heads weighing three to ten pounds; and the latter, medium-size ones weighing two to three pounds. . . This vegetable is such an excellent one when properly grown that it is important that a variety suitable to the region be selected for planting."—From Bulletin No. 35 of The Agricultural Experiment Station of The University of Arizona, Arizona.

Burpee's New "DRY-WEATHER" Cauliflower.o

This is a distinct new strain from Denmark, first offered by us in 1899. Similar in growth to Burpee's Best-Early, it produces equally large, solid, pure white heads and is only about a week later in heading. It is especially adapted for growing in dry locations where other varieties fill towards and a To source the best hands. fail to produce heads. To secure the best heads, it is essential, however, to make soil quite rich and give thorough cultivation, so as to induce a strong rapid growth. While especially adapted for growing in dry locations, it will produce heads

for growing in dry locations, it will produce heads equally as fine as the best varieties in more favorable situations and is superior to any other excepting only Burpee's Best-Early. By the use of this strain fine cauliflower can be grown successfully in many dry districts where it has been impossible heretofore to raise this luscious vegetable. We recommend growers to give it a thorough trial. The small illustration herewith was accurately engraved from a photograph taken at Fordhook Farms. Half-size pkt. 15 cts.; per pkt. 25 cts.; ½ oz. 85 cts.; ½ oz. \$1.50; per oz. \$3.00; ¼ lb. \$10.00; per lb. \$37.50.



DRY=WEATHER Best Cauliflower for Florida,-Another Strong Official Endorsement.

H. HAROLD HUME, Professor of the Florida Agricultural College and Experiment Station, Lake City, Fla., January 29, 1901, writes: —Of the vegetables grown from your seeds on our Station place last year, I wish to state a fact or two regarding your DRY-WEATHER CAULIFLOWER. It has far surpassed the other varieties grown, as it withstood drought well, matured earlies and away a good even trop, billy a present form. lier, and gave a good even crop, fully 95 per cent. forming heads. The largest heads produced were from nine to eleven inches in diameter. It is certainly well adapted to Florida soil and climate, and I am prepared to give it an unqualified recommendation as the best for our truck farmers in this State

"Dry=Weather" Cauliflower in Nebraska.

J. K. GLASS, Hastings, Neb., January 7, 1901, writes: Every one says cauliflower cannot be raised in Nebraska. I have fine ones, from early plants of your repr. "Phy. Westuren." DRY-WEATHER.

The Largest Cauliflower and Cabbage.

EUGENE CASE, Chittenango, N. Y., January 8, 1901, writes:—This last season I raised a great many vegetables. I found your seeds to be the very best. Your cauliflower and cabbage were the largest I ever raised. I raised a cauliflower that measured thirteen inches across the head. The Stone-Mason and Short-Stem Drumhead Cabbage were very large and solid.

In Denmark, where this variety originated, and where the finest cauliflower is grown, BURPEE'S NEW DRY-WEATHER has become immensely popular since we first discovered and introduced it four years ago. Our agent in Denmark-who is one of the best known horticulturists of the kingdom—writes us from Copenhagen, July 17, 1902: "The New Dry-Weather CAULIFLOWER has quite surpassed itself this year. has withstood both cold weather and drought better than any other variety. Ideally perfect heads have been grown in soils and localities where cauliflower culture had been abandoned, because of failure with other varieties. In Norway, Sweden, Finland, and in Russia, as far as comparative tests have been made, the DRY-WEATHER is exclusively chosen." It would be impossible to procure a higher endorsement!

Early Snowball. This is an improved extra early strain, of dwarf compact growth. Under favorable circumstances nearly every plant will make a fine solid head of good size. It is valuable for both early and late, and

of good size. It is valuable for both early and late, and second only to Burpee's Best-Early and Burpee's New Dry-Weather Cauliflowers. Heads of good size, solid, snowy white, and of fine quality. Half-size pkt. 15 cts.; per pkt. 25 cts.; ¼ oz. 60 cts.; ½ oz. \$1.00; per oz. \$2.00; ¼ lb. \$7.50; per lb. \$28.00. EXTRA EARLY DWARF ERFURT. (Extra Selected.) This is the choicest selected strain of the popular Erfurt type, and is remarkable for its extreme reliability in heading. Plants very dwarf, with solid pure white heads of superior quality. Planted in rich soil early in the spring heads eight to ten inches in diameter can be marketed in June. Per pkt. 20 cts.; ½ oz. \$1.00; oz. \$2.00; ¼ lb. \$7.00; per lb. \$27.00.

EARLY DWARF ERFURT. The Erfurt strains of cauliflower are most popular with market gardeners, being of dwarf growth, early and sure-heading habit. While less expensive than our choicest strains this will be found to give quite good results in suitable localities. Per pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 35 cts.; ½ oz. 50 cts.; oz. 90 cts.; ¼ lb. \$3.00; per lb. \$10.00.

EXTRA EARLY PARIS. This is the dwarfest and earliest heading of all. Heads are of uniform size, solid, and blanch easily, but are not so large nor so fine as the Erfurt type. Per pkt. 10 cts.; ½ 02.35 cts.; 02.65 cts.; ¼ 1b. \$2.00; per lb. \$7.50.

LE NORMAND'S SHORT STEM. This is an excellent variety for a late fall crop. Plants of medium height with abundant foliage, producing a quite large head of close well-blanched curd. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 65 cts.; ¹/₄ lb. \$1.85; per lb. \$7.00.

ALGIERS. A very strong-growing late variety, with large leaves tapering to a slender point at the end. The foliage is of a bluish cast. In cool locations and rich soil it produces very large, solid, white heads late in the fall. Per pkt. 10 cts.; ½ oz. 35 cts.; oz. 65 cts.; ¼ 1b. \$1.85; per lb. \$7.00.

VEITCH'S AUTUMN GIANT. A large late cauliflower, producing quite compact white heads. With us it requires to be planted rather earlier than other sorts, in order to produce heads before severe cold weather, as the plants grow to a very large size before forming heads. These large late sorts are not nearly so reliable as the earlier Erfurt type. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 45 cts.; ½ lb. \$1.35; per lb. \$5.00.



BURPEE'S BEST-EARLY CAULIFLOWER - accurately engraved from a Photograph.

Burpee's BEST-EARLY Cauliflower.0

Best of the Small-Leaved "Early Snowball" Type,-Better than Snowball, "Snowstorm," or Selected Erfurt.

The earliest and best of all Cauliflowers. Introduced by us in 1887, it has fully maintained all the merits first claimed for it sixteen years ago. The plants are of strong growth, with erect, pointed, dark-green leaves growing closely about the head. It is remarkable both for the extreme earliness and certainty with which the plants produce fine heads. In good soil the

heads measure eight to ten inches across; they are of pure snowy white, with very close compact curd of extra fine quality. So extremely solid and deep are the nearly globeshaped heads that they weigh heavier than other heads of equal size. Market gardeners growing cauliflower on a large scale can plant BURPEE'S BEST-EARLY CAULIFLOWER for both early and late crops, with full assurance that it is the choicest and most reliable strain

that can be procured. This seed is especially selected for us annually in Denmark, where the finest cauliflowers are produced Had we the space to spare we could publish many testimonials, like the four printed below; from experienced growers, who are most enthusiastic in endorsing our claims that this is, without a single exception, all its name implies, -" The BEST-EARLY Cauliflower." Per pkt. 25 cts.; ¹/₄ oz. 75 cts.; per oz. \$2.50; ¹/₄ lb. \$9.00; per lb. \$34.00.

Burpee's "BEST-EARLY" Cauliflower is Grand.

W. A. ANDERSON, International Bridge, Ontario, Canada, writes:—The Cauliflower seed I got from you last year was Grand. Out of two hundred plants I got one hundred and ninety (190) perfect heads, white as snow and solid.

Burpee's Best Cauliflower Weighs Ten Pounds.

GEORGE DRESSEL, Riverdale, Mich., January 11, 1899, writes:—I raised Cauliflower last summer averaging five pounds all through, one reaching eleven and one-quarter pounds, and many going nine and ten from seed bought of you.

Better Than Early Snowball.

W. A. Doolittle, Clinton, Conn., writes:—For years I have been raising Early Snowball, but my first trial this season of your Best-Early Cauliflower convinced me that it is the best of all. This dry season, with the pastures all parched up with the drought, not one plant of your Cauliflower has failed to make a head of the finest quality.

W. T. McDonald, Georgetown, Ontario, Can., writes: I have marketed the first and finest crop of Burpee's Best-Early Cauliflower in this section. Too much cannot be said in praise of this excellent variety, as it far excels all other sorts now used.

CELERY,—Self-Blanching Early Varieties.

White Plume. This is the earliest and most easily blanched, but does not keep well taken from the trenches. The plant grows rapidly and blanches easily during the summer months. Later in the fall the central stalks and leaves are of pure snowy whiteness even without earthing up, but stalks should be gathered together and earthed up as in other varieties, so as to produce the close attractive bunches. Our extensive trials each season show that the strain we offer is much freer from plants. that the strain we offer is much freer from plants

that the strain we offer is much freer from plants which revert to the original green type than that generally sold. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; 2 ozs. 25 cts.; ½ lb. 40 cts.; per lb. \$1.50.

PINK PLUME. This is identical in all respects, except in coloring with the popular White Plume, the leaf-stalks being heavily tinged with red. When properly blanched this fades to a faint pink it int in the ribs of the silver-white stalks and is tint in the ribs of the silvery-white stalks, and is also delicately shaded in the leaves. If the blanching process is continued too long, the stalks become pure white. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; 2 ozs. 30 cts.; ¹/₄ lb. 50 cts.; per lb. \$1.75.

ROSE-RIBBED PARIS SELF-BLANCHING ("Golden Rose"). This is a sport of the Golden Self-Blanching, identical in habit, growth, early maturity, and as easily blanched. The stalks, however, are naturally quite heavily including the stalks. a distinct pink line in the ribs, contrasting finely with the rich golden yellow. Its ornamental coloring gives the stalks a most attractive appearance; quality excellent. Per pkt. 10 cts.; 0z. 20 cts.; 2 ozs. 40 cts.; ¼ 1b. 75 cts.; per lb. \$2.50.



WHITE PLUME CELERY.

NEW GOLDEN SELF-BLANCHING CELERY.



The best of all early "self=blanching" varieties. First introduced in America by us in 1884, this is decidedly better in quality than the White Plume. It is ready for use nearly as early, blanches as easily, and is larger in size, as well as finer in quality. It is of dwarf compact habit, with thick, solid, heavily ribbed stalks which blanch easily to a clear waxen yellow. When grown in rich moist soil the stalks are numerous, each plant being fully as thick through as the largest of the tall late sorts, and with a very large solid heart of beautiful golden yellow stalks and leaves, -see illustration. stalks are crisp and solid, free from stringiness and of most delicious flavor. The genuine selected strain is quite scarce as usual, and planters, - particularly those who grow for market, -should be careful of whom they obtain their supply of this important variety. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; 2 ozs. 45 cts.; 1/4 lb. 80 cts.; per lb. \$3.00.

Golden Self-Blanching Celery.

Originator's Seed, Grown in France.

We consider our American-grown stock, as offered above, absolutely unsurpassed, and yet there are some market gardeners (particularly in California) who prefer the French-grown seed. Therefore we make large contracts annually with the originator in France. Ordinarily we are able to offer this at the same price as charged for our home-grown seed. Again the past season, however, the originator's crop in France was so very short (and the wholesale demand from extensive growers who think they must have this strain is so persistent) that in justice to our customers and ourselves we cannot afford to sell the originator's seed grown in France at less than the following prices:

Per pkt. 10 cts.; ½ oz. 20 cts.; per oz. 35 cts.; 2 ozs. for 60 cts.; ¼ lb. \$1.10; per lb. \$4.00.

As we were the original introducers into America of the Golden Self-Blanching,—so well known as "most famous of all celeries,"—we naturally pride ourselves upon having the best selected strains. You cannot possibly procure anywhere seed of any so-called "Improved" strain superior to ours.



Winter Varieties of CELERY.

One of the best, both as to excellent keeping qualities and in making

large bunches of thick stalks, is the GIANT PASCAL,—see illustration herewith. Of medium height, the stalks are wide and thick, quite heavily ribbed, very brittle and crisp when nicely blanched, making large bunches.

EVANS' TRIUMPH is a fine new half-dwarf variety from Canada. The plants make extra large bunches of broad solid stalks, which blanch readily to a pearly white, and are exceedingly crisp, brittle, and of the finest flavor. The new WINTER QUEEN is the finest dwarf winter variety we have aver grown; flavor excellent—see describtion and trice.

INTER QUEEN is the ninest dwarf winter variety we have ever grown; flavor excellent,—see description and price at bottom of this page.

Dwarf Golden Heart, Crawford's Half Dwarf, and Perfection Heartwell are standard varieties, but are rapidly being supplanted by the Giant Pascal, Evans' Triumph, and Winter Queen. Burpee's Giant White Solid is a tall-growing large-stalked sort of handsome appearance growing to the greatest perfection in deep. appearance, growing to the greatest perfection in deep, ich, moist soils.

COOPER'S CUTTING is specially adapted for sowing thickly in rows, for cutting when only a few inches high, to use in flavoring soups, etc. It can be cut continuously and will fur-nish a succession throughout the season.

CELERIAC is grown for the bulbous roots, which are stewed or used for flavoring soups. The plants are set six to eight inches apart in rich soil and are not earthed up, but kept constantly hoed to encourage as large a growth of bulbs as possible.

Choice Celery can be produced readily in the home garden, if you will use only first-class seed and follow the plain directions given in our New Leaflet on CELERY CULTURE, which will be sent free, if asked for on your order.

In lots of 5 pounds, 10 cts. per pound less.	Per oz.	2 ozs.	1/4 lb.	Per lb.
Boston Market. White, crisp, and solid; of rather loose habit,	\$0 10	\$0 20	\$0 35	\$1 25
Evans' TRIUMPH. Solid, large-ribbed, broad stalks,	10	20	40	1 40
Burpee's Giant White Solid. Tall growing; solid, pure white,	10	20	35	1 25
Giant PASCAL. A splendid keeper. (See illustration),	10	20	35	1 25
Perfection Heartwell. Large, golden-yellow heart,	15	25	40	1 50
Crawford's Half Dwarf. Solid white; fine nutty flavor,	10	20	35	1 25
Dwarf Golden Heart. Large, solid, golden-yellow heart,	10	20	35	1 25
Dwarf Large=Ribbed. The well-known Kalamazoo Celery,	10	20	35	1 25
Large=Ribbed Red. The best red; waxy yellow, tinged pink,	15	25	40	1 50
Cooper's Cutting. Grown only for flavoring. (See note above),	5.	10	25	85
CELERIAC, or Turnip=Rooted Celery. Smooth, round roots,	10	20	35	1 25
Each of the above, 5 cents per packet.				

Celery.—WINTER QUEEN. Most popular of all Celeries for winter. It

has the strong robust growth of the Giant Pascal, but the plants, being only of medium height, are of better length for bunching for market as well as more desirable for serving on the table. Their compact habit makes considerably less labor necessary in earthing up the plants to blanch, and the rows can be planted more closely in the field.

Of strong vigorous growth, each plant makes a large number of fine stalks (magnificent large heart of rich golden yellow) which are broad, thick, and heavily ribbed. Stored for winter it is an excellent keeper, and when taken out the blanched stalks are firm and crisp; entirely free from strings, brittle, and of sweet flavor.

Winter Queen has become so quickly that it has been impossible to supply the demand for seed. Fortunately, however, we have harvested sufficient seed the past season,—all grown from selected plants,—to supply our trade, unless the demand should increase still further beyond our calculations. In this case we should have to make again the unwelcome report "sold out retain a sufficient quantity to fill all orders for one-fourth pound or less. Per pkt. 10 cts.; ½ ozz. 20 cts.; per oz. 30 cts.; 2 ozs. 50 cts.; ¼ 14 lb. 85 cts.; per lb. \$3.00.



CHICORY.

The roots dried, cut in thin slices, roasted, and ground, are used largely as a substitute for coffee. leaves make an excellent salad for early spring.

LARGE-ROOTED, or COFFEE. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; ¼ lb. 15 cts.; per lb. 50 cts.

CORN SALAD.

This is a hardy quick-growing plant; the leaves furnish a good substitute for lettuce during the winter. Sow seed on the approach of cool moist weather in the fall to produce leaves for late fall, winter, and early spring use. It is quite hardy, and the larger plants may be protected by a light mulch of straw during severe weather for early spring use. It does not grow satisfacturly during hot summer months. satisfactorily during hot summer months.

LARGE ROUND = LEAVED, LARGE = SEEDED. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 5 cts.; 1/4 lb. 15 cts.; per lb. 40 cts.; 5 lbs. or more at 38 cts. per lb.

CRESS.

FINE CURLED (Pepper Grass). Very quick growing; leaves finely cut and feathery, like a good parsley; growth dwarf and compact; ornamental, crisp, and pungent; very refreshing. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 5 cts.; ¹/₄ lb. 12 cts.; per lb. 30 cts.

WATER CRESS. Highly esteemed as a salad during the spring and fall. Also used as a garnish for meats during the winter. Seed may be started readily in pans or boxes of very moist earth, and the young plants transplanted to shallow water. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; ¼ lb. 75 cts.; per lb. \$2.75.

CHIVES. Chives are perfectly hardy perennial plants of the onion

type. They are grown for their small leaves, which are pro-duced very early in the spring for giving a mild onion flavor to various dishes.
The tops appear early in the spring, and can be shorn off close to the needed. They



per bunch, 15 cts.; 2 bunches for 25 cts.

This is a form of cab-**COLLARDS.** This is a form of cabbage grown in the Southern States. One ounce of seed will sow 300 feet of drill; two pounds per acre.

GEORGIA COLLARDS. A mass of leaves on a tall stem, which in the South grow all winter. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; 1/4 lb. 22 cts.; per lb. 75 cts.

NORTH CAROLINA BLUE STEM. The plants grow about two feet in height and are thickly set with large spreading leaves. The fresh growth at the top of the stalk forms nicely blanched leaves; very tender and delicate in flavor. This heading can be facilitated if a furrow is ploughed alongside the row after the first light frosts in the fall, and the plants bent over; then cover the stems and some of the lower leaves with soil. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; 1/4 lb. 25 cts.; per lb. 90 cts.

The Best Varieties of POP CORN.

QUEEN'S GOLDEN.O The stalks grow six feet high, and the large ears are produced in abundance. Its quality and handsome appearance when popped are very noticeable. It pops perfectly white, and a single kernel will expand to a diameter of nearly one inch. Per pkt. 10 cts.; quart 25 cts.; 2 quarts 40 cts.; per peck \$1.50.

WHITE RICE. The most widely known variety; very popular for parching. Selected seed. Per pkt. 10 cts.; quart 20 cts.; 2 quarts 35 cts.; 4 quarts 60 cts.; per peck \$1.10.

SILVER LACE.O It suckers so that a single kernel will produce three to four stalks. The ears are five to six inches in length, well filled out to the end with smooth, round, metallic white grains. Price of ears 6 cts. each, or 6 for 25 cts. Shelled, per pkt. 10 cts.; quart 25 cts.; 2 quarts 40 cts.; 4 quarts 70 cts.; per peck \$1.25.

NEW CALIFORNIA YELLOW. See illustration. Of a beautiful habit; never suckers, but on each short erect stalk there are three or four ears. The stalks grow three and a half feet high; ears are two to three inches in length, with deep pointed grains of a fine light-yellow color. Per pkt. 10 cts.; 3 pkts. for 25 cts.

GOLDEN TOM THUMB. The stalks grow only eighteen inches high, and each stalk produces two or three perfect little ears, only two to two and a quarter inches long, completely filled with bright golden-yellow grains, which when popped expand to a large size. It is a perfect miniature corn, and so ornamental that it can be worden featured and account of the product of made a feature of many flower gardens. Per small pkt. 10 cts.; 3 pkts. for 25 cts.



Three Types of the Popular Hardy ADAMS EARLY CORN.

EXTRA EARLY ADAMS, or BUR=LINGTON. This is not a true Sweet Corn, but produces ears well filled with tender white grains. It is ready for use about a week or ten days later than the Cory. On account of its hardiness and hard round grain, however, it can be planted much earlier. Per pkt. 10 cts.; pint 20 cts., postpaid. By express or freight: Per quart 15 cts.; 2 quarts 25 cts.; 4 quarts 45 cts.; peck 75 cts.; ½ bushel \$1.40; per bushel \$2.75.

O ISB3

ADAMS EARLY. This is also quite hardy in the spring when the trees are starting out in leaf. The stout stalks grow six to seven feet in height, bearing one large or two medium-size ears, which are filled with fine white grain that is of excellent quality if pulled at the proper stage. Prices same as above for Extra Early Adams Extra Early Adams.

BURPEE'S "DREADNAUGHT" ADAMS EARLY.0 With larger and hand-

the sweetness of the young tender grains developed to a greater degree. The stalks are vigorous, averaging seven feet in height, and well bladed. The ears are slender, having a small white cob, and measure from ten to fourteen inches in length, with twelve or more

ten to fourteen inches in length, with twelve or more rows of small pearly-white grains. If gathered for the table or market at the proper stage these grains are of fine quality and sweet flavor. Any portion of the crop not needed for the table will make fine ears for stock feeding, and the fodder can be cured for winter use. Per pkt. 10 cts.; pint 20 cts., postpaid. By express or freight: Per quart 15 cts.; 2 quarts 25 cts.; 4 quarts 45 cts.; per peck 75 cts.; per bushel \$2.75.



BURPEE'S SHEFFIELD SUGAR CORN. From a Photograph,-natural size.

Burpee's Sclected SUGAR CORN. Strains of

MF To have the finest sweet corn, it must be picked in just the right condition, that is, when the skin of the grain breaks at the slightest puncture, and plantings should be made fre-quently enough always to have a supply at this stage. The quality will be inferior if it is either a few days too old or too young. Tal

EARLY FORDHOOK. o This is the largest-early dwarf growing true sweet corn,—the ears averaging six to seven inches in length. It is two to three days earlier than the Cory, and has both grains and cob of pure white coloring. The ears are eight-rowed with quite small cob orms. The ears are eight-lower with quite small cob and deep grains; see illustration above, reduced in size from a photograph. While similar in growth, it is greatly superior to the Cory in sweetness of flavor. Per pkt. 10 cts.; per quart 20 cts.; 2 quarts 40 cts.; 4 quarts 70 cts.; per peck \$1.10; per bushel \$4.25.

THE CORY. This popular extra early variety succeeds well where the summer is short, cool, and moist. Ears six inches in length, with eight rows of quite broad grains. The cob is red. Per pkt. 10 cts.; per quart 20 cts.; 2 quarts 35 cts.; 4 quarts 55 cts.; per peck 90 cts.; per bushel \$3.504—sacks included.

WHITE-COB CORY. This is equally as early as less hardy. It is very satisfactory, in most sections, to plant for the earliest market, the grains retaining their pearly whiteness when cooked. *Prices same as quoted for the Cory.*

FIRST OF ALL. It matures from three days to a week earlier than the Cory. Ears are of medium size, well filled with quite large grains, prequently having from ten to twelve rows of grain. The plant is so dwarf that we recommend sowing seed thinly in drills. Per pkt. 10 cts.; per quart 20 cts.; 2 quarts 35 cts.; 4 quarts 55 cts.; per peck 90 cts.; bushel \$3.50,—sacks included.

Burpee's SHEFFIELD. O See from illustration. of a dried ear, exactly natural size. This new extra early is the result of a cross between the Cory and Extra Early Adams by Dr. Van Fleet, the well-known hybridizer. It combines the robust growth and extreme hardiness of the Extra Early Adams, with the finer sugary quality of the Cory. Ears average six inches in length and are well filled with grains of medium size arranged in ten or twelve regular rows. The grains are juicy and of good sweet flavor if gathered at the proper stage. It is as hardy as the Adams, ready for use earlier, and of much sweeter quality. One of its strongest recommendations as a market variety is the entire freedom from smut, which so frequently destroys extra early corn. Per pkt. 10 cts.; per quart 20 cts.; 2 quarts 35 cts.; 4 quarts 60 cts.; peck \$1.10; per bushel \$3.75. photograph,

considered,"—so writes MR. C. S. CLARK, the well-known grower of Ohio. Under date of December 20, 1900, he writes:
"I say again, as I did last year and have all along, that the SHEFFIELD has more good points than any other early sugar corn in cultivation to-day. Its strongest point, and one of great merit, lies in the fact that it does not smut. The ears are so prettily shaped, and when in the green state white as chalk. No glaze grows in it to speak of, therefore it must be sweet. Its light weight also proves that it is free from glaze and smut. You should make an awful push on this corn. It is a picture in corn. I could make no other stronger claims on any corn than this," Earliest SHEFFIELD is "the best extra

Burpee's Early "Cosmopolitan" Sweet Corn.o

Undoubtedly the Largest-Eared and Best Large-Early True Sweet Corn.

This grand new variety produces fine large ears three to five days in advance of Early Metropolitan, and only a few days later than First of All or Early Fordhook. In size of ear and fine quality it equals the best second-earlies, such as Crosby, Champion, and Metropolitan. The stalks grow five to six feet in height. The ears are of most handsome appearance, eight to nine inches long, with ten or most of large grains. The cob is pure white and the ear holds its thickness throughout the entire length and is well filled, the grains at the ton making a round point to the ear. In this, "ideal errains at the ton making a round point to the ear. In this," ideal its thickness throughout the entire length and is well filled, the grains at the top making a round point to the ear. In this "ideal form" there is no waste, while the appearance is most attractive. The dry seed, without being flinty in the least degree, is firm, of large size, and germinates unusually well from early plantings. The ears are just the right market size. It is most desirable to plant at intervals throughout the season for a succession of crops. In vigor of growth, freedom from smut, handsome appearance, fine quality, and earliness, Burpee's New COS-MOPOLITAN is the best large-eared early Sweet Corn that has ever been developed. Both in quality and yield it is sure to delight all lovers of the choicest sugar corn. The genuine seed is sold only under our registered trade-mark seal. Per pkt. 10 cts.; per quart 25 cts.; 2 quarts for 45 cts.; 4 quarts for 75 cts.; per peck \$1.35; ½ bushel \$2.50; per bushel \$5.00.

A Dried Ear, Natural Size, of BURPEE'S EARLY "COSMOPOLITAN" CORN. . Engraved from a Photograph.

BURPEE'S GOLDEN BANTAM. O See next page.

EARLY MINNESOTA. The standard early variety of dwarf growth. Ears larger than the Cory and matures between that variety and the Crossby. Eight rows of quite large sweet grains. Per pkt. 10 cts.; per quart 18 cts.; 2 quarts 30 cts.; 4 quarts 55 cts.; peck 90 cts.; bushel \$3.40.

CROSBY'S EARLY TWELVE-ROWED.0
This is the favorite second-early variety. The ears are about seven inches in length, with ten to twelve rows of fine grains of excellent quality. Per pkt. 10 cts.; per quart 18 cts.; 2 quarts 30 cts.; 4 quarts 55 cts.; peck 90 cts.; per bushel \$3.50.

STABLER'S EXTRA EARLY. The ears are of larger size and mature about a week later than the Crosby. Large grains of handsome appearance and exceptionally sweet Prices same as quoted for Crosby's Early

PERRY'S HYBRID. An excellent second-early variety. Ears of good size, well filled with large pure white grains. Stalks of strong growth, each producing two fine ears. Prices same as quoted for Early Minnesota.

SHAKER'S LARGE EARLY. Slightly later than the Crosby, producing two large well-filled ears to the stalk, with fourteen rows of broad grains of pearly whiteness. Prices same as for Early Minnesota.

POTTER'S EXCELSIOR, or "SQUANTUM." A fine second-early variety, having quite large twelve-rowed ears. Prices same as quoted for Early Minnesota.

EARLY CHAMPION. It matures fully as early as Crosby's, while the ears are considerably larger. The handsome ears are extremely sweet and contain from ten to twelve rows of deep pure white grains. Per pkt. 10 cts.; per quart 18 cts.; 2 quarts 30 cts.; 4 quarts 55 cts.; per peck 90 cts.; per bushel \$3.50,-sacks included.

HENDERSON'S METROPOLITAN. A fine large-eared second-early, maturing with the *Crosby*. The stalks are of strong growth, four feet in height, bearing one or two large ears which are eight inches long, ten- to twelve-rowed, well filled with large grains of sweet flavor. It is one of the best large-eared early varieties, but is not so early as the new Burpee's Early Cosmopolitan. Prices same as quoted above for Early Champion,

KENDEL'S EARLY GIANT. A new second-early variety, several days earlier than Crosby. Ears average seven inches in length, thick through, with ten or more rows of large grains of rich sugary flavor. Prices same as for Early Champion.

AMBER CREAM. This is ready for use in succession to the second-early varieties. Stalks grow seven feet high, ears large, ten to twelve inches in length, with twelve rows of regular medium-size grains of rich creamy tint and sweet flavor. This is one of the finest in quality of all Sweet Corns and should be more extensively planted, though the creamy-yellow tint is slightly against it as a market variety until its fine quality becomes known. Prices same as quoted above for Crosby's Twelve-Rowed.



BURPEE'S NEW EARLY "GOLDEN BANTAM" SWEET CORN, -engraved from a Photograph.

Early Sweet Corn,—Burpee's "GOLDEN BANTAM.



Eleven years ago there lived near Greenfield, Mass., an old gentleman. "who had a fancy for furnishing his friends with some choice early corn long before they had thought of having any ripe enough for the table,—but he would never let any of them have any to plant." Since his death the variety has been kept pure and constantly selected by Mr. J. G. Pickett, also of Greenfield, Mass. In the spring of 1900 our friend, E. L. Coy, the veteran seed grower of New York, obtained for us all the seed Mr. Pickett could spare, which was less than two quarts, and wrote: "You now own the very sweetest and richest corn ever known, and Lamyery slad to could spare, which was less than two quarts, and wrote: "You now own the very sweetest and richest corn ever known, and I am very glad to help you to its ownership. I came across this distinct new early sweet corn two years ago, when visiting at a cousin's in Greenfield, Mass., it impressed me as the sweetest and most tender corn I ever tasted. It is a deep yellow in color and very early. It is entirely different from the old Early Orange, and much earlier. Planted in Massachusetts on July 15th it was in fine eating condition before frost. It can be planted thickly, and with me every stalk had from two to three perfect ears. By making successive plantings it can be had for table use from about July 20th until frost. In your more favorable locality it can be had both earlier and later than in this northern climate."

Golden Bantam, first introduced last year, has met with the unqualified approval of our customers, as shown by the several sample letters published. Visitors to Fordhook would remark at dinner upon the unusual appearance of the bright golden-yellow ears of sweet corn, and later would enthuse over the delicious rich flavor. On account of the firm substance of the cured grains, Golden Bantam can be planted earlier than any other true sweet corn and will give the earliest ears for the table,—not excepting any. As the color is so unusual it will not sell readily on the market at first, but a single trial of its splendid table quality will result in a steady call for more of "those beautiful golden ears." Per pkt. 15 cts.; per pint 20 cts.; per quart 35 cts.; 2 quarts for 65 cts.; 4 quarts for \$1.10; per peck \$2.00; two pecks or ½ bushel for \$3.75.

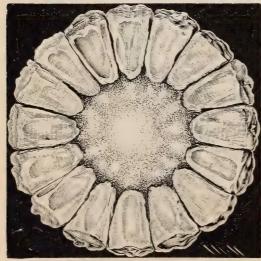
The Very Finest Early Sweet Corn.

CHAS. T. THOMPSON, Proprietor Bantam Lake House, Litchfield, Conn., September 8, 1902, writes:— GOLDEN BANTAM is the very finest early sweet corn I have ever raised. It has been very much in demand I have ever raised. by the guests of the house to the exclusion of other varieties. One of the best points of merit is the ease with which the kernels separate from the cob when eaten from the hand

Sweetest and Most Tender: Very Early.

W. H. N. THOMPSON, Montgomery, N. Y., August 30, 1902, writes:—Your New Corn, Golden Bantam, is the sweetest and tenderest I ever saw, and it does not get hard for a long time and it is a very early corn. I gave some to several of my friends and they all say it is fine. The Burpee's Brittle Wax Bean is away ahead of any bush bean, and one that plants it once will plant no other. will plant no other.

Burpee's WHITE EVERGREEN Sweet Corn.



BURPEE'S NEW "WHITE EVERGREEN" SWEET CORN. Section of Ear, engraved from a Photograph.

\$25.00 for a postal card, and we supply the postal!

Introduced entirely upon the recommendations of the originator and ourselves, we naturally want to "prove by others" next season that Burpee's White Evergreen is all that we claim. Therefore we offer cash prizes for

Postal Card Reports. For the best ten on a postal card and mailed to us in September or October, 1903, we will pay a first prize of \$25.00; for the next best a second prize of \$15.00, followed by a third prize of \$10.00. fourth and fifth prizes of \$5.00 each. For the five "next best" reports we will pay \$2.00 each, while to the senders of the thirty "next best" postal card reports we will send each "a clean crisp dollar bill,"—in all, forty prizes amounting to one hundred dollars.

**En With each order, whether for a packet or peck, we send a self-addressed Postal Card. Should more than forty send reports that we decide to use in next year's catalogue, we shall send to each and every one whose report (or any extract from same) is so used a like cash prize of "a clean crisp one dollar bill!"

We want testimony from every section, to establish immediated.

We want testimony from every section, to establish immediately the unequaled value of BURPEE'S WHITE EVERGREEN.

Will you help us?

Sweet Corn,—Burpee's WHITE EVERGREEN.

The most valuable Sweet Corn ever introduced! It is a high-bred ideal type of Stowell's Evergreen, so long known as the finest main-crop corn,—only it is PURE WHITE! From one pure white-grained ear, accidentally discovered five years ago, it has been developed by careful work, only the finest white-eared product being saved and selected each season. All the good points of a superb strain of the original Stowell's Evergreen have been not only retained but intensified. The quality has been so improved that we now have in BURPEE'S WHITE EVERGREEN the finest Sweet Corn in the world! The stalks



are of strong vigorous growth, six to seven feet high. The ears are very large and average large; they are uniformly well filled to the tip (as shown in the illustration from a photograph) with long slender grains of the purest whiteness and most delicious sweet flavor. Market gardeners, canners, and all lovers of sugar corn have been

long looking for a white sweet corn as good as Stowell's. They can now have Stowell's, only it is WHITE,—sweet and tender, of the finest quality. When in the green state both cob and grains are WHITE AS SNOW.

Burpee's White Evergreen

will be found in no other catalogue, as we have retained the entire crop for our own exclusive introduction this season. It is sold only in our sealed packages and each peck-bag is tied with our registered trade mark on a peck-bag is thed with our registered trade mark on a leaden seal. Per pkt. (about two ounces) 15 cts.; ½ pint 15 cts.; per pint 25 cts.; per quart 50 cts., postpaid, by mail. By express or freight, at expense of purchaser: Per quart 40 cts.; 2 quarts for 75 cts.; 4 quarts for \$1.25; per peck \$2.00; two sealed pecks for \$3.75; four sealed pecks at \$1.75 per peck.

Sold Under a Special Guarantee.

Any canner or gardener who buys one peck for \$2.00 will be thoroughly protected by this Special Guarantee:

Bell you can honestly write us in September or October next that you are not entirely satisfied with Burpees White, Evergreen,—that it was not worth the extra cost,—we will promptly refund the difference of \$1.00 which this peck cost you over the price for a peck of Stowell's Evergreen. The only assurance we shall require is that the product of the peck was used for table or market and not saved for seed. Then, if your name is on our register of customers we will refund the \$1.00 extra by return mail. If you are an entire stranger to us, never having bought before, we shall require you to send reference to the Postmaster of your town as to your truthfulness. We can trust our customers and bona fide planters generally, but of course cannot afford to place ourselves subject to the operation of swindlers.

planters generally, but of course cannot afford to place ourselves subject to the operation of swindlers.

The quantity of this seed is limited, so that we should really prefer not to supply more than a peck for the use of any one planter, and the guarantee applies only to one peck to each purchaser.

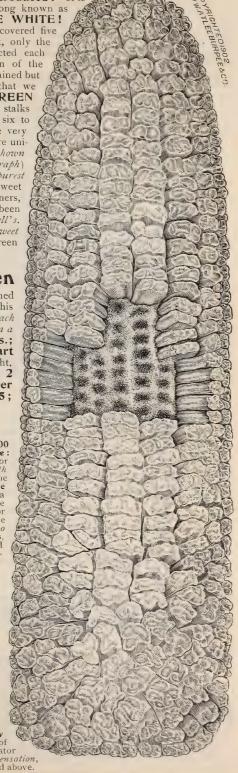
Could any plan show more plainly our faith in the decided superiority of Burpee's White Evergreen?

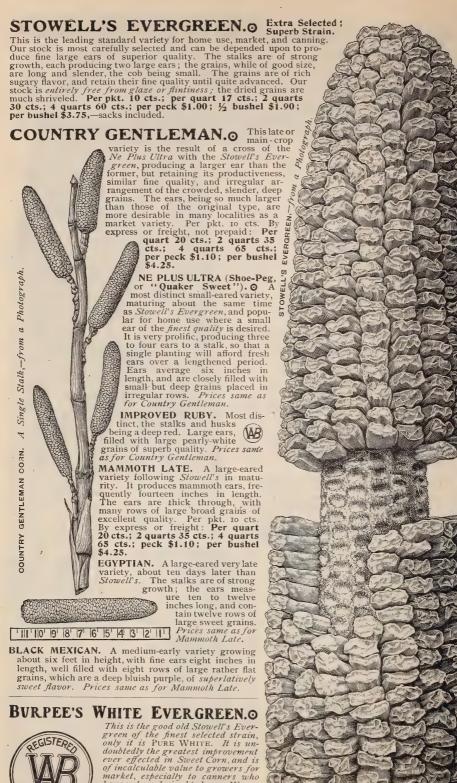
Not More Than One Peck will be sold to any one purchaser unless with the order is sent a WRITTEN STATEMENT that the product is to be used entirely for the table, for market or canning, except sufficient seed for the use of the planter and a few friends or neighbors. In other words, we will positively decline orders where the seed is intended for other seedsmen or to grow seed for sale to compete with us next year.

No Patent Rights can be obtained for new such unusual value and, therefore, in order that the originator and ourselves may receive something like a suitable compensation of the compensat it is necessary to protect ourselves in the manner outlined above.

M. G -3







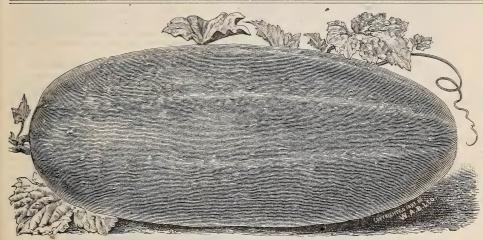
market, especially to canners who have so long desired to have a WHITE EVERGREEN. Every grower of the favorite Stowell's should make a com-parative trial this season of the new Burpee's White Evergreen. For

illustrations and description see preceding page.

Burpee's Seed of CUCUMBERS.

Extra Selected.—Grown Mostly in New York State and New Jersey.

CUCUMBER SEED is an extremely short crop this season, as is the seed of Musk Melons. The unprecedented shortage is due to cold weather and excessive rainfall in several growing districts, aggravated by the attack of *Aphis*. We Under these circumstances the prices have necessarily advanced and there is not half enough good seed in existence to-day to supply the usual demand. The seed can not be "manufactured to order," and as we want to supply all our customers, as far as possible, we earnestly request that you will plant sparingly. Put fewer seeds in each hill and cultivate carefully. BURPEE'S SEEDS GROW-they have strong vitality-and a common complaint is that they "come up too thickly." Now, in the interest of ourselves and other gardeners, we urge that you order only what seed is necessary, with careful planting, to insure your crop. We want to supply all our customers, but can do so only if planters generally will kindly help each other by ordering as small a quantity as possible! While the supply is so extremely short, the quality has never been better. Grown mostly in New York and New Jersey, our select strains of Cucumbers are unsurpassed-and equaled by but few.



BURPEE'S FORDHOOK WHITE SPINE CUCUMBER,—accurately engraved from a Photograph.

FORDHOOK WHITE SPINE CUCUMBER.0

The fruits of this magnificent strain are nearly cylindrical in form, slightly pointed at the ends, perfectly smooth, of deep rich coloring, finely marked with distinct white lines at the blossom end. They are always of extremely handsome and attractive appearance. Vines are unusually vigorous and healthy in growth and enormously productive. Fruits retain their darkgreen coloring and crisp freshness longer after picking than any other variety,—excepting only the new "Fordhook Famous." They retain also their fine quality even after the seeds are well formed. A leading New York grower of cucumbers, who raised several acres of these, remarked: "It contained not a single 'rogue,' was perfectly pure; never saw anything like it."

Splendid as table cucumbers and for market, while it is equally as desirable for commercial pickles.

Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; 2 ozs. 25 cts.; 1/4 lb. 40 cts.; per lb. \$1.50.

excellent table quality, but where the largest quantity of pickles is desired fruits should be gathered while small, so as to insure the largest crop; to produce larger fruits for slicing will soon check growth and productiveness of the vines. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; 2 ozs. 25 cts.; ½ lb. 45 cts.; per lb. \$1.60.





BURPEE'S FORDHOOK PICKLING CUCUMBER, -engraved from Photographs.

Burpee's FORDHOOK FAMOUS Cucumber o

Supersedes All Other Long Green Cucumbers!

C. F. BENNETT, West Cheshire, Conn., September 22, 1902, writes:—From actual experience I must say FORDHOOK FAMOUS CUCUMBER supersedes all other types of the popular long green cucumber. The fruit is very uniform in shape and very productive, and owing to its large, thick, heavy leaves it withstood the attacks of insects the past season much better than any other variety I grew.

Smallest 12 Inches, Largest 18 Inches Long.

WILLIAM HIRSCH, Ellinwood, Kansas, September WILLIAM HIRSCH, Ellinwood, Kansas, September II, 1902, writes:—Burpee's Fordhook Famous is the best and largest cucumber I ever saw. One vine had nine cucumbers, the smallest measuring twelve inches, weighing four pounds, and the largest measuring eighteen inches and weighing four and three-quarter pounds. They are of good color. I took the smallest to Ellinwood and they thought it was the biggest they ever saw.

"An Immense Success!"

GEORGE P. ZIEGLER, Vork, Pa., September 8, 1902, writes:—The Long Cucumber, Burpee's "Fordhook Famous," was with us an immense success. It proved FAMOUS, WAS WITH US AN IMMENSE SUCCESS. It proved to be the largest and the finest variety we ever grew. Smooth and tender, together with its prolific yield, are considerations that make it a most valuable acquisition to any market garden. It cannot help but be in demand where something choice is desired.

Superior to All Others.

JOSHUA F. CROWELL, West Yarmouth, Mass., September 25, 1902, writes:—FORDHOOK FAMOUS proves to be the finest cucumber for this section I have seen. The vines are vigorous and keep green throughout the season, resisting blight, drought, and insects perfectly and are extremely productive. The fruits are more uniform, smoother, larger, firmer, and crisper, and command a better price than any other variety. One fine feature is its keeping qualities for both on and off the vines. The fruits retain color, fieshness, crispness, and solidity longer than any other variety.

Best for Market and Pickling.

GEORGE R. PROCTOR, Peoria, Ill., Station 4, September 15, 1902, writes:—From one packet of seed I secured several hills of fine vines, which turned me an immense lot of fine cucumbers that sold for a fancy price. They were long and slim and dark green and very uniform. My customers said they preferred them to all other varieties, owing to their having such few seeds in them. In my test I had the Long Green, White Spine, Peerless White Spine, and Chicago Market, and my test leads me to decide in favor of the Fordhook Famous for cucumbers as well as for pickling. The best I have yet grown,—this being my actual experience as a market gardener.

1261 Cucumbers from Seven Hills!

T. H. SMALLWOOD, Emden, Ill., September 26, 1902, T. H. SMALLWOOD, Emden, Ill., September 26, 1902, writes:—From your package of cucumber seed (THE FORDHOOK FAMOUS) we got seven hills. From the seven hills we got 1261 cucumbers. Commenced picking July 16th and quit August 20th. Of course, there were more on the vines. I consider them the best cucumber I ever grew on account of them being crisp and tender, long, dark green. Also their seeds are so very small. The vines are of vigorous growth and long bearers. In fact, we like all your seeds, as we have better success with them than others we have tried.

Outsell All Others!

M O'Connor, East Troy, Wis., September 29, 1902, writes:—The Fordhook Famous Cucumber Seed bought of you gave the best satisfaction. They produced an abundance of straight finely formed cucumbers of pickling size, while it is the best variety to use when large I have ever had. The flesh was white and solid and of very fine flavor; the seed portion being very small. Several of them grew over twelve inches in length, while one measured sixteen inches in length and twelve and a half inches in circumference. It is a fine variety for ripe pickles. The "lake people" always wanted these in preference to other kinds I had. I took first premium at the Walworth County Fair on the best six green. M O'CONNOR, East Troy, Wis., September 29, 1902, rrites:—The FORDHOOK FAMOUS CUCUMBER Seed

Longer and Smoother Than Any Other.

F. R. NAUMAN, Roanoke, Ill., September 8, 1902, writes:—There was never such a fine beauty in cultivation as the FAMOUS. I had fruits that measured seventeen and a half inches long and thirteen and a quarter inches in circumference. Took one dozen to town, received \$1.20 for same. Cannot praise it too highly. It is larger, finer, longer, and smoother than the London Long Green, and has a much better flavor and very time scale and it was trues there where the same time of its few seeds, and it never turns yellow at any stage of its

Earlier than White Spine and Double the Size!

C. F. BARBER, Auburn, N. Y., September 22, 1902, writes:—FORDHOOK FAMOUS will be a general favorite, it is crisp and tender even for a long time after taken from the vines, therefore one of the best for the market. It is immensely productive, beautiful in color, symmetrical in form, never bitter, earlier than White Spine and double the size. My vines were green and growing when later varieties and adjoining were dead and dry. It is unsurpassed for pickling whether large or small.

"Very Prolific,-Immense in Size."

E. B. SLATE, Chester, Vt., October 4, 1902, writes:— Having been for the past five years a purchaser of your famous seeds, I can say from experience that they are the best seeds on the market to-day. The Fordhook Famous excels all cucumbers I ever saw. They are very prolific, immense in size, delicious in flavor, and produce good solid meat. They have been the constant admiration of all.

"The Best by Long Odds!"

H. W. TARR, Room 217 Exchange Building, Boston, Mass., September 10, 1902, writes:—For flavor, uniform size, color, and productiveness it is certainly the best by long odds I ever grew, saw, or tasted. One measured nearly fourteen inches, several a foot long. Vines most vigorous and luxuriant. So strong and hardy withstood ravages of striped bug in June, while other kinds were killed. Burpee's Fordhook Famous has reached the acme of excellence for cucumbers.

Brought "Double the Usual Price."

W. STUART MARSDEN, Lenoy, Mass., October 4, 1902, writes:—Your FORDHOOK FAMOUS, in the thirty years I have been in business, is by far the most productive and finest cucumber that I have ever grown. My customers would have no other while they lasted, and I easily got double the usual price for them and could not supply the demand I had for them. Will grow largely next season. grow largely next season.

The Dealers Want No Other Cucumbers!

The Dealers Want No Other Cucumbers!

W. H. Muir, Woods Cross, Utah, September 7, 1902, writes:—I planted the Fordhook Famous, also Long Green, but for growth, shape, and productiveness I have never in all my experience seen anything in the cucumber line to come up to Fordhook Famous. I farm for market and have a man hired to take my truck to Salt Lake City direct to vegetable dealers, and they want my man next year to bring nothing but Fordhook Famous Cucumbers, because they keep longer than any other. My best picking from six hills was seven dozen from ten to fourteen inches in length. I have planted your seeds for a long time and they always gave good satisfaction. gave good satisfaction.

Eighteen Inches Long and Extra Fine.

J. G. RICHARDS, Colora, Md., September 18, 1902, writes:—The vines, which stood our dry season particularly well, produced the largest fruit I ever grew in great abundance. One measured eighteen inches, extra fine for slicing, being crisp and well flavored even when fully grown. They cannot be surpassed. I have packed half a keg for pickles ranging in length from sight to twelty inches so young the seeds have from eight to twelve inches, so young the seeds have scarcely formed.

It's "All Right" in Every Respect!

F. A. BROOKER, Oaks, Maine, September 4, 1902, writes:—FORDHOOK FAMOUS is all that you claim for it and you can call it all right in every respect. They did the best that I ever had cucumbers do and I am much pleased. I have tested your seeds for twenty years. I plant your seeds and no others, as they are the best that can be had.



CUCUMBERS,—Earliest Varieties.

EARLY RUSSIAN and Early Cyclone are the earliest, but fruits are very small, growing only about three inches in length. Thorburn's Everbearing, Early Frame, Cool and Crisp, Nichol's Medium Green, and Livingston's Evergreen are all early fruiting and quite prolific, bearing fruits of medium size.

In lots of 5 pounds, deduct 5 cents per pound.	Per oz.	1/4 fb.	Per fb.
	\$0 12	\$0 35	\$1 25
Coy's Early Cyclone. O Short, thick, deep green; extra early,	15	40	
Early Green Cluster. A short, prickly, seedy variety,	10	35	1 20
Early Frame, or Early Short Green. For slicing and pickling,	12	40	1.40
Thorburn's Everbearing. • Vines bear continuously; fine quality,	15	50	1.75
Extra Early Green Prolific, or Boston Pickling. O Improved strain,	15	40	1,50
Cool and Crisp. Very prolific; extra early; skin extra dark green, .	12	45	
Livingston's Evergreen. Fine quality; smooth and of rich color, .	12	35	1 25
Each of the above, 5 cents per packet.		~	

CUCUMBERS,—Strains of White Spine.



EXTRA LONG WHITE SPINE CUCUMBER.

The WHITE SPINE is the most popular type of The WHITE SPINE is the most popular type of Cucumbers for market, and has been developed in different lines for especial qualities preferred in different markets. The most desirable strains are the FORDHOOK WHITE SPINE, Improved Arlington, New Extra Extry White Spine, and the extra long New Century and FORDHOOK FAMOUS. The Peerless and Extra Long White Spine are also popular strains,—the latter resembles a long green cucumber.

5 pounds of a variety at 5 cents per pound less.	Per oz.	1/4 fb.	Per fb.
New Extra Early White Spine. © Extremely early,	\$0 12	80 40	\$1 40
Improved Early White Spine, or Arlington. The Boston favorite,	.15	40	1 50
Fordhook White Spine. The most handsome fruits. Pkt. 10 cts.,	15	40	1 50
Peerless White Spine. Fine straight fruits; full at both ends,	15	40	1 50
Extra Long, or Evergreen White Spine. Grows 12 inches long, .	12	-40	1 40
New Century. O A fine extra long new strain. Pkt. 10 cts.,	15	40	1 50
Fordhook Famous. (See page 37.) Per pkt. 15 cts.,	45		
Except where priced each 5 cents per packet			

CUCUMBERS, -General List.

In pickling cucumbers, the Fordhook Pickling and new Cumberland are deservedly first where medium-size pickles are desired. For the very small pickles, Early Cluster (listed above) is the best; while for larger pickles the Extra Early Green Prolific and Improved Chicago Pickling are second only to the Fordhook Pickling and new Cumberland. LONDON LONG GREEN is the most popular strain of long green cucumbers, but is bound to be superseded by our new Fordhook Famous, described on page 37. The West India Gherkin is a small prickly fruit, two inches in length and quite seedy; it is grown exclusively for pickling, making the true "Gherkins."

In the handsome large-fruited late cucumbers, The EMERALD is especially fine, the fruits being very smooth and regular in form, and of a rich dark green. Burpee's Giant Pera is a very large, smooth, light-green fruit of mild flavor. The Japanese Climbing (crop failed) is a prolific bearer of fine large fruits; it yields well during dry summers by reason of its rank growth of vine. Burpee's White Wonder is of excellent quality for slicing; it bears a profusion of medium-size fruits with a creamy-white skin.

Two ounces of seed will plant 100 hills, or two pounds one acre of land in hills five feet apart each way.

• * ,	Per oz.	1/4 fb.	Per fb.
Fordhook Pickling. O Unsurpassed for pickling. Per pkt. 10 cts., .	\$0 15	\$0 45	\$1 60
Cumberland. O A fine new pickling. Per pkt. 10 cts.,	20	60	2 00
Improved Chicago Pickle. The true Westerfield strain,	12	35	1 25
Burpee's Giant Pera. © 15 to 18 inches long. Per pkt. 10 cts.,	15	50	1 75
Livingston's Emerald. © Rich dark-green fruits; very handsome, .	15	50	1 85
London Long Green. O A fine strain; dark green, 12 to 16 ins. long,		70	2 25
Perfected Jersey Pickling. Fine, long, slender fruits for pickling,	15	40	1 50
Burpee's White Pearl. A fine, smooth white,	10	30	1 00
Burpee's White Wonder. The best pure white-skinned cucumber,	10	30	1 00
West India Gherkin. Small fruits, grown exclusively for pickling, .	20		

Each of the above, except where priced, 5 cents per packet.

EGG PLANT.

The New York Improved Purple Egg Plant is practically the only sort grown for market, though various strains are offered under different names. Our seed is saved from selected specimens, and can be depended upon to produce uniformly fine, large, smooth fruits when grown under Our improved strain, the FORDHOOK SPINEfavorable circumstances. LESS, is particularly fine; it produces magnificent, large, round, purple fruits, which are always free from spines, both on stem and calyx.

THE PEARL is a white-skinned large-fruited sort, quite similar to Large Purple, excepting in the color of the skin, which is a creamy white or occasionally light green. The Early Long Purple is quite as early, but the fruits, though no greater in diameter than the Early Round Purple, are from four to six inches in length. Burpee's Black Beauty, now first introduced, bears magnificent "eggs" fully as large as the best New York Large Purple, perfectly smooth, much more handsome in appearance, and from ten days to two weeks earlier. One ounce of seed sown thinly in a warm hot-bed should produce 1000 plants. Plants need rich soil, frequent cultivation, and plenty of moisture to produce a good crop.



			1/4 lb.	
New York Improved Large Purple. The popular standard,	\$0 05	\$0 20	\$0 70	\$2 50
Fordhook Improved Spineless. A splendid strain,	10	25	85	3 00
The Pearl. Large white fruits of good quality,	10	20	75	2 75
Early Long Purple. Long slender fruits, produced early,	5	12	40	1 50

New Egg Plant,—Burpee's "BLACK BEAUTY"

(See Specimen Painted from Nature on Front Cover of our Retail Catalogue.)

Our fields of BLACK BEAUTY the past two seasons produced fruits fully as large and which were ready for use ten days to two weeks earlier than

the New York Improved Purple.

For the home garden and northern locations earliness is equally as desirable as for the market gardener, and when combined with large size, and when combined with large size, fine flavor, and most attractive appearance, our friends will readily see that this new "BLACK BEAUTY" is well worthy of a place among the "trade-mark" novelties of which we are so justly proud. The plants branch freely near the ground, and grow in broad well-rounded bushes. The grand large fruits are thick, of most attractive form, as shown in the illustration. The skin is a rich lustrous purplish black,—thê satin

of most attractive form, as snown in the illustration. The skin is a rich lustrous purplish black,—thê satin gloss and rich coloring adding greatly to the beauty of these "eggs." The intensely brilliant coloring is uniform over the whole fruit and does not fade or change to a lighter color at the blossom end. The calyx (which attaches the fruit to the stem) is bright green, contrasting finely with the dark satin skin of the fruit, and is

bright green, contrasting ninely with the dark satin skin of the fruit, and is entirely free from spines or thorns.

The fruits set most freely and develop remarkably quickly, so that the entire crop can be gathered before there is any danger of frost, while of the New York Improved Purple many fruits do not reach full size before they are destroyed by frost. We advise every gardener to make a thorough trial of this grand novelty. We are sure that truckers generally will make their main planting of Burflef's "Black Brauty" as soon as they learn its value, both for earliness and attractive appearance. Per pkt. 10 cts.; "4 oz. 20 cts.; 1/2 oz. 30 cts.; per oz. 50 cts.; 2 ozs. 90 cts.; 1/4 lb. \$1.50; per lb. \$5.50.



DANDELION.

IMPROVED LARGE-LEAVED. Very early large leaves which make wholesome greens. Sow in May or June; cultivate during summer, and following spring the leaves will be fit to cut. Per pkt. 10 cts; per oz. 50 cts.; ¼ lb. \$1.40; per lb. \$5.00.



This plant furnishes an attractive and appetizing salad for the fall and winter months, or by repeated sowings a supply may be had nearly all the year round.

" GREEN CURLED. Leaves finely cut or laciniated. giving the plant a rich mossy appearance which is greatly enhanced when the centers are nicely blanched. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; ¼ lb. 30 cts.; per lb. \$1.00.

WHITE CURLED. This beautiful variety does not with E CURLED. This beautiful variety does not need blanching to prepare it for use, the mid-ribs being a pale golden yellow, and the finely cut and curled leaves almost white. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; ¼ lb. 30 cts.; per lb. \$1.10.

BROAD=LEAVED BATAVIAN. Forms large heads of broad thick leaves, which can be blanched as a salad or make excellent cooked greens as well as being useful to flavor soups, stews, etc. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; ¼ lb. 30 cts.; per lb. \$1.00. GIANT FRINGED, or "OYSTER!" ENDIVE. O This is the best field reiner of the state of the st

IANI FRINGED, or "OYSIEK ENDIVE.O INIS is the beautifully fringed sort displayed with ice on piles of oysters before so many restaurants. Of strong growth, it has a large white heart and broad stems; good for both autumn and winter. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; ¼ lb. 30 cts.; per lb. \$1.10.

GOURDS.

JAPANESE NEST-EGG GOURD. Resemble exactly,

in color, form, and size, the eggs of hens; do not crack, and are uninjured by cold or wet. They make the very best nest-eggs. The vine is useful for covering screens, etc., being ornamental

with numerous white eggs. They should not be planted in very rich soil, or the fruits will grow too large. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¹/₄ lb. 60 cts.; per lb. \$2.25.

DISHCLOTH, or LUFFA. A natural dishcloth, and a most admirable one, is furnished by the peculiar lining of this fruit, which is sponge-like, porous, elastic, and durable. They are also useful in the bath. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; ¹/₄ lb. 75 cts.; lb. \$2.75.

THE DIPPER GOURD. Like the Sugar Trough Gourd, this is useful also for many household purposes. When grown on the ground the stems will be curved. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; 2 ozs. 25 cts.; 14 lb. 45 cts.; per lb. \$1.60.

SUGAR TROUGH GOURD.O



SUGAR TROUGH GOURD.

The fruits of this variety grow to a form shown in By form shown in illustration. By sawing off the upper portion iarge dishes or buckets may be made, which are useful for many household purhousehold household pur-poses, such as buckets, baskets, soap or salt dishes, for hens' nests, and for water pans for the poultry yard. The shell when dried is thick and hard, extremely light but very

long time in use. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; 2 ozs. 25 cts.; ¹/₄ lb. 45 cts.; per lb. \$1.60.

HORSE-RADISH.

1000.



Sets planted in May, small end down, with the top one inch below the surface, in rich wellcultivated soil, will form radish of large size in one season's growth. Before planting, the top of the set should be cut off slantingly, so as to prevent decay from water resting on the top. large roots will be ready to pull in October, and from these large roots a supply of sets can be cut off for the next spring's planting. It is customary to gather the crop of roots in October and keep them in trenches ready to market during the winter. Small roots, 50 cts. per 100, or \$4.50 per 1000;

KOHL-RABI.

Kohl-rabi is grown for its turnip-shaped bulb, which is formed above ground the expansion of the stem. The bulb should be used while young and tender, as age detracts from its good quality. Set plants eight inches apart.

EARLY WHITE VIENNA.O The best for table use. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; ¼ lb. 45 cts.; per lb. \$1.60.

EARLY PURPLE VIENNA. This variety is most largely grown for table use in Germany and Austria. Perpkt. 5 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; ½ lb. 50 cts.; per lb. \$1.75.

GREEN or WHITE. Good for table use and stock feeding. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 7 cts.; ¹/₄ lb. 25 cts.; per lb. 85 cts.

There are tons on tons of seeds that are true to name, but of common quality; honest but poor; they are not Burpee's.

LUTHER BURBANK wrote: "A careful seedsman's experiment grounds, like yours, it seems to me, are far more useful than any of the colleges or public experiment stations, as it is all practical work. Your Fordhook Trial Grounds were the best of all my Eastern object-lessons, and I had many of them. I had no idea of their extent and value, not only to yourself, but to every one of your customers, and eventually to every one who cultivates the soil."



KALE, or BORECOLE.

This plant is useful for furnishing a large supply of greens for boiling during the early fall, winter, and spring months. Seed should be sown thinly in drills about the middle of June, transplanting to rows three feet apart when of sufficient size. Later in the season the dwarf sorts may be sown rather thickly in drills or broadcast to furnish small heads.

DWARF GERMAN KALE, o or German Greens, (Dwarf Curled Scotch Kale). The leaves are curly, bright green, very tender, and delicate in flavor. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; ¼ lb. 20 cts.; per lb. 60 cts.

DWARF SIBERIAN. Of strong dwarf growth, with large, broad, grayish-green leaves, that are only slightly curled at the edges. Extremely hardy. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; ¼ lb. 20 cts.; per lb. 50 cts.

TALL GREEN CURLED SCOTCH. This makes a beautiful plant about two and a-half feet high. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; ¹/₄ lb. 20 cts.; lb. 60 cts.

GERMAN DWARF PURPLE. Like the Dwarf Green, except in color, which is a deep purple. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 7 cts.; 1/4 lb. 25 cts.; lb. 75 cts.

CURLED MOSBACH. Of rather dwarf, compact, bushy growth; the foliage is light green. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; ½ lb. 30 cts.; per lb. \$1.00.

LEEKS.

Leeks are hardy and flavor is improved by freezing. Sow thinly in drills in the spring in same manner as for onions. Thin out or

transplant as soon as large enough to stand six inches apart in the row, having the rows two feet apart. Keep well hoed and free Keep from weeds, and early in the fall draw earthup about the stems. They produce a thick stem, the blanched portion of which is used the same as early bunch-onions in the spring. Earthed up they can be let stand in the rows where growing until spring. Later sowings are frequently made to furnish small plants which are used in making up bouquets of pot-herbs for mar-



BROAD LONDON, or LARGE AMERICAN FLAG. This is a strong-growing variety, producing large thick stems of sweet flavor when properly blanched. Our seed is the finest American grown. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 7 cts.; 1/4 lb. 25 cts.; per lb. 75 cts.

MONSTROUS CARENTAN, or "SCOTCH CHAM-PION." The broad flat leaves grow to large size and stems are proportionately large and thick. In rich soil well earthed up, the edible portion is from six to eight inches in length by two to three inches in diameter. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; 2 ozs. 18 cts.; 1/4 lb. 30 cts.; per lb. \$1.00.



BURPEE'S SEEDS GROW and are famous for the Uniform Excellence of their Products



New Winter Leek,-LONG MEZIERES.

This new leek excels all other varieties in several desirable market features. The plants are of strong vigorous growth, extreme hardiness, and have extra long stems, which blanch readily to a snowy whiteness and are of delicious flavor. The leaves are long and broad; as they grow erect they can be more readily cultivated and earthed up than the varieties having spreading leaves. See illustration. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; 2 ozs. 45 cts.; ¹/₄ lb. 80 cts.; per lb. \$3.00.

A Splendid Record for our WAKEFIELD and ALLHEAD Cabbages,—see pages 17 and 19.

ALLHEAD Cabbages,—see pages 17 and 19.

Chas. W. Miller, Staunton, Va., July 28, 1902, writes:—I have raised, as I think, a remarkable crop of cabbage this season, and as my seed was bought from you, I would like your opinion. The Wakefields were set in the field on May 1st and 2d. By June 15th I had them on the market as hard as winter cabbage and weighing from four to eight and a half pounds. The eight and a half pound heads were the most beautiful things in the way of a cabbage that I ever saw. Burpfer's Allhead was set the same time as the Wakefield; they came in ten days later, and I don't think there was a head in the field that measured less than ten inches in diameter; they are properly named.

John Pusey, Yorktown, N. Y., August 8, 1902, writes:—Your Red Wethersheld only seed is a world-beater. I have not had anything to compare with it from other houses.

world-beater. I have not with it from other houses.







PHILADELPHIA EARLY DUTCH BUTTERHEAD.

EARLIEST and FORCING VARIETIES.

The White-Seeded Tennis Ball is very popular for forcing under glass, but Hittinger's Belmont is preferred by some growers because it produces rather larger heads. Neither of these is of any value for outdoor culture, except in cool moist weather. Wheeler's Tom Thumb and Mignonette are excellent small-heading varieties, either for growing under glass or in spring in the open ground. Black-Seeded Tennis Ball, Black- and Yellow-Seeded Butter, and Stonehead Golden Yellow are fine headers, both in the cold-frame and in the open ground during spring. Big Boston and Philadelphia Early Dutch Butter (see illustration) are especially fine heading varieties for growing in cold-frames and in the



ing varieties for growing in cold-frames and in the open ground, producing yellow buttery, large heads of nicely branched leaves; these two do not succeed well in a warm greenhouse. The GRAND RAPIDS is extensively grown for market, see description below.

	1	1	
In lots of 5 pounds, deduct 5 cents per pound.	Per oz.	1/4 fb.	Per lb.
White-Seeded Tennis Ball, or Boston Market. (See illustration),	\$0 07	\$0 25	\$0 75
Black=Seeded Tennis Ball. ○ Splendid for forcing; extremely hardy,	7	25	75
Black-Seeded Butter. Similar to Tennis Ball, but with larger heads,	7	25	75
Yellow-Seeded Butter. Dense yellow heads; crisp and tender, .	7	25	75
Hittinger's Belmont Forcing, or New Hot-Bed, w. s.,	7	25	75
Wheeler's Tom Thumb, ⊙ b. s. Hard little heads of finest quality,	10	25	90
Stonehead Golden Yellow (true), w. s. Handsome, small, solid heads,	7	25	75
Big Boston, \odot w. s. For forcing at rather low temperature; large heads,	10	25	90
Mignonette, b. s. Solid, dainty little heads; outer leaves tinged brown,	7.	25	75
Market Gardener's Private Stock, b. s. Solid heads,	10	25	90
Detroit Market Gardener's Forcing, w. s. Crisp heads,	10	25	90
Philadelphia Early Dutch Butterhead, w. s. Very compact heads,	7	25	85
Golden Queen (Early Egg), w. s. Popular for forcing,	. 7	25	75
Grand Rapids, o b. s. Most popular for foreing. (See below),	7	25	75
Each of the above, 5 cents per packet.			



Grand Rapids. See illustration engraved from a photograph. This variety does not form heads, but makes large compact bunches of light leaves with finely curled or fringed edges. It is most popular in many markets during the winter, spring, and fall. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 7 cts.; 14 lb. 25 cts.; per lb. 75 cts.



"BIG BOSTON" LETTUCE.

Big Boston.O it produces heads of very large size, often twelve inches across, and succeeds better in a cooler temperature than most forcing strains. The large heads are beautifully blanched and of superior quality. It also heads well in the open ground during spring and fall, and has lately become popular in the South to grow for shipping north. Our seed is an extra selected strain. Per pkt. 5 cts.; per oz. 10 cts.; ¼ lb. 25 cts.; per lb. 90 cts.

New Early or Forcing Lettuce,—UNRIVALED.



This splendid Lettuce is an improved type of the popular Big Boston,-with smoother and more glossy leaves. The outer leaves are entirely free from the faint brownish tinge noticeable in the Big Boston when grown in the warm sunlight, while the heads are more solid; they remain crisp and tender when most other sorts become tough and flabby under the hot summer sun.

UNRIVALED is a splendid all-theyear-round lettuce,-excellent for cold-frames or cool greenhouses during the winter in the North, or for the open ground in the Southern States. It may be planted in the open ground every two or three weeks from early spring until fall, and will produce crisp solid heads throughout the season. We confidently recommend it to gardeners desiring a continuous supply of crisp solid heads for the home table or for market. It can be grown at a low temperature under glass during the winter months, and at the same time will withstand the hot summer

sun much better than most other solid-heading varieties. A most valuable acquisition! Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; 1/4 lb. 50 cts.; per lb. \$1.75.



LETTUCE,-"Loosehead" or Cutting Varieties.

In addition to the *Grand Rapids* (described upon page 42), which is grown both under glass and in the field, we offer several other fine strains of Cutting Lettuces, which make large bunches of crisp, tender, curly leaves. The best of these is the BLACK-SEEDED SIMPSON and its white-seeded selection, the new Morse. These produce even larger bunches of leaves than the popular *Curled Silesia* or *Curled Simpson*, and remain in good condition longer before running to seed. For late summer use, affording crisp mild salad after the season for head lettuce is past, we would especially recommend Burpee's Onondaga and Tomhannock. Both of these have finely curled leaves, with the outer edges lightly tinged with brown, grow to large size and stand for a considerable time before running to seed. to large size, and stand for a considerable time before running to seed

In lots of 5 pounds, deduct 5 cents per pound.	Per oz.	1/4 lb.	Per th.
Early Curled Silesia, w. s. A leading early sort; fine for cutting,	\$0 07	\$0 25	\$0 75
Early Curled Simpson, w. s. Really identical with Curled Silesia, .	7	25	75
Black-Seeded Simpson. Heads larger and lighter in color,	7	25	75
The Morse, w. s. (Burpee). A white-seeded Simpson of large size, .	10	25	90
Burpee's Tomhannock, w. s. A fine upright lettuce; tinged brown,		25	90
Onondaga, w. s. (Burpee). Outer leaves shaded brown; upright growth,		25	90
The Lancaster, w. s. (Burpee). Leaves finely cut; of distinct habit,		25	90
Boston Curled, b. s. Of poor quality but great beauty,	7	25	75
Green Fringed, w. s. Most ornamental in growth; quality only fair,	- 7	25	75
Each of the above, 5 cents per packet.			



or NORTH A solid sure-heading POLE.o variety of the "but-terhead" cabbage type, especially desir-able for furnishing nicely blanched, crisp, buttery lettuce early in the spring, either in the open ground or in cold-frames, and also

ne open ground of in cold-frames, and also desirable for planting in August and September for a fall supply. Those who are familiar with the large closely folded heads of the Deacon need only be told that this new variety is equally sure-heading, blanches to a beautiful golden-yellow tint, and is of similar superb quality, but fully a week or ten days earlier. The plants are compact, producing solid well-folded heads four to six inches in diameter, of a light golden yellow, with the inner portion of the heads beautifully blanched, hence most attractive either as a salad or for or the neads beautifully blanched, hence most attractive either as a salad or for garnishing. The blanched leaves are crisp, tender, and of mild sweet flavor. See illustration of a head, engraved from a photograph. Per pkt. 10 cts.; 1er oz. 18 cts.; 1/4 lb. 60 cts.; per lb. \$2.00.

LETTUCE,—Early Paris Market Forcing. O A medium-sized early early tight-heading lettuce of the same compact close-heading type of growth as Wheeler's Tom Thumb, but growing about one-third larger. This is chiefly valuable as a forcing variety to grow under glass during the winter and early spring in a cool temperature, when it will make tight close heads four to five inches across. Color a bright golden yellow. It also heads well in a cool location in the open ground during the early spring and late fall months. Altogether it is more desirable than the popular Tom Thumb by reason of its larger size. Most highly recommended. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ½ lb. 60 cts.; per lb. \$2.00.



restands hot weather better than any other or the rich butter varieties and is also good for forcing. Plants make firm heads, nearly as large and almost as solid as a cabbage. The heads are light green outside, while the inner blanched portion is beautiful cream-yellow, of delicious rich buttery flavor. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; 14 lb. 25 cts.; p.r lb. 90 cts.

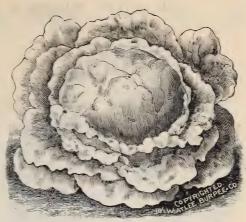
"CONTINUITY." o plants are of vigorous growth, with extra large well-rounded leaves of heavy substance, richly shaded on the outer portions with reddish brown. The round heads are extra large and extremely solid, with the thick buttery inner leaves blanched to a rich golden yellow. "CONTINUITY" is not only a fine outdoor variety, but well adapted also for growing in cold-frames during the winter on account of its hardiness and fine heading character. Per pkt. 10 cts.; WARBCO OZ. 18 cts.; 14 lb. 60 cts.; per lb. \$2.00.

LETTUCE. Butterhead Varieties.

Of the following varieties,—all of which make good, large, solid, well-blanched heads in the open ground, under suitable conditions of soil and weather—the best and most generally satisfactory are THE DEACON, new NANSEN, and CALIFORNIA CREAM-BUTTER, which is so largely grown in the South to ship during winter to the nothern markets.

BURPEE'S SILVER BALL, Philadelphia White Cabbage, and Gold Nugget are smaller and considerably earlier, while the Thickhead Yellow and Blonde Blockhead are very large late sorts. BURPEE'S HARD-HEAD makes solid heads of medium size, tinged with bronze, and is excellent to withstand summer heat. Fine head lettuce can be grown by sowing the seed thinly in drills twelve to eighteen inches apart in rich

Fine head lettuce can be grown by sowing the seed thinly in drills twelve to eighteen inches apart in rich soil, thinning the plants to stand eight to ten inches apart in the row; or the seed may be sown very thinly in the seed-bed, and the young plants transplanted to rows where they are to head. It is of first importance, especially in hot dry weather, to keep the soil constantly loose and fine by frequent workings. One ounce will sow soo feet of drill, or three pounds one acre of land in drills 18 inches apart.



BURPEE'S CALIFORNIA CREAM-BUTTER LETTUCE.

	Per oz.	1/4 fb.	Per to.
Burpee's Silver Ball, o w. s. Solid silvery-white heads; rich flavor,	\$0 10	\$0.25	\$0 90
Philadelphia Early White Cabbage, w s. Thick-leaved; rich flavor.	7	25	75
Early Prize Head, w. s. Large loose heads; green, tinged with brown.	7	25	75
Gold Nugget, w. s. Fine, golden-yellow, small heads; rich flavor, .	10	25	. 90
The DEACON, or San Francisco Market, o w. s. (See page 44),	10	25	90
NANSEN, or North Pole, ⊙ w. s. (New,—see page 44.) Per pkt. 10 cts.,	18	60	2 00
Thickhead Yellow, w. s. Grand buttery heads; large and thick,	10	25	90
California CREAM-BUTTER, or "Royal," O b. s. Extra fine,	10	25	80
Thorburn's Maximum, b. s. Similar to but larger than preceding, .	10	25	90
Burpee's Hardhead, o w. s. Very solid; outer leaves tinged bronze, .	10	25	80
Salamander, b. s. Compact tender heads, resisting summer heat,	10	25	80
Mammoth Black-Seeded Butter. Large heads; thick white leaves,	10	25	90
Blonde Blockhead, w. s. Firm, handsome heads of golden yellow, .	10	25	75

Each of the above, except Nansen, 5 cents per packet.

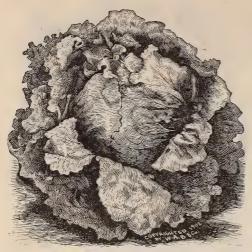
MAXIMUM, or "Immensity." A strong-growing heading late summer Lettuce of the Butterhead type. It heading late summer Lettuce of the Butterhead typ was originally sent ou under the name of MAXIMUM or "largest-heading variety." The plants are of strong vigorous growth, the large outer leaves covering a circle fully fifteen inches across when planted in good soil and given proper cultivation. These leaves are a rich bright green and grow well up around the large globular heads. They will measure eight inches and over and are tightly folded so that the interior portion is beautifully blanched, crisp, tender, with a mild sweet flavor. It is one of the best lateheading varieties, coming in after the Deacon and California Cream-Butter and at about the same time as the New and at about the same time as the *New York*, but with thicker and more buttery leaves than the latter. In a cool produce heads of truly immense size
Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; ¼ lb. 25 cts.; per lb. 90 cts.

BURPEE'S BUTTER-

HEAD. For description of this magnificent new long-standing and hard-heading Mammoth Summer Lettuce, see page 43.



Lettuce,—"Bon Ton." This is a splendid new cutting lettuce of quick growth, large size, and most beautiful coloring. In growth it resembles the Black-Seeded Simpson; but has the lighter, brighter coloring of the inner leaves of our new Morse Lettuce. This bright golden hue of the entire plant and especially of the inner leaves is a most noticeable feature. The plants grow to a large size and stand quite a long time, even in hot weather before starting to seed. For the home garden as a cutting lettuce, or for the market gardener and the grower who raise lettuce under glass for the winter market and who desire a fine lettuce of the Grand Rapids type, this new Bon Ton will be an extremely valuable variety by reason of its quick growth, large size, attractive golden color, as well as the crisp sweet flavor of the leaves. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; 1/4 lb. 50 cts.; per lb. \$1.50.



LETTUCE. Crisp-Head Varieties.

HANSON.O Grows to large size and is uniformly sure heading. Heads very solid and beautifully blanched; crisp, mild, and tender. One of the finest varieties to grow for market during the summer months. Our stock is unexcelled. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; 1/4 lb. 25 cts.; per lb. 85 cts.

DENVER MARKET. This makes quite large compact heads of finest quality; leaves light golden green, beautifully fringed. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 7 cts.; 1/4 lb. 25 cts.; per lb. 75 cts.

IMPROVED NEW YORK, or "WONDERFUL."O See illustration from a photograph. Plants of extra large growth, producing heads of immense size. We have had reports from our customers of plants measuring fifteen inches in diameter, with heads as large as small cabbages, and closely folded. Inner portion is beautifully blanched, and outer leaves a deep rich green. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; 2 ozs. for 15 cts.; 1/4 lb. 25 cts.; per 1b. 90 cts.

Iceberg. The unusual solidity of the heads is insured by the large white main ribs of the leaves, each of which, curving strongly

into the center, acts like a truss, making it impossible for the leaves to open outward and expose the center, which is constantly thoroughly blanched. It matters not whether grown to head in the early spring or the

hottest days of summer, the leaves are always crisp and tender. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; 2 ozs. 15 cts.; 1/4 lb. 25 cts.; per lb. 90 cts.

"Giant Glacier."

The plants are of strong growth, large light-green outer leaves which fold closely about the

head. The heads are extra large, often six inches in diameter. The interior is white, crisp, and tender, entirely free from the bitter pungency of many sorts when grown under the hot summer sun. Per pkt. 10 cts.;

oz. 15 cts.; 1/4 lb. 40 cts.; per lb. \$1.50.

BURPEE'S ICEBERG,-from a Photograph.

LETTVCE,-Cos or "Celery,"-" Salad

These are of distinct growth and esteemed for their fresh crispness and mild flavor during the summer and in warm climates. When the plants do not "head" naturally during very dry weather, the tips of the leaves may be gathered together and loosely tied, which will blanch the interior.

DWARF WHITE HEART. O See illustration. This is the earliest of all the Cos Lettuces. The growth is erect, about ten inches in height, the outer leaves being well folded toward the center. Outer portion pale green, while the interior leaves are blanched to a snowy white. Very crisp and mild, it stands a long time before running to seed. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; 2 ozs. 15

cts.; 1/4 lb. 25 cts.; per lb. 90 cts. GIANT WHITE COS. This grows to considerably larger size than the preceding and is later in developing. It is stiffly erect in growth, and the interior leaves are beautifully blanched. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 8 cts.; 2 ozs. 15 cts.; 1/4 lb. 25 cts.; per lb. 75 cts.



PARIS SELF-FOLDING WHITE COS. Grows to very large size, producing long-pointed compact bunches. The interior is well blanched. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; 1/4 lb. 25 cts.; per lb. 85 cts.

MARTYNIA, or "Unicorn Plant"—Pods for Pickling.

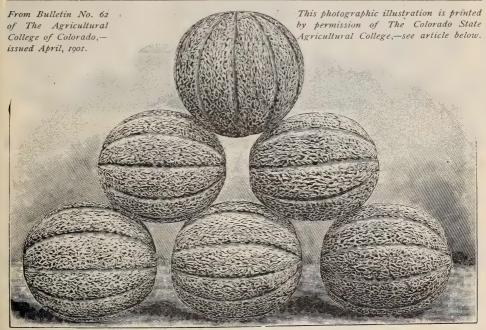


Burpee's MUSK MELON Seed

Superb Selected Strains Saved Specially for Seed.

This fruit has been always a leading specialty with us, and many of the most popular varieties now in cultivation were first introduced by us. A most notable example is Burpee's Netted Gem.

Never before has there been known in the history of the seed trade such a shortage in seed as now, owing to adverse climatic conditions and the attack of insects in several seed-growing sections. Prices of seed are therefore necessarily higher than usual, while, as will be noted, there are some varieties which we cannot supply in quantity and several of which we are obliged to report "crop failed." Fortunately we have an ample supply of Burpeb's Netted Gem, Jenny Lind, and Paul Rose.



BURPEE'S NETTED GEM MELONS,—grown at Rocky Ford, Colorado.

Burpee's NETTED GEM ("Rocky Ford") Melono

Introduced by us twenty=two years ago, this is the famous variety that has made Colorado celebrated for its luscious "ROCKY FORD" Melons.

The Arkansas Valley of Colorado has for some years been famous for its cantaloupes. During the season of 1900, 780 cars were shipped, which represents the product from about 2500 acres. The cantaloupe is known as the "Rocky Ford," from the town that has led in the industry. The variety grown is the NETTED GEM, which Burpee claims to have the distinction of originating. Good seed is a prime requisite for success with the cantaloupe, but not enough attention has been paid to the selection of it. Few have made any systematic selection of seed, looking well to the shape, size, solidity, depth of flesh, seed cavity, color of flesh, and quality. Many have bought from dealers who knew little of the quality of seed sold, and the result is that many melons sold as "Rocky Ford" are not up to the standard.

A pure Rocky Ford cantaloupe when ripe should have a silver-colored netting which is lace-like in appearance. The skin should be green, turning to a peculiar gray color when the melon is fit for shipping. The flesh should be green in color and so sweet and luscious that it may be eaten close to the rind. The melon should have a small seed cavity and the portion of the flesh immediately surrounding it be slightly tinged with yellow. The melon should weigh about one and one-half pounds and be very solid and firm.—An extract from Bulletin No. 62, issued April, 1901, by The Agricultural Experiment Station of THE AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE OF COLORADO.

The illustration above is also taken by permission from the frontispiece of the same Bulletin.

Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; 1/4 lb. 20 cts.; per lb. 75 cts.

Write for Special Prices in large lots,—stating quant ty required.

"ROSE GEM." This strain of Burpee's Netted Gem, bred by a successful market gardener for his especial trade, has become quite popular in Ohio. The fruits retain the fine flavor and firm flesh of the Netted Gem, but are considerably larger in size. slightly oval in form, and more heavily netted. They come midway in size between the Netted Gem and Burpee's Champion Market Melons. These melons are so regular in size that sixteen just fill a half-bushel handle basket used in some of the western markets, where they command high prices. Per pkt. 5 cts.; 0z. 6 cts.; 1/4 lb. 20 cts.; per lb. 75 cts.



Two Specimen Melons, accurately engraved from Photograph, of the

Burpee's Superb "Jersey Button" Strain of Extra Early Jenny Lind Musk Melon. o

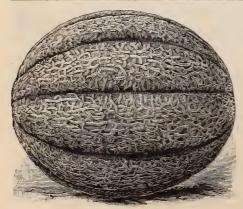
The Early Jenny Lind has been for many years most popular with market growers, on account of its extreme earliness and great productiveness. We now offer an improved strain of this fine melon obtained from a leading grower of South Jersey, whose melons command the highest market prices by reason of their handsome appearance and delicious flavor. The fruit of the regular Jenny Lind is flattened at both stem and blossom ends, ribbed and heavily netted, but in this improved type there is a distinct nub or "button" growing out of the blossom end, as if the fruit had attempted to make a second growth. This extra growth is a peculiarity of the earliest ripening strain, as well as an indication of finest flavor, and is eagerly sought for by buyers in eastern cities. The flesh of these melons is uniformly sweet and melting, but the small nub or button has a concentrated sweetness not found in any other melon, and furnishes a delicious morsel to finish the eating of one of these fine fruits. Our seed has all been saved by the originator from vines bearing melons with the nub or "button," and can be depended upon not only for the earliest ripening, but also to produce fruits of most uniform size and finest quality. The majority will show the nubs, as illustrated above, well developed. The originator grows this special strain for no other seedsmen.

Per pkt. 10 cts.; per oz. 18 cts.; 2 ozs. 32 cts.; ¼ lb. 60 cts.; per lb. \$2.00.

Early Jenny Lind. This is a leading market variety by reason of its extremely early ripening and prolific bearing of its extremely early ripening and prolific bearing qualities. The melons are of small size, quite flattened in form, heavily ribbed and netted. Of good quality, and one of the most profitable for early market. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; ¹/₄ lb. 25 cts.; per lb. 90 cts. LONG ISLAND BEAUTY. © Fruits of large size, well flattened, heavily ribbed and netted. Of handsome appearance and fine quality. Per pkt. 10 cts.

Extra Early Hackensack. This is a selection of the popular Hackensack, ripening fully ten days earlier. Melons of good size, heavily ribbed and netted; thick light-green flesh, of fine flavor. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; 1/4 lb. 25 cts.; per lb. 90 cts.

Norfolk Button, or SHIPPER'S DELIGHTO This is a finely bred strain of Early Jenny Lind, which was developed in Virginia by the market growers around Norfolk. It has become already popular with New Jersey growers for the Philadelphia markets, but is not quite equal to our own new "Jersey Button" strain described above, nor are the buttons so pronounced. However it is really a fine melon, and we offer the choicest seed carefully saved in New Jersey. The melons are of same size and fully as early as the popular original Early Jenny Lind, while they are distinguished by a slight "button" on the blossom end. The flesh is a beautiful light green, quite thick, and of sweet rich flavor. The fruits are ready extremely early and carry well to market. Perpkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; 1/4 lb. 35 cts.; per lb. \$1.25. ket. Per lb. \$1.25.

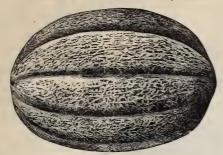


BURPEE'S "GOLDEN EAGLE."

See illustration, engraved from a photograph. This is a most excellent new variety of exceedingly strong vigorous growth and remarkably prolific, producing a large number of fine fruits even in unfavorable seasons. The handsome melons are of good size, fine quality, and firm enough for shipping purposes. In our Trial Grounds it has withstood seasons of heat and drought better than any other variety while retaining its superior flavor. The oval fruits are quite uniform in size, averaging ten inches in length and seven inches in diameter; heavily ribbed and netted, with skin of a light golden hue when ripe. thick flesh ripens well down to the rind with comparatively small seed cavity; it is of a rich salmon in color, sweet and melting, with a delightful aroma. "GOLDEN EAGLE" is particularly desirable for heavy soils and the home garden, as it continues bearing the large fruits throughout the season. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 15 cts.;

2 ozs. 25 cts.; 1/4 lb. 40 cts.; per lb. \$1.40.

MUSK MELONS, or "Cantaloupes,"—Continued.



BURPEE'S BAY VIEW MELON.

BURPEE'S BAY VIEW. Very large oblong fruits, twelve to fifteen inches in length. Vines strong, vigorous, and productive. Fruits have broad heavy ribs, well netted, with light-green flesh of good flavor. Although similar in form, this is much better than the old Cassaba. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 7 cts.; 1/4 lb.

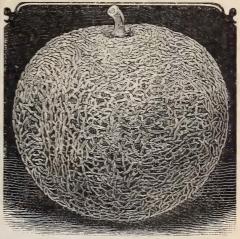
ACME, or BALTIMORE. A popular early variety, largely grown for market in the vicinity of Baltimore; fruits of medium size, oval in form, with a slight neck at the stem end. Well ribbed and heavily retted; skin turning to a golden tint when ripened. Flesh firm and of superior quality. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 7 cts.; ¼ lb. 25 cts.; per lb. 80 cts.

HACKENSACK, or TURK'S CAP. This is a favorite New York market variety. Fruits are of good size, round, heavily ribbed and netted. Hardy and productive, with thick, firm, green flesh; of excellent flavor. Per 1kt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; ¹/₄ lb. 25 cts.; per lb. 90 cts.

BURPEE'S CHAMPION MARKET. This is a splendid variety of the Netted Gem type, producing fruits nearly three times as large as the original Gem or "Rocky Ford." The melons are very regular in form, nearly round, averaging eight inches in diameter, with heavy well-netted ribs, thick light-green flavor. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; ¼ lb. 40 cts.

BURPEE'S NEW "MATCHLESS." O This fine new melon might be described briefly as an enlarged Netted Gem. The crop of seed unfortunately was a total failure, therefore we recommend planters to use "Rocky Ford" instead.

JERSEY BELLE. A larger variety of the Jenny Lind. Fruits flattened, heavily ribbed and netted; regular in form and even in size, being two to three times as large as those of the Jenny Lind and of fine flavor, but does not ripen so early. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 7 cts.; 1/4 lb. 25 cts.; per lb. 80 cts.



NEW SUPERIOR MUSK MELON.

SUPERIOR. Fruits quite round, of medium size, free from ribs, and heavily netted. Rather thin light-green flesh of excellent quality. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; ½ lb. 25 cts.; per lb. 90 cts.

COSMOPOLITAN. Fruits round or ball-shaped, of medium size, free from ribs, and heavily netted. Of very handsome appearance, with beautiful green flesh, sweet and melting. Vines hardy and very prolific. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 7 cts.; ¼ lb. 20 cts.; per lb. 70 cts.

HICAGO MARKET. A popular variety in the Chicago markets. Fruits of quite large size, heavily ribbed, flattened at the ends, being ten inches in cross diameter and seven inches from stem to blossom ends. Skin turns to a golden yellow when ripe; flesh light in color, rather soft, but with thick hard rind; good flavor. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 7 cts.; 1/4 lb. 20 cts.; per lb. 70 cts.

GREEN-FLESHED OSAGE. This is a green-fleshed strain of the popular *Osage*, or *Miller's Cream*. The fruits are round and of large size, well ribbed and netted, with dark emerald-green skin. The flesh is light green, melting, and of fine flavor. It is very hardy and well adapted for growing in cool locations. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 12 cts.

PROLIFIC NUTMEG. Fruits round, seven inches in diameter, slightly flattened at the ends. Well ribbed and heavily netted; thick pale-green flesh, sweet and melting. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 7 cts.; ¼ lb. 20 cts.; per lb. 70 cts.

Burpee's Netted Gem, or "ROCKY FORD." o See page 47. This famous variety is the finest early green-fleshed



melon in cultiva-tion. The fruits are remarkably uniform in size, weighing from one and a quarter to one and a half pounds each. They are quite thick meated, with very thin rinds; skin light green, regularly ribbed and heavily netted, turning to a golden yellow as the melons ripen. Flesh light green in color, firm but melting,

flavor. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; ½ lb. 20 cts.; per lb. 75 cts.

M. G.-4



"Defender." The melons are handsome in appearance, oval in form, of regular even size, and finely netted. They average seven inches in length and have a middle diameter of five inches. The flesh is firm and solid,—not soft as in most other orange-fleshed sorts; it is, however, crisp and melting, free from any stringiness, and has a splendid flavor. The fruits resemble those of the Paul Rose, but are of larger size. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; 14 lb. 30 cts.; per lb. \$1.00.

Salmon-Fleshed Musk Melon,—"PAVL ROSE."

This grand new variety has the uniform size and regular form of Burpee's Netted Gem combined with the deep orange flesh and superior flavor of Emerald Gem. The fruits are nearly round or slightly oval, rather larger than Netted Gem, ribbed

PAUL ROSE OR "PETOSKEY" MELONS, -engraved from a Photograph

and heavily netted; of a light green or faint golden hue when fully ripe. The flesh is thick, of rich deep orange color, and ripens close down to the rind, with small seed cavity. The flesh is much firmer than that of our Emerald Gem, while possessing similar delicious flavor. These points combine to make an excellent shipping variety of handsome appearance and finest quality. The highest praise we can give the "PAUL ROSE" MELON IS to state that it is an excellent market variety, and in quality ranks "next in quality ranks "nex best to Emerald Gem. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; 2 ozs. 15 cts.; 1/4 lb. 25 cts.; per lb. 90 cts.

Burpee's Unequaled EMERALD GEM MELON. o

No other melon in cultivation to-day is of EMERALD GEM MELONS. such rich flavor. The melons are about the size of Burpee's Netted Gen, but, unlike that variety, the skin, while ribbed, is generally smooth and of a deep emerald-green color. The flesh, which is thicker From a Photograph than in any other melon of the same size, is of a beautiful suffused salmon color, and ripens thoroughly to the ex-tremely thin rind. The flesh is peculiarly crystalline in appearance, and the flavor is sweet and luscious beyond description. The vines are thrifty in growth, very prolific; the melons mature extremely early and are always of most superb quality. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; 2 ozs. 25 cts.; ¼ lb. 40 cts.;

KINSMAN QUEEN. Very fine large-fruited melon, ripening quite early. The melons are nearly round, averaging ten inches in length and eight inches in diameter. Heavily ribbed, but with smooth pale-green skin, free from netting. Rich orange-colored flesh; firm and of delicious rich flavor. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 7 cts.; ½ lb. 20 cts.; per lb. 70 cts.

per lb. \$1.50.

BURPEE'S MELROSE. o Melons of round form, free from ribs, with dark-green skin, changing to a russet when ripe; thickly covered with heavy netting. The fruits are about six inches in diameter, with this righ but touch die melion it on

with thin rind but tough skin, making it an excellent shipping variety. The flesh is very thick and solid, clear light green in color, shading to a rich salmon at the seed cavity. Of most luscious flavor, THE MELROSE carries its fine quality and sweetness to the extreme edge of the skin. It is only about one week later than the small extra early Jenny Lind. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; 2 ozs. 25 cts.

SURPRISE. Slightly oblong fruits of medium size, ribbed but of smooth light-green skin turning to a creamy tint. Rather thin orange flesh of only fair quality. Ripens early. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; 14 lb. 20 cts.; per lb. 60 cts.

DELMONICO. Quite large oval fruits. Very broad ribs, well netted. Rich salmon flesh, with musky flavor. Quite thick meated, ripening well down to the rind. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; 1/4 lb. 20 cts.; per lb. 65 cts.

OSAGE, or MILLER'S CREAM. The fruits are much larger than those of the Emerald Gem; nearly round in form, but having the same distinct dark-green skin with lighter bands between the ribs, and very thick, firm, orange flesh of exceptionally fine quality. Per pkt. 5 cts.; 02. 10 cts.; 2 ozs. 15 cts.; ¹/₄ ib. 25 cts.; per lb. 90 cts.

MONTREAL NUTMEG. o large-fruited variety of superior quality. The large fruits are nearly round in form, slightly flattened at the ends, with very large, broad, heavy ribs. Dark-green skin, thickly covered with heavy nettings. The flesh is two inches thick, light green, melting, and of delicious flavor. This is one of the handsomest varieties to grow for exhibition purposes. Seed scarce. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.

BOSTON MANGO. Quite large oblong fruits, or making "Mangoes." Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; 4 lb. 20 cts.; per lb. 65 cts.

There is Little Doubt that you will be offered Melon Seed "'way below" our prices, too good for our trade, and for years we have made a specialty of melon seed. In this season of fearful shortages we feel that we are fortunate in being able to supply several varieties at comparatively moderate prices. It does not pay to run any risk. Even should our price be double what you are accustomed to pay, you should remember that with careful planting 1½ lbs. are sufficient to seed an acre, and that the difference in cost, consequently, is triffing in comparison with the resulting difference in the marketable product.

Selected Seed of WATERMELONS.

Earliest WATERMELONS. The best of all the early ripening watermelons is our Fordhook Early, described below. The melons will weigh thirty to forty pounds each; have a deep-green skin, which is tough enough to stand shipping. *Phinney's Early* is oblong, with tough mottled skin. Cole's Early, an extra early selection of *Kolb's Gen*, is small and round, with rather tender skin. *Vick's Early* is oblong, of fair size, but varies in coloring. Our Hungarian Honey is a very early melon, but small in size, of round or ball-like form; quite thin rind and deep-red flesh of finest quality.

In lots of 5 pounds or more, deduct 5 cents per pound. Per oz. 1/4 lb.			Per lb.
Cole's Early. Extra early, but small; skin green, with white stripes, .	\$0 06	\$0 15	\$0 55
Phinney's Early. An extra early; of medium size; oblong form,	, 6	15	50
Vick's Early. Extra early; oblong; skin varies in color,	6	15	50
Burpee's Hungarian Honey. Small, perfectly round; rich red flesh,	6	20	65
Each of the above, 5 cents per packet.) 1	

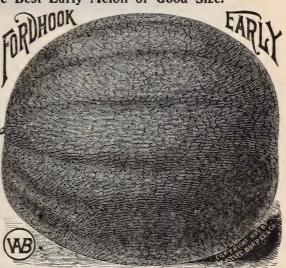
Burpee's FORDHOOK EARLY Watermelon.

Without a Rival,—the Best Early Melon of Good Size.

This is the earliest large-fruited melon in cultivation,-when grown from the genuine stock. Planted in hills six feet apart and without any special cultivation, in our Trial Grounds, we secured a good number of fine large melons before any other varieties had ripened, with the exception only

of the small Cole's Early. These fruits are of good size, rather short and blocky in form, with large diameter. Skin dark green, occasion-

ally with faint stripes of lighter green. Flesh bright red, crisp, sweet, and of splendid quality. Rind quite thin, but skin tough, making an excellent shipping variety. You can buy seed at half our price, but it will not be Burpee's! Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; 2 ozs. 18 cts.; 1/4 lb. 30 cts.; per lb. 90 cts.; 5 fbs. or more at 85 cts. per lb.



SWEET HEART. o Most popular for market.—
see the illustration, engraved from a photograph.
Large heavy fruits of oval or round form; skin very pale green, with distinct noted lines of Large heavy fruits of oval or round form; skin very pale green, with distinct netted lines of a slightly darker shade. The large handsome fruits bear shipping well. The solid flesh is a deep rich red, crisp and melting; its luscious quality has made it a leading favorite in the Philadelphia markets. Our seed is the very finest, mostly grown in New Jersey. Per pkt. 5 cts.; 0z. 6 cts.; 2 ozs. 10 cts.; ½ lb. 18 cts.; per lb. 60 cts. In lots of 5 lbs. or more, per lb. 55 cts.

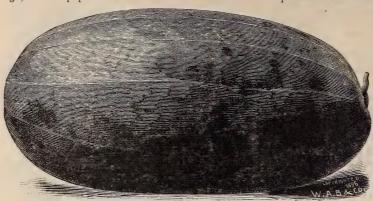
KOLB'S GEM. Largely grown in the South for shipping to northern markets, as it carries well. The melons are large, of a thick oval blocky form. Skin handsomely marked in dark- and light-green stripes. Flesh bright red, but rather coarse and of only fair quality. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 5 cts.; 14 lb. 15 cts.; per lb. 40 cts.

BLUE GEM, or "ICEBERG."

This may be described briefly as a yellow-bellied "Muscaline" strain of dark Kolb's Gem, but much superior in quality. The bright-red flesh is very sweet and reaches close to the rind, which, though thin, is extremely tough. It is a splendid shipper,—carries well to distant markets,—while its luscious flavor will quickly make it a popular favorite. For further description and illustration, see page 24 of Burpee's Farm Annual for 1993. Our seed is the finest New Jersey grown. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; 1/4 lb. 20 cts.; per lb. 65 cts.

Watermelon, - "KLECKLEY SWEETS."

This famous "Sweetest of All" Watermelons was first introduced by us six years ago, and so popular has it become that it has been impossible to save enough of the seed. In



BURPEE'S "KLECKLEY SWEETS" WATERMELON, -from a Photograph.

superb luscious flavor it is equaled only by one other melon-the new Halbert Honey, described on opposite page. While the skin is too tender to admit of fruits being shipped any distance to market, it is most desirable to plant for home use or nearby markets. Fruits are of large size, oblong in form, with dark green skin, very thin rind, which is quite brittle, splitting ahead of the knife when a fully

ripe melon is cut. Flesh bright scarlet, with broad solid heart; the white seeds are placed close to the rind. Flesh most crisp, sugary, and melting in the highest degree; entirely free from any stringiness. The melons average eighteen to twenty inches in length, by ten to twelve inches in diameter; of handsome appearance and most uniformly superior quality. With us the melons ripen quite early, and we consider it the most desirable variety for the home garden. In our efforts to secure sufficient seed, we made large contracts with Mr. Kleckley, the originator, for his entire

seed, we made large contracts with Mr. Kleckley, the originator, for his entire stock, and also with four other growers, but on account of unfavorable season, some of these crops entirely failed and all were short. As the true seed is scarce we would caution our customers against so-called "Kleckley Sweets" seed offered at low r prices. For the seed grown by the originator, Mr. Kleckley, upon his home ranch in Texas, we charge:

seed grown by the originator, Mr. Kleckley, upon his home ranch in Texas, we charge:

Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 12 cts.; 2 ozs. for 20 cts.; ¼ lb. 35 cts.; per lb. \$1.20.

For other choice seed (grown from the original stock) we charge: Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 7 cts.; ¼ lb. 25 cts.; per lb. 85 cts. On either strain deduct 5 cts. per lb if five pounds or more of the seed is ordered,—always to be sent by express or freight at expense of purchaser.

Notwithstanding the claim that may appear again in other catalogues, Mr. Kleckley has not sold a pound to any other seedsmen, and, consequently, the originator's seed can be had only from us.

McIVER SUGAR. • Very large fruits of handsome appearance and fine quality. The fruits are oblong in form, averaging twenty inches in length; the skin is beautifully marked with broad stripings of light green and attribute of a pale-pink green any stripings.

color, very crisp, free from any stringiness, sweet and melting. The fruits have a broad solid heart. Skin tough enough for shipping purposes. Per pkt. 5 cis.; oz. 6 cts.; ¼ lb. 20 cts.; per lb. 65 cts.

Mammoth Ironclad.

See illustration. Large heavy oblong fruits, averaging two feet in length under good cultivation. Skin dark green, with bright stripes of

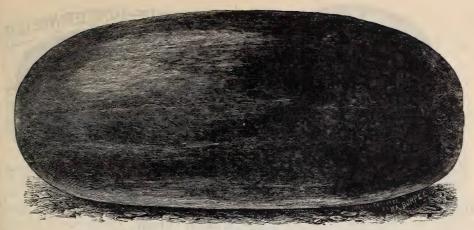
lighter green in mottled markings. Rind thin, but so tough that a ripened melon will bear the weight of two men standing upon it without splitting. Flesh bright red, firm, solid, but crisp and free from stringiness. Rich sugary flavor. Large solid heart, with seeds all near the rind. Will keep a long time after ripening. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; 4 lb. 20 cts.; per lb. 65 cts.



"SANTIAGO." Frame's New Mammoth Watermelon. The melons grow uniformly large and long, being distinctly barrel-shaped, retaining their thickness throughout the entire length, with bluntly rounded ends. Well-grown melons will measure two feet long by twelve to fourteen

inches in diameter, weighing from forty to fifty pounds each. Vines are of strong vigorous growth, producing an enormous crop of large melons. Skin is light green, divided into broad bands of mottled stripes of dark green. The skin, while thin, is very tough, of a pliable leathery character, which insures finest shipping qualities. The flesh is of a very deep blood-red, of sweet flavor, and entirely melting in character,—free from any stringiness. Seed very scarce.

Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; 2 ozs. for 25 cts.; 1/4 lb. 40 cts.; per lb. \$1.40.



BURPEE'S NEW "HALBERT HONEY" WATERMELON -from a Photograph.

New Watermelon,—Burpee's "HALBERT HONEY."

See Painting from Nature on Colored Plate in The Farm Annual.

For several years we have made a specialty of the famous Kleckley Sweets (introduced by us in 1897 and described on page 52) as the "Sweetest of all Melons." We must acknowledge, however, that now we have found a new melon, which, while fully equal in flavor and as handsome in color is more regular in form and much more productive. Growing as long as the Kleckley Sweets, the melons are blunt both at stem and blossom end,—generally free from any appearance of "neck." They average eighteen to twenty inches in length by six to eight inches in diameter; color of rind, a clear glossy deep green. The flesh is a beautiful crimson-lake, extending to within less than half an inch of the rind, which like the flesh is so tender that it will not stand shipping any distance unless carefully handled. It is essentially THE HOME MELON for the Home Garden and for local markets.

In quality it is simply delicious, sugary, and of a rich fruity flavor peculiar to itself. Entirely devoid of all fibrous substances, the sweet flesh melts away in the mouth like so much honey. The hardy vines are wonderfully prolific. The crop covers the ground, and it is no uncommon sight to see four and five melons growing in a heap together, one on top of the other. It is quite early and will fully mature melons throughout the Northern States where frost does not appear before September 1st.

THE NEW "HALBERT HONEY," new to the general public throughout the United States, is the result of careful cross-fertilization and painstaking selection by MR. H. A. HALBERT, of Texas, who plants for his home trade thirty acres of this original pet of his each season, and challenges the world to produce its equal in beauty, quality,

productiveness, and market demand on the part of the lovers of melons. All other varieties are considered by buyers as unworthy of notice, when the "HALBERT HONEY" appears on the market, for which he obtains 30 to 40 cents each, in a watermelon growing country,—wagon loads of other popular varieties remaining untouched until his stock is exhausted. We invite every one to give it a trial, knowing that you will be *more than satisfied*. Market gardeners for nearby trade will find it most profitable to plant a liberal acreage this season with Burpee's "Halbert Honey" Melon. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 2 ozs. 35 cts.; 1/4 lb. 60 cts.; per lb. \$2.00.

Very Profitable for Market.

Wm. H. Parker, Lingleville, Texas, August 25, 1902, writes:—The Halbert Honey, while equaling the Kleckley Sweets in quality, is more uniform in size and shape and more productive. In size it is large for a melon of such fine quality, growing from eighteen to twenty inches long by six to eight inches in diameter. From seed planted April 19th ripe melons were picked July 19th, ripening as a medium-early variety. For a combination of rare quality, productiveness, and unequaled market appearance the Halbert Honey has no rival. no rival.

Bring Double Price!

JOHN B. KUNGLE, Spring City, Pa., October 6, 1902, writes:—I must tell you what one of my customers says about the New Watermelon, BURPEE'S HALBERT says about the New Watermelon, Burpee's Halbert Honey. Mrs. Samuel Jersey, of Phenixville, says: "They were well worth 30 cents apiece, so sweet and so delicious. Other melons were selling at 15 cents and 20 cents apiece. I had no trouble to get 30 cents apiece. I could have sold a car load of them if I could have had them." She says they are the best melons she ever ate. My neighbors say the same thing.

Best in Fifty Years!

JOHN T. MORROW, Middleburg, Tenn., September 24, 1902, writes:—The HALBERT HONEY MELON is pronounced by good judges to be the best-flavored melon they ever ate. You need have no fear of recommending it. I have been raising melons for fifty years.

"Large, Beautiful, and Delicious."

J. G. DOYLE, Kiowa, Indian Ter., September 15, 1902, writes:—I planted your HALBERT HONEY MELON on the last day of March and pulled the first ripe melon on the 3d day of July. They were of large size, beautiful shape, and delicious flavor.

Best Melons in Eighteen Years.

P. W. BROCKNETT, Tatumsville, Ky., September 10, 1902, writes:—The weight of the two largest HALBERT HONEY MELONS was sixty-four and sixty-seven pounds. I have raised melons for eighteen years and they are the best melons I have ever raised in shape, size, and quality. I sold, \$5.40 worth from that packet. I sold two of them for 40 cents each.

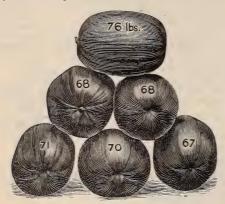
For other Testimonials,see page 9 of Retail Catalogue.



Dark Icing, or ICE RIND. O See illustration above. Fruits of round or shortened oval form, with dark-green skin. Flesh deep pink, very sweet and melting. Justly popular with New Jersey truckers, as its noted fine quality makes the melons sell well on the Philadelphia markets. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; ½ lb. 20 cts.; per lb. 55 cts.; 5 lbs. or more at 50 cts. per lb.

Round Light Icing, or ICE RIND. of fine flavored as the Dark Icing, from which it differs only in having clear light-colored skin. Per pkt. 5 cts.; vz. 6 cts.; 1/4 lb. 20 cts.s per lb. 55 cts.

Striped Gypsy, or "GEORGIA RATTLE-form, of good size and excellent quality. A very popular variety in the South. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; 14 lb. 20 cts.; per lb. 55 cts.



Triumph. See illustration above. A splendid shipping variety, growing uniformly large and of handsome appearance. The melons are rather shortened in form, but very thick through. Skin deep bluish green, with dark-red flesh of excellent quality. Has become a favorite with planters for market. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; ¼ lb. 20 cts.; per lb. 55 cts.; 5 lbs. at 50 cts. per lb.



Dixie. This is a famous southern melon for mar-ket; the fruits are large, oblong in form, from twenty inches to two feet in length; skin dark green with stripes of lighter shade. Bright-red flesh of excellent quality. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; ½ lb. 20 cts.; per lb. 55 cts.; 5 lbs. at 50 cts. per lb.

Cuban Queen. The melons are of large size and oblong in form. Skin beautifully striped in dark and light green. Rind quite thin, but tough enough for shipping. Flesh bright red, firm, and of luscious quality. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; ¼ lb. 20 cts.; lb. 55 cts.; 5 lbs. at 50 cts. per lb.

Delaware. Fruits uniformly large in size, of oblong form with striped markings, the dark-green shade predominating. Flesh bright red, crisp, and sweet, similar to Flesh bright red, crisp, and sweet, similar to the Mammoth Ironclad, but rather darker in coloring of the skin. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; 1/4 lb. 20 cts.; per lb. 55 cts.

Pride of Georgia. Fruits quite large, nearly marked in light- and dark-green stripes. Flesh pink and of only fair quality. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; 14 lb. 20 cts.; per lb. 55 cts.

Duke Jones. A large oval or blocky fruit, quite thick through. The fruits bright-red flesh. They are of excellent flavor and good shipping qualities. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; ½ lb. 20 cts.; per lb. 55 cts.

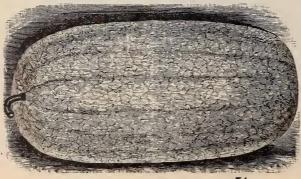
Florida Favorite. A large oblong melon, faintly striped with still deeper shade; deep-red flesh of excellent flavor. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; ½ lb. 20 cts.; per lb. 60 cts.

Mountain Sweet. An old variety, which is still popular in the cooler Northern States, where the large-fruited southern sorts do not succeed. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; ½ lb. 20 cts.; per lb. 55 cts.

Ice Cream, or "PEERLESS." An oblong melon with dark-green skin. Flesh sweet; deep pink. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; ½ lb. 20 cts.; per lb. 65 cts.

Black Spanish. Thick round fruits of good bark-green skin, bright-red flesh of excellent quality. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; 14 lb. 20 cts.; per lb. 50 cts.

Colorado Preserving. This is a large-fruiting strain of Citron for preserving. Flesh clear white and very solid. Olive-green seed. Per pett. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; 1/4 lb. 20 cts.; per lb. 60 cts.



or LONG WHITE Gray Monarch, ICING. O See illustration. The skin is of an attractive, mottled, very light The skin green color, so light as to nearly wargreen color, so light as to nearly warrant the name white or gray. The flesh is deep red in color and of very fine quality—fully equal to the popular Round Light Icing, which has been long recognized as one of the finest flavored watermelons grown. In size, this variety is larger, being of long form, and has been raised to weigh fifty to sixty pounds each. Fine stock is scarce this season. Per pkt. 5 cts.; 02. 6 cts.; 14 lb. 20 cts.; per lb. 60 cts.

BURPEE'S HALBERT HONEY. © See Colored Plate in Farm Annual and description on preceding page.

Burpee's New Mustard, - "FORDHOOK FANCY." o

The most desirable and most ornamental Mustard. It is distinct from any other variety now in cultivation. The plants are of vigorous growth, and the beautiful dark-green leaves curve outwardly like a fine ostrich plume. The edges are as thoroughly curled and laciniated as the best

as thoroughly curled and saciniated as the best double curled parsley, making the leaves equally as desirable for garnishing. So attractive is the habit of growth and the feathery effect of the finely fringed leaves that this plant is quite worthy of a place in the garden as an ornamental border plant, aside from its utility as a salad or boiling green. It is more productive than any other variety from early spring sowings, and also more stubborn in running to seed. It stands well, even during the hot summer months, while the young leaves can be cut quite as early as those of other sorts. By making several sowings a few weeks apart, a continuous growth

sowings a few weeks apart, a continuous growth of fresh tender leaves may be had throughout the season. Even those who do not care for mustard as a piquant salad will be delighted with the leaves of "Fordhook Fancy," cooked like spinach, any time during the summer. It is even superior to the best spinach in flavor. Try IT!

Seed sold only in our sealed packages. Per pkt.

10 cts.; per oz. 22 cts.; 2 ozs. for 40 cts.



"FORDHOOK FANCY,"-from a Photograph

MUSHROOMS.

These delicious fungi can be grown wherever there is a warm cellar or close shed, in which an even tem-

perature can be maintained of from fifty to sixty degrees, and where a plentiful supply of fresh horse-stable manure for making the beds can be obtained Our spawn is imported from the best English makers, runs freely, and produces the finest mushrooms. We send free, if requested, our New Leaflet giving directions for preparing manure and making the beds. Bricks weigh about one and a quarter

PERFECTED

PERKINS'

LONG-POD

pounds, and a brick is sufficient to plant about nine square feet. Best English "MILLTRACK" SPAWN—Price in bricks, by express: 10 cts. per lb.; 10 lbs. for 85 cts.; \$7.50 per 100 lbs.

MUSTARD.

BLACK or BROWN. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 5 cts.; per lb. 25 cts.

WHITE. Better for salad or culinary purposes. Per pkt. 5 cis.; 1/4 lb. 10 cts.; per lb. 25 cts.

NEW CHINESE. Highly esteemed for salads, particularly in the South. The leaves are twice the size of the ordinary White Mustard, while the flavor is sweet and pungent. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; 14 lb. 15 cts.; per lb. 50 cts.

FORDHOOK FANCY. O See top of page.

SOUTHERN GIANT CURLED. The true curled-leaf variety so popular in the South for planting in the fall, to furnish an early spring salad. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; ¹/₄ lb. 15 cts.; per lb. 50 cts.

NASTURTIUM.

Nasturtiums of all varieties are useful for furnishing reasturitums of all varieties are useful for furnishing tender seed-pods which make delicious pickles. The seeds for pickling should be gathered while green and with a portion of the stem attached. Pick them over and place in a jar until filled; then cover them with cider vinegar which has been brought to the boil and is still warm, to keep for winter use.

TALL MIXED. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; 2 ozs. 10 cts.; ¼ lb. 15 cts.; per lb. 50 cts.

OKRA, or Gumbo.

The pods of this plant are regarded as a household necessity in the Southern States, but are not so well known nor so extensively grown as they should be in the North. Seeds should be sown quite thinly in drills two or more feet apart when the trees are well out in leaf.
For either cooking or drying, the
pods must be gathered when young
and tender, before any woody
fiber is formed.

DWARF PROLIFIC. Dwarf stocky growth, wonderfully proific, and mature pods ready for use ten days to two weeks earlier than the tall varieties.

Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 5 cts.; ¹/₄ lb. 12 cts.; per lb. 35 cts.

LADY FINGER. Plants of tall growth, producing long slender pods with slight ridges. These pods slight ridges. These pods are of pale-green color, frequently eight inches in length, and retain their tenderness until nearly full grown. Per pkt. 5 cts.; 6z. 5 cts.; 1/4 lb. 15 cts.; per lb. 45 cts.

WHITE VELVET. Of tall growth, with long pods, which are round, smooth, and of a velvety white coloring. Per pkt. 5 cts.; 0z. 5 cts.; ½ 5 cts.; oz. 5 cts.; ¹/₂, lb. 15 cts.; per lb. 40 cts. "PERFECTED" PERKINS' LONG=POD. @ An improved strain of the popular Perkins'
Manmoth Green-Pod. The
pods are produced in great
abundance, and when ready
to use are from four
of the inches in length to five inches in length,

of a handsome green color and of the best quality. Now used almost exclusively by the principal soup canners in and around Camden, N. J., as it can be depended on for uniform good quality and the color is much to be preferred. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz.

6 cts.; 1/4 lb. 18 cts.; per lb. 50 cts.

o Please bear in mind o that a bull's-eye [o] means that we consider varieties so marked the very best of their respective types. o



as the proper preparation of the soil and cultivation of the crop involve considerable outlay. The profitable returns depend altogether on the sure ripening of the bulbs, and such a reliable strain of seed can be grown only from choice selected well-ripened bulbs Our Onion Seed is grown for us under the most thorough and critical inspec-

tion, and we confidently claim it is the choicest that it is possible to produce. Cheap Onion Seed grown from badly formed or poorly ripened bulbs will produce after its kind. A few dollars saved in purchase of Onion Seed for planting may result in loss of many hundreds.

The Onion is one of the few vegetables which can be grown successfully on the same land for several seasons. Thus the cost of thoroughly preparing the land before sowing the seed can be divided through several seasons. The soil should be preferably rather light and loose, as well as free from stone, so that it may be frequently worked. In such soils the labor may be performed largely by use of wheel-hoes, so that rows may be planted quite closely together and the fullest advantage taken of this carefully prepared seed-bed and heavy fertilizing. It is much cheaper to raise a crop of bulbs from the seed sown directly in the row where the bulbs are to be grown than from planting "bottom sets." Ask for our Leaflet on Culture, announced below.

"How to Grow Onions." Large onions may be grown directly from seed quite as easily and more cheaply than from sets which have been grown a previous season and carried over. In this interesting New Leaflet on culture we give brief but clear directions for preparing the soil, sowing the seed, cultivating and harvesting the crop, together with a description of the new method of starting early seedlings in the hot-bed to be transplanted to the garden or field.

This useful new leaflet will be mailed FREE to all who ask for it when ordering.

BURPEE'S ONION SEED has a reputation second to none, -it costs more to produce than most of the seed offered annually at lower prices. It is a fact that by contracting with certain growers we could obtain seed much cheaper, but our extensive trials at FORDHOOK FARMS show that this "cheaper" seed would never suit the trade that has been coming to us now for the past quarter-century,

ONIONS,-American Yellow Varieties.

The most popular Onion in our Eastern markets is the Yellow Danvers. The original type of this variety is a flat bulb, commonly called Round Yellow Danvers.



YELLOW STRASBURG, OR DUTCH.

This grows to a good size; the skin is a pale straw-yellow, and the flesh crisp and white. The bulbs ripen well, are excellent keepers, and of mild flavor. An improved form is the Yellow Globe Danvers, making a round or nearly ball-shaped bulb with the good character of the flat strains;

ball-shaped bulb with the good character of the flat strains; Michigan or Ohio Yellow Globe is also a fine strain. The Yellow Strassburg, or Dutch, is similar to the flat Yellow Danvers, excepting that the coloring is deeper and the flavor rather stronger. These two varieties are largely planted to produce the Philadelphia Yellow Onion Sets.

The SOUTHPORT LARGE YELLOW GLOBE grows considerably larger than the Yellow Globe Danvers, and is an excellent keeper when well ripened; but, like all true globe-shaped onions, is rather later in maturing.

The AMERICAN-GROWN PRIZE-TAKER is a large globe-shaped bulb of very mild flavor; only the thin skin is yellow, the flesh being pure white, very tender and crisp. In cool, moist locations the Prize-Taker furnishes the large pale-brown onions, which are sold in crates in the fall as Spanish Onions. While in dry, hot locations they do not grow to such large size, Prize-Takers are always mild and of fine form. It is best to market the bulbs during the fall, as they do not generally keep well through the winter. as they do not generally keep well through the winter.

For Iu lots of 10 pounds or more, deduct 5 cents per pound from lowest prices, quoted in last column.	Per oz.	1/4 lb.	Per lb.	5 fbs. or more, per fb.
Yellow Danvers. The well-known favorite. (10 lbs. at 70 cts.),	\$0 07	\$0 22	80 80	\$0.75
Yellow Globe Danvers. Unsurpassed. (10 lbs. at 85 cts.),	10	30	95	90
Michigan or Ohio Yellow Globe. (10 fbs. or more at 85 cts. fb),	10	30	95	90
Yellow Strasburg, or Dutch. A great favorite. (10 lbs. at 75 cts.),	7	22	85	80
Southport Yellow Globe. Finest strain. (10 fbs. at 90 cts.),	10	30	1 00	95
True American Prize=Taker. (See illustration on page 59),	10	30	1 05	1 00
Australian Early Yellow Globe. (See page 60.) Pkt. 10 ets.,	15	40	1 25	1 20

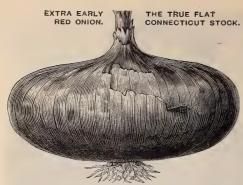
Each of the above, except Australian Yellow, 5 cents per packet.



LARGE RED WETHERSFIELD ONION,-Natural Size of a well-grown bulb, from a Photograph

Extra Fine LARGE RED WETHERSFIELD ONION o

This is the most popular standard variety for winter market in many Northern States. It is not an early ripening sort, as it continues in growth throughout the season, and consequently makes very large onions. Continued selection of bulbs planted for seed gives us a small-necked su e-ripening strain, entirely free from scallions or thick-necks. Though well flattened, the solid onions are thick through, as shown in the photograph of a specimen bulb reproduced above. This onion, shown natural size, weighed exactly six ounces. The outer skin is a deep rich purplish red, smooth and glossy; flesh white, lightly tinged with pinkish rose. The magnificent large solid onions are nearly as mild in flavor as many varieties with skin of lighter coloring. Its splendid keeping qualities make it easy to hold crops for late winter markets. While, unlike some seedsmen, we do not attach our name to this variety (which was introduced before we entered the trade twenty-seven years ago), yet we can say honestly that there is no better strain of the true large Red Wethersfield in cultivation to day than that offered by us. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; 2 ozs. 17 cts.; ½ lb. 30 cts.; per lb. \$1.00. In lots of 5 lbs. at 95 cts. per lb.; in lots of 10 lbs. or more at 90 cts. per lb.



ONION.—American Red Varieties.

EXTRA EARLY RED is a very fine, flat, deep-red bulb, a good cropper; matures early, ripens evenly, and is an excellent keeper. The RED WETHERSFIELD is the standard red onion, growing to very large size from seed in a single season, and being a flat onion ripens

seed in a Single season, evenly and well.

The Southport Large Red Globe is a ball-shaped bulb of the largest size, but later in ripening than the Wethersfield. The smaller Extra Early Red Globe, Wethersfield.

Wethersfield. The smaller Extra Early Red Globe, which we do not now offer, is not quite so early, nor is it so desirable as the Extra Early Red Flat.

Our new AUSTRALIAN BROWN, although not a true red variety, is a deep rich brown. It is not only the earliest ripening variety producing bulbs of good size, but is also the best keeping variety we know of,—bulbs of this variety having been kept in fine condition until the next year's crop was gathered. Seed of Australian Brown should be planted as early as possible, or the bulbs will ripen prematurely. bulbs will ripen prematurely.

In lots of 10 pounds or more, deduct 5 cents per pound from lowest price, quoted in last column.	Per oz.	1/4 tb.	Per lb.	5 fbs. or more, per fb.
Extra Early Red. O Extra early and long keeping,	\$0 10	\$0 30	\$1 00	\$0 95
Large Red Wethersfield. The well-known favorite,	10	30	1 00	95
Large Red Globe. True globe shape; very finest strain,	10	35	1 35	1 30
Burpee's Australian Brown. (See page 61 Se)	7	22	80	75
Each of the above, 5 cents per pac	ket.			

Finest Onions Inside of Fifty Miles!

R. C. IMLAH, Alvarado, Texas, March 18, 1901, writes:—You know last fall I got two pounds White Pearl and eight pounds Large Red Wethersfield Onion seed from you, and I am in a country where they raise onions, but to-day my two acres are said by all to be the finest inside of fifty miles. They are in full view from the orbital red. full view from the public road.

"Our Onion Seed is Always O. K."

J. S. Coon, Leslie, Ingham Co., Mich., March 27, 1901, in sending order for \$15.70, including nine pounds Southport Red Globe Onion, writes:—Your seed has always been fine and O. K.

Our Onion Seed is Unsurpassed.

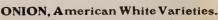
ALONZA LITTLE, Cartersburg, Ind., February 3, 102, writes:—Please send me the best onion seed, as I 1902, writes :was awarded the first prize at the State Fair two years ago and want to try for it this year. Have one acre of swamp land especially adapted for onions. I grew 130 bushels on 39 rods of very large PRIZE-TAKERS from your splendid seed.

MISS MAY SCHECK, Barnard's Crossing, N. Y., February 7, 1902, writes:—Since planting Burpee's seeds I have had better success than ever before, especially with onions.

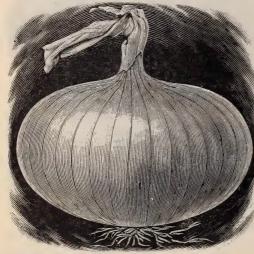
JAMES RANSOM, Morden, Manitoba, writes:—Your Onion seed did so well for me last year I shall get it from you this season.

Conrad Root, Torresdale, Philadelphia, April 1, 1902, writes:—My Danvers did well last year. One *Red Wethersfield* in particular was as pretty as your picture, and weighed 6½ ounces in March. Many *Danvers* weighed 4 ounces,—all from seed.

D. C. Allen, Madison, Ohio, May 16, 1902, writes:—The Onion seed I got of you is coming good. Can sell a thousand pounds next spring.



The earliest of these white varieties, from which The earliest of these white varieties, from which large bulbs are grown for market, is EXTRA EARLY WHITE PEARL, a fine, white, flat onion, but rather smaller than the White Silverskin, or WHITE PORTUGAL, which is the standard white variety, and produces fine large bulbs from seed the first season. The Philadelphia Silverskin is a special strain of the White Portugal, which is come thick for the White Portugal, which is sown thickly for the purpose of raising sets, making fine well-ripened sets of uniformly small size, which are again set out either to produce early bunch onions or large bulbs for market, as when grown in this manner bulbs for market, as when glown in this hadner they are about four weeks earlier in ripening than those grown from the seed. The SOUTHPORT LARGE WHITE GLOBE makes large ball-shaped bulbs of especially fine, mild flavor; like the other large globe-shaped onions, it is later in ripening than the flat or round sorts, but brings a higher price on market.



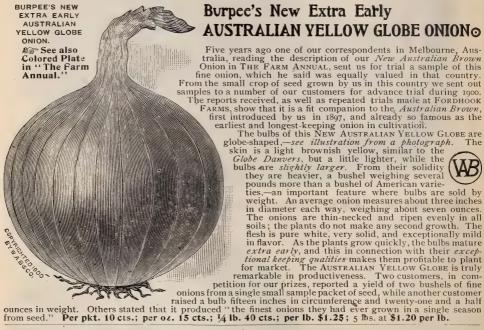
WHITE PORTUGAL ONION. Engraved from a Photograph

In lots of 10 pounds or more, deduct 5 cents per pound from lowest price, quoted in last column.	Per oz.	1/4 fb.	Per lb.	5 fbs. or more, per fb.
Philadelphia Silverskin. Especially desirable for sets,	\$0 15	\$0 50	\$1 75	\$1 70
White Portugal, or Silverskin. Handsome flat onions,	15	50	1 75	1 70
Large White Globe. Extra fine; true globe shape,	15	50	1 75	1 70
Extra Early White Pearl, or Bloomsdale Pearl,	20	60	2 00	1 90





BURPEE'S NEW EXTRA EARLY AUSTRALIAN YELLOW GLOBE ONIONS "Just as they Grow,"—one of the field piles in September,—engraved from a Photograph.



Burpee's New Extra Early AUSTRALIAN YELLOW GLOBE ONIONO

Five years ago one of our correspondents in Melbourne, Australia, reading the description of our New Australian Brown Onion in The Farm Annual, sent us for trial a sample of this fine onion, which he said was equally valued in that country. From the small crop of seed grown by us in this country we sent out samples to a number of our customers for advance trial during 1900. The reports received, as well as repeated trials made at Fordhook Farms, show that it is a fit companion to the Australian Brown, first introduced by us in 1897, and already so famous as the earliest and longest-keeping onion in cultivation.

The bulbs of this New Australian Yellow Globe are globe-shaped,—see illustration from a pholograph. The skin is a light brownish yellow, similar to the Globe Danvers, but a little lighter, while the bulbs are slightly larger. From their solidity they are heavier, a bushel weighing several pounds more than a bushel of American varieties,—an important feature where bulbs are sold by Five years ago one of our correspondents in Melbourne,

ties,-an important feature where bulbs are sold by weight. An average onion measures about three inches in diameter each way, weighing about seven ounces. The onions are thin-necked and ripen evenly in all soils; the plants do not make any second growth. The

"The Finest Onions They Ever Saw."

Mrs. Chas. "O'Neal, Dewey, Ill., September 24, 1900-writes:—The Australian Yellow Onions were planted the 6th of May and gathered the 15th of August. Every one around here thinks they are the finest onions they ever saw from seed. We have planted seed a good many seasons, but have never had such a good yield and large size as this season. good yield and large size as this season.

"The Best and Largest Onions."

J. ATTRAN CORNETT, Chestnut Hill, Ky., August 21, 1900, writes:—Am glad to tell you that the AUSTRALIAN YELLOW ONION is the best and largest onion that I ever grew. I sowed them May 10th; July 1st I gathered two bushels of the finest and largest onion bulbs ever grown in Letcher County.

See Colored Plate, opposite page 8 of THE FARM ANNUAL.

Australian Yellow,-" Hard and Firm."

CHAS. F. HENDRICKS, Saugatuck, Conn., April 29, chas. F. Hendricks, Saugatuck, Conn., April 29, 1901, writes:—Kindly send me, by return mail, one ounce Australian Yellow Onion seed, same as you sent me last year for trial. I have just set out a few of the small ones which I raised from the seeds which you sent me, and found every one as hard and firm as when I pulled them, whereas other kinds which had itset the same care had stream over feet lower. just the same care had sprouts over a foot long.

"Of Such a Beautiful Shape."

Mrs. C. D. Wood, 3129 Garfield Avenue, Minneapolis, Minn., September 14, 1900, writes:—The Australian YELLOW ONIONS are quite a wonder to every one that sees them. They are just large enough, and such a beautiful shape. We think they are far superior to any other onion; in fact, they are everything any one could wish for,

Long-Keeping Australian Brown Onion o

See Painting from Nature, opposite page 8 of our Retail Catalogue.

Australian Brown, introduced only six years ago, has become already the most popular onion in many localities, and has proved unequaled

for the South where the seed is planted in the fall for an early spring crop. It never It succeeds everywhere fails to bulb. from seed sown in the spring,—even when other varieties fail. The greatest feature of this distinct new variety is its splendid keeping quality. We have numerous instances of bulbs being kept in excellent condition until those of the succeeding year were fully ripened. Even small sets of this variety kept in a cool place do not start into growth until the second year from sowing the seed; most profitable to grow for handsome "bottom sets." No other onion has such a record for keeping qualities.

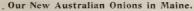
Australian Brown

Onions are of medium size, though growing quite large under favorable conditions. Wonderfully hard and solid, the bulbs are most attractive for market, both as to form and appearance. They ripen evenly and extremely early, never showing any thick-

necks or scallions, even the largest plants producing well-ripened bulbs. Planted

under the same conditions as the Red Wethersfield, they ripened nearly four weeks earlier and more uniformly. The color of the skin is of a pale reddish brown, distinct from that of any other variety. While the bulbs are slightly flattened in form they are so thick through as to rival those of the smaller globe shaped varieties, and **much more solid** than other varieties, thus securing best results where the onions are marketed by weight. In flavor these "Brown Beauties" from Australia are similar to the popular Red Wethersfield.

Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 7 cts.; 1/4 lb. 22 cts.; per lb. 80 cts. In lots of 5 lbs. at 75 cts. per lb.; 10 lbs. or more at 70 cts. per lb.



C. W. HAMMOND, Weeks Mills, Me., September 24, 1900, writes:—On account of the drought this year my onions are not so big as last, but are good ones. I can recommend the Australian Brown as the best onion I ever raised. They are a good keeper and a grand good seller. I sold a peck to one man last fall. He has four of them now, the 24th of September, as round and hard as when they were gathered. The Australian Yellow is a handsome onion. I raised one and a half bushels from the sample you sent me. a half bushels from the sample you sent me.

Succeeds Where Others Fail.

G. M. BOOTH, Canyon City, Colo., December 4, 1899, writes:—I raised fine Australian Brown Onions in mountains where people could not raise any other kind.

"A Good Onion from Every Seed."

MRS. E. A. FINCH, Leslie, Mich., September 18, 1900, writes:—The Australian Brown Onion is remarkable for its hardness, combined with its long keeping qualities. The bulb is of a light golden-brown color, the flesh being pure white, crisp, and very mild. It is just the right size for table use, not too small but plenty large. The AUSTRALIAN VELLOW ONION is similar in size to the Australian Presum but is lighter colored. size to the Australian Brown, but is lighter colored and is remarkably free from stiff-necks and scallions. The package of seeds brought a good onion from every seed.

Burpee's New Extra Early Australian Yellow Globe—see description and illustrations, opposite page.

Onions as "Solid as a Rock."

AUSTRALIAN BROWN. From a Photograph.

WALTER WATSON, Wallowa, Oregon, writes:—Must send you a few words in praise of your seeds, for they are without exception the "BEST THAT GROW." Your AUSTRALIAN BROWN ONION SEED makes the prettiest crop of onions I ever saw, and we've onions now (March) as solid as a rock. They matured three weeks before any other kind, and we took them straight out of the ground to the cellar; they needed no curing. One cannot speak too highly of them.

Onions Sound for Fourteen Months.

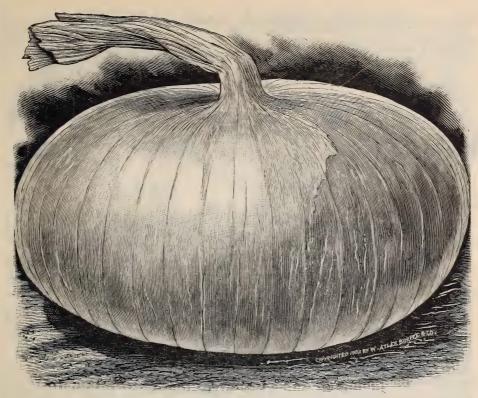
ROBERT PALMER, 98 Byers St., Denver, Colo , November, 1900, writes:—I endorse all you ever said in favor of the Brown Australian Onion. I had onions of last year's crop that were sound and about as solid as when I took them from the ground fourteen months before, and showed no signs of sprouting.

All Other Onions Failed!

H. W. TOEPPERWEIN, Leon Springs, Tex., January 3, 1900, writes:—The Australian Brown is excellently adapted for this locality. I raise my onions from sets, which I grow myself, planting the seed in the latter part of February and harvesting the sets about the middle of June, then planting them in November. On account of the drought last year my onion crop was a failure, with the exception of the Brown Australian. The main feature of these onions is their excellent keeping quality. They beat all that I ever saw in that regard. regard

Beware of "Cheap" Onion Seed! This caution is necessary every year because there is always some "old seed" or carelessly grown more than we charge. We have fixed prices as low as possible, and yet we expect to be undersold, because there are many tons of old seed carried over which it is reasonable to suppose will be bought by some dealers "because it is cheap" and can be sold "cheap," or can be used to mix with new seed to reduce the cost,





BURPEE'S MAMMOTH SILVER KING ONION,—Natural Size, from a Photograph.

ITALIAN ONIONS.

The Earliest White Queen and Neapolitan Maggiajola are small, flat, white onions, which ripen early when about three-fourths to one inch in diameter, and are highly esteemed for pickling. Burpee's Mammoth Silver King (see illustration) and the Giant White Italian Tripoli are large, flat, white varieties of mild flavor, and grow finely in cool moist locations, as in the South during the winter months. Giant Rocca and Mammoth Pompeii make large bulbs, with thin reddish-brown skin, but with crisp white flesh of mild flavor.

THE RED and WHITE VICTORIA ONIONS are large globe-shaped bulbs which grow quickly to very large size; the White Victoria is planted largely for green bunch onions in the spring. The finest of these large European varieties, however, for general cultivation in this country, is the GIGANTIC GIBRALTAR,—a light-brown-skinned globe-shaped bulb, which grows to an extremely large size.



EXTRA EARLY BARLETTA, OR IMPROVED QUEEN.

In lots of 5 pounds, deduct 5 cents per pound. The	Per oz.	1/4 lb.	Per lb.
Earliest White Queen, or Extra Early Barletta. For pickling,	\$0 15	\$0.50	\$1 65
Neapolitan Maggiajola, or Italian May Onion. Early, white, flat,	12	40	1 50
Giant Rocca of Naples. Brown-red; large size, globe shaped,	10	30	1 10
Giant Red Rocca. Large, globe shaped; deep blood-red skin,	10	35	1 20
Burpee's Gigantic Gibraltar. Extra fine. Per pkt. 10 cts.,	25	75	2 75
Giant White Italian Tripoli. El Paso or "Large Mexican" onion,	10	35	1 25
Red Mammoth Tripoli. Large, thick, flat onions; brown-red,	10	35	1 25
Burpee's Mammoth Silver King. O Largest white. (See illustration),	15	40	1 50
Burpee's Mammoth Pompeii. Reddish skin; large, flat,	10	35	1 25
Burpee's Mammoth White Victoria. O Per pkt. 10 ets.,	20	60	2 00
Burpee's Mammoth Red Victoria. Fine, large, globe shaped,	10	30	1 00

ONION SETS AND BULBS.



POTATO ONIONS.

It is cheaper to raise onions directly from the seed. Many persons with small gardens, however, still prefer to use sets. Gardeners also plant sets for bunch onions to pull early in the spring, and for the earliest ripening bulbs. We frequently have calls for sets of the Red Wethersfield and large Italian onions. These we cannot supply. **E-Prices by the bushel vary with

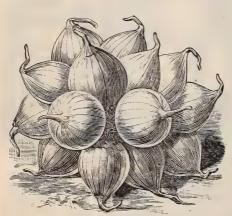
the market,-please write for quotations.

WHITE ONION SETS. Grown from our choice strain of the Philadelphia White Silverskin seed,—described on page 58. Per qt. 20 cts.; 2 qts. 35 cts.; 4 qts. 60 cts.; peck \$1.00; per bushel \$3.50.

YELLOW ONION SETS. Grown from our choice strain of Philadelphia Yellow Strasburg Onion as described on page 56. These will produce handsome well-ripened bulbs of large size quite early in the summer. Per qt. 15 cts.; 2 qts. 30 cts.; 4 qts. 50 cts.; peck 90 cts.; per bushel \$3.25.

POTATO ONION SETS. Valuable for bunching or an early crop. The smallest sets make fine bulbs of good size, while the larger ones produce a cluster of small to medium-size bulbs. Light-brown skin; mild, white flesh. It is the earliest, most vigorous in growth, and easiest to cultivate of all onions from sets. For the family garden everywhere, the true Potato Onion, whether pulled green or as dry bulbs, is most excellent. Per qt. 20 cts.; 2 qts. 35 cts.; 4 qts. 60 cts.; peck \$1.00; per bushel \$3.75.

EGYPTIAN, or PERENNIAL TREE ONION. When once set out, without having the slightest winter protection, it will come up year after year as soon as the frost breaks ground and will grow very rapidly. The bottoms divide, making several irregular-shaped onions that are sweet and tender. The young sets grow on top of the stalks, and can be planted in the fall. Per qt. 15 cts.; 2 qts. 30 cts.; 4 qts. 50 cts.; peck 85 cts.; per bushel \$3.00.



WHITE MULTIPLIER ONION SETS.

WHITE MULTIPLIER. This variety produces a large cluster of small to medium-size onions from a single bulb, maturing very early in the season, being ripened and ready for use even earlier than the Extra Early White Queen, or they can be planted in the fall for a supply of early bunch onions. If planted in the spring and left to mature they will increase wonderfully, ripen early, and are just the right size for pickling. They should be gathered just as soon as the tops die down, and be spread thinly to dry. When perfectly cured they will keep in fine condition until quite late in the spring. 20 cts. per quart; 4 quarts for 60 cts.; peck \$1.10; per bushel \$4.00.



PARSLEY.

PLAIN, or SINGLE. Plain leaves, excellent flavor. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 5 cts.; ½ lb. 15 cts.; lb. 35 cts.

FINE DOUBLE CURLED. Fine, dwarf, crimped leaves. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; 2 ozs. 10 cts.; ½ lb. 15 cts.; per lb. 45 cts.

EXTRA CURLED DWARF, or Emerald Parsley. This is a most beautiful variety. The moss-like leaves, of a handsome bright-green color, are finely curled. For garnishing, no variety is more attractive. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; ¼ lb. 15 cts.; lb. 45 cts.

EXTRA DARK MOSS-CURLED. This is very ornamental in growth; the leaves are of a peculiar extra dark-green color. It is very productive, and from the densely curled character of its leaves a quantity can be gathered in a short time. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; ½ 1b. 15 cts.; per lb. 50 cts.

FERN-LEAVED. This is most exquisite in form and color—invaluable as a garnishing plant, and suited for mixing with dwarf ornamental foliage plants in the flower garden and also for table decoration. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; 1/4 lb. 25 cts.; lb. 50 cts.

TURNIP-ROOTED, or HAMBURG. The edible portion is the fleshy root, which resembles a small parsnip, and is highly esteemed for flavoring soups, stews, etc. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 5 cts.; ¹/₄ lb. 15 cts.; per lb. 40 cts.

PARSNIPS.

While highly appreciated for the table the great value of the parsnip for stock feeding is but little known. The roots are very rich in saccharine food, adding to the richness of the milk when freshly dug and fed to cows.

IMPROVED GUERNSEY (Improved Half-Long).
A greatly improved and wonderfully fine strain of Guernsey Parsnip, of which our customers are

the fine quality. The roots do not grow so long as the Hollow Crown, but are of greater diameter and more easily gathered. It is a very heavy cropper. The roots are very smooth, the flesh is fine grained and of most excellent quality. Per pkt. 5 cts.; 0z. 5 cts.; 1/4 lb. 15 cts.; lb. 35 cts.

LONG SMOOTH, or HOLLOW CROWN (Abbott's Improve d Long Sugar, or Long White Dutch Parsnip). A great cropper; tender, sugary, and considered the best for general culti-

unanimous in

vation. Parsnips are improved by remaining exposed to frost. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 5 cts.; ¹4 lb. 15 cts.; per lb. 30 cts.

EARLY SHORT ROUND FRENCH. The earliest, of good quality, small size. Valuable for bunching with pot-herbs. Per pkt. 5 cts.; 0z. 5 cts.; 1/4 lb. 15 cts.; lb. 40 cts.



IMPROVED GUERNSEY PARSNIP.

Our list is complete as to prolonged season of bearing and distinct character of growth, at the same time carefully selected to include only those of superior quality and productiveness. Our Seed Peas are of the best quality obtainable, being all grown far north, thoroughly cleaned, and carefully hand-picked. They are raised from finest selected strains, and the growing crops are thoroughly rogued to remove all improper types of growth.





by a select strain of Alaska. Like most other choice strains of extra early peas to which various names are given, it has been developed from the old standard Philadelphia Extra Early. The vines are quite slender, of very quick growth, averaging eighteen inches in height. They bear a good crop of well-filled pods, nearly all of which can be gathered generally in one picking and always in two. This is an important ieature for market gardeners who cannot afford to go over the rows several times for small quantities of pods. Where planted exclusively, sowings should be made every week to insure a constant supply of fresh young pods. Per pkt, 10 cts.; per quart 20 cts.; 2 quarts of fresh young pods. Per pkt. 10 cts.; per quart 20 cts.; 2 quarts 40 cts.; 4 quarts 75 cts.; per peck \$1.35; ½ bushel \$2.65; per bushel \$5.25; ten bushels or more at \$5.00 per bushel.

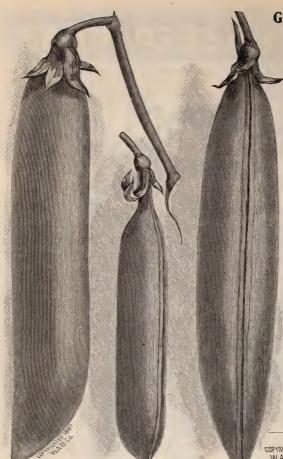
BURPEE'S EXTRA EARLY. This is a choice strain excelling in earliness and productiveness, being next best to Burpee's Best Extra Early. Per pkt. 10 cts.; per quart 20 cts.; 2 quarts 38 cts.; 4 quarts 70 cts.; peck \$1.30; per bushel \$5.00.

TOM THUMB. An extra early, of very dwarf growth, averaging only ten inches in height. The seed is white, smooth, and round, of great hardiness. Per pkt. 10 cts.; per quart 20 cts.; 2 quarts 38 cts.; 4 quarts 70 cts.; peck \$1.30; per bushel \$5.00.

ALASKA, O Laxton's Earliest of All,—Express,—"Clipper" or Blue Eclipse. So popular is "Alaska" that it has a multitude of names! No matter under what name you may buy the true "Alaska," or more properly to use its first name, Laxton's Earliest of All,—you cannot get better stock than ours, even though we do not attach our own name to the "Earliest of All" as do several other seedsmen! We charge only for the quality of seed and not for any prefix of our own name.—as it is not our variety but originated with the late Thos. Laxton, of Bedfordshire, England, who is so widely known as the originator of Gradus. Of the same type of growth and same size pods, it is fully as early as Burpee's Best Extra Early. The vines grow from two to two and a half feet in height, bearing medium-sized pods, well-filled with peas of rich flavor. The dry seed is distinct in being of a bluish color. Most popular with canners everywhere, it is the favorite Extra Early Pea throughout New England. It matures practically the entire crop all at one time, so that at the most only two pickings are required. Per pkt. 10 cts.; pint 25 cts., postpaid. By express or freight: Per quart 25 cts.; 2 quarts 45 cts.; 4 quarts 80 cts.; peck \$1.25; bushel \$4.75; 10 bushels at \$4.50 per bushel.



ALASKA.



GRADUS, or "PROSPERITY"O

Extra Early Long-Podded.

This is a new large-podded marrow of finest quality, maturing pods only two or three days later than the small-podded roundseeded extra earlies. The vine has heavy stems with large dark-green leaves, and grows three feet high. It produces uniformly large pods, measuring from four to four and a half inches in length, nearly round, and well filled with very large handsome peas of the finest flavor. The peas remain tender and sweet for some time after they are large enough to use. As the vines continue in bearing for some little time after the first pods are ready, we consider it one of the most desirable for the family garden or home use. The illustration herewith was engraved from a photograph of GRADUS, in contrast with a pod of Burpee's Best Extra Early (the best of the small-seeded, round, extra early peas), and shows a fair comparison—both being exactly natural size. Per pkt. 10 cts.; per quart 45 cts.; 2 quarts 80 cts.; 4 quarts \$1.50; per peck \$2.75; per bushel \$10.50.

PREMIUM GEM, o Strain of McLEAN'S LITTLE GEM. We do not approve of the English policy (too often copied in America) of selling two "varieties" of seed out of the same bag! Therefore, as our stock is now all of the improved strain, we have dropped the popular name of McLean's Little Gem. Of dwarf growth, maturing early, they come in about three days after the American Wonder. The vines grow from twelve to fifteen inches in height, are very productive, and pods two and a half to three inches long, round, well filled with peas of delicious flavor. Per pkt. 10 cts.; per quart 25 cts.; 2 quarts 45 cts.; 4 quarts 85 cts.; peck \$1.65; per bushel \$6.50, sacks included.

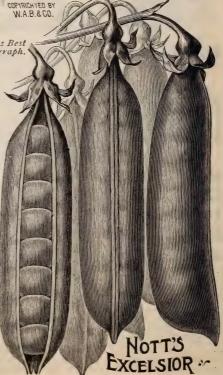
The large pods are GRADUS PEAS in contrast with Burpee's Best Extra Early,—all natural size, engraved from a Photograph.

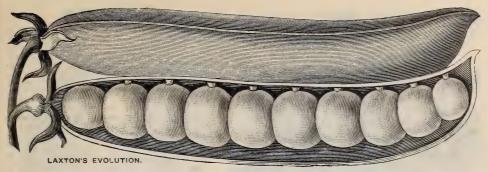
variety of compact dwarf growth, with pods one-third larger than those of the American Wonder, and maturing almost equally as early. The pods average three inches in length, and are well filled to the squared ends with peas of large size and unusually sweet flavor. So closely are the peas packed in the pods that they are flattened against each other at the sides as in the Potato Limas. It not only yields more heavily in bulk of pods than other extremely dwarf varieties, but also of shell peas. Per pkt. 10 cts.; pint 25 cts., postpaid. By express or freight: Per quart 30 cts.; 2 quarts 55 cts.; 4 quarts \$1.00; per peck \$1.85; per bushel \$7.00.

AMERICAN WONDER. The first variety of extremely dwarf growth (eight to ten inch and early maturity, having wrinkled seed. *Prices same as quoted for Nott's Excelsion*.

SVRPRISE, Eclipse or "Station" Pea. O as the earliest of the smooth round-seeded extra earlies, but the wrinkled seed of course cannot be planted quite so early. The vines grow eighteen inches high and are thickly set with round well-filled pods two and a half to three inches in length. The peas are most tender and sweet, retaining their fine flavor even when fully developed. Per pkt. 10 cts.; pint 25 cts., postpaid. By express or freight: Per quart 30 cts.; 2 quarts 55 cts.; 4 quarts \$1.00; peck \$1.85; per bushel \$6.50.

WILLIAM HURST. A dwarf compact-growing variety similar to American Wonder. The pods mature more nearly at one time, enabling the whole crop to be taken off at one or two pickings. Vines grow eight to ten inches high with deepgreen foliage; pods two and a half inches in length. Prices same as quoted above for Surprise.





LAXTON'S EVOLUTION PEA. O Vines are of sturdy growth, four feet in height; they bear an abundant crop of magnificent long pods, which contain from eight to ten large wrinkled peas of rich sugary flavor. They continue long in bearing. Per pkt. 10 cts.; per quart 30 cts.; 2 quarts 50 cts.; 4 quarts 90 cts.; per peck \$1.75; per bushel \$6.75.

PEAS,—Second-Early and Main-Crop Varieties.

Among the best second-early (or succession) varieties to plant for market are Burpee's Quantity, Burpee's Quality, Burpee's Profusion, Abundance, Everbearing, Yorkshire Hero, and Horsford's Market Garden. These all mature about the same time, and, while they are usually supported by brush in the garden, can be grown readily in the field without support; the pods are of medium size and produced in great profusion. Of the large-podded late sorts, the Duke of Albany is the first to mature, growing three and a half feet high. Of the regular market strains, Champion of England, Telephone, and Long Island Mammoth are among the most popular. All varieties of the popular Telephone type—Boston Unrivaled and The Alderman might be described as Improved Telephone-produce very abundantly, and the pods are long and well filled with large peas of fine quality. These varieties grow from four to five feet in height.

We should call the attention of market gardeners to four large-podded late sorts, which grow but eighteen inches in height bearing large crops of fine large pods when grown like the extra earlies, without support, and mature at the same season as Yorkshire Hero and Telephone. These superior varieties are Hurssi's Reliance, Improved Stratagem, Carter's Dalsy, and Burpee's Improved Pride of the Markett.

The White Marrowfat and Black-Eyed Marrowfat grow four to five feet in height, and are profuse bearers, but in quality are much inferior to the choice large-podded sorts, unless gathered very young. The Dwarf Sugar Pea grows only eighteen to twenty inches high, bearing a profusion of rather small pods; these pods are broken and cooked like string-beans when young, and are highly esteemed. Mammoth Melting Sugar Pea grows four feet in height; the pods are extra large, fleshy, and of finest flavor.

One pint of peas will plant fifty feet of drills; two bushels, one acre in rows four feet apart.

	These prices do not include postage.					
Selected strains,-all hand-picked.			4 Quarts		Bushel.	
Admiral. A general favorite with canners,	\$0 20	\$0 35	\$0 65	\$1 25	\$4 50	
Champion of England. The popular standard,	- 20	35	60	1 10	4 00	
YORKSHIRE HERO. O An improved Champion,	20	35	60	1 10	4 00	
Bliss's Abundance. Deservedly popular,	20	35	65	1 25	4 50	
Bliss's Everbearing. Very prolific,	20	35	60	1 10	4 25	
Burpee's QUANTITY, O	30	50	90	1 65	6 50	
Burpee's QUALITY, O	30	50	90	1 65	6 25	
Burpee's PROFUSION, O	30	55	1 00	1 75	6 75	
Hurst's RELIANCE. (See Farm Annual),	25	45	85	1 50	5 75	
Telephone. Large peas, of rich sugary flavor,	30	50	90	1 60	6 00	
Boston Unrivaled. O An improved Telephone,	30	50	90	1 60	6 00	
The Alderman. Tive days later,	30	50	90	1 60	6 00	
Improved Stratagem. A selected strain,	30	50	90	1 70	6 50	
Improved PRIDE OF THE MARKET, O	25	45	85	1 50	5 50	
Carter's DAISY. (See Farm Annual),	30	50	90	1 70	6 50	
McLean's Advancer. A good second-early,	20	40	70	1 35	5 00	
Duke of Albany, or "American Champion,"	30	50	85	1 50	5 75	
Heroine. Medium early; long, well-filled pods,	25	40	70	1 35	5 .00	
Horsford's Market Garden. Very prolific,	20	40	70	1 35	5 00	
Shropshire Hero. Well-filled pods; very prolific,	20	40	70	1 35	5 00	
Long Island Mammoth. Improved Telegraph,	20	40	70	1 35	5 00	
Black-Eyed Marrowfat. Best hand-picked,	15	30	55	1 00	3 50	
Royal Dwarf White Marrowfat. Hand-picked,	15	30	55	1 00	3 50	
Dwarf Sugar (Purple Blossom),	30	55	1 00	1 75	6 50	
Mammoth Melting Sugar. Extra fine; tall,	40	70	1 35	2 40		
Each variety 10 cents per packet of two ounces.						



PEPPERS.

The hot, pungent flavor of a pepper is in inverse ratio to its size, the small peppers being the hottest, while the large varieties are quite mild in flavor. Every vegetable garden should have several varieties and some are sufficiently beautiful to include in the flower garden. A "packet" (except of the large-seeded Chinese Giant) contains generally from too to so seeds, and an ourse from too to so. from 400 to 800 seeds, and an ounce from 4000 to 8000. One ounce will sow 300 feet of drill in seed-bed; about 10,000 plants are required for an acre.

IMPROVED LARGE BELL, or BULL=NOSE. This has long been the standard sweet-flavored scarlet sort, largely grown for market and home use. Plants two feet in height, quite prolific, and use. Plants two feet in height, date profine, and early ripening. Pendant scarlet fruits two to three inches in length and two inches in diameter at the shoulder. Of sweet, mild flavor, this is "next best" to Ruby King. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¹/₄ lb. 50 cts.; per lb. \$1.75.

oz. 20 cts.; ¼ lb. 50 cts.; per lb. \$1.75.

BURPEE'S RUBY KING. © Introduced by us nineteen years ago, this is the most popular large red pepper now in cultivation. Very large scarlet fruits of sweet, mild flavor. Plants grow two feet high and bear a fine crop of the handsome large fruits, which ripen earlier than any other large-fruited variety. The flesh is quite thick, sweet and mild, so mild that if the seeds are removed the fruits may be eaten from the hand like an apple. Especially fine for salads or stuffed for mangoes. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 2 oz. 35 cts.; ¼ lb. 60 cts.; per lb. \$2.00.

CHINESE GIANT. O See next page.

·	Per oz.	1/4 Tb.	Per lb.
Sweet Mountain, or Mammoth. Nearly identical with Bull-Nose, .	\$0 20	\$0 50	\$1 75
Spanish Monstrous. Very large, thick fleshed; red; mild,	20	60	2 00
Dwarf Early Red Squash. Thick fleshed; early; of mild flavor,	20	60	2 00
Procopp's Giant. Long, thick-fleshed scarlet peppers of mammoth size,	20	60	2 10
Burpee's Red Etna. Large, mild, conical red,	20		
Black Nubian. Long, nearly eoal-black fruits,	20	60	2 00
Coral Gem. Small, bright red, intensely piquant. Per pkt. 10 ets., .	25	, .	
Long Red Cayenne. The true Cayenne; hot and pungent,	20	:60	2 00
True Red Chili. Small bright-red peppers; very hot,	20	60	2 00
Golden Dawn. Golden-yellow peppers; mild and sweet,	20	- 60	2 00
Golden Queen. O Largest sweet yellow pepper. Per pkt. 10 cts.,	22	70	2 50
Golden Upright. Fine, large, mild, yellow fruits. Per pkt. 10 ets.,	22	70	2 50
Kaleidoscope. Of changing colors,—cream, yellow, rose, and scarlet,	20	60	2 00
Red Cluster. Small, thin, hot, coral-red; immensely productive,	20	60	2.00
New Fancy Wrinkled, Mixed. Of three colors; beautiful. Pkt. 10 cts.,	22	70	2 50

Each of the above, except where priced, 5 cents per packet.



CELESTIAL. © Strong, erect bush growth, two feet in height, very productive; conical fruits, stiffly upright, one and a quarter inches in height, of rich creamy tint, turning to scarlet when ripe. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¹/₄ lb. 60 cts.; per lb. \$2.00.

BIRD'S EYE, or CREOLE. Bush-like growth, two feet in height, with slender branches and small leaves, bearing a profusion of small, round, scarlet fruits. Requires a long season in which to ripen; very hot and pungent; excellent for sauces. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¹/₄ lb. 65 cts.; per lb. \$2.20.

BURPEE'S MIKADO. O A small ornamental-fruited variety of most distinct form. The bright-scarlet fruits, borne erect, are one inch across and half an inch in depth; heavily ribbed or lobed in the form of a Maltese cross; strong, pungent flavor. Very ornamental and desirable to grow for putting in mixed fancy pickles. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.

TABASCO. O of tall bush-like growth, three to four feet in height, producing an immense number of small, slender, very hot and fiery fruits, one inch in length and vivid scarlet in coloring. This is the true variety, from which the famous Tabasco Sauce is made, but usually fails to ripen fruits, as far north as Pennsylvania. Per pkt. 10 cts.; ½ 0z. 20 cts.; per oz. 35 cts.; 2 ozs. for 60 cts.



CHINESE GIANT PEPPER,-from a Photograph,-only the Average Natural Size.

Burpee's New "CHINESE GIANT" Red Pepper.

Double the Size of Ruby King,—this is the largest and finest mild red pepper. Truckers planting for market will find BURPEE'S "CHINESE GIANT" the most profitable variety they ever handled. Not only is it early in ripening and immensely productive for so large a pepper, but its enormous size will cause it to sell most readily. The plants are vigorous in growth, but of stocky habit, seldom more than two feet in height. They are well branched and thickly set with enormous fruits, which appear to hang in clusters,—so many being set on the comparatively small plants. Frequently half a dozen fruits will touch each other, as if in a single bunch; the strong growth of the plants and abundant foliage enable them to mature the large number of fruits nearly as early as the popular Burpee's Ruby King. The monstrous fruits are of thick blocky form and of most brilliant glossy scarlet. They grow four to five inches broad at the top and are of equal length, divided into four or more large ridges; when ripe they are indented at the blossom end. The first fruits set in a cluster of three to five at base of the plant, and are generally longer than those setting later on the upper branches, although the latter fruits are equally as broad. All are uniformly of most "enormous" size. The flesh is extremely mild,—as sweet as an apple,—and unusually thick; it makes an excellent salad sliced and served like tomatoes. Per pkt. 10 cts.; 1/4 oz. 25 cts.; 1/2 oz. 40 cts.; per oz. 75 cts.; 1/4 lb. \$2.00; per lb. \$7.50.

Chinese Giant Pepper. W. ATLEE BURPEE & Co., Philadelphia, Pa., sent us some seeds of this veritable monster among peppers. We have grown them with much pleasure and find the gigantic and highly colored fruits a pleasant addition to summer salads, as the flesh is thick, tender, and sweet, without any of the burning pungency often found in the older varieties. The plants grow finely, and the immense peppers, often more than six inches in diameter and depth, make a very handsome show in the garden. The CHINESE GIANT is somewhat earlier than the popular RUBY KING PEPPER, and seems to be fully as productive, if bulk be taken into consideration.—An unsolicited editorial in THE RURAL NEW YORKER, New York, October 6, 1900.





SEED POTATOES.

It will pay progressive farmers to plant the best Seed Potatoes, even at the higher prices we are obliged to charge for the seed. Not only will these varieties make a large yield of the finest potatoes that should bring the best price on market, but also there is sure to be a good demand for Seed Potatoes, at remunerative prices, from many neighbors who see these

munerative prices, from many neighbors who see these potatoes growing.

Our seed potatoes this season, as usual, have been grown carefully for seed and are now stored in fine condition in our cellars. All orders accompanied by the cash will be promptly acknowledged, and the potatoes forwarded as soon as the weather permits. Please state whether we shall ship by express or freight. To many points in the South shipments can be made most cheaply by the various lines of steamers sailing from Philadelphia. We make no charge for barrels, boxes, bags, or cartare. boxes, bags, or cartage.

In case of changes, special prices will be given by letter. The varieties named below are the best and

most popular now in cultivation.

until late in the spring.

Prices for the choicest selected Seed Potatoes in the following list of standard varieties, to be shipped by freight or express at purchaser's expense: 50 cts. per peck; \$1.75 per bushel (of 60 lbs.); \$3.75 per barrel (of 165 lbs.), On large orders we shall be pleased to make special quotations by mail. Potatoes by Mail: The price of all varieties, excepting only the new Extra Early Eureka, described on next page, is 25 cts. per lb., 3 lbs. for 60 cts.,—for good whole tubers, carefully boxed.

TRUE EARLY ROSE. The EARLY ROSE array potato. We are prepared to furnish fine Maine and Prince Edward Island Early Rose in large lots,

at special prices, subject to market. EXTRA EARLY VERMONT. Identical in

color, form, and general appearance to the Early Rose. EARLY OHIO. Round-oblong smooth tubers; very early; of fine quality.

CARMAN No. 1. Size medium to large; thick and slightly flattened, a good tuber being nearly five inches long, three and a half inches broad, and one and a half inches in thickness; color of skin very pale, nearly white; eyes few

RURAL NEW YORKER No. 2. The tubers are of large size, with remarkable smoothness of skin; the eyes are few, distinct, and shallow. It is of extreme whiteness, both of skin and flesh, and excellent table qualities. It has great vigor in growth and solidity of tuber, which enable it to resist disease.

EARLY THOROUGHBRED. Same general appearance as the Early Rose, but of larger size and more productive. The potatoes are uniformly large and smooth, oblong in form, very thick through, with smooth light-brown skin, tinged with pink about the eyes. **BEAUTY OF HEBRON.** Very rapid and ripening as early as *Early Rose*, which it resembles but frequently exceeds in productiveness and excellence for table use, either baked or boiled.

Oblong in form BURPEE'S SUPERIOR. Oblong in form and of even thickness throughout; the ends are sharply rounded. It has but few eyes, and these are quite shallow. It is SUPERIOR in its excellent quality when cooked. Many of the large late varieties are quite shallow attain good cooking condition until they have become executed with the support of the same while the Support is in become partly dry, while the Superior is in excellent condition for cooking from the time it is dug

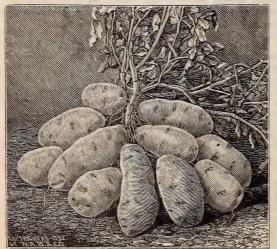
STATE OF MAINE. A late or main-crop variety, producing tubers of exceptionally fine table quality. Tubers are uniformly large and of broad flattened oval form.

BURPEE'S EMPIRE STATE. Produc-

tive late sort of good size and excellent quality. Potatoes uniformly large, oblong, smooth and handsome, of fine flavor, and cook dry and floury. This is a seedling of the popular White Elephant; it is equally as productive and of finer quality,—really first-class.



Main-Crop Potato,—Burpee's GREAT DI

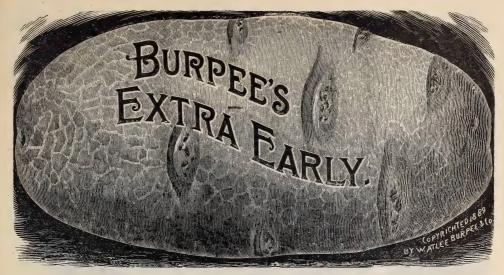


A Hill of BURPEE'S "GREAT DIVIDE,"-from a Photograph.

The most desirable main-crop variety, being the strongest in growth, the heaviest yielding, finest keeping, and best shipping late variety in cultivation.—This statement,

Jet variety in cultivation.—This statement, which has stood for years in our catalogue, was absolutely true, but now even the GREAT DIVIDE is surpassed by the "New Vernont Gold Coin," offered on pages 72 and 73.

The vines are wonderfully vigorous, nearly blight and insect proof, quite stiffly erect, and the tubers lie closely together in the hill. Abundant deep-green foliage capable of withstanding heat and drought. The tubers are handsome; oblong, thick, and round in form, holding thickness well out to the ends; few and shallow eyes; skin pure white, quite thin but firm and tough, readily pared with a minmum of waste, while the table quality is of the choicest, the flesh being pure white, dry, and floury. It cooks quickly, with a delicious nutty flavor. In good soil the tubers grow to large size with very few "seconds." The testimonials received from planters show that it succeeds over a wide range of territory and under most varied conditions. Per lb. 25 cts.; 3 lbs. for 60 cts., postpaid. By express or freight, purchaser to pay transportation charges freight, purchaser to pay transportation charges upon receipt of the potatoes: Per peck 65 cts.; one-half bushel \$1.15; per bushel of 60 pounds, \$2.25; per barrel of 165 pounds, \$4.75; two barrels for \$9.00.



POTATO,—BURPEE'S EXTRA EARLY.

The finest in quality of all early potatoes, and the earliest variety of good size excepting only the New Eureka Extra Early. We have tested it thoroughly for twelve years, and still find that it is fully as early as the very early small southern sorts under the same conditions, while it produces larger and finer tubers. The potatoes are oblong in form, averaging three to four inches in

length, with pure white or very pale brownish skin, few eyes, and these quite shallow. The cooking quality of BURPEE'S EXTRA EARLY is all that could be desired,—it being the very finest table variety that we have ever grown,—excepting only Burpee's Superior and the new Vermont Gold Coin. It is the best standard early variety for truckers, as it is not only extra early but also ripeñs very evenly and the tops die down quickly as soon as the crop is matured, so that the potatoes may be dug early and the land planted with second crop for succession. Per lb 25 cts.; 3 lbs. for 60 cts., postpaid. By express or freight, purchaser to pay transportation charges upon receipt of the potatoes: Per peck 65 cts.; one-half bushel \$1.15; per bushel of 60 pounds, \$2.25; per barrel of 165 pounds, \$4.75; two barrels for \$9.00. Please order EARLY.

New Potato,—"EUREKA" Extra Early

An extra early variety, producing a remunerative crop of fine large tubers (not marbles and seconds), generally earlier than any other variety. The vines are compact in growth, with healthy dark-green foliage which has never shown any signs of blight. The vines die down as soon as the tubers are ripened and never make any second growth,—thus insuring smooth regular tubers.

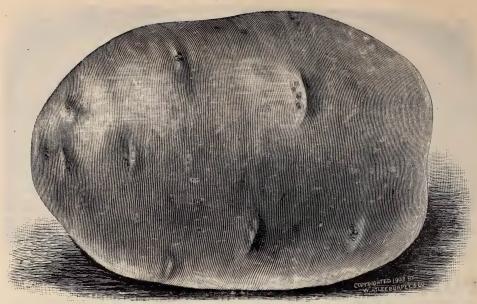
The vines resist drought to a remarkable extent and the crop is matured before the hot dry summer season sets in. Planted with the Bovee the Eureka matured ten days earlier, and the

wines were entirely dried up while those of Bovee made a second growth and produced many irregular tubers. In spite of the longer season of growth of the latter, the EUREKA produced a third-more large tubers under the same conditions. It is three days to a week

earlier than Burpee's Extra Early. It is an excellent keeper for so early a potato. We have eaten tubers which were in good condition the spring following that in which they

were grown. The firm white flesh is of fine flavor when cooked, but not equal to Burpee's Extra Early. As shown in the illustration, the tubers are quite broad and of a shortened oblong form, thick through, with few eyes. The skin is smooth, of a snowy whiteness, and attractive appearance. Per lb. 30 cts.; 3 lbs. for 75 cts., postpaid. By express or freight: Per peck 75 cts.; 1/2 bushel \$1.25; per bushel \$2.50; per barrel \$5.00.





A Single Tuber of VERMONT GOLD COIN POTATO,—from a Photograph.

New Potato, -VERMONT GOLD COIN.

The hardiest, most vigorous in growth, most productive, and the best in table quality of all potatoes, it is unequaled for main crop! These are strong claims but are absolutely true,—not only of our own knowledge but in the unbiased opinion of our friend EDWARD L. Cov, who is recognized as the highest authority on Potatoes in America,—see next page.

Planted with other main-crop potatoes the shoots of the GOLD COIN started more quickly and grew more vigorously; they are thus comparatively safe from attacks of the early potato bugs in the spring, as they soon grow too large to be cut off by these insects. The vines are strong with exceptionally luxuriant deep-green foliage, making a healthy growth when other varieties are cut down by



blight. The tubers are all of good size and lie closely together in the hill. While the vigorous growth and great productiveness will commend the VERMONT GOLD COIN to all potato planters, we consider the handsome appearance and superior quality equally important. The GOLD COIN will always bring the highest price on market. Those who secure stock for planting this year should have no difficulty in disposing of their entire crop for seed among their neighbors who see its great productiveness combined with unequaled table quality. In Mr. Coy's comparative trial, the GOLD COIN yielded one-third more than any other, while at

FORDHOOK FARMS we found the new VERMONT GOLD COIN to be the quickest and finest cooking potato we have ever tested as well as the most "superbly delicious" in flavor.

In form the tubers are slightly oblong, rather broad and quite thick through; they grow about four inches in length by two and three-quarter inches wide, with the thickness carried well out to the slightly rounded ends. The eyes are small and there is but little waste in paring. The skin is thin, smooth, and glossy, of a light golden tint, having just sufficient coloring to distinguish it from the white-skinned varieties. The flesh is fine grained, of a pure pearly whiteness, and cooks to a dry floury whiteness. Unlike most of the main-crop or late sorts which need to be well dried out before they will cook properly, these new Vermont "Gold Coins," even when freshly dug, cook dry and mealy. Its vigorous growth and great productiveness make it the most profitable variety for the planter, and its great solidity, smooth regular form, and unequaled table quality will make it the most popular and quickest selling on market. Planters who wish to secure Vermont Gold Coin for seed this season should order early, as the stock is limited. Per lb. 40 cts.; 3 lbs. for \$1.00, postpaid. By express or freight, not prepaid: 8 lbs. (boxed) for 75 cts.; per peck (15 fbs., boxed) \$1.25; per bushel (60 fbs., boxed) \$4.50; per barrel (165 fbs. net) \$10.00.

**Planters ordering one barrel or more can have the potatoes shipped direct from Washington County (near Albany), N. Y.,—instead of from Philadelphia,—if preferred.

\$250.00 in Cash Prizes.

Beginning with Cash Prizes of \$50.00 and two of \$25.00 each, there are offered \$160.00 for largest yields from one pound of the seed; yields from one pound of the seed; beaflet for 1903 (sent only to purchasers of "Vermont Gold Coin") gives list of these prizes in detail and also tells how to get largest yields. Even at the high price charged this season, it will pay to get seed of this

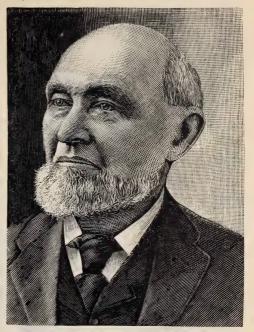
A Notable Seed Grower,—EDWARD L. COY.

It is with pleasure that we present a portrait of our friend EDWARD L. Cov, the veteran seed grower of Washington County, N. V. This is from photograph taken, upon our personal request, in Boston last September. We have always regarded—as do all who know him—the endorsement of E. L. Cov do all who know him—the endorsement of E. L. Cov as the highest recommendation any new production in his line could have. Our customers will remem-ber with what confidence we introduced last year the Fordhook Famous Cucumber and Golden Bantam Sweet Corn. Both of these had made a fine record in the comparative trials at Fordhook Farms, but of even greater value we prized the sober judgment of Mr. Coy, after his more than half a century's ex-perience.

This season we introduce the VERMONT GOLD COIN POTATO, and while personally we know its value, we have greater confidence in the judgment of Mr.

we have greater confidence in the judgment of Mr. Coy, who is beyond all question the highest living authority upon American varieties of potatoes.

To the many friends of EDWARD L. Coy, a few facts concerning his life will prove interesting. Born in Massachusetts on April 4, 1831, he removed when sixteen years of age to Washington County, N. Y., where has been the scene of all his active life as seed grower, which he began when only nineteen years old. In 1875-he was elected President of The Washington County Agricultural Society, and also on two other occasions, while he was a member of the Board of Directors continuously for eighteen years. He was President for four terms of The Hebron Agricultural Society. In the past fifty-two years he has produced for several leading seedsmen a total of five hundred and forty-seven thousand, eight hundred and thirty-four pounds of the choicest Cucumber Seed, while he has originated seventeen superb varieties of potatoes, among which most prominent to-day ties of potatoes, among which most prominent to-day are Beauty of Hebron, Early Puritan, White Elephant, Burpee's Empire State, and Burpee's Superior.

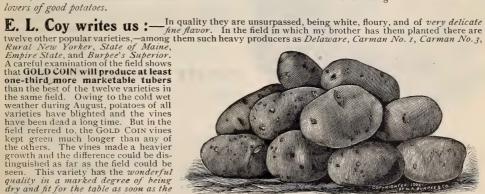


In the New Gold Coin we "Now Have the Very Best Potato in Existence,"—so writes E. L. Cov.

Under date of November 14, 1902, our friend E. L. Coy writes:—I am more and more satisfied that you now have in GOLD COIN the very best potato in existence. I have a barrel of them here from my brother and they are away ahead of anything we have had on our table of any variety from Maine or anywhere else. VERMONT "GOLD COIN" will soon be a household word among lovers of good potatoes.



weather during August, potatoes of all varieties have blighted and the vines have been dead a long time. But in the field referred to, the Gold Coin vines kept green much longer than any of the others. The vines made a heavier kept green much longer man any content others. The vines made a heavier growth and the difference could be distinguished as far as the field could be seen. This variety has the wonderful quality in a marked degree of being dry and fit for the table as soon as the tubers reach a fair size, and will retain their fine cooking qualities until very late in the string. The shape is all



NEW VERMONT GOLD COIN POTATOES, -from a Photograph.

their the covering quanties until very late in the spring. The shape is all that can be desired. You have introduced some very valuable potatoes, but in my opinion Vermont GOLD COIN will prove to be the best of any of them.—September 20, 1902.

E. L. Coy writes again:—The plants appear above ground very shortly after planting, and from that time continue to grow with great rapidity,—outstripping nearly all other varieties in strength of growth and luxuriance of foliage.

Vines of the Gold Coin remained green and healthy long after all others were dead. For culinary purposes its mealy, floury qualities and richness and deticacy of flavor give it a decided preference, either baked or boiled.

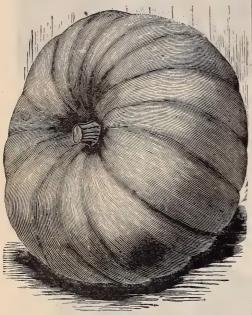
In your letter of October 15th you ask me to give my honest and personal opinion of the Gold Coin Potato as compared with others. In answer to this I will say that I spent eleven days in Greenwich at my brother Wesley's. During that time we tested the cooking qualities of all of the many standard varieties of potatoes which he is growing, and for floury whiteness and delicacy of flavor the Gold Coin surpasses them all. In my opinion, based on very careful examination of them in the field—manner of growth, yield, compactness of growth in the hill, healthiness of foliage, and also a most thorough test for culinary purposes—I am fully satisfied that in securing the Gold Coin Potato you are again in possession of the most valuable medium late variety of recent introduction. This is my honest personal opinion of the Gold Coin.—October 17, 1902.



SMALL SUGAR PUMPKIN.

PUMPKINS.

SMALL SUGAR. A handsome prolific variatery; fruits of small size, averaging about ten inches in diameter, of excellent keeping qualities, flattened or slightly ribbed. Skin deep orange-yellow, flesh sweet. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; 1/4 lb. 15 cts.; per lb. 45 cts.



THE GENUINE MAMMOTH PUMPKIN.

GENUINE MAMMOTH PUMPKIN.O

Also called "King of the Mammoths" and New Mammoth "Jumbo" Pumpkin.

This is the very best genuine strain of the true Mammoth Pumpkin, which is offered under so many various names by different seedsmen. Fruits grow to various names by different seedsmen. Fruits grow to enormous size, sometimes reaching two feet or more in diameter, and from one hundred to two hundred pounds or even more in weight. In 1884 our prize was won with one of 226 lbs. Salmon-orange skin, very thick bright-yellow flesh, which is fine grained, tender, and of excellent quality for pies. To raise the largest pumpkins vines should be allowed ample foom in which to grow, and only the best fruit allowed to remain on the vine. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; 2 ozs. 25 cts.; ½ lb. 40 cts.; per lb. \$1.50.



IMPROVED DUNKARD PUMPKIN,—from a Photograph.

IMPROVED DUNKARD. This is a magnificent pie pumpkin, of most attractive appearance

and finest quality. fect globe; skin re The form is nearly a perfect globe; skin reddish orange, with bands of cream color. The flesh is thick, of a rich orange color, fine-grained, tender, and of delicious flavor. The pumpkins keep well all winter. Per pkt. 10 cts.; per oz. 15 cts.; ½ lb. 50 cts.

"BIG TOM," or IMPROVED LARGE FIELD. A very hardy and prolific variety. Vines of strong vigorous growth and wonderfully prolific. Fruits in good soil will average fitteen to twenty inches in diameter. Round or slightly oval in form. Smooth, hard, reddish-orange skin, slightly ribbed, with rich orange-yellow flesh. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 5 cts.; ¼ lb. 15 cts.; per lb. 35 cts.; in lots of 5 pounds or more, 30 cts. per lb.

LARGE CHEESE, or KENTUCKY FIELD. Large, round, flattened fruits, with broad ribs; creamy-buff skin; averages two feet in diameter. It is an excellent keeping variety, with thick flesh of extra fine quality. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 5 cts.; ¹/₄ lb. 15 cts.; per lb. 35 cts.

BURPEE'S GOLDEN OBLONG.

A very hardy and productive variety, pumpkins averaging fifteen to twenty inches in length and eight to ten inches in diameter. Skin of a rich golden orange, thin but tough, making it almost as good a keeper for winter as the hard-shell squashes. Flesh is a light golden-yellow color, of very rich, fine quality. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 7 cts.; 1/4 lb. 25 cts.; per lb. 75 cts.

BURPEE'S QUAKER PIE. O A most

variety, having fruits of medium size and of the finest quality. The fruits are broad pearshaped to slightly oval in form. Rich creamybuff skin, and flesh very fine grained and rich in flavor. Stored in a warm dry place, it is an excellent keeper. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 12 cts.; 2 ozs. 20 cts.; ½ lb. 30 cts.; per lb. \$1.00.



JAPANESE. This is similar in size and form to the well-known Cushaw, but to the well-known Cushaw, but the skin is a deep green, with darker stripes, turning to a rich golden yellow. Fruits mature early; the large neck is solidly meaty, and seeds are marked with curious indentations resembling the characters of the Chinese alphabet. Flesh deep yellow and of excellent quality. Crop extremely short. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; 2 ozs. for 25 cts.

The Two Cushaw Pumpkins. We offer seed of these two popular "old style" pumpkins—the White Cushaw and the Green-striped Cushaw,—each at the following prices: Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; 1/4 lb. 20 cts.; per lb. 55 cts. In lots of 5 pounds or more at 50 cts. per lb.

New Earliest Radish,—Burpee's "HAILSTONE."

The quickest=growing Radish on record. Thoroughly tested by thousands last year as Burpee's "White Button," this new extreme early Radish, now to be known under the prize name

of HAILSTONE, has proved uniformly of the earliest maturity,—ready for the table in from fifteen to nineteen days. The radishes are regularly "turnip shaped." They measure one inch in diameter and about half an inch in depth; round, smooth, and snowy white with a short slender tap-root. The flesh is solid, crisp, and mild in flavor. A most distinct feature is the extremely small foliage. matured radish will have only a few small leaves not more than two inches in length when grown in the open ground, -see illustration from a photograph. Its unusually small foliage (allowing them to be grown so closely together), combined with extreme earliness, handsome appearance, solidity, and most superb

quality, cannot fail to quickly make it the most popular first-early white turnip-radish. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 17 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 90 cts.; per lb. \$1.75.

What Others Say of Burpee's New "HAILSTONE" RADISH.

MRS. L. L. DUNHAM, Spring Garden Ill., writes: I suggest the name "Hailstone," as they resemble hailstones in size, color, and shape, while they will melt in one's mouth almost as quickly.—E. J. HAVES, Sparta, Ill., writes: Of very quick growth; they have kept crisp while other radishes in a short time become pithy and unfit to crisp, solid nor tender, and remains good for a remarkable length of time in spite of its very quick growth.—Mrs. Sophia Tuttle, Mankato, Minn. R. D. TUTTLE, Mankato, Minn., R. D. No. 1, Sept. 16, 1902, writes: My family are loud in its praise. No. 1, Sept. 16, 1902, writes: My family are loud in its praise. Its growth is so very quick and it is so delightfully crisp and cool.—Miss Isabel F. Spinney, Ipswich, Mass., writes: Their magic growth was astonishing. They were exceedingly pleasing to the eye and were so crisp, mild, and of such pleasant flavor that all who ate them cried for more. They sold at sight.—Chas. B. Smith, Province-town, Mass., writes: It is so quick growing and the foliage is so extremely small that I should not hesitate to say it was "the" early radish.—John A. Evans, Camden, N. J., writes: Under ordinary cultivation in the open ground the handsome little radishes were fit for the table in seventeen days from time of planting. They are solid, mild, and of best quality. The leaves are few and remarkably small.—G. W. Huddleston, Jackson, Miss., writes: The radish is crisp, pungent, and delicious. I suggest the name Burpee's Early Snowflake.—Allen Brantley, Kiowa, Indian Ter., writes: Had a mess of radishes on the eighth of April. I would call them King of the Frost, as they cannot be killed by the frost; are exceedingly tender, brittle, and sweet, the best radish I ever ate.—MRS. Bellem Marshall, Teck, Texas, writes: The earliest of all early radishes and perfect in every way.—MRS. E. W. Allen, Warrenton, Va., writes: It is pure white, very crisp and brittle,—altogether a delightful variety. As long as they last they are good. time become pithy and unfit to eat.—MRS. SARAH C. PRICE, Richmond, Mo., writes: I had some as large as duck eggs and they were as large as duck eggs and they were still tender and sweet. —MRs. T. G., JONES, Lockport, N. Y., writes: Were ready for the table some time earlier than other radishes sown at the same time. —MRs. MARY E. HAUGH, Naponee, Neb., writes: We had a hail storm and in a few days we had radishes. They were so like the hailstones that fell I thought it woul be such a good name for your radish. They like the hailstones that fell I thought it would be such a good name for your radish. They are so white and clear and shaped just like a hailstone; they are the earliest we had. — MISS OLIVE E. DOUGLAS, Fredericksburg, Iowa, writes: We are delighted with it and think "Hailstone" is very appropriate as the radish fairly melts in one's mouth. — F. R. NAUMAN, Roanoke, Ill., writes: In fifteen days from sowing they were fit for the table, measuring one inch and over in diameter. It is the best flavored, crisp and mild tender radish in cultivation. in diameter. It is the best flavored, cr and mild, tender radish in cultivation. and mild, tender radish in cultivation.

MRS. Cora MILLER, Fredericksburg, Ohio,
writes: It is of a beautiful snow-white, extremely
early, regular in shape, round, smooth and very
mild; with only three to four small leaves, and
keeps crisp and solid longer than any other small
early radish.—EDWIN N. BARRETT, Bedford Station,
N. Y., writes: None could be more nutty flavored,

Many More Testimonials of HAILSTONE RADISH could be Quoted.



RADISH,—Extra Early Turnip-Shaped Varieties.



45 -5 15 TRIUMPH. White, marked with scarlet stripes, 10 35 1 20 Burpee's RUBY=PEARL. Brightest red, tipped pure white, . . . 6 20 65 45 5 15 Scarlet Turnip, White Tip. (Rosy Gem.) Popular for market, . . . White=Tipped Scarlet Ball. Brightest scarlet, tipped with white, 20 60 15 45 Early White Turnip. Both skin and flesh white; crisp and tender, . 17 50 Philadelphia White Box. Similar to preceding, but larger in size, Each variety is 5 cents per packet.

O"GOOD AS GOLD." This mark [O], now called a bull's=eye, was used by the ancient alchemists to represent gold. We use it to mark those varieties which are the very best of their class,—"GOOD AS GOLD."O



In lots of 5 pounds, deduct 5 cents per pound.	Per oz.	1/4 lb.	Per lb.
Burpee's New EARLIEST WHITE. (See description above),	\$0 06	\$0.20	\$0 65
French Breakfast. Most popular; red, tipped white; quick growing,	5	-15	45
New Bright Breakfast. Beautiful rich dark red, tipped white,	6	17	50
Earliest Carmine, or "Red Rocket." Extra fine; bright colored,	6	18	50
Early Oval Dark Red. Brilliant color; neat olive-shaped; very early,	6	18	50
Scarlet Olive=Shaped. Original strain; quite early; very crisp,	5	15	45
Early White Olive=Shaped. White skin, and crisp white flesh,	5	15	45
Burpee's Surprise. O Brown skin; white flesh; an "all-seasons" radish,	6	20	70
Each of the above, 5 cents per packet.			

FRENCH BREAKFAST

RADISH,—Early Long Varieties.

The Long Scarlet Short Top is the standard early sort, being ready for use in about twenty-five days from planting; the radishes are long, slender, handsomely colored, and very attractive in appearance when bunched; our stock of this most popular radish is extra fine. The new White Icicle is the finest extra early long white radish; the young radishes are ready for use even earlier than the Long Scarlet and continue to grow for a long time, fully retaining their crisp tenderness and mild flavor until quite large; most highly recommended. Wood's Early Frame is a selected strain of the Long Scarlet Short Top, and is especially desirable for planting in frames for early market, and is from two to five days earlier. Cincinnati Market is also a fine strain of the Long Scarlet; highly esteemed for its brilliant coloring.

The New Long Cardinal, also called Long Brightest Scarlet, is thicker than the other long scarlet sorts, but equally early and crisp.—although to our taste the flavor is not quite equal to the popular Long Scarlet Short Top. Half-Long Deep Scarlet, or "Paris Beauty," is a special favorite in the New Orleans market and produces handsome half-long deep-scarlet roots; crisp and of mild flavor. The LONG SCARLET SHORT TOP is the standard early sort, being ready for use in about twenty-five days

In lots of 5 pounds, deduct 5 cents per pound.	Per oz.	1/4 fb.	Per tb.
Early Long Scarlet Short Top. The most popular of all,	\$0 05	\$0 15	\$0 40
Cincinnati Market. Fine strain of Long Scarlet; small tops,	6	17	50
Wood's Early Frame. Similar to Long Scarlet, but rather shorter, .	5	15	45
Half-Long Deep Scarlet, or Paris Beauty. The New Orleans favorite,	5	15	45
Long Cardinal, or Long Brightest Scarlet. Tipped with white, .	5	15	45
New White "Icicle." O Finest early long white. (See page 75), .	6	20	70

Each of the above, 5 cents per packet.



RADISH.—Summer Varieties.

All of these summer varieties attain a larger size than do any of the earlier radishes. While not ready to market so early, they remain in fine condition longer without-becoming pithy. The LONG WHITE VIENNA makes a very handsome radish, with delicate white skin and crisp mild flesh. CHARTIERS (or SHEPHERD) resembles somewhat the Long Scarlet, but is fully twice as large and considerably later; it remains in good condition long returns mains in good condition longer than most other varieties. White most other varieties. Whit Strasburg (see illustration) is quite an early and very solid radish of fine quality; being of slender growth it is highly desirable for summer markets; by successive plantings a supply of fine radishes may be had all summer. Giant White

STRASBURG. growing to immense size, and is highly esteemed by the Germans. LARGE WHITE GLOBE and Golden Globe are both popular varieties, the former having a clear white skin, while the latter has a deep golden-brown skin, with crisp, solid, white flesh; these are both excellent summer varieties. lent summer varieties.

* AP In lots of 5 pounds, deduct 5 cents per pound.	Per oz.	1/4 lb.	Per lb.
Chartiers, or Shepherd. O Long; crimson, tipped with white,	\$0 06		\$0 50
Long White Vienna, or Lady Finger Radish. © Excellent,	6	17	50
Large White Globe. A favorite summer variety,	6	18	55
Golden Globe. One of the best for summer use,		15	45
White Strasburg. • A fine solid summer radish, of large size,	6	17	50
Giant White Stuttgart. An immense white summer radish,		15	45
Each of the above, 5 cents per packet.		•	

RADISH,—Winter Varieties.

These are of two distinct types. The European varieties are very solid, crisp, and pungent, and can be kept in fine fresh condition all winter by digging them late in the fall and storing in boxes of moist earth in a cool cellar. The Chinese varieties grow to an extra large size, are crisp, mild, very juicy, and refreshing; these are fine for fall market, but do not keep so well during the winter. None of these late varieties grow well from spring sowing, and would be too old and tough, hence the first sowings should not be made until the middle of June; and sowings for succession, especially of the Chinese varieties, may be made until the middle of August.

Long Black Spanish and Round Black Spanish

are leading sorts of the solid winter type, having deepbrown skin, differing only in form. Long White Spanish is identical with Long Black Spanish, excepting in the coloring of the skin. Chinese Rose Winter is of medium size, with bright deep rose-colored skin; the flesh is very solid, and it is a much better keeper than the school of the second state. better keeper than the other Chinese varieties,-



excepting only the new Round Scarlet.
The WHITE CHINESE (also called "Celestial") is the finest of all extra large white radishes; the roots grow to immense size, averaging, in rich soil, from twelve to fifteen inches in length and fully five inches in diameter; nearly the whole of the large roots grow above the surface, but are shaded from roots grow above the surface, but are snaded from the sun by the abundant foliage, so that the skin remains a pure paper-white; and, notwithstanding the immense size, the flesh is always crisp, mild, and juicy. OSAKA is quite similar, but rather more slender. California Mammoth is of the same type, but not quite so large in size. One ounce of seed will sow 100 feet of drill.

In lots of 5 pounds, deduct 5 cents per pound.	Per oz.	1/4 lb.	Per fb.
New White Chinese, or Celestial. Best for autumn; extra large,		\$0 20	\$0 60
California Mammoth White Winter. Long; of immense size, .	6	17	50
Chinese Rose, or Scarlet China. Excellent quality; good keeper,	5	15	45
Round Scarlet China. New, and very fine round roots for winter, .	6	20	70
Burpee's Osaka. New mammoth half-long white, from Japan,	6	20	70
Long Black Spanish. Black skin; white flesh; keeps well,	5	15	45
Long White Spanish. White skin and flesh; keeps well,	5	15	40
Round Black Spanish. The favorite winter Rettig of the Germans, .	~ 5	15	40

Each of the above, 5 cents per packet.



SANDWICH ISLAND MAMMOTH SALSIFY.

SALSIFY.

OR VEGETABLE OYSTER.

Salsify is one of the most delicious and nutritious of vegetables, and should be more generally cultivated for use in winter, when the supply of really good vegetables is so limited. It has a grassy top, and a long, 'white, tapering root, nearly resembling a slim parsnip. It closely assimilates to the taste and flavor of the oyster when properly cooked, and is a good substitute for it; very wholesome and nutritious. The roots are either holled or mashed and made into delicious fritters very wholesome and nutritious. The roots are e boiled or mashed and made into delicious fritters.

LONG WHITE SALSIFY. The well-known standard. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 7 cts.; ¹/₄ lb. 20 cts.; lb. 75 cts.

SANDWICH ISLAND MAMMOTH. O This grows uniformly to an extra large size, averaging fully double the size and weight of roots of the old variety. The roots, notwithstanding their extra large size, are of very superior quality and delicate in flavor. are of very superior quality and dentate in havor, it is such a decided improvement that we are quite sure that all market gardeners who once try it will use it exclusively. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; 1/4 lb. 30 cts.; per lb. \$1.00.

RHUBARB.

PIE PLANT or WINE PLANT.

Cultivated for its leaf-stalks, which are used for tarts and pies, also as a sauce. It is very wholesome and should be grown in every garden. Fine plants can be raised easily and most cheaply direct from the seed.

MYATT'S VICTORIA. The most popular variety. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; 2 ozs. for 18 cts.; ¹/₄ lb. 30 cts.; per lb. \$1.00.

RHUBARB ROOTS. We have a fine stock of roots which we offer at \$1.00 per dozen, sent by express at expense of purchaser.

SORREL.

Of the easiest growth, Sorrel is cultivated for its leaves, which possess a very fine flavor boiled and served like spinach. It also makes delicious soup according to directions given in Mrs. Rorer's book, "How to Cook Vegetables."

BROAD=LEAVED FRENCH. This is the best variety. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; ½ lb. 30 cts.; per lb. \$1.00.

OPlease bear in mindo

that a bull's=eye [O] means that we consider varieties so marked the very best of their respective types. O

SPINACH.

This is grown largely for the winter and spring markets, being shipped to market in barrels. As it can be sown quite late in November, it is frequently grown as an extra or "catch" crop, occupying land which would otherwise be idle. The Prickly (or Winter) and the Norfolk Savoy-Leaved are the most popular varieties to plant in fall for winter and spring. Monstrous Viroflay is a large-leaved sort of very quick strong growth; highly esteemed by truckers growing for the New York markets. The Thick-Leaved Round and Long Standing are excellent for sowing in the early spring. The New Victoralla is a grand improvement on these latter sorts, producing an immense quantity of thick heavy foliage,

ducing an immense quantity of thick heavy foliage, and stands a very long time before running to seed. By successive plantings of Victoria Spinach a supply of fine leaves may be had throughout the season.

One ounce of seed will sow too feet of drill, or eight pounds per acre in drills, or thirty pounds of seed per acre sown broadcast in the fall.

acre sown broadcast in the fall.

The New Zealand Spinach is a distinct plant, but the stems and leaves make an excellent substitute for spinach during the summer months, as it grows freely during the hottest weather.



VICTORIA SPINACH, -from a Photograph

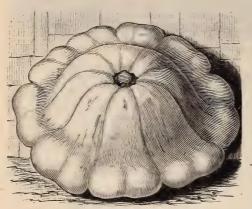
				5 fbs.
				or more,
	Per oz.	1/4 lb.	Per lb.	per fb.
Long=Standing Prickly. For late spring sowing,	\$0 05	\$0.08	\$0 20	\$0 16
1.0	5	8.	20	17
Norfolk Savoy=Leaved (Bloomsdale). A popular variety,	5	. 8	20	16
Victoria. O Long-standing; broad, thick leaves,	5	8	. 20	17
Prickly, or Winter. For fall sowing,	5	8	20	16
Thick=Leaved Round. Not equal to Victoria,	5	. 8	20	16
Monstrous, or Viroflay. Large, thick leaves,	5	. 8	20	17
New Zealand (Tetragonia expansa),	7	25	75	
New Zealand (Tetragonia expansa),	7	25	75	

Each variety named above, 5 cents per packet.

"SEEDS OF SUCCESS,"—see Pages 140 to 143.

SQUASH,—Summer Varieties.

These are easily grown and meet with ready sale in the markets. If the fruits are kept gathered as fast as they become ready for use, the vines will continue to bear throughout the season. The Marrow Squashes, which are so popular abroad, are the hardiest and earliest of all, but are suitable only for slicing and



earliest of all, but are suitable only for slicing and frying in the young state, and are not often seen on our markets; of these the Cocozelle Bush is the earliest, and the Long White Marrow the largest and finest, the fruits averaging two feet in length.

The EARLY WHITE BUSH and Early Yellow Bush are of the Patty Pan type, commonly called "Cymlings" in the South; mature early and bear continuously. The New Mammoth White Bush and New Mammoth Yellow Bush are nearly as early as the old strains, and grow to a larger size; it takes fewer fruits to fill the crates, and yet the Early White Bush is still the most popular on market. It should be borne in mind by planters that our strains of bush squashes are selected carefully, and remain quite constant to the true bush type—a most valuable feature when grown on a large scale, as it permits of cross-cultivation and ready

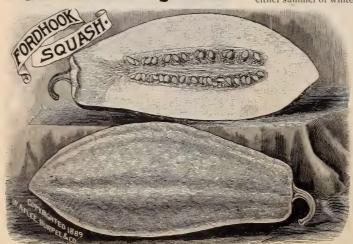
маммотн white Bush scallofed squashes.

In many markets the early Crookneck Squashes are preferred to the Patty Pan or Scalloped type, and of these we consider the Golden Summer Crookneck the finest bush variety for market purposes, being very productive of handsomely colored fruit, of good size. White Pineapple is a running summer variety, having large scalloped points of quite distinct form, with a much larger proportion of solid meat or flesh than the Patty Pan. Our famous Fоrdhook Squashes, described below, and the new Bush Fordhook offered under Novelties are both equally valuable for summer and for winter; sliced and fried they are pronounced as good as a beefsteak!

Four ounces of seed will plant 100 hills; three pounds, one acre of land.

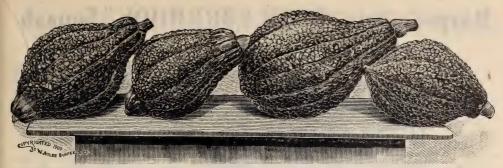
In lots of 5 pounds, deduct 5 cents per pound.	Per oz.	1/4 tb.	Per fb.
Early White Bush, Scalloped. (White "Patty Pan," or Cymling),	\$0 06	\$0 20	\$0 60
New Mammoth White Bush, Scalloped. Similar but larger,	6	20	60
Early Yellow Bush, Scalloped. Deep-orange color,	6	20	60
Mammoth Yellow Bush. Same as preceding, but larger,	6	20	60
Golden Summer Crookneck. The favorite small crooknecked,	6	20	60
New Giant Summer Crookneck. Eighteen inches long,	7	20	65
White Summer Crookneck. Squashes are white,	6	20	65
White Pineapple. White skin and flesh; running vine,	10	35	
Cocozelle Bush. Of bush growth; excellent to use young, fried,	7	25	
Mammoth Long White Marrow Bush. (Vegetable Marrow),	10	35	
Each of the above, 5 cents per packet.			

FORDHOOK SQUASH. This is an especially desirable running variety for either summer or winter use. The vines are of strong



vigorous growth, and wonderfully productive. Fruits oblong in form, eight to ten inches in length, slightly ridged, smooth, thin, yellowish skin; flesh very thick and of a light straw-yellow. If gathered young for cooking, no other Squash approaches it in flavor, while if allowed to ripen on the vine they can be stored and will keep in excellent condition until late the following June. Either for baking

like sweet potatoes or mak-ing pies during the winter the quality is unsurpassed. It cannot be too highly recommended. Seed scarce—order early! Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; ozs. 25 cts.; ¼ lb. 40 cts.; ½ lb. 70 cts.; per lb. \$1.40.



FOUR HUBBARD SQUASHES,—weighing 84 pounds,—engraved from a Photograph. Grown by George H. Sugden, Plantsville, Connecticut, from Burpee's Seed of the original Hubbard.

SQUASH.—Winter Varieties.

The small-fruited varieties may be grown in hills four to six feet apart in each direction, while the large-fruited winter varieties are planted usually in hills eight feet or more apart each way, in order that the strong-growing vines may have plenty of room to run. The finest among the small-fruited sorts is our Fordhook, which is an "all-the-year-round" Squash, the fruits being equally good for use in the young state during the summer, and when ripened will keep through the winter until the following summer in splendid condition. The same remarks apply to our New Bush Fordhook. Delicata is a small, oblong, tender-skinned variety, of fine flavor. Boston Marrow is a large-fruited variety, largely grown for fall and winter market, as well as for canning. Essex Hybrid is hard shelled, with thick richly colored flesh of fine quality.

The Hubbard is the standard variety for winter use; the skin is very dark green, more or less rough, and the fruits olive-shaped and of good size,—see illustration above. Chicago Warted Hubbard is also a fine strain, so named because the skin is rather more heavily warted. The new Red Hubbard has all the fine qualities of the Hubbard, with a rich orange-red skin. The Brazil Sugar is of medium size and superior flavor for early fall use. Mammoth Chili grows to enormous size under favorable conditions. New Mammoth Whale produces very large, smooth, light-green fruits, of broad flattened form. Gregory's Golden Bronze is a new variety that will likely become very popular; the hard shell is bronze-green, while the rich fine-grained flesh is golden yellow; the fruits ripen quite early, keep splendidly, and are regular in size.

To prevent the ravages of the Squash Bugs, we should advise frequent light sprinklings of tobacco-dust and sulphur, fine lime, dry wood-ashes or soot, put on early in the morning while the vines are still damp with dew. Eight ounces of seed will plant too hills; three to four pounds of seed, one acre.

In lots of 5 pounds, deduct 5 cents per pound.	Per oz.	1/4 fb.	Per fb.
Fordhook. Superb for all-the-year-round. (See preceding page),	\$0 15	\$0 40	\$1 40
Boston Marrow. A bright orange squash for autumn,	7	20	70
Hubbard.⊙ The well-known and most popular winter squash,	10	25	85
Chicago Warted Hubbard. o "An ideal Hubbard,"	10	30	90
New Red, or Golden Hubbard. Orange-red skin. (See below),	10	30	95
Brazil Sugar. The richest flavor for autumn use,	. 7	20	70
Essex Hybrid. A good squash for fall and winter use,	7	22	80
Livingston's Pie Squash, or Winter Luxury Pumpkin,	7	20	75
Gregory's Golden Bronze. Bronze-green skin, rich yellow flesh, .	10	30	1 00
Faxon. A fine-flavored winter squash from Brazil; skin varies in color,	7	20	70
Mammoth Chili. Crop short; packets and ounces only. Pkt. 10 cts.,	20		
Delicata. A small-fruited variety, suitable both for summer and winter,	6	20	65
Mammoth Whale. Extra large-fruited. Per pkt. 10 cts.,	15	50	1 80

Except where otherwise noted, all are 5 cents per packet.

Three Superb Strains of the True HUBBARD SOUASH.

TRUE ORIGINAL HUBBARD. O This is the wellknown winter squash, now grown so largely throughout the country. Vines of strong running growth; fruits large olive shape, with dark-green skin and very rich flesh. An excellent keeper and of splendid quality. Our strain is extra fine,—see illustration at top of this page. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; 2 ozs. 15 cts.; ½ lb. 25 cts.; per lb. 85 cts.

CHICAGO WARTED HUBBARD. © This is similar in size and quality to the well-known *Hubbard*, while the large dark olive-green fruits are rather more heavily warted. Very handsome in appearance; an excellent keeper and of splendid quality. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; 2 ozs. 18 cts.; ¹/₄ lb. 30 cts.; per lb. 90 cts.

NEW RED, or "GOLDEN" HUBBARD. O heavily warted skin is of a rich orange yellow, turning to deep salmon-red when ripened. It is equally as productive and fine in quality as the original Hubbard Squash. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; 1/4 lb. 30 cts.; per lb. 95 cts.



"CHICAGO WARTED" HUBBARD SOUASH.

Burpee's New "BUSH FORDHOOK" Squash.

The Most Delicious-Flavored Squash for All-the-year-round.

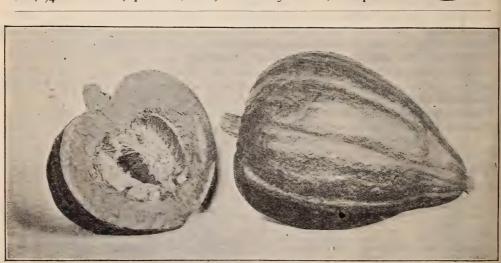
Most of our customers are acquainted with our Fordhook Squash,—the best all-year-round squash in cultivation. The original Fordhook is of strong running growth, the vines growing ten AND COPYRIGHTED 1900 BY W. ATLEE BURPEE & CC

to fifteen feet in length, and consequently requires considerable space. with great satisfaction, therefore, that two years ago we were able to offer a new strain of this finest of all squashes, having a compact bush habit. In growth it is similar to the Early White Bush, and so well established is its true bush habit that in a large planting the past summer we were unable to find a single running plant.

Owing to the compact bush habit the plants can be grown much more closely together, and yet they are equally prolific as the running variety. Consequently a much larger number of fruits can be obtained from a given area, while the bush habit is better adapted to the family garden and also for field culture.

Our FORDHOOK

The fruits are rather shorter and thicker in form than those of the running type, thicker fleshed and with a smaller seed cavity, making the bush type more desirable in every way. SQUASH is not quite so early as the Early White Bush, being about a week later, but the flesh is nuch sweeter and better flavored than that of either the Patty Pan or Crookneck type. An important advantage is that any fruits not needed for summer use can be left to ripen on the plants and gathered for winter use. They are unsurpassed for baking, frying, or making pies, while, stored in a dry place, they will keep in good condition until the following June,—thus being literally an "all-the-year-round squash." Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 17 cts.; 2 ozs. 30 cts.; 1/4 lb. 50 cts.; per lb. \$1.60; in lots of 5 lbs. at \$1.50 per lb.



Squash,—"The Delicious." This new winter Squash, now first introduced, is of superlatively fine quality. It is described by our friend Mr. James J. H. Gregory as follows: "The result is a squash that by the universal agreement of those who have tested it, in quality surpasses every one of the fine varieties I have from time to time introduced. In form The Delicious ranges between the two examples given above. In color is almost uniformly of a given shade, with occasionally a blue specimen. In size it closely follows the original Hubbard, which weighed between five and ten pounds. In thickness of flesh it surpasses nearly every variety, the color being a dark orange. For table use no squash compares with it in its remarkable combination of fineness and compactness of grain, dryness, sweetness, and exceeding richness of flavor." Per pkt. 15 cts.

Burpee's Selected Seed of TOMATOES.

Our Tomatoes are grown especially for seed, and largely by ourselves at FORDHOOK FARMS and elsewhere in Bucks County, Pa. This seed actually costs us more than double the prices at which we are offered annually so-called "pure seed cheap." "A word to the wise is sufficient." It is false economy to try to save on the first cost of Tomato Seed,—a little seed goes so far. And yet the country is almost "flooded" with cheap Tomato Seed, saved without any regard to selection, and sometimes even the refuse of canning establishments.

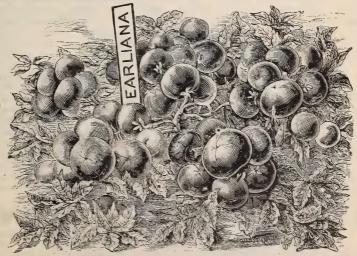
In lots of 5 pounds or more, deduct 10 cents per pound.	Per oz.	1/4 lb.	Per fb.
Atlantic Prize. Small, irregular, bright-red fruits; extremely early, .	\$0 18	\$0 60	\$2 00
Nolte's Earliest. Extremely early and very prolific. Pkt. 10 cts.,	25	75	2 75
"Quick=Sure." Not nearly equal to Sparks' Earliana, described below,	20	60	2 25
Extra Early Advance. Good smooth but small bright-red fruits,	18	60	2 00
Acme. The well-known standard bright-pink tomato,	.15	50	1 75
Essex Hybrid. Solid, bright pink; larger and better than Acme,	15	50	1 75
Burpee's Climax. Solid, smooth, deep purple; quite early,	18	60	2 00
Livingston's Beauty. Large, solid, smooth tomatoes; purplish pink,	18	60	2 00
Paragon. The well-known standard bright-red tomato,	15	°50	1 75
Stone. Large, smooth, solid, scarlet; highly recommended,	15	50	1 75
Livingston's Perfection. In our opinion identical with Paragon,	15	50	1 75
Livingston's Favorite. Bright-red, smooth tomatoes of good size, .	15	50	1 75
Livingston's Magnus. New; large, late, purple; potato-leaf foliage,	20	60	2 00
Turner Hybrid, or Mikado. O Large-fruited purple; potato leaf, .	22	70	2 50
Imperial. Large purple-fruited early; not equal to Fordhook First,	20	60	2 00
Sutton's "Best of All." Solid, bright searlet; fine for forcing,	20	60	2 25
Burpee's Noble. O An improved larger "Best of All." Pkt. 10 ets.,	22	75	2 50
Ignotum. Smooth, solid, bright red; uniformly large,	20	60	2 20
Buckeye State. Productive, but not very solid; large, smooth, purple,	20	60	2 20
Enormous. © Extra large, smooth, solid bright red,	20	60	2 25
Honor Bright. First white, then brilliant scarlet; extremely solid, .	20	70	2 40
Mayflower. Smooth and very solid, bright red; fine for forcing,	. 20	60	2 25
Royal Red. Intensely bright red in color, but not very solid,	20	60	2 25
Trophy. Very large, solid, and generally smooth; selected strain,	20	60	2 20
Golden Queen. This is a first-class, large, smooth, pure yellow tomato,	20	60	2 20

Except Burpee's Noble and Nolte's Earliest, all above are 5 cents per packet.

SPARKS' EARLIANA. The earliest smooth bright-red Tomato of good size and flavor now in cultivation, equaled only by the new Chalk's Early Jewel. It was developed in Southern New Jersey where the greatest competition exists among growers

to be first in the market. The earliest shipments frequently bring from \$2.50 to \$3.00 per half bushel basket for smooth well-colored fruits. Mr. GEORGE C. SPARKS, of Salem Co., has been most successful in this respect, and the seed we offer is from selected stock of his choicest extreme-early free-fruiting strain. It has been all grown either in Bucks County, Pa. (including our own farms), or in "South Jersey." In the accompanying illustration our artist has attempted to show its wonderfully prolific character and habit of growth, as far as possible, in the small space.

The plants are quite hardy with rather slender open branches and moderate growth well set with fruits, nearly all of which ripen extremely early in the season. The tomathe



toes are deep scarlet and grow in clusters of five to eight, all of medium size; they are smooth and solid, quite thick through and free from rough ribs or cracks. The flesh is deep red, with solid center and small seed cells slightly acid flavor. In our Trial Grounds at Fordhook Farms a specimen plant had by actual count forty five ripened fruits at time of the first picking and thirty-five green ones of good size, and the whole plant could be completely hidden by an ordinary bushel basket! Per pkt. 10 cts.; 4 oz. 20 cts.; 1/2 oz. 35 cts.; per oz. 65 cts.; 2 ozs. \$1.10; 1/4 lb. \$2 00; per lb. \$7.50.



New Tomato, Chalk's EARLY JEWEL.

Deepest-fruited and most solid of all extreme early Tomatoes,—there is none earlier! Originated within twenty miles of FORDHOOK FARMS by our friend, MR. JAMES CHALK, of Montgomery County, who has continued for fifteen years his selection to establish hardiness and extreme earliness. On June 23, 1902, Mr. Chalk sold two quarts of fine, smooth, well-ripened fruits, and on July 11th, four five-eighths bushel baskets were sold, while two years ago when the spring was warmer he gathered and sold twenty-seven baskets previous to the 4th of July.

Mr. Chalk has developed not only very early ripening but at the same time has established a habit of earliness which extends to the entire crop,—so that in an ordinary season all the fruits are gathered in about four weeks from the time the first ones ripen. Mr. Chalk will pick ten baskets of fine tomatoes quite as early as his neighbors with an area equal, or larger, can gather only one,—

thus he secures advantage of the high prices obtained for the earliest tomatoes.

The growth is most compact. A plant in full fruit, bearing sixty to eighty fine large tomatoes, could be covered completely by a bushel basket. The tomatoes are uniformly of good size,—seventy-five will fill a five-eighths bushel basket. The large handsome fruits are very solid and deep through, being almost round or ball-shaped; an average specimen, as shown in our illustration, which was engraved accurately from a photograph, will measure three and a half inches across by nearly three inches in depth from stem to blossom end. Color brightest scarlet, ripening right up to the stem without any cracks or green core. The foliage is rather sparse and open, admitting the sunlight to the center of each plant, so that all the fruits are thoroughly ripened, but the leaves are dark green and not inclined to curl as in most other first-early varieties. The thick flesh is bright scarlet, very solid, with comparatively few seeds, and of fine sweet flavor; skin thin but sufficiently strong to make it a good shipper. We have obtained a limited quantity of seed of Mr. Chalk's own saving from his selected strain which we shall supply as long as the stock lasts at 20 cts. per packet; 45 cts. per 14 0z.; \$1.50 per oz. We have secured also a larger quantity of carefully grown seed from a near neighbor in Montgomery County, who secured stock from Mr. Chalk, which we offer at the following prices: Per pkt. 15 cts.; 14 0z. 25 cts.; 14 0z. 50 cts.; per 0z. 90 cts.

in Montgomery County, who secured stock from Mr. Chalk, which we offer at the following prices: Per pkt. 15 cts.; ¹/₄ oz. 25 cts.; ¹/₂ oz. 50 cts.; per oz. 90 cts.

Even at the high prices we are compelled to charge this season, growers for market will find it most profitable to plant CHALK'S EARLY JEWEL. Our word for it—you have never had a first-early tomato that would equal the new EARLY JEWEL! We prefer it even to Sparks' Earliana.

A Prize Offer on CHALK'S EARLY JEWEL Tomato.

Will you test the New Chalk's Early Jewel Tomato in comparison with Sparks' Earliana and kindly report the result to us?

If so, we shall be pleased to make suitable acknowledgment. To the writer of the **best Postal Card report** we will send a first prize of **ten dollars**; to the second best **five dollars**; to the third and fourth best we will send **\$2.50** each, while to the **twenty** "next best" we will send **one dollar each**. These postal cards must be received not later than October 10, 1903, and to every one who sends such a report and fails to receive a prize we shall send a due bill which will be accepted the same as ten cents cash, for seeds selected from our 1904 Catalogue,—so every writer is sure of getting something for his trouble. We are eager to know the opinions of growers as to the relative value of CHALK'S EARLY JEWEL and the famous Sparks' Earliana.

BURPEE'S MATCHLESS TOMATOO

See Painting on Back of Retail Catalogue Cover.

This is the very best large-fruited bright-red Tomato. As grown by us, THE MATCHLESS is well worthy of its name; in beauty of coloring and symmetry of form it is indeed

without a peer. The vines are of strong vigorous growth, well set with fruit; the foliage is very rich dark green in color. The engraving accurately shows the form and also the remarkable solidity of a section. They are entirely free from core, of a rich cardinal-red color, and are not liable to crack from wet weather. The fruits are of the largest size, and the size of the fruit is maintained throughout the season, the healthy growth of foliage continuing until killed by frost. Had we to confine ourselves to one variety it would be THE MATCHLESS, for certainly no other tomato will produce a full crop of extra large scarlet fruits, so smooth, handsome, and marketable as The Matchless. The flesh is so firm that ripe specimens picked from the vine will keep in good marketable condition for two weeks. Its fine quality, solidity, and lang-keeping character have already made THE MATCHLESS TOMATO a great favorite for both market and family use. For selected seed of our own growing at FORDHOOK FARMS we shall charge this season: Per pkt. 10 cts.; ½ oz. 18 cts.; per oz. 30 cts.; 2 ozs. 50 cts.; ¼ 1b. 90 cts.; per lb. \$3.25. In lots of 5 lbs. at \$3.15 per lb.

MATCHLESS grown in Ohio and Michigan. This seed, which is also first-class (or we would not handle it), we offer at the following prices: Per pkt. 10 cts.; ½ oz. 15 cts.; per oz. 25 cts.; 2 ozs. 40 cts.; ¼ lb. 70 cts.; per lb. \$2.50. In lots of 5 lbs. or more at \$2.40 per lb.

Greatly reduced

Fordhook-Grown Seed. We are so proud of our superb strains of both MATCHLESS and revops out of our own constant care. Last season, however, it was impossible to supply the demand, and fearing that the crops might be short again in 1902, we contracted also with careful growers in several other States. It is well we did so, because, while the tomatoes were never better, the excessive rains washed off much pollen—preventing a full setting of fruit—and consequently there is hardly sufficient seed of Fordhook growing to supply the normal demand. Under these circumstances we are compelled to make the difference in prices noted under each variety. You will get first-class seed whichever you order, but there are some extensive growers for market who would insist upon having Fordhook seed, even if it cost four times as much. Were we willing to publish letters from truckers in the South who grow for the northern markets, it would be a revelation to our readers as to the difference in quality of crops produced,—particularly from BURPEE'S MATCHLESS and seed of so-called "Matchless" purchased from other seedsmen in Philadelphia and elsewhere.

In lots of 5 lbs. or more at \$2.40

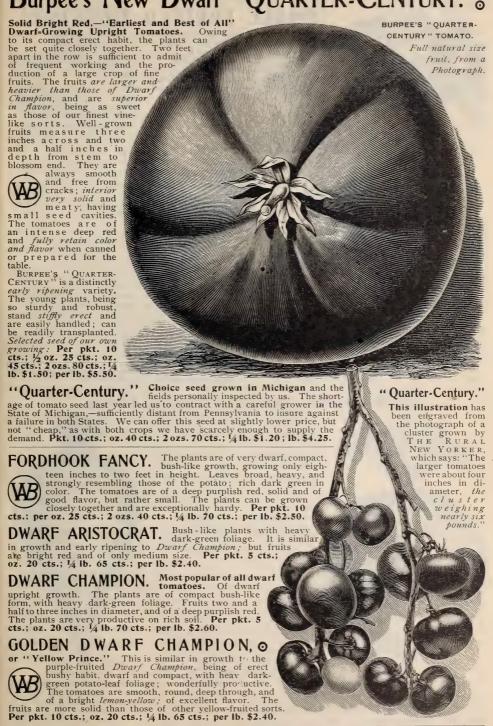
per 1b.





BURPEE'S "COMBINATION" TOMATO, -Natural Size, from a Photograph.

Burpee's New Dwarf "QUARTER-CENTURY.".



PONDEROSA, or "Monstrous No. 400." This is the largest-fruited tomato in cultivation and is of fine quality for slicing. The vines are of strong rather open growth; fruits largely oblong in form, deep through, and generally ridged or ribbed; deep purple in color. They are solidly fleshy with small seed-cells; of fine, sweet flavor. Planted in good soil, fruits frequently attain a weight of one pound and over. The past summer our grower told us that it took two hundred pounds of these tomatoes to make one pound of seed, while for stock seed it required fully four hundred pounds of ripe tomatoes to make one pound of seed! Per pkt. 10 cts.; ½ 20. 17 cts.; oz. 30 cts.; ¼ 1b. \$1.00; per lb. \$3.50.

RED PEAR-SHAPED. From a Photograph, SMALL-FRUITED TOMATOES.

The fruits of these are largely used for making fancy pickles, pre-serves, etc. The plants are extremely productive.

YELLOW PLUM. The fruits average two inches in length and one inch in diameter, of a bright lemon-yellow; are solid, fleshy, and of excellent flavor. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¼ lb. 60 cts.; per lb. \$2.00.

YELLOW PEAR-SHAPED. O Similar to the Yellow Plum, but the fruits have a slim neck or distinct pear shape. Very ornamental fruiting in large clusters. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 2 ozs. 35 cts.; 4 lb. 60 cts.; per lb. \$2.00.

PEACH. The fruits average one and a half inches in length, and nearly the same in diameter. The skin is covered with a slight bloom or pubescence, as in a peach, and of beautiful pinkish coloring. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; ½ lb. 50 cts.; per lb. \$1.75.

BURBANK PRESERVING. © The plants are of dwarf stocky growth, growing perfectly erect, and can be planted eighteen inches apart. Heavy dark-green potato-leaf foliage. The small, round, scarlet tomatoes, being borne in clusters, measure only three-quarters of an inch in diameter. Of splendid scarlet coloring and unusually rich, sweet flavor. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 22 cts.; 2 ozs. 40 cts.; 1/4 lb. 75 cts.; per lb. \$2.50.

YELLOW CHERRY. The small fruits are borne in clusters, average half an inch in diameter, and are of a clear light lemon-yellow. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¹/₄ lb. 60 cts.; per lb. \$2.00.

RED CHERRY. Little fruits of a bright scarlet color. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 20 cts.;

1/4 lb. 60 cts.; per lb. \$2.00.

STRAWBERRY, or WINTER CHERRY (Husk Tomato). See illustration to left, which is full natural size. Plants of low-spreading growth and immensely productive. The small yellow fruits are each enclosed in a husk or covering. The fruits are of very sweet flavor, highly esteemed for preserving or making pies. They are also excellent to eat raw as fruit. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; 2 ozs. 35 cts.; 14 lb. 60 cts.; per lb. \$2.00.

RED PEAR-SHAPED. O This is a leading favorite for preserves, and also to make "tomato figs." The fruit is bright red, of true pear shape, and of rich distinct flavor. The larger plum-shaped red tomato, often sold under the same name, is not nearly equal to the true variety. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; ¹/₄ lb. 75 cts.; per lb. \$2.20.

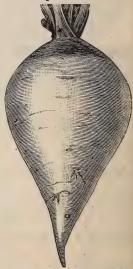
RVTA BAGAS,—Swedish or Russian Turnips.

BURPEE'S IMPROVED PURPLE-TOP RUTA BAGA

These require a longer season in which to grow than do the turnips, and with us the seed should be sown about the first to the middle of July to make large bulbs. The seed should be sown always in drills, so as to permit of frequent substitution during the content of the seed should be sown always in drills, so as to permit of frequent substitution during the content of the seed should be seen to be substitution. quent cultivation during the early stages of growth. The flesh is more solid and richer in flavor than that of the turnips, and they will keep in fine condition more readily during the win-ter months. For full directions for ter months. For full directions for growing Turnips and Ruta Bagas on a large scale for stock and the proper feeding rations, we refer planters to Our Leaflet on "ROOT CROPS," which is sent FREE with orders.

BURPEE'S BREADSTONE is a white-fleshed variety of the finest table quality fine grained and goods up viewly.

nessed variety of the niest table quality, fine-grained, and cooks up nicely; the bulbs are oval in shape and of good size. Large White is an excellent sort for stock feeding, longer than the Breadstone, but not so fine in quality. BURPEE'S IMPROVED PURPLE-TOP is the best large yellow fleebod register. BURPEE'S IMPROVED PURPLE-TOP is the best large yellow-fleshed variety; a heavy cropper and of fine quality. The skin is deep purplish red above ground and rich orange-yellow on the lower portion. New Monarch, or "Elephant," is a fine sort, rather longer than the above. Imperial Hardy is an excellent variety, growing to very large



BURPEE'S "BREADSTONE" RUTA BAGA

In lots of 5 pounds, deduct 5 cents per pound.	Per oz.	1/4 fb.	Per fb.
Burpee's Breadstone. Of finest table quality; see illustration,	\$0 10	\$0 30	\$0 90
Burpee's Improved Purple=Top Yellow. A superb strain,	5	15	40
Monarch, or New Elephant. Of large size, oblong form; yellow flesh,	5	12	35
Imperial Hardy. Purple-top; smooth, round roots; yellow flesh,	5	12	35
Large White. Large size, white skin; nutritious and sweet,	5	12	35.

Each variety, 5 cents per packet.





EXTRA EARLY PURPLE-TOP MILAN TURNIP.



TURNIPS. Garden WHITE GLOBE STRAP-LEAVED.

In the warmer States the early white-fleshed Turnips are most popular; in the colder Northern States the yellow-fleshed Turnips and more solid Ruta, Bagas are preferred. The Extra Early Purple-Top and Extra Early White Milan Turnips are the earliest of all, being of very quick growth and fine table quality; they are both flat strap-leaved varieties. The Scarlet Kashmyr is almost as early as the Milan; flat bulb and small strap leaf; the upper portion is a deep purplish scarlet, the lower a creamy white. The Purple-Top Strap-Leaved and Early White Flat Dutch Strap-Leaved are the standard early flat varieties, and are only three days to a week later than the Milan.

The Half-Long Red-Top is a long slender turnip, the upper portion a reddish purple and the lower creamy white; the bulbs are four to five inches in length and one inch in diameter. White Egg is an oval-shaped early variety, with thin white skin and fine table quality. The Red-Top White Globe is a large round bulb, reddish purple in the upper half and pure white in the lower; it is rather late, grows to large size, and is fine for either table use or stock feeding. White Globe Strap-Leaved is similar to the preceding, but the large turnips have pure

late, grows to large size, and is fine for either table use or stock feeding. WHITE GLOBE STRAP-LEAVED is similar to the preceding, but the large turnips have pure white skin. Pomeranian White Globe is one of the largest globe-shaped sorts, having heavier foliage than the above, and is grown extensively for winter use and stock feeding. The White Hardy Winter is a large oval-shaped bulb, with very solid sweet flesh, and an excellent keeper.

All of the above are white-fleshed. Of richly colored yellow-fleshed turnips, the Golden Ball is a small round turnip of fine table quality; Yellow Aberdeen, a large ball-shaped turnip, also of fine quality, while the LARGE YELLOW, or AMBER-GLOBE, grown chiefly for stock feeding, attains a large size and is an excellent keeper. One ounce of seed to 200 feet of drill; two pounds per acre in drills, or one pound if sown broadcast. The Seven-Top Turnip does not make a bulb, but is planted in the South to provide boiling-greens and pasturage for stock during the winter, as it produces a large growth of foliage.



In lots of 5 pounds, deduct 5 cents per pound.	Per oz.	1/4 lb. 1	Per lb.
Early White Flat Dutch Strap-Leaved. O Popular market variety,	\$0 05	\$0 12	\$0 35
Early Red, or Purple-Top Strap-Leaved. Standard early variety,	5	12	35
Scarlet Kashmyr, or Cardinal. Fine, handsome, extra early,	5	12	35
Extra Early Purple=Top Milan. The earliest in cultivation,	5	15	45
Extra Early White Milan. The earliest flat white; extra fine,	6	20	70
Red-Top White Globe. A fine globe-shaped table turnip,	5	15	40
White Globe Strap=Leaved. White globe-shaped; quick growing, .	5	12	35
White Egg. of handsome oval form, with thin white skin,	5	15	45
Sweet German, or Long White French. Flesh hard and crisp,	5	12	35
Long White, or Cowhorn. Pure white, except at top,	5	15	40
Half=Long Red=Top. ⊙ Smooth skin, small tap-root; quick growing,	5	. 12	35
New White Hardy Winter. O Ox-heart shaped; very fine,	6	17	50
Pomeranian White Globe. Both for feeding and table; large roots,	. 5	12	35
Large Yellow, or Amber Globe. Fine for table and stock feeding,	5	15	40
Yellow Aberdeen. For both table and stock feeding,	5	12	. 35
Golden Ball, or Orange Jelly. Very tender and of fine flavor,	5	12	35
Teltau, or Small Berlin. Small spindle-shaped roots for flavoring,	6	15	50
Seven-Top. Favorite in the South for green forage; roots of no account,	5	12	35
Each variety, 5 cents per packet.			

New Turnip,—"PETROWSKI." A most distinct variety of early maturity, being ready for use as early as the popular Early Purple-Top Strap Leaf. It is of peculiarly attractive appearance; the flat bulbs average two and a half to three inches in diameter and the skin is a rich deep orange-yellow. The firm solid flesh is fine grained, light orange-yellow in color, and having a very rich sweet flavor which is entirely distinct from any of the early white-fleshed sorts, being much richer and sweeter. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; 14 lb. 30 cts.; per lb. 90 cts.

New "NECKLESS" RVTA BAGA. This is an entirely new variety, having round or slightly oval roots of the finest quality with small strap-leaf foliage: The flesh is very solid and fine grained. The roots are of quicker growth than the ordinary Ruta Bagas, while they have much less foliage. The handsome globe-shaped bulbs are uniformly smooth; the upper portion is a deep green, the under portion is slightly tapering, smooth, and of a pale amber-yellow, as is also the fine-grained flesh. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; 2 ozs. 15 cts.; ½ lb. 25 cts.; per lb. 75 cts.

Burpee's Large New NAMELESS LETTUCE

Crisp, Hard-heading, and Extra Long-standing.



\$25.00 for a Name! To the purchaser of one or two packets who suggests the most appropriate name which shall be adopted, we will send our check for \$25.00 cash. With each packet we enclose a blank PRINTED FORM upon which you are invited to write the name suggested and also to give a brief description in competition for the following

Cash Prizes for Reports. For the best brief reports of this distinct new lettuce we will pay a first prize of \$25.00 cash; second prize \$15.00; third prize \$10.00; fourth prize \$5.00; for the twenty "next best" reports we will pay one dollar each. We want reports from all sections, and in order to encourage such reports (telling the plain truth as to success or failure) we shall send to every one who does not win one of the prizes offered above a due bill for fifteen cents, which will be accepted the same as cash for any seeds selected from our next year's catalogue,—thus it really costs you nothing to try this grand new lettuce in advance of its general introduction, while you have a chance to win one of the twenty-five-dollar prizes. All reports must be mailed on or before September 20, 1903. Please use the Printed Form.

🐼 We have also other Novelties, which are given Gratis for Advance Trial,—see page 6. 🚳

Two Grass Mixtures for Special Purposes.

While we have supplied, through correspondence, these same "prescriptions" for the purposes named, yet we have never before offered them in our catalogue.

BURPEE'S "SHADY NOOK" LAWN GRASS.

Many of our customers, having fine shade trees in their lawns or shaded corners receiving but little sunlight, have written us fegarding the difficulty of securing a good growth of grass under the trees or in other heavily shaded locations. We now offer a special selection of varieties suitable for planting under trees or in damp shaded places.

The past summer we experimented with a number of printing of the first grasses in various proportions of

The past summer we experimented with a number of mixtures of the finer grasses in varying proportions at FORDHOOK FARMS, where they were sown under widely different conditions, and we can confidently recommend BURPEE'S "SHADY NOOK" MIXTURE as the very best for this purpose. If, when mailing your order, you will kindly send us a brief description of the condition of your soil and the extent of the shade cast by buildings and trees in the place you purpose seeding, we shall take pleasure in advising as to the proper preparation of the soil.

As this mixture is composed entirely of choice clean.

As this mixture is composed entirely of choice clean seed of thefinest and most costly grasses it cannot be sold at so moderate a price as our regular lawn mixture. It is all clean heavy seed, free from chaff, and will give the best results with a minimum quantity of seed. By express, at purchaser's expense, 35 cts. per lb. We shall enclose in each order, if requested, a copy of OUR LEAFLET on the proper care of the lawn.

BURPEE'S "GOLF LINKS" MIXTURE OF GRASSES.

EGISTERE

The game of golf is rapidly becoming one of the most popular outdoor sports, and for its thorough enjoyment a well-kept, closely mown sward of fine grass is essential. Our long experience with the finest grades of grass seeds has enabled us to provide the most satisfactory mixture for some extensive links in the vicinity of Philadelphia.

This mixture is composed evaluation of fine bladelphia.

the vicinity of Philadelphia.

This mixture is composed exclusively of fine-bladed grasses which will withstand frequent close cutting and tramping. It is free from weed seed and contains no White Clover (the latter not being suitable for the closely cut gold lawn). It is the very best for seeding the "putting greens" where the sod must be very short, close, and fine. The mixture, being composed entirely of heavy re-cleaned seeds, is sold by weight only, and the price should not be compared with that of cheap mixtures, composed largely of chaff, which are sold by measure.

By express or freight, at expense of purchaser, 35 cts. per lb. While the directions in our leaflet on the care of the lawn will apply to the golf lawn, we shall be glad at any time to answer special inquiries, and our grass seed expert will advise concerning the quantity of seed needed and the best preparation and subsequent management of the lawns and "putting greens."

Burpee's Superb Golden NAMELESS ONION,_

Extremely Early and of Beautiful Ball-like Form,—"Unlike All Others."—Now Offered for Advance Trials,—In Connection with Interesting Cash Prizes.

Our high opinion of this unique new Onion can be best illustrated by stating that we had a beautiful colored plate of a pile painted from nature and expected to make it one of our two remarkable Novelties for 1903,—in connection with the Burpee's White Evergreen Corn. Unfortunately, however, when we came to harvest the seed we found there was now one-fifth the quantity estimated from appearance of the crop, and that if we should sell it all we would not receive enough money to pay cost of the colored plate! Rather than hold it back entirely for another year, we decided to offer it for advance trial in small packets at fifteen cents each, under the novel plan outlined below.

And now a few words as to description. The usual form is shown in the illustration herewith, although some of the bulbs are more roundly globeshaped. The tendency, however, unlike other globe onions, is to become elongated instead of flattened. The skin is thin, uniformly of a beautiful light golden yellow. It has the smallest top of any onion we have ever grown,—generally no longer or thicker than a lead pencil, while the uniformity with which the bulbs cure is astonishing. It is the earliest of all globe-shaped onions, and as a long white flesh is most mild and pleasant in flavor.

Jone of the bulbs cure is astonishing. Extremely hard and solid, the pure white flesh is most mild and pleasant in flavor. Postitively not more than two packets can be

Positively not more than two packets can be sold to any one purchaser. Per pkt. 15 cts.

\$25.00 for a Name. So unique and valuable an onion ought to have an appropriate name! With each packet we enclose a Printed Form, to be returned to us prior to September 20, 1903 (so as to be in time for next year's catalogue), upon which you are requested to mention what you consider the most suitable name by which this onion shall be known hereafter. To the sender of the best name (the one we decide to adopt) we will pay a prize of twenty-five dollars.

To on this same PRINTED FORM you are requested also to fill in your honest opinion, after growing this new onion, as compared with existing varieties in competition for

Prizes for Reports. We will pay \$25.00 cash as first prize of \$10.00, and fourth prize of \$5.00. To the senders of the twenty "next best" reports we shall send each a clean crisp dollar bill!

No Blanks! Every report will be acknowledged, the same day as received, by a postal card, which, should you fail to be awarded one of these prizes, will serve as a due bill for fifteen cents,—the same as cash in payment for any seeds ordered to this amount, next winter or spring. In other words, we want reports, and by this new plan practically give the sample packets for advance trial, as, if you will take the trouble to mail us your report, you will receive this due bill, good for the amount paid.

Burpee's "Fordhook Finest" Lawn Grass.

Burpee's "Fordhook Finest" Lawn Grass Mixture is the very best combination of fine grasses that can be made, embracing as it does such varieties as are of neat close growth, extreme hardiness, and best adapted to produce both a quick and permanent sod and a fine sward which will improve and become finer and closer with the close cutting necessary to retain the smooth velvety effect which is so desirable in a fine lawn.

We desire to call especial attention to the fact that this mixture is composed entirely of choicest recleaned seed, as free from chaff and weed seeds as the best machinery can make it. Any weeds are especially troublesome in freshly seeded lawns. This clean heavy seed in reality contains many times the number of seeds that can be found in the cheap chaff-mixtures sold by measure at lower prices. A bushel of our choice recleaned seeds will give quite as many grass plants to a given area as three or four bushels of the common chaff mixtures,—if not more,—as the clean

cheap chaff-mixtures sold by measure at lower prices. A bushel of our choice recleaned seeds will give quite as many grass plants to a given area as three or four bushels of the common chaff mixtures,—if not more,—as the clean heavy seed its also of much stronger vitality than the ordinary market grades usually sold by dealers.

A measured bushel of this mixture will weigh about twenty-seven pounds, and two bushels are sufficient for seeding one acre of lawn, though a larger quantity may be used to advantage where it is desired to obtain a thick sod as quickly as possible.

We have put up this finest mixture in POUND BOXES, with full directions for sowing printed on each box. We offer these boxes at the price of 25 cts., or six boxes for \$1.25. Seed in bulk at 22 cts. per lb.; 10 lbs. or more at 18 cts. per lb.

Sweet, Medicinal, and Pot HERBS.

Those marked with an asterisk (*) are perennial.

ANISE (*Pimpinella anisum*). Used for cordial, garnishing, and flavoring; the seeds have an agreeable aromatic taste. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 7 cts.; ½ th 25 cts.

BALM (Melissa officinalis). The leaves have a fragrant odor, and are used for making a pleasant beverage known as balm wine, also for balm tea, for use in fevers. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ½ lb 60 cts.

BASIL, SWEET (Ocymum basilicum). The leaves are used for flavoring soups, stews, and highly seasoned dishes. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; 1/4 fb 25 cts.

BENE (Sesamum orientale). Too tender for the North, but much used in the South. The seeds furnish an oil used for softening and whitening the skin. The leaves immersed in water will make a drink beneficial for diarrhea. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 ets.; ½ h 35 ets.

BORAGE (Borago officinalis). The leaves are used for flavoring, and the flowers furnish bee pasture. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; ¼ tb 30 cts.; per tb \$1.00.

*CARAWAY (Carum carui). Grown for the seeds, which are used extensively for the flavoring of bread, pastry, etc. Per oz. 5 cts.; ½ to 10 cts.; per to 30 cts.

*CATNIP, or CATMINT (Nepeta cataria). Leaves used for seasoning. It makes, also, an excellent bee pasture. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; ½ th 75 cts.

CORIANDER (Coriandrum sativum). The seeds are used in the manufacture of liquors and confectionery. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; ½ tb 17 cts.; per tb 55 cts.

DILL (Anethum graveolens). The seeds have an aromatic odor and warm pungent taste. They are used as a condiment, and also for pickling with cucumbers. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 5 cts.; ½ fb 15 cts.; per fb 40 cts.

*FENNEL, SWEET (Anethum fæniculum). Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 7 cts.; ¼ fb 20 cts.; per fb 70 cts.

*HOREHOUND (Marrubium vulgare). Leaves used for seasoning and also in the manufacture of the cough remedy. Per pkt. 5 cts.; 0z. 15 cts.; 1/4 lb 50 cts.

*LAVENDER (Lavendula spica). The variety generally sold. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; per 10 \$1.00.

*LAVENDER (Lavendula vera). The true Lavender. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 28 cts.; ½ 16 85 cts.; per 16 \$3.00.

MARJORAM, SWEET (Origanum marjoram). The leaves and the ends of the shoots are esteemed for seasoning in summer, and also dried for winter use. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; 1/4 lb 30 cts.; per lb \$1.00.

*ROSEMARY (Rosmarinus officinalis). Leaves are used for seasoning. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ½ tb 75 cts.

*RUE (Ruta graveolens). For medicinal purposes; good for fowls. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; ¼ tb 35 cts.

*SAGE (Salvia officinalis). The most extensively used of all herbs for seasoning and dressing; indispensable. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; ¼ tb 30 cts.; per tb \$1.00.

SUMMER SAVORY (Satureia hortensis). The leaves and flowers are used extensively for flavoring, particularly in soups and dressings. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 7 cts.; ¼ fb 20 cts.; per fb 75 cts.

*WINTER SAVORY (Satureia montana). The leaves and young shoots are used for flavoring. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; ½ 1b 45 cts.; per lb \$1.60.

*TANSY (Tanacetum vulgare). Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 25 cts.

TAGETES LUCIDA. A very pretty plant, and considered by many an excellent substitute for the *True Tarragon* offered above. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 35 cts.



THE TRUE TARRAGON, -- from a Photograph.

*TARRAGON. The True Tarragon (Artemisia dracunculus) seldom, if ever, gives fertile seeds, but is appreciated thoroughly by all who know it for the use of its aromatic leaves in seasoning or salads, also for Tarragon Vinegar. The foliage, if cut in autumn, can be kept in a dry state the same as other herbs. In the Northern States give some protection during winter. At the low prices named the True Tarragon should now find a place in every good garden, as it is very valuable for its own delightful qualities, and no other herb can rightly take its place. Price of plants, 12 cts. each; 2 for 20 cts.; 6 for 50 cts.; 13 for \$1.00.

*THYME (*Thymus vulgaris*). The leaves and shoots are used for seasoning; a tea is also made for nervous headache. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; ½ 10 50 cts.

*WORMWOOD (*Artemisia absinthingn*). Used medicinally, and should be planted in poultry yards. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; 1/4 fb 35 cts.; per fb \$1.25.

TOBACCO SEED.

CONNECTICUT SEED LEAF. An old well-known variety. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; ½ lb 50 cts.; lb \$1.60.

LANCASTER CO. BROADLEAF. More largely grown than any other in Lancaster County, Pa. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; ½ 1b 50 cts.; per 1b \$1.60.

HAVANA. Grown from seed imported from the district of *Vuelta de Abajo*. Per pkt. 10 ctś.; oz. 28 cts.

BONANZA. A White Burley cross on Yellow Oronoko, possessing the qualities of both parents blended. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 18 cts.; 1/4 lb 60 cts.; per lb \$2.00.

GENERAL GRANT. It produces leaves forty-four inches in length, and matures as far north as Duluth. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 30 cts.; ½ ½ b\$1.00; per £b\$3.50.

STERLING. One of the earliest to ripen and one of the best for all purposes. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; ½ the 50 cts.; per the \$1.60.

IMPROVED WHITE BURLEY. This strain is very much superior to the *White Burley* as sold heretofore. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 30 cts.; ¼ tb \$1.00; per lb \$3.50.

Our space does not permit giving descriptions of the following standard varieties of Tobacco. We have good, pure seed of each at the following prices: Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 18 cts.; ½ 16 60 cts.; per 16 \$2.00.

Improved Long Leaf Gooch; Improved Yellow Oronoko, and the Sweet Oronoko.

HOLT'S MAMMOTH SAGE.

The illustration shows a leaf of average the first season attaining one foot in height, and spreading so that a single plant covers a circular space three feet in diameter. The leaves are borne well above the soil, keeping them clean; they are very large and of unusual sub-

in flavor, and of superior quality. It is perfectly hardy, even in New England, and attains still larger growth the second season. In every way the most desirable second.

way the most desirable sage; it never seeds. Prices: 4 plants for 25 cts.; 8 for 50 cts., or 17 plants for \$1.00, sent safely by mail, postpaid,



Notes Upon Some Varieties, Priced on the Next Page.

For Further Descriptions, see 113 to 120 of Burpee's Farm Annual for 1903.

The Improved Evergreen Broom seed is carefully selected; the straw cures a light green, and does not turn red as in the ordinary strains; this green straw is the finest in quality and brings the highest market price. Sow fifteen to twenty pounds of seed per acre in drills four and a half feet apart.

Mammoth Russian Sunflower bears immense heads of large seeds, valued for poultry and stock feeding, while the stalks are used as fuel in the West. Sow eight pounds per acre in drills four feet apart.

Silver Hull Buckwheat is an improvement on the old black-seeded variety, is productive and early ripening. The New Japanese Buckwheat grows very strongly and bears a large crop, the grain being twice the size of the old variety, and of equal feeding value. Sow broadcast one bushel of seed per acre.

Early Orange and Early Amber Sugar Cane, or Sorghum, are planted quite largely for summer forage. The Early Amber is most highly esteemed in the South, but farther North the Early Orange is hardier and of quicker growth. Sow fifteen pounds per acre in drills four feet apart.

Teosinte is one of the most valuable forage plants; grown in drills like field corn, it will yield large crops of the finest forage, and after cutting sprouts out again quickly; with us it yields two to three good cuttings,

TEOSINTE is one of the most valuable forage plants; grown in drills like field corn, it will yield large crops of the finest forage, and after cutting sprouts out again quickly; with us it yields two to three good cuttings, while in the South five cuttings may be made in a single season. Plant two or three seeds in a hill one foot apart in the row, and rows four feet apart, when the trees are out in full leaf. See illustration.

Soja Bean is now recognized as being one of the most valuable forage crops, and also extremely useful as a gatherer of nitrogen from the atmosphere to enrich the soil when turned under in the green state. The dry beans are excellent for culinary purposes; while the whole plant is of great value in fattening cattle, sheep, or hogs. Planters in the cool Northern States should be careful to obtain the dwarf early ripening variety, as the later sorts require a long season to ripen seed. Thirty pounds of seed planted in hills is required per acre.

Canada Field Peas. A small-seeded very hardy Pea which is valuable to sow early in the spring, in connection with stiff-strawed Oats, to produce green forage and for making hay for winter feeding. They can be sown also alone at rate of three bushels per acre, broadcast early in the spring, or in

hay for winter feeding. They can be sown also alone at rate of three bushels per acre, broadcast early in the spring, or in midsummer to turn under to enrich the land. The plants gather large supplies of nitrogen from the air.

The CLAY COW PEA. A medium early variety of strong the control of the control

running growth producing an immense amount of vine and foliage and a large crop of seed where the summer is long enough for them to ripen. WHIP-POOR-WILL COW PEA is a very early-maturing variety of upright or bush growth. The seeds may be gathered and the plants harvested more readily the service of growth. These seeds are the control of the plants harvested more readily. seeds may be gathered and the plants narvested more readily than with the running type of growth. These so-called "Cow Peas" gather large quantities of nitrogen from the air, a portion of which is conveyed to the soil by the roots, but a much larger amount can be stored in the soil for fertilizing by the rines to die down and plowing them under. The vines may be cut either for feeding green or can be cured like clover for winter use

DWARF ESSEX RAPE. This plant is most serviceable in furnishing large crops of forage for fattening sheep and hogs during the summer and fall months; it is of very rapid growth, and, by frequent plantings in large areas to be cut and soiled, a constant supply of highly nutritious forage may be had at a and, by trequent plants of a constant supply of highly nutritious forage may be not at a very low cost. Only the true variety should be planted, as there is another variety which is liable to become a very troublesome weed, and does not compare in productiveness to the true Dwarf Essex. Sow three pounds of seed per acre

broadcast.

AUSTRALIAN SALT BUSH. This plant is a grand acquisition for pasturage or forage in very dry soils, and soils so alkaline that the ordinary grasses and forage plants cannot be grown. When once established the plants grow very rapidly, entirely covering the ground even when planted in hills four feet apart. It makes a close mat of fine stems and foliage which is readily eaten by stock, and, growing from a central crown like clover, it does not sprout up when cut below the crown or when turned under with the plow; so there is no danger of its becoming a troublesome weed. Alkaline soils can be fitted for other crops by growing the Salt Bush for several seasons, and it is also a valuable crop to turn under for green manure on dry or sandy soils. The seed starts best during the cool moist weather of early spring. One pound of seed is sufficient to plant an acre of land, sown broadcast and lightly harrowed in, or planted in hills and cultivated until well started.

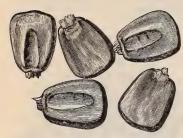
KAFFIR CORN has become a staple crop in dry sections where Indian or common field corn fails frequently

KAFFIR CORN has become a staple crop in dry sections where Indian or common field corn fails frequently during seasons of drought. It is of strong stocky growth, furnishing large crops of grain and fodder. The grain is borne in heads at the top of the stalks, and makes an excellent ration for stock and poultry. It should be planted in drills four feet apart and cultivated like field corn. Fifteen pounds of seed will plant one acre.



e ·	1	1	1		
	Per pkt.	Per oz.	1/4 lb.	Per fb.	10 fbs.
Teosinte (Euchlæna luxurians),	\$0 05	\$0 06	\$0 20	\$0 70	\$6 50
Soja Bean,	5	5	10	15	1 25
Dwarf Essex Rape. (Per 100 fbs. \$7.50),	10			10	80
Australian Salt Bush,	10	12	30	1 10	10 00
Giant Beggar Weed,	5	7	15	40	3 50
Kaffir Corn,	10			10	70
Vicia Villosa, or Hairy Vetch (\$7.50 per bushel of 60 lbs.).	10			15	1 30
			-		. ,
		4 Quarts			
Broom Corn, Improved Evergreen,		40	75	2 75	≈5 25
Broom Corn, Dwarf Evergreen,		50	90	3 50	6 50
Mammoth Russian Sunflower,	15	40	65	2 00	3 75
White Beauty Sunflower,	20	60	90	3 00	100
Spanish Peanuts,	15	40	65	2 25	
New Mammoth Peanut. (Per pkt. 15 cts.),	45	1000		Alley of	
Chufas,	20.	60	1 10	4 00	
Clay Cow Peas,	15	40	75	2 75	5 25
Whip-poor-will Cow Peas,	15	40	75	2 75	5 25
Silver Hull Buckwheat,	10	25	35	1 25	2 25
New Japanese Buckwheat,	10	25	35	1 25	2 25
Early Orange Sugar Cane,	15	45	70	2 25	- 4 00
Early Amber Sugar Cane,	15	45	70	2 25	4 00
Velvet Bean,	15	45	75	2 75	5 25
Canada Field Peas,	10	25	45	1 75	3 25

FIELD CORN.



We test annually at FORDHOOK FARMS all the new and distinct varieties of field corn, and recommend confidently the following as the most desirable kinds. *Early Canada Yellow Flint* is long-eared, eight-rowed, and very hardy, ripening in advance of all other large-eared sorts, but, on account of the small fodder and hard flinty grain, cared sorts, but, on account of the small fodder and hard flinty grain, is very seldom planted where the finer dent sorts will mature, unless quite late as a catch crop on unoccupied ground. WATERLOO DENT is the finest of the extra early Dent corns, maturing with us in one hundred days from planting; the ears are of good size, grains slender and quite deep, yielding a very large product of shelled corn. King of the Earlies and Pride of the North are of the same type, slightly earlier, and with smaller ears. Leaning is medium early, with large ears well filled with deep, slender grains. WHITE CAP DENT is quite hardy, medium early, with light-amber grains, capped with pearly white; the grain is slightly hard and floury. Hickory King is an extra large white-grained variety, with slender cob. Iowa Silver Mine is probably the earliest white Dent corn in cultivation. Snow White Dent matures in 100 to 115 days and yields an enormous crop. PEDRICK'S PERFECTED GOLDEN BEAUTY is an earlier ripening type of our Golden Beauty; a very strong grower and heavy yielder; we consider it the best variety for general planting. Chester County Mammoth grows to a large size, both in stalk and ear, and is second in productiveness only to our GOLDEN BEAUTY, which yields the largest crops of any variety of yellow corn we have ever grown; both require strong, rich soil and a season of four months in which to mature the grain.

the grain.

	*	,		
		Per	Sack of	
	Per pk	Bushel.	2 Bush.	10 Bush.
King of the Earlies. The best early variety,	\$0 55	\$1 65	\$3 10	\$14 50
Pride of the North, or Queen of the Prairie,	55	1 65	3 10	14 50
Early Mastodon Dent. Very handsome ears,	55	1 65	3 10	14 50
Waterloo Extra Early Dent. Ripens in ninety days,	55	1 65	3 10	14 50
Burpee's Golden Beauty. Large, handsome yellow grains, .	65	1 85	3 50	16 50
Pedrick's Perfected Golden Beauty. A selected strain,	70	2 40	4 50	21 00
Chester County Mammoth. A productive large-eared variety,	65	1 85	3 50	16 50
The Leaming. The favorite in many sections,	55	1.65	3 10	14 50
White Cap Dent. Grains amber-yellow, tipped white,	. 55	1 65	3 10	14 50
Snow White Dent. Large-eared white variety,	65	1 85	3 50	16 50
White Hickory King. A favorite white variety,	65	1 85	3 50	16 50
lowa Silver Mine. A very early white variety,	55	1 65	3 10	14.50
Early Canada Yellow Flint. An improved strain,	55	1 65	3 10	14 50
Sugar Corn for Green Fodder,	60	2 25	4 25	20 00

OATS.

The Danish Island is a very hardy variety, with strong stiff straw; it is a heavy yielder, and in northern New York, where we have our seed grown, has replaced most other varieties. The Welcome Oats, first introduced by us, have long been a standard variety; they grow quite tall, furnishing a large crop of fine straw, while the large branching heads yield an immense crop of heavy grain. The Golden Giant Side Oats are very hardy and productive; we have found it especially adapted to thin land and dry hilly locations. Sow two to three bushels per acre broadcast, as early in the spring as the ground can be properly prepared.

	Bush. of 32 fbs.	Sack of 2 Bush.	Per 10 Bush.
Danish Island. (See illustration in The Farm Annual),	\$1 10	\$2 00	\$9 50
Welcome. (See page 116 of The Farm Annual),	1 10	2 00	9 50
Golden Giant Side,	1 60	3 00	

CLOVER SEED.

The Clover seed we offer is exclusively of the finest grades the market affords, and is free from trash, weed seeds, or dodder. We do not attempt to compete in price with the low-priced grades usually sold in country stores and by jobbers. The small additional cost for the best and cleanest seed is money well invested, when the prime importance of securing a good stand with freedom from noxious or troublesome weeds is considered. While the seed we offer is all of high germinating power, we advise sowing a liberal quantity to insure a satisfactory stand, as the extra cost of five or ten pounds of additional seed per acre is very slight as compared with cost of plowing and reseeding, aside from the loss of a season's crop of hay or pasturage.

plowing and reseeding, aside from the loss of a season's crop of hay or pasturage.

The common or Red Medium Clover, frequently called *Cow Grass*, and its larger type, the Mammoth Pea-Vine Clover, are the varieties usually sown in the Northern and Middle Western States, either alone or in addition to other grasses. Both are strong-growing perennials, yielding two or more crops per season of valuable forage and endure for several years.

Alsike of Hvbrid Clover is not so generally known as the preceding, but we consider it of *even greater value.* It is especially desirable for sowing with other grasses for mixed hay, as the stalks are more slender, grow to a greater height, and blossoming later, it is in the best condition for cutting at the same time as *Timothy* and other late-flowering grasses. It is also more persistent than the Red Clovers and will endure longer in the sod when grown with other grasses.

The Crimson or Italian Clover is an annual variety of very rapid growth during cool moist weather, and is now quite largely planted for a green crop to turn under in the spring. If sown late in the summer or early in the fall among cultivated during cool moist weather, and is now quite largely planted for a green crop to turn under in the spring, in ample season for planting corn and other crops. Gathering large quantities of nitrogen from the atmosphere, it is a wonderful soil enricher when used in this manner. It can also be cured into excellent hay if cut before the hairy seed-heads form; if these are allowed to mature, they are quite injurious when fed to stock, forming hair-balls in the animal's stomach.

Alfalfa, or Lucerne, is largely grown in the West, and is being of strong luxuriant growth, and yields immense crops of very valuable forage,—from three to five cuttings in a season. It is of great value as a soil enricher, and for the best results should be sown alone early in the spring.

The Bokhara or Buffalo Clover resembles the Alfalfa in growth, but is of clover-like plosmoth. It has small sw

rate of fifteen to twenty-five pounds per acre.





Prices subject to market changes. 30 Bokhara (Melilotus alba), 8 Crimson Trefoil, or Scarlet Italian (Trifolium incarnatum). Per bushel, \$4.50,

Extra Clean GRASS SEEDS.



Clean grass seed of strong vitality and free from any admixture of weed seeds is a most essential requisite for successful farming. Pasturage and hay are of chief importance in all kinds of stock raising and feeding, while the rotation with other crops is necessary to keep up the fertility of the soil. We offer choice clean seed of the leading varieties, which are of **the best grades obtainable**. We shall be glad at any time to assist our customers in the selection of the best varieties for especial locations or purposes, as well as to quote prices on large quantities of special varieties or mixtures. As seed of some of the leading varieties is subject to frequent market changes, prices will be quoted on these by letter at any time.

will be quoted on these by letter at any time.

TIMOTHY is one of the best-known grasses, largely grown for marketing in the large cities, and of excellent value to grow in mixture with other grass to produce hay for stock feeding. It is of the greatest feeding value when well ripened and highly esteemed for feeding horses. Herd, or Red Top, is a valuable native grass, desirable for meadows, pastures, and lawns in mixture with other grasses.

KENTUCKY BLUE, pre-eminently a pasture grass, resists the tramping of cattle, and thrives best in dry soils, retaining its verdure during the hottest summer weather. It is also fine for lawns. Enclish Rye is a nutritious permanent grass of quick growth for meadows, pastures, and lawns. ITALIAN RYE thrives in nearly all soils and is superior for irrigated meadows. Yellow Oat Grass is of strong growth, excellent for dry meadows and pastures. CRESTED DOGSTALL on hard dry soils is excellent for dry meadows and pastures. Crested Dogstail, on hard dry soils, is

and is superior for irrigated meadows. Yellow Oat Grass is of strong growth, excellent for dry meadows and pastures. Crested Dogstail, on hard dry soils, is valuable for pastures and lawns.

Hard Fescue is most desirable for dry soils, sheep pastures, and for shady lawns. Sheep Fescue is of smaller, more compact growth than the preceding. Meadow Fescue is useful for permanent pastures, very productive and nutritious. Creeping Bent succeeds in nearly all soils and locations. It is valuable for pastures, lawns, tennis courts, and golf links, as it resists tramping and will withstand repeated clipping. Meadow Foxtail is valuable only in the North and should be sown only in mixture with other grasses. Tall Meadow Oat is desirable for permanent pastures, being of early luxuriant growth, relished by cattle, and makes excellent hay. Wood Meadow is a very productive and nutritious grass, adopted for lawns and pastures; thrives well under the shade of trees. Rough-Stalked Meadow is of quick growth, but desirable only for moist soils. Bromus Schrædder, an annual of quick strong growth, is principally used for winter grazing in the South. Hungarian Brome, or Awnless Brome, a perennial of very luxuriant growth, four to five feet in height, is an ideal grass for hot dry regions and light or sandy soils.

Hungarian Millet is one of the most useful annual forage plants, growing quickly in any ordinary soil and withstanding both heat and drought. Goldden or Greman Millet, of much and is enormously productive on rich soil. East India or Greman Millet, of much and is enormously productive on rich soil. East India or Greman Millet, of wery strong growth, eight to ten feet high, should be sown in rows four feet apart and cultivated like corn.

For general planting, either for hay or pasture on widely differing soils, we cannot too strongly recommend our Permanent Pasture. Mixture, as it makes a close dense sod, grows strongly and yields large crops of hay or abundant pasturage. We have found it equally satisfactory for level meado

Prices subject to market changes.	Per lb.	Bushel.
Grass Mixture for Permanent Pastures. (10 lbs. or more at 17 cts.),	\$0 18	
Fordhook Finest Lawn Grass. (10 lbs. or more at 18 cts.),	20	
Burpee's "Shady Nook" Lawn Grass. (10 lbs. or more at 32 ets.),	35	
Burpee's "Golf Links" Mixture. (10 lbs. or more at 32 ets.),	35	
Fancy Cleaned Kentucky Blue Grass (Poa pratensis),	15	\$1 90
Fancy Herd, or Red Top (Agrostis vulgaris),	.17	4 00
Orchard (Dactylis glomerata),	20	2 60
Tall Meadow Oat (Avena elatior),	22	2 00
Yellow Oat (Avena flavescens),	60	
Wood Meadow (Poa nemoralis),	45	
Rough-Stalked Meadow (Poa trivialis),	32	~
Meadow Foxtail (Alopecurus pratensis),	. 30	1 90
Sweet Vernal (Anthoxanthum odoratum). True perennial,	60	` `
Bromus Inermis (Hungarian Brome or Awnless Brome Grass),	18	2 00
English Rye (Lolium perenne),	14	2 50
Italian Rye (Lolium Italicum),	14	2 25
Crested Dogstail (Cynosurus cristatus),	35	6 50
Hard Fescue (Festuca duriuscula),	22	2 10
Meadow Fescue (Festuca pratensis),	20	3 50
Sheep's Fescue (Festuca ovina),	20	2 10
Bromus Schrederi, or Rescue Grass,	30	2.9
Creeping Bent (Agrostis stolonifera),	22	3 60
Johnson Grass (Sorghum halapense),	18	3 60
Timothy (Phleum pratense), about	12	3 10
Hungarian Millet,		1 60
Golden or German Millet, about		1 65
East India or Pearl Millet. (Extensively advertised as Pencillaria),	12	

Table Showing Number of Plants or Hills in One Acre of Land.

	12 Inches.	18 Inches.	2 FEET.	3 FEET.	4 ГЕЕТ.	5 FEET.	6 FEET.
12 inches,	43560					- CO PAIN.	,
15 inches,	34848						
18 inches,	29040	19360					
2 feet,	21780	14520	10890				
$2\frac{1}{2}$ feet,	17424	11616	8712		,		
3 feet,	14520	9680	7260	4840			
3½ feet,	12446	8297	6223	4148			
4 feet,	10890	7260	5445	3630	2722		
$4\frac{1}{2}$ feet,	9680	6453	4840	3226	2420		
5 feet,	8712	5808	4356	2904	2178	1742	
$5\frac{1}{2}$ feet,	7920	5280	3960	2640	1980	1584	
6 feet,	7260	4840	3630	2420	1815	1452	1210

EXPLANATION.—Find the distance between your plants or hills in the left-hand column, and the distance between the rows at the top of the column of numbers, which will give you the number of plants or hills in one acre of land.

Table Showing Quantity of Seed Required to Plant One Acre.

ARTICHOKE. 1 ounce to 100 feet of drill; 6 ounces will furnish plants to set one acre of land.

ASPARAGUS. 2 ounces to 100 feet of drill; 8 pounds 8000 roots are required to set one acre in rows 4 feet apart.

BUSH BEANS. 1 pint to 100 feet of row; 11/2 bushels per acre.

BUSH LIMAS. 1 pint to 100 feet; 3 pecks per acre.

POLE BEANS. 10 quarts per acre in hills 4 x 4 feet.
POLE LIMAS. 20 quarts per acre in hills 4 x 4 feet.

BEETS. 1 ounce to 100 feet of drill; 5 pounds per

acre in rows 3 feet apart. CABBAGE. Use 1 ounce in seed-bed to 300 feet of drill to make sure of 2000 plants. 14,000 plants early varie-

ties, 8000 plants late varieties, required per acre. CARROTS. 1 ounce of seed to 200 feet of drill; 21/2

pounds per acre in rows 3 feet apart.

CAULIFLOWER. 1 ounce in 300 feet seed drill to make sure of producing 2000 plants; 3000 plants per acre planted 4 x 4 feet.

CELERY. 1 ounce to 300 feet of drill in seed-bed to produce 5000 plants; 10,000 to 15,000 plants per acre.

CHICORY. 1 ounce to 100 feet of drill; 4 pounds per acre in rows 3 feet apart.

COLLARDS. 2 to 3 pounds, in rows 3 feet apart. CORN SALAD. 3 ounces to 100 feet of drill.

CORN, SWEET. 1 pint to 100 hills, 12 quarts per acre in hills 4 x 4 feet apart.

CRESS, WATER. 1 ounce to 16 square feet.

CRESS, or PEPPER GRASS. 1 ounce to 200 feet.

CUCUMBERS. 2 ounces of seed to 100 hills, 2 pounds per acre in hills 5 x 5 feet apart.

DANDELION. 1 cance to 100 feet of drill,

EGG PLANT. 1 ounce sown thinly will produce 1000 plants. Set 3600 plants per acre planted 3 x 4 feet.

ENDIVE. 1/4 ounce to 100 feet of drill; 41/2 pounds per acre in rows 18 inches apart.

GOURD. 2 ounces to 100 hills.

HORSE=RADISH. 15,000 sets, planted 1 x 3 feet apart. KALE, or BORECOLE. Of tall varieties 1 ounce to 300 feet of drill for transplanting; of small, dwarf varieties 3 pounds per acre in rows 3 feet apart.

KOHL-RABI. For transplanting, 1 ounce in seed-bed will produce 2000 plants sown in rows 3 feet apart; 2 to 3 pounds per acre.

LEEKS. 1 ounce to 100 feet of drill; 4 pounds per acre. LETTUCE. 1 ounce to 300 feet of drill; 3 pounds per acre in drills 18 inches apart.

MARTYNIAS. ½ ounce to 100 hills 3 feet apart.

MUSK MELONS. 2 ounces to 100 hills, or 2 pounds per acre in hills 4 x 4 feet apart.

WATERMELONS. 1 ounce to 25 hills, or 2 pounds to one acre in hills 8 x 8 feet apart.

MUSHROOMS. 1 pound to 9 square feet of bed.

MUSTARD. 1 ounce to 100 feet of drill, or 3 pounds per acre in drills 3 feet apart.

NASTURTIUM. 2 ounces to 100 feet of drill.

ONION. For bulbs, 1 ounce to 200 feet of drill; 4 to 6 pounds per acre in drills 12 inches to 2 feet apart. For sets, 60 pounds of seed per acre. For pickling, 40 pounds of seed per acre.
Of sets, 8 bushels are required to plant one acre.

2 ounces to 100 feet of drill, or 10 pounds per OKRA. acre in drills 4 feet apart.

PARSLEY. 1 ounce to 200 feet of drill.

PARSNIP. 1 ounce to 200 feet of drill; 3 pounds per acre in drills 3 feet apart.

PEAS. 1 quart to 100 feet of row; 2 bushels per acre in rows 4 feet apart.

PEPPER. 1 ounce for 2000 to 3000 plants. to 14,000 plants (according to size of growth) per acre.

POTATOES. 10 bushels of whole tubers per acre. PUMPKINS.

UMPKINS. 1 pound to 200 or 300 hills; 3 to 4 pounds per acre in hills 10 x 10 feet or 12 x 12 feet apart. RADISH. 1 ounce to 100 feet of drill; 8 to 10 pounds

per acre. RHUBARB. 1 ounce to 100 feet of drill; 3000 plants

per acre planted 3 x 5 feet apart.

SALSIFY. 1 ounce to 100 feet of drill; 8 pounds per acre in rows 3 feet apart.

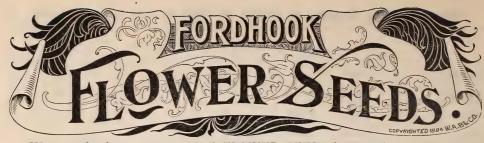
SPINACH. 1 ounce to 100 feet of drill; 8 pounds per acre in drills, or 30 pounds broadcast.

SQUASH. Summer varieties, 4 ounces to 100 hills; 5 pounds per acre in hills 4 x 4 feet apart.

Winter varieties, 8 ounces to 100 hills; 3 to 4 pounds per acre in hills 8 to 12 feet apart each way.

TOMATOES. Sown thinly 1 ounce should produce 3500 plants, sufficient for one acre. If planted in hills and afterward thinned out, 1 pound per acre.

TURNIPS AND RUTA BAGAS. 1 ounce to 200 feet of drill; 2 pounds per acre in drills, or 1 fb broadcast.



We are the largest growers of FLOWER SEEDS in America,—excepting only one or two wholesale growers who do not sell to the planter. Besides greenhouses and frames, we devote many acres at our famous FORDHOOK FARMS to the growth of special strains, while others are produced on contract by careful growers both at home and abroad,—subject to personal inspection Thus we secure a complete stock of FLOWER SEEDS that is unequaled,—vastly superior to the seeds generally handled either by American or European dealers. In Flowers as well as in Vegetables, for which our house is so widely famous, we devote untiring labor and spare no expense to obtain Only the BEST SEEDS that can be grown. Of the many NOVELTIES introduced each season, the majority are actually not worthy of cultivation. All are thoroughly tested in our greenhouses and trial grounds, but only those that prove to be of real merit and sufficiently true to type are catalogued. Any variety ordered from the following list, therefore, with proper treatment, is sure to give entire satisfaction.



ON all ORDERS for SEEDS IN RETAIL PACKETS we allow a discount of thirty-three and one-third per cent. from the price quoted "per packet," as stated on second page cover.

ABUTILON.

Our seed, although sold only in mixture, is saved from the choicest named varieties and gives great satisfaction grown either as pot-plants or for bedding.

PER PER PKT. OZ,

Royal Prize, Mixed, (1000 seeds, 75 cts.) \$0 10 \$6 00 New Fancy California, (500 seeds, 50 cts.) 15

AGERATUM.

Mexicanum is the old, small, blue-flowered type, growing two feet high, and Albiflorum its white-flowered counterpart. The new Tom Thumb varieties, ered counterpart. The new *Tom Thumb* varieties, though very dwarf and compact in growth, have large heavy foliage and very large flowers; they are excellent both as pot-plants or for bordering flower-beds.

Mexicanum,											20	
66	Albiflo	rum	,							5	20	
4.6	Tom 7	Γhur	nb.	, M	lix	ed	,	٠	٠	5	30	



THE BEST SWEET ALYSSUM.

ALYSSUM.

Benthami is the popular old type, suitable for bedding; also an excellent plant for edges of vases, hanging-baskets, etc. Compactum is more dwarf and equally floriferous. Little Gem, a true dwarf of very compact growth, only three inches high when in full bloom, is the finest for pot-plants or edging, but too short-stemmed for cut-flowers. Saxatile, a hardy variety, blooming very early the second spring from seed, bearing a profusion of bright-yellow flowers, is fine for cutting and a splendid plant for perennial bor-

ders.	PER	PER
	PKT.	OZ.
Benthami (Sweet Alyssum),	. \$0 05	\$0 15
" Compactum (Tom Thumb), .	. 5	20
" Little Gem,		30
Saxatile Compactum,	. 5	25

ANTIRRHINUM (Snapdragon).

These are becoming more popular each year. Picturatum is a strain of tall growth, having long spikes of large flowers and a wide range of brilliant colors, while the Dwarf Mixed is a fine mixture of dwarfer growing sorts of compact habit, bearing erect spikes twelve to fifteen inches in length. Grown in a cool greenhouse the spikes generally sell well in winter as cut-flowers.

						ŀ	ER	PER
						F	KT.	OZ.
Picturatum,								
Dwarf Varieties, Mixed,								
Giant-Flowered, Mixed,	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠		10	35

AQUILEGIA (Hardy Columbine).

These highly ornamental plants are quite popular now for use in rockwork or in the garden. Skinneri'is a pretty single-flowered variety, bearing flowers of a vivid scarlet, with bright-yellow center. The Choice Double is a fine mixture, producing double flowers in a wide range of beautiful colors.

	PER	PER
		OZ.
Skinneri, (per ½ oz., 60 cts.)	\$0 10	\$4 00
Choice Double Mixed	5	20

ARCTOTIS (African Daisy).

Hardy free-flowering plants of open growth and with silvery-gray foliage, single saucer-shaped flowers two inches in diameter with slender ray-like white petals backed with light blue; flowers most freely in the cool fall months; long stems. PER

PKT. OZ. Arctotis Grandis, ... (per 1/4 oz., 40 cts.) \$0 10 \$1 50

ASPARAGUS.

This new species is now most popular with florists, both as a decorative pot-plant and for floral decora-tion; it is quite easily grown from seed.

Asparagus Sprengeri, (100 seeds, 40 cts.) \$0 25

Burpee's Little Gem SWEET ALYSSUM.

This strain of Sweet Alyssum, introduced by us in 1886, has proved to be the best for all purposes, and in fact so many of our competitors have recognized its value that it has been recently offered under such names as Carpet of Snow, White Carpet, etc.

Florists will find Little Gem Alyssum just what they

want for bedding or potting.

ASTERS.

The Aster is extremely popular and valuable as a summer cut-flower for florists. We exercise the greatest care in the selection of our stocks, such as will produce uniformly large flowers with full double centers. The cheap strains which bear only semi-double flowers and cheap strains which bear only semi-double flowers and show the yellow center are practically worthless as a market cut-flower. It is important, in growing Asters for the cut-flower trade, to have a supply of fine flowers for as long a period as possible, and that the flowers should be borne upon stems of good length. We therefore offer the following hints, to assist florists in making their selections of varieties, and shall be glad to answer special inquiries at any time.

The earliest type to produce fine large flowers is the COMET ASTER, and of these the most desirable for cutflowers are the new branching varieties, as the plants grow two feet in height and the flowers have fine long stems. The new Dwarf Perfection is an extremely early Comet, growing one foot high in the open ground, but if started early under glass the plants grow 18 inches high and the flowers are furnished with stems of good length.

For indeseason flowering we recommend the

and the flowers are furnished with stems of good length. For mid-season flowering, we recommend the VICTORIA, TRUFFAUT'S PÆONY PERFECTION, and JEWEL OF BALL ASTERS. These are all stiffly erect or upright in growth, averaging two feet high in good soil, and produce fine, large, double flowers on stiff stems of good length. The Victoria flowers have flatly spread petals, reflexed or curving do xinward at the outer edges, while the Pæony Perfection have the petals more erect and slightly curved inward. The petals of the Jewel or Ball are strongly curved inward, making a rounded ball-like flower which entirely hides the center. For the latest supply, plant the AMERICAN BRANCHING ASTERS. These grow two to three feet high and branch very freely, the flowers being of the largest size (2½ to 4 inches across), and each furnished with a long stiff stem, rivaling the Chrysanthemum both in size of flower and length of stem.

and length of stem.



A SINGLE PLANT OF COMET ASTER.

Maniation of Astron		
Varieties of Asters. P	ER	PER
	KT.	OZ.
Betteridge's Prize, Mixed, \$	0 05	\$0 30
Boltze's Dwarf Bouquet, Mixed,	10	I 00
Christmas Tree, Mixed,	10	85
Branching, Black-blue,	10	85
" Crimson,	10	85
" " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "	10	85
" Mary Semple,	10	75
" Rose,	10	85 85
" White,	10	80 80
" Mixed,	10	60
Cocardeau, or Crown, Mixed,	10	75
Comet, Bright Light Blue and White,	. 10	I 00
Clear Carmine,	10	I 00
" Dark Blue,	10	I 00
" Dark Rose,	10	I 00
" Light Blue,	-10	I 00
" Lilac bordered with White,	10	I 00
"Pure Lilac,	10	I 00
" White,	10	I 00
" Mixed,	10	85
" Giant White, (¼ oz., 35 cts.)	10	I 25
" Mixed, (1/4 oz., 30 cts)	IO	1 00
" Branching, Freedom,		
(½ oz., 40 cts.)	IO	I 50
" . " Victory,		_
(¼ oz., 40 cts.)	10	. I 50
wnite,		
(½ oz., 40 cts.)	IO	I 50
Dwarf Perfection, White, "Earliest		
Comet," (¼ oz., 60 cts.)	IO	
Diamond, Mixed, (1/4 oz., 30 cts.)	10	I 00
Dwarf, Chrysanthemum-flowered, Mixed,	. 5	I 00
Pæony-flowered Perfection, Mixed,	10	1 00
Queen, White, (1/4 oz., 40 cts.)	10	I 50
"Crimson, (¼ oz., 40 cts.) "Dark Blue, (¼ oz., 40 cts.)	10	1 50
" Light Blue, (½ 02., 40 cts.)	10	I 50
" Finest Mixed. (¼ oz., 40 cts.)	10	I 50
" Victoria, Dark Blue, (1/4 oz., 40 cts.)	10	1 25
Pure White, 1/4 oz., 40 cts.)	10	I 50
" Scarlet, . (1/4 oz., 40 cts.)	10	I 50 I 50
" Mixed, (¼ oz., 35 cts.)	10	I 25
Fire King, or Triumph Scarlet,	10	1 25
(¼ oz., 65 cts.)	10	2 25
German Quilled, Mixed,	.5	25

Japanese Flesh-colored, . . (1/4 oz., 50 cts.) Rose, (¼ oz., 50 cts.) Mixed, (¼ oz., 40 cts.)

	Varieties of Asters,—Conti	nued	[.	
		PER	PE	ER
		PKT.	02	z.
	Jewel, or Ball, Apple Blossom,	\$0 10	\$1	35
	" Fiery Scarlet, with White, .	10	I	35
	" "Light Purple,	IO	I	35
	Mixed,	10	1	10
	Ostrich Plume, White, (1/4 oz., 40 cts.)	IO	I	50
	" " Mixed, (¼ oz., 30 cts.)	10	I	00
	Queen of the Market, Mixed,	5		60
	Queen of Spring, Mixed,	IO		85
	Truffaut's Pæony-flowered Perfection, Snow-			
	White, (½ oz., 40 cts.)	10	I	35
	ræony-nowered Perfection,			
	Darkest Blue, . (¼ oz., 40 cts.)	10	1	35
	ræony-nowered Perfection,			
	Glowing Dark-crimson,			
	(½ oz., 40 cts.)	10	I	35
	ræony-nowered, Perfection,			
	Mixed, (¼ oz., 30 cts.)	IO	1	00
	Victoria, Dark Blue, (4 oz., 50 cts.)	10	I	75
	Pure White, (1/4 oz., 50 cts.)	10	1	75
	Scarret, (4 oz., 50 cts.)	10	I	75
	MIXEU,	10		50
	Washington, Mixed, (4 oz., 35 cts.)	10		25
ı	Fine Mixed, all Colors,	5		60
ı	Fordhook Favorites, Mixed, (1/4 oz., 35 cts.)	15	I	25
ł	4 T 1: 4 C + tt This has n	roved	to	he.

"Earliest Comet." This has proved to be the very earliest to bloom at Fordhook Farms for the past four seasons. The plants grow only eight to ten inches high, but as they branch from near the base, the flowers are borne upon good stems. The flowers measure two and a half inches in diameter. The several rows of outer people. inches in diameter. The several rows of outer petals are gracefully reflexed, while the center is filled with short erect quilled petals,—the whole having a graceful feathery effect. This variety from its dwarf habit of growth is especially desirable as a pot-plant. Per pkt. 10 cts.; 3 pkts. for 25 cts.; per ¼ oz. 60 cts.

New Aster,—Ostrich Plume White. A splendid feathery bouquet flower, four inches in diameter and furnished with a long stiff stem; blooms earlier than the white comet, which it somewhat re-

sembles. Flowers quite flat with three rows of long slender feathery petals, center well hidden by the short tubular petals. Excellent for growing under glass of for early flowers in the open ground. Per pkt. 15 cts.; 2 pkts. for 25 cts.; per ½ oz. 40 cts.; oz. \$1.50.



BURPEE'S "EXQUISITE" BALSAM.

BALSAMS.

Balsams, or, as they were formerly called, Lady's Slippers, reach their finest perfection of growth and Suppers, reach their finest perfection of growth and bloom at Fordhook Farms, and our strains from many years of the most careful selection can be depended upon to produce the choicest double flowers. Our New Defiance White is especially selected to produce the best double white flower of the largest size and functionally force (double overtex and expendite force). duce the best double white flower of the largest size and finest camellia form (double centers and reflexed petals) for florists who grow on a large scale to furnish fine white flowers for design-work through the summer. We offer also Benary's new white Alba perfecta, grown from imported seed, which is second only to our Defiance strain. The flowers of both of these have a pure white back, free from the pink tint present in the older white-flowered type sold for florists' use.

The new Exquisite is an exceedingly fine variety of the Defiance strain; the color is best described as shell-rose. Amongst the other named sorts we especially

the Defiance strain; the color is best described as shell-rose. Amongst the other named sorts we especially recommend Daisy Miller, a soft blush of fine camellia form; Perfection Pink, a bright soft pink; Perfection White, a choice double camellia-flowered white, but with a pink back; Pure White, smaller and not so double, but very floriferous, fine for bedding; and Sunshine, a fine double flower of large size, and of a pale primprose-yellow shade. primrose-yellow shade.

BURPEE'S DEFIANCE BALSAMS, MIXED, contain the choicest named varieties of our own introduction; they choicest named varieties of our own introduction; they are all very double, of the most perfect camellia form and finest colorings. Burpee's Superb Camellia-flowered, Mixed, is a good double-flowered strain, superior to most offered by other seedsmen, and excelled only by our Defiance strain. The Camellia-flowered, Mixed, as offered, is from carefully grown seed and will be found to be very good for the price.

PKT. OZ. Burpee's Superb Camellia-flowered, Mixed, \$0 10 \$0 60 10 I IO I 10 10 90 Pure White, . . 6 75 1 25 io 4.6 Sunshine, IO Defiance, Splendid, Mixed,
Defiance Exquisite, (½ oz., 75 cts.)
White Defiance . (½ oz., 50 cts.)
fecta, . . . (½ oz., 60 cts.)
favuered Mixed 15 I 50 15 I 75 Alba Perfecta, . . Prince Bismarck, IO I 50 00 10 Prince Bismarck, Camellia-flowered, Mixed,



TUBEROUS-ROOTED BEGONIA.

BEGONIAS.

Few florists as yet realize what fine Begonias can be raised quickly and easily from seed for sale as potplants for summer bedding or for house blooming throughout the year. Begonia Vernon is a choice strain of the Semperflorens type, which grows finely and flowers profusely in the open ground, having deeppink flowers. Vulcan is similar in growth, bearing flowers of the brightest scarlet. The new Gold-Leaf is especially fine, the leaves retaining their bright golden hue even in full sunlight. Duchess of Edinburgh, Queen Anna, Erfordia, and Gracilis alba are exceedingly fine and recommended for bedding. White Gem is quite dwarf and compact, making a fine plant for pot culture, being a constant bloomer; the small plants are literally covered with the graceful sprays.

Our Begonia Rex is carefully hybridized from the finest named varieties; new and distinct colorings may be raised from each packet; florists may thus quickly secure a fine supply of large handsome-leaved plants.

For all the above Begonias,—see next page.

For all the above Begonias,—see next page.

Tuberous-Rooted BEGONIAS.

Our strains of TUBEROUS-ROOTED BEGONIAS are carefully hybridized from finest-formed flowers of most brilliant colorings. Plants grown from the Fordhook Gigantic Strain frequently produce flowers six inches across in the single-flowered and three to four inches in the double-flowered; the latter are of especially fine form and very full centered. Tuberous-Rooted Begonias from seed sown in January and February will flower freely the first season.

Fordbook Gigantic Tuberous-Rooted Begonias, Single, Mixed. This selection, grown at Fordbook Farms, is unsurpassed. We recommend the single varieties as the best for general purposes. A packet contains about 500 seeds. Per pkt. 25 cts.; 5 pkts. for \$1.00; half-size pkt. 15 cts. Trade packet of 1000 seeds, 35 cts. seeds, 35 cts.

Tuberous=Rooted Begonias, Double, Fine Mixed. Carefully hybridized. Per small pkt. 25 cts. Trade packet of 500 seeds, 75 cts.

STRONG BULBS of Tuberous-Rooted BEGONIAS as follows:

Single varieties in finest mixture. Grand in size and colors. 5 for 25 cts.; 40 cts. per doz.; \$3.00 per 100. Crimson, Pink, White, Yellow, and Orange,—separate, at 4 for 25 cts.; 60 cts. per doz., or \$3.75 per 100. Double varieties in finest mixture. These are so magnificent that single specimen plants attract univeradmiration. Very choice for pot culture. Price 5 for 40 cts.; 75 cts.; per doz., or \$5.75 per 100. Double Crimson, Pi.k. White, and Yellow,—each at 5 for 50 cts.; 90 cts. per doz.; \$7.00 per 100.



BURPEE'S NEW VULCAN BEGONIA

BEGONIA, -Free-flowering.

(Semperflorens.)

See general remarks on preceding page, and for further descriptions please consult page 140 of *Burpee's Farm Annual for 1003*.

2 47 112 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12	PKT.
Queen Anna, $(\frac{1}{64} \text{ oz.}, 75 \text{ cts.})$	\$0 15
Bijou (Dwarf Vernon), $(\frac{1}{32}$ oz., 50 cts.)	10
Coral Gem, \dots $(\frac{1}{64}$ oz., 40 cts.)	15
Duchess of Edinburgh, $(\frac{1}{64} \text{ oz.}, 50 \text{ cts.})$	
Erfordia, $(\frac{1}{64} \text{ oz.}, 50 \text{ cts.})$	
Gold Leaf, $\dots \dots (\frac{1}{32} \text{ oz.}, 50 \text{ cts.})$	
Gracilis Alba, $(\frac{1}{64} \text{ oz.}, 75 \text{ cts.})$	
Vulcan, \dots $(\frac{1}{64}$ oz., 40 cts.)	
Vernon, $(\frac{1}{32}$ oz., 35 cts.)	10
White Gem (Schmidti), $(\frac{1}{64}$ oz., 40 cts.)	IC
Burpee's Special Mixture, (16 oz., 75 cts.)	IC
Large-Leaved Rex, (500 seeds, 50 cts.)	25

BELLIS (Double Daisy).

Grown in cold-frames, these make fine plants for early spring sales, and furnish cut-flowers throughout the winter. Seed may be sown both in early spring and fall; best double-flowered plants should be transplanted to the frames for winter flowering. We especially recommend the New Double Snowball, and Long-fellow,—the finest dark pink-flowered variety.

	PER	PER
	PKT.	OZ.
Extra Double, White, (1/8 oz., 25 cts.)	\$0 05	\$1 75
Longfellow, ($\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 50 cts.)	10	3 50
New Double Snowball, . (1/8 oz., 45 cts.)	10	3 00
German Double, Mixed, (1/8 oz., 25 cts.)	5	.1 60

BEETS,-Ornamental Foliage.

The Chilian ornamental Beets produce clumps of large leaves, stiffly upright, two feet and over in height. The broad leaf-stalks are most brilliantly colored, deep scarlet or rich orange-yellow, and the large leaves are richly marked with the same colorings. They are especially showy in mixed borders and as an edging for beds of tropical plants. The Dracæna-Leaved is of low growth, six to eight inches high, producing leaves of a deep blood-red; it is very showy when planted as an edging to beds of Coleus or other brightleaved plants.

	PER	PEK
	PKT.	OZ.
Chilian Scarlet Ribbed,		
"Yellow"	5	10
Draçæna Leaf,	5	12

BRACHYCOME Iberidifolia.

(Swan River Daisy.)

The Swan River Daisy is of a close compact habit of growth, and is well adapted for small beds or rockeries.

PER PER PER PKT. OZ.

Brachycome Iberidifolia, \$0 05 \$0 50

BROWALLIA.

The *Browallia* is a handsome half-hardy annual. The plants produce a plentiful supply of their beautiful blue or white flowers throughout the whole summer.



CALCEOLARIA (Pocket Flower).

Our mixed strain of these embraces the richest shades of velvety.crimson, maroon, brown, and yellow, brightly spotted, with tigered markings in contrasting colors. They make fine plants for decorating and potplants for early spring sales, while they can, with care, be used also as cut-flowers. Our booklet, "RARE FLOWERS FROM SEED," containing full directions for their culture, sent free with the seed, if requested.

PKT. Hybrida, Mixed, (1000 seeds, 35 cts.) \$0 25

CALENDULA (Pot Marigold).

Very free-flowering plants for summer bedding, blossoming until cut off by frost, and quite desirable for pot-plants for spring sales. Meteor is a fine large flower of a rich orange color, petals lightly striped with creamy yellow; Prince of Orange, pale strawyellow; Oriole, large, bright yellow; Royal Marigold, or Trianon, rich sulphur-yellow, shaded with dark brown. All of these are of the improved large-flowered type, with fine double centers. Favorite is a new and beautiful variety; the flowers are very double, of a rich sulphur-yellow, with a faint creamy-white stripe in center of each petal.

	1 1510	I LIL
	PKT.	
Double, Mixed (Pot Marigold),	 \$0 05	\$0 10
Favorite,	 . 10	20
Meteor,	 . 5	10
Oriole, Bright Yellow,	 . 5	10
Prince of Orange,	 . 5	10
The Royal Marigold, Trianon,	 . 5	10
3 ,		

CAMPANULA, or Canterbury Bells.

Hardy perennials, which produce large bell-shaped flowers, in great profusion the second spring from seed. Colors very rich and showy, pure white, light and dark blue and pink selfs as well as shaded combinations; height, three feet; excellent for planting in borders of hardy shrubs, etc.

PER PER

	-				,							LEK	I ISIN
												PKT.	OZ.
Double, Mixed	١, .			٠								. \$0 05	\$0 60
Single, Mixed	, .	*	,	,		,	٠	٠	¥	,	٠	. 5	20



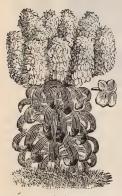
CALLIOPSIS DRUMMONDII.

CALLIOPSIS, or Coreopsis.

Free-flowering annuals of quick growth, fine for bedding, and quite useful for cut-flowers. Coronata has large flowers on good stems, bright yellow deepening to orange at the center, and richly marked with maroon; Drummondii, or Golden Wave, is compact in growth, with bright-golden flowers two inches in diameter, with darkbrown center.

								OZ.
Coronata,			 ٠.			\$0	05	\$0 12
Drummondii (Golden Wave	e).	,	 				5	12
Mixed,				٠.	1/8		5	-10
Lanceolata (perennial), .							10	35

CANDYTUFT.



This is one of the most useful flowers for designwork, and, by successive sowings, florists can have a fine supply during the summer season; it will also produce fine large flowers during the winter, when grown in a cool greenhouse. The new GIANT HYACINTH-FLOWERED is the finest strain in cultivation, producing immense heads of large snow-white flowers. New Empress also has fine large flowers, but not so large as the Giant Hyacinth-flowered; Rocket is the strain usually planted by florists, but not so desirable as those mentioned above. Sweet-scented White has

those mentioned above.

Sweet-scended White has the same style flower as the Rocket, with the addition of a pleasing fragrance to the flowers. The Extra Dark Crimson has flowers of a deep rich crimson, while in the New Carmine the flowers are a soft carmine-pink; these are fine for bedding or cut-flowers early in the spring or in a cool location. They do not flower well under our hot summer sum. Little Prince is a dwarf variety, with fair-sized heads of pure white. Rose Cardinal is a new and bright color.

	PER	PER
	PKT.	OZ.
Extra Dark Crimson,	\$0 05	\$0 10
Little Prince,	10	35
New Carmine,	5	15
New Empress, (Per lb, \$2.00)	5	20
Rocket, (Per lb, 75 cts.)	5_	10
Rose Cardinal, (½ oz., 30 cts.)	10	55
Tom Thumb (white),	5	10
White,		10
Sweet-scented White,	5	20
Giant Hyacinth-flowered, (1/2 oz., 30 cts.)) 10	- 50
Mixed, (Per tb, 60 cts.)		Io

CANNA (Indian Shot).

Our Crozy Canna Seed is saved from a grand collection of the true large-flowered dwarf type, and can be relied upon to produce plants of good stocky growth, with uniformly fine flowers. The mixed seed we offer produces plants of much larger growth, highly esteemed for their luxuriant foliage for tropical bedding.

	PER	PER
	PKT.	OZ.
Crozy's Dwarf, Mixed, (Per lb, \$1.25)	\$0 05	\$0 15
All Varieties, Mixed, (Per lb, \$1.00)	5	10
Crozv's New Varieties (including W. Atlee		
Burpee and other Novelties grown by		
M. Crozy), (Per lb, \$2 50)	10	25
		_

CARNATIONS.

The MARGUERITE CARNATIONS are fine for bedding during the summer months; they bloom in about four months from seed and are more free-flowering and more rapid in growth during the summer than the regular greenhouse varieties. Florists will find them of great value as bedding and pot-plants for summer anticulates.

of great valuandfallsales. Our Marguerite Carnation, imported seed, is a good strain, and plants from seed sown in the open ground flower freely in our Trial Grounds the

same season. Perpetual, or Tree, is the florist's or winterflowering strain, and is very choice, the seed being saved from one of the finest collections,

carefully hybridized. Red Grenadin is a hardy scarlet-flowered variety, blooming the second spring from seed, as are also the German and Choice Double-flowered, Mixed. The Picotee makes a compact plant; the flowers are finely fringed and beautifully striped.

miery minged and beautifully striped.		
	PKT.	OZ.
Choice Double, Mixed, (1/2 oz., 35 cts.)	\$0 10	\$1 00
German, Extra Fine, Double Mixed,		"
$(\frac{1}{4} \text{ oz.}, 75 \text{ cts.})$	15	- 2 50
Red Grenadin, $(\frac{1}{4} \text{ oz.}, 60 \text{ cts.})$	15	2 00
Marguerite, $(\frac{1}{4} \text{ oz., 20 cts.})$	10	60
Perpetual, or Tree, Mixed, (1/8 oz., 30 cts.)	25	2 00
Picotee, Fine Double, Mixed,	U	
$(\frac{1}{8} \text{ oz., 60 cts.})$	15	4 25
" Fancy, Extra Fine, Mixed,	. •	, ,
(½ oz., \$1.00)	25	

CARDIOSPERMUM (Balloon Vine).

A very popular climber of rapid growth; the flowers are quite small, but are quickly followed by numerous curious inflated capsules or seed-pods.

Halicacabum (Balloon Vine), \$0 05 \$0 10

CELOSIA (Cockscomb).

inches in height and are crowned with immense velvety heads or combs of the most velvety form and richest colorings. Queen of the Dwarf's is a rich glowing crimson. Among the Feathered Celosias, the Triumph of the Exposition grows two and one-half feet high and fully as large in diameter, branching freely in pyramidal form, and each branch terminating in a feathery plume of rich crimson. "Ostrich Plume" bears large close panicles of feethery bloom

The dwarf varieties grow only ten to twelve



QUEEN OF DWARFS.

reathery broom.		
	PKT.	OZ.
Cristata (Cockscomb), Dwarf, Mixed,	\$0 05	\$0 50
" Queen of Dwarfs. (¼ oz., 35 cts.)	10	I 25
" Giant Empress, . (¼ oz., 35 cts.)	10	I 25
Royal Purple,	10	. 2 00
Ostrich Plume, ($\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 25 cts.)	· IO	80
Triumph of the Exposition,	5	40



The CENTAUREA IMPERIALIS is a distinct new type, originating in a cross of Centaurea Marguerite and Centaurea moschata. This cross has produced a plant of greatly increased vigor of growth, frequently three to four feet in height, with numerous large flowers borne on long stems, in shades of color ranging through white, lilac, rose-pink, and purple. Individual flowers are also beautifully shaded, while the petals are finely fringed, giving a soft feathery effect; they are produced in great profusion. The plants succeed best in rather cool moist soil, and seed should be planted early in the spring.

CENTAUREA (Cornflowers).

The Blue Cornflowers are extremely popular and meet with ready sale as cut-flowers; the plants come into bloom early in the season and continue until late in the fall. If seed of these is sown late in the fall it will germinate very early in the spring. Cyanus, Mixed, contains several shades of blue and also pure white-flowered varieties, and we also offer the same in the double-flowered strain. Dwarf Blue Victoria is very dwarf in growth, with flowers of the deepest blue.

contains several shades of blue and also pure whiteflowered varieties, and we also offer the same in the
double-flowered strain. Dwarf Blue Victoria is very
dwarf in growth, with flowers of the deepest blue.
Marguerite is a distinct type having quite large
flowers of a pure snow-white. Imperialis is a hardier
variety, bearing in great profusion the finely fringed
flowers. Candidissima is grown for its large fern-like
leaves, covered with a silvery-white pubescence,
making a graceful and most attractive plant; it is much
the finest of the so-called "Dusty Miller" plants.
Gymnocarpa has short, rather stiff silvery foliage.

	PER	PER
a 1/2 1/2 2 1/2	PKT.	OZ.
Cyanus, Mixed (Blue Bottle),	\$0 05	\$0 IO
" fl. pl., Mixed,	5	15
Dwarf Blue Victoria,	10	40
Kaiser Wilhelm,	5	12
Marguerite,	5	50
Imperialis, Mixed, (½ oz., 25 cts.)	10	50
" Dark Lilac, (1/4 oz., 20 cts.)		75
" Favorite, (1/4 oz., 20 cts.)	10	75
" Graziosa, (¼ oz , 20 cts.)		75
" Light Lilac, . (1/4 oz., 20 cts.)) Io	75
" Clear Purple, . (1/2 oz., 20 cts.)		. 75
" Rosea, , (¼ oz., 20 cts.)		75
" Splendens, (1/4 oz., 20 cts.		75
" Variabilis, (1/4 oz., 20 cts.)		75
" White, (1/4 oz., 20 cts.)		75
Candidissima, (1/4 oz., 35 cts.)		I 25
Gymnocarpa,	10	40

CHRYSANTHEMUM.

The annual or summer-flowering Chrysanthemums are but little known, and deserve more extended culture as bedding plants.

They grow best and flower most freely in rather cool locations, not succeeding well during the hot summer of the South. The single varieties produce brightly colored flowers of large size. Eclipse is a fine golden-yellow flower, with purplish-scarlet ring and brown center. In the Golden Feather, the plants have golden foliage. Inodorum plenissmum is a hardy variety, bearing clusters of double white flowers on long stems; it is useful for cutflowers. A large percentage of the plants



flowers on long stems; it is useful for cutflowers. A large percentage of the plants
come double flowered, and only these should be kept
over winter; they flower much more freely the second
season. Indicum is the small-flowered hardy variety
of the old-fashioned gardens: Of the Perennial
Varieties, Mixed, the plants raised from seed sown in
the open ground flower freely with us before frost, in
the fall; a large percentage produce double flowers in
quite a range of colorings, and which are satisfactory
for bedding purposes.

PKT. 02.

for bedaing parposess	PKT.	OZ.
Coronarium, Double, Mixed,	\$0 05	\$0 12
Frutescens (Paris White Daisy),		. 60
Indicum, Double, Mixed, . (1/8 oz., 50 cts.)	15	3 50
Inodorum Plenissimum,		60
Maximum, Perfection,	10	50
Perennial Varieties, Mixed, $(\frac{1}{16} \text{ oz.}, \$1.00)$		
Tricolor Eclipse,		~ 15
" Golden Feather,		. 15
" Annual Varieties, Single, Mixed,	5	12

CINERARIA.

Our strains of the winter-flow-ering CINERARIA are grown by the leading European specialists, and we especially recommend the large-flowering strain which is grown by Mr. JAMES DOUGLASS, whose plants receive the highest premiums at the English flower-shows. To have large plants in flower by December, the seed should be sown in April or May.



The Cineraria maritima is a summer bedding plant of the "Dusty Miller" class, the stem and leaves being covered with a silver-white bloom, from which it takes the latter name; fine for baskets or for edging flower-beds.

Hybrida, Large-flowering, Finest Mixed, PKT. OZ.

(1000 seeds, 60 cts.; \(\frac{1}{16} \) Oz., \(\frac{9}{2}.50 \) \(\frac{9}{2} \) Eybrida, Fine Mixed, (1000 seeds, 35 cts.)

Hybrida, Double, Extra Choice, Mixed, (1000 seeds, 60 cts.)

Maritima (Dusty Miller), \(\frac{1}{2} \) COBOEA.

This is a very free-flowering plant, of small compact growth, extremely useful for spring sales as pot-plants or for baskets and vases. The slender scarlet flowers are tipped with orange, and the plant is a most profuse bloomer throughout the year.

PKT.

Platycentra, (16 oz., 40 cts.) \$0 15



superior strains named above.

COLEUS. PER PKT. Fancy Fringed and Laciniated (1000 seeds, 65 cts.) \$0 15 Sunset Strain of Large-leaved Varieties, (1000 seeds, 65 cts.) Giant "Copper-leaved,". . (1000 seeds, 65 cts.) Irish Zulu, Mixed. (1000 seeds, 30 cts.) New Dwarf, (1000 seeds, 70 cts.)



CYPRESS VINE.

CYPRESS VINE.

A rapid-growing summer climber, with finely divided dark-green foliage, thickly starred with the small bright flowers. It is especially adapted for training on strings or small wires for ornament where no shade is desired.

Scarlet, White, or Mixed, . . . Each, \$0 05 \$0 12

DISCOUNT ON PACKETS.

Please remember that on all retail prices "per packet" we allow 33½ per cent. discount.

This discount does not apply to net rates on Sweet Peas, nor to ounces and trade packets.

COSMOS.

Of this popular fall flower we offer three distinct types. The new Dawn Cosmos commences flowering early in August. The flowin August. The flow-ers are white in color, and the plants continue in bloom until frost. The Early Blooming Cosmos is an especially valuable strain for the cooler Northern States, where Cosmos is usually cut off by frost before blossoming. The flowers are larger than those of Dawnand come in three distinct shades. Cosmos hybridus is the



ordinary strain, but it is to the New Giant-flowered Mammoth Fancy strain to which we wish to call special attention. The plants grow six to eight feet high, branching freely. The grand, large flowers of this strain are of the most beautiful form and coloring. Klondike is a distinct plant growing eight to nine feet high, with brilliant yellow flowers, but requires a long season of growth. Grown in pots like a chrysanthemum it is very effective.

circeti i ei														PKT.	OZ.
Hybridus,	Mixed,													\$0 05	\$0 12
	White, .			٠										5	20
* (Pink, .												٠	5	20
ě e	Dawn, .													10	30
66	Early Bl													10	25
6.6	Giants of	ЕC	al	if	ori	nia	, I	Pu	re	·V	٧ŀ	nit	e,	IO	45
	66													10	45
	6.6							M						10	40
	Mammo	th	F	an	icy	7, I	VI:	ix	ec	l,		e		IO	60
Giant Yell														10	1 00



Natural Size Flower of CYCLAMEN,-GIANT OF CALIFORNIA.

CYCLAMEN.

The Cyclamen is one of the best-selling winter potplants for florists, succeeding admirably in a cool green-house or room. To have fine plants in flower for fall and early winter, the seed should be sown in November or December of the preceding season. They succeed best in very rich soil and a cool moist temperature. Grown in this way, large plants in five- and sixinch pots, with twenty or more large blooms, may readily be had for the holiday sales from the giant-flowered strains. The cheaper strain we offer is also very fine, and will furnish flowers in many brilliant colorings, and only inferior in size to the Giganteum. The Giants of California bear freely flowers of the largest size and finest substance; the plants are extra strong in growth and bear the grand large flowers most abundantly. PER

		PKT.	02
	Mixed, (500 seeds, 60 cts.):	\$0 IO	\$3
6.6	Giganteum, . (500 seeds, \$1.00)	15	
"	Giants of California, Crimson,		
	(100 seeds, 60 cts.)	25	
4.4	Giants of California, Pink,		
	(100 seeds, 60 cts.)	25	
4.6	Giants of California, Rose,		
	(100 seeds, 60 cts.)	25	
6.6	Giants of California, White with		
	Red Center,		
	(100 seeds, 60 cts.)	25	
6.4	Giants of California, Mixed,	Ü	
	(Inn seeds soicts)	25	

DIGITALIS (Foxglove).

Hardy perennials of the easiest culture, well adapted for use as ornamental border plants.

		F	PER	PER
Fine Mixed,	 		PKT. \$0 05	

DAHLIA, 20TH CENTURY.

A new large-flowering single variety, which comes true from seed. The plants grow four feet high with long, stiff, well-branched flower stems. The flowers long, stiff, well-branched flower stems. The flowers are saucer-shaped, five inches or more in diameter, with a single row of the broad petals-set ray-like around the large golden disc or center. These petals have a silvery white ground, more or less heavily suffused with deep rosy carmine, with a silvery-white tip and a narrow line of gold at the base. The seeds germinate very readily when sown in a shallow box of rich light soil. The young plants grow very quickly and commence to flower in about three months after the seed is planted. Per pkt. 25 cts., less one-third.

DAHLIA.

Flowering plants of Dahlias may be grown nearly as easily from seed as from roots. Seed sown in February and March will make blooming plants by August, and with our fine strain the florist's stock of dahlias may be rapidly increased and much diversified in color. The Pompon Dahlias produce small, compact, very double flowers. The Large-flowering Large-flowering The Double produces large double flowers in the richest colorings. The new Cactus Dahlia has star-like petals, which make a beautiful con-trast with the even, regu-



DOUBLE DAHLIA

lar form of the older type of flowers. The Tom Thumb lar form of the older type of flowers. The *Tom Thumb* is dwarf and compact in growth, making fine plants for bedding. The *Single-flowered Dahlias* are equally showy as the double ones, come into flower more quickly, and bloom more freely; they embrace a wide range of rich colorings, and are frequently striped or spotted in contrasting colors. Florists using our selected strains can depend on a large percentage of very fine-flowered plants and occasionally choice new varieties.

	1 2000	4 4510
	PKT.	OZ.
Choice Mixed Pompon, (1/4 oz., 30 cts.)		\$1 00
Extra Choice Selected Pompon,	5	I 50
Extra Choice Large-flowering Double,		1 25
Large-flowering Double, Mixed,	5	45
Double Cactus-flowered, Mixed,		I 00
New Tom Thumb, Mixed,		50
Striped Single,	10	55
Superb Single, Mixed, Extra Fine,	10	45
Single, Mixed,	. 10	35

DATURA (Angel's Trumpet).

The curious trumpet-shaped flowers of the Daturas make them quite an attractive feature in large flower gardens. Cornucopia has grand, large, double flowers, which are of a creamy white inside; the outside is marbled with deep purple. Golden Queen bears numerous large trumpet-shaped flowers of a brilliant yellow. Large specimen plants can be kept over winter in a frost-proof cellar if planted in tubs.

PER PER

	1 210	
	PKT.	OZ.
Cornucopia, (¼ oz., 25 cts.)	\$0 05	\$0 75
Golden Queen, (4 oz., 25 cts.)	10	.75
Mixed,	. 5	30

DELPHINIUM.

The Formosum flowers from seed the first season, but the spikes are much taller and the plants bloom more freely the second year; the flowers are of the richest dark blue and last well as cut-flowers. The plants live for many years and bloom all summer, a bed of them providing a constant supply of fine flowers throughout the season. The mixed strain is identical with the above, but embraces quite a variety of shades, from pale china-blue to the deepest and richest blue formed in double and state. found in flowering plants.

											1	PKT.	OZ.
Formosum,					۰				,		. \$	0 05	\$0 45
Choice Mixed,		٠	*	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠		5	20

DOLICHOS.

These climbers are well worthy of culture in every flower garden. Burpee's new "Daylight," a grand free-flowering white variety, and "Daykness," a fine companion with rich dark purplish-red flowers, are the best of the separate varieties now offered, and the flowers are succeeded by large showy pods of the same distinct colorings. The Mixed contains seed of several varieties

						PKT.	OZ.
Daylight,					. (Per fb, \$1.00);	\$0 05	\$0 15
					. (Per fb, \$1.25)		
					(Per 10, 60 cts.)	5	12



DIANTHUS (Chinese Pinks).

These are used chiefly for bedding, blooming freely from early summer until cut off by severe frosts. Some of the separate colors, like the pure white and the dark of the separate colors, like the pure white and the dark scarlet, are good for cut-flowers, while the bright colorings of both the single- and double-flowered strains make fine bouquets. The New Large-flowered Dwarf Double Hybria is the best we have ever grown, producing uniformly large double flowers in the richest colorings. The single-flowered Laciniatus varieties are also especially choice, the flowers measuring two inches or more across, with the edges of the petals finely fringed and brilliantly colored on a silvery-white ground. The Dwarf varieties are well adapted for borders to flower-beds or the lawn, especially in cool locations. The Fordhook Favorites contain all the best of both the large-flowered single and double varieties, and are very attractive when in full bloom.

best of both the large-flowered single and double varieties, and are very attractive when in full bloom.

Dianthus plumarius (the Pheasant's-Eye Pink) and Dianthus scoticus, double-flowered, are hardy varieties, blooming freely in May and June the second year from sowing the seed. The flowers of Plumarius are brightly marked with violet-purple and the petals finely fringed. The flowers of Scoticus are pure white, quite double, finely fringed, and have a delightful clove fragrance.

Tragrance.	PKT.	OZ.
Chinensis, Double, Mixed,	\$0 05	\$0 20
" fl. pl., Reselected,	5	35
Diadematus, fl. pl., Mixed,	. 5	45
Heddewiggii, Finest Single, Mixed,	5	30
" fl. pl., Mixed,	5	50
" Mourning Cloak,	5	60
" Dwarf Snowball,	10	50
" Fireball,	IO	65
" Queen of Holland,	10	60
" Double Firefly,		
(¼ oz., 40 cts.) 10	I 50
Imperialis, fl. pl.,		25
Laciniatus, Single, Mixed,	5	35
" Nanus, New Hybrids,	5	40
" fl. pl., Mixed,		60
" Double Salmon Queen,		60
Large-flowered Dwarf Double Hybrids, .		.50
Our Own Mixture of Many Varieties,		40
Fordhook Favorites, Mixed, (1/4 oz., 20 cts.		60
Plumarius (Pheasant's-Eye Pink),	10	
		15
Scoticus, fl. pl., (500 seeds, \$1.50) 10	

FEVERFEW (Matricaria).

Eximia (fl. pl.) has double, pure white flowers one-half inch in diameter, and produced in large clusters on a long stem; fine for cutting and quite hardy.

		PKI.	
Eximia, fl. pl.	(Feverfew),	. \$0 05	\$0 20

EUPHORBIA.

Heterophylla grows stiffly erect and in the fall produces bracts of brilliant scarlet leaves at the top of each branch, somewhat similar to the well-known *Poinsettia*. The *Marginata* (*Snow-on-the-Mountain*) grows in a compact rounded bush two feet in height, and has large green leaves widely margined with white; it is extremely showy when grown in beds of mixed flowers.

								P	KT.	0	z.
Heterophylla,		14						. \$0	10	\$0	90
Marginata, .	 	. 2				٠.			5		15



ESCHSCHOLTZIA, OR CALIFORNIA POPPY.

ESCHSCHOLTZIA (California Poppy).

Free-flowering plants for summer bedding; the seed should be sown thinly broadcast or in drills where the plants are to bloom. The plants are of low spreading growth, making a dense carpet of fine feathery foliage, thickly starred with the brilliant-hued flowers. Golden West has silvery-gray foliage and single bright canary-yellow flowers. Douglassii is of very dwarf compact growth, bearing in great profusion bright little flowers three-quarters of an inch in diameter. Mandarin has silvery-gray foliage and deep orange-colored flowers.

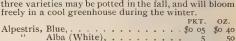
												PF	CT.	OZ.
Golden West,					:							. \$0	05	\$0 30
Mandarin, .									-	٠			5	25
Mixed,													5	15
Douglassii, .													10	30
Bush Eschsch	ol	tzia	(]	Hu	nn	em	an	nia	ι),		٠	,	10	35

FORGET-ME-NOT (Myosotis).

Very pretty flowering plants of dwarf, compact growth; nearly all the varieties flower the season and season and pro-fusely the second spring; the plants are entirely hardy. Alpes-tris has deep china-blue flowers: A. alha.

blue flowers; A. alba, pure white flowers. Eliza Fonrobert has much longer sprays, and the individual florets are twice the size of the ordinary type; rich china-blue.

Palustris is the true swamp variety. Plants of the first three varieties may be potted in the fall, and will bloom freely in a cool gracebove during the



Eliza Fonrobert, Palustris, (¼ oz., 40 cts.) 1 50

FUCHSIA.

Fine plants of Fuchsia for blooming indoors can be grown easily from seed planted in the spring; these plants may be grown in a cool greenhouse or in partial shade outdoors during the summer, and should begin to flower early in the winter. Our mixed strain is saved from a large collection of the finest named varieties. Fuchsia procumbens is of slender trailing growth, very desirable for hanging-baskets and vases; the flowers are insignificant, but are succeeded by quite large seed-pods of rich scarlet coloring. large seed-pods of rich scarlet coloring. PKT. Double and Single, Mixed, . . (500 seeds, \$1.35) Superb Mixed, (500 seeds, \$1.50) Procumbens(Trailing Fuchsia) (500 seeds, 75 cts.)

GAILLARDIA

(Mexican Blanket Flower).

This plant will grow and flower freely in the driest soils and in the most sunny locations. The brilliant-hued flowers are of large size, and grow on long stiff stems. The mixed strain embraces a wide range of the most gorgeous large single flowers; Picta Lorenziana has double flowers of large size and considerable diversity of coloring.

		0								PK	T.	OZ.
1	Fine Mixed,		78			,				. \$0	05	\$0 12
1	Picta Lorenziana,			į.	٠		ď	٠.		4 .	5	20

GER ANIUM.



Our Geranium seed is carefully hybridized from choice named varieties. The plants grown from seed pro-duce fine flowers, and sometimes new and attractive shades can be obtained. The Zonale produces single-flowered plants of the well-known bedding type; we also offer a strain producing a large per-centage of double-flow-ered plants of the same ered plants of the same type. The Fancy Pe-largonium is the Lady Washington Gerani-um, which flowers so

um, which flowers so beautifully as pot-plants in the early spring. The Apple-Scented is quite distinct, and the best of all the scented-leaved varieties; fine plants of this variety can be grown only from seed, as it has each deaved varieties; as it does not do well from cuttings.

	PER	PEK	
	PKT.	OZ.	
Apple-Scented, (250 seeds, 40 cts.)	\$0 25		
Fancy Pelargoniums, (100 seeds, 75 cts.)	25		
Finest Double, (100 seeds, \$1.00)	25		
Zonale, Mixed	. 10	\$0 50	

The Best Strains of GLOXINIA Hybrida.

The seed we offer is carefully hybridized in our greenhouses at FORDHOOK FARMS, where we have a magnificent collection, and can be depended upon to produce large erect flowers in the greatest range of colorings. The New Giant-flowered strain produces flowers three to four inches across, in the most beautiful colorings and markings. For descriptions of the following-named varieties, see page 168 of THE FARM Annual for 1903. Seed sown in March makes fine blooming plants in June; full cultural directions are given in "RARE FLOWERS FROM SEED," which is sent FREE.

			PKT.
Alba,	(50	o seeds, \$1.00) \$	0 25
Corona,	(50	o seeds, \$1.25)	25
Crimson Gem,	(500	seeds, 75 cts.)	25
Defiance,			25
Emperor Frederick, .			25
Emperor William,			25
Galatea,			25
Princess Maud,			25
New Giant-flowered, M			25
Erect, Large-flowering			
		seeds, 50 cts.)	25
Good Mixed,	(1000	seeds, 40 cts.)	15



We are the only American seedsmen who handle exclusively American-grown seed. All the seed sold by us, both of the named varieties described below and the two mixtures of Exect Large-Rouering Hybrids, has been grown in the greenhouses at Forbnow Farkus. e are the Largest Growers of GLOXINIAS in America

Please remember that from the prices quoted PER PACKET we allow a Discount on Packets. discount of one-third, but this discount does not apply to TRADE Packets or ounces, on which the prices are net. & Florists who want Retail Packets by the hundred or thousand, for selling to their customers, will be allowed a discount of fifty per cent. from the retail prices per single packet.

GOURDS.

Treated as climbers, grown on a trellis or to cover rockwork, etc., these are of rapid growth, and afford a dense shade. Many of the fruits are brightly colored, and others are of odd and curious shapes. The dried shells of some of the varieties are useful in the house, while those of the Japanese Nest-Leg make fine nesteggs, as the name implies. The form of the new Spoon Gourd is well shown in the illustration which is about 1/2 natural size. The base of the bowl is a rich dark green with the



GYPSOPHILA.

A quick-growing plant, bearing a profusion of small, star-like, white flowers. Sown early in the spring, it comes into bloom with the Sweet Peas, and the graceful sprays are largely used to give a light loose effect to the bouquets of the latter flower. Frequent sowings should be made for a succession. *Paniculata* is a hardy perennial, flowering the second year from seed.

										PI	ζT.	0	z.
Elegans, . Paniculata,										\$0	05	\$0	12
Paniculata,						٠	٠	٠	٠		5		20

HELIOTROPE.



The finest plants for summer flowering are grown from our strain of LEMOINE'S GIANT HYBRIDS; the flowers come mainly in the rich purple shades, but white and reddish mauve are also frequent. Seed sown in February make good large plants for spring sales. Dark Bouquet sales. Dark Bouquet has close compact heads has close compact heads of deep purple flowers; Lady in White, large clusters of pure white flowers. Our Choice Mixed is saved from the regular florists' varieties.

TO

	PKI.	
Choice Mixed,	\$0 10	\$1 o
Dark Bouquet, ($\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 50 cts.)	- 10	^
Lady in White, ($\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 50 cts.)	IO	
Lemoine's Giant Hybrids,		
(1000 seeds, 40 cts.)	15	
The Black King, (1/4 oz., 45 cts.)	10	
37 (74 7 10 7		

ICE PLANT.

The Mesembryanthemum is a low-trailing plant, capable of withstanding the driest locations. The thick fleshy leaves are covered with a sparkling crystalline pubescence, from which it takes the name of *Ice Plant*.

PKT. OZ. Mesembryanthemum Crystallinum, ... \$0 05 \$0 20

IONOPSIDIUM Acaule

(Diamond Flower).

This makes beautiful little plants for rockeries, succeeding best in cool moist soil. The flowers are of a clear lilac and the foliage is a light green.

Ionopsidium Acaule, . . . (1/4 oz., 35 cts.) \$0 10 \$1 25

HOLLYHOCK.

This well-known plant produces tall spikes of fine blooms the second spring from seed, and we should suggest that flor-ists would find ready sale for the large one-year-old clumps ready for bloom-ing, as they are highly esteemed for mixed flower borders or planting among flowering shrubs. The Fordhook Superb Double Mixed is of our own growth, producing the largest and most double flowers in the greatest assortment of colors. The separate colors offered below are all of this same large-flowered type. The Fine Double Mixed is a splendid double-flowered did double-flowered strain, inferior in size only to the Fordhook Superb. The new Alle-gheny strain is large-flowered, frequently only semi-double, but with semi-double, but with finely fringed petals. *Ficifolia* is a new variety having narrow-lobed leaves of a very deep rich green and large single flowers; very showy and a continuous bloomer.



	1 221	A ADAC
	PKT.	OZ.
Fine Double, Mixed,	. \$0 05	\$0 50
Fordhook Superb Double, Mixed,	. 10	I 00
Double White, (1/4 oz., 75 cts.)	IO	
Sunrise, Straw-yellow,	. 15	I 25
Sunset, Carmine-pink,	. 15	I 25
Flamingo, Deep Carmine,	, 15	I 25
Atlantic, Lilac Pink,	. 15	I 25
Pacific, Clear Lilac,	. 15	I 25
Five Finest Mixed,	. 15	1 10
Allegheny Strain, Mixed,	. 10	75
Ficifolia, Mixed, (1/4 oz., 65 cts.)	15	

We make liberal FLORISTS' PACKETS of any of the above at the rate of 25 cts. per packet, net.

IPOMOEA.

The varieties listed below are all quite distinct, both in growth and flower, from the Morning Glories, and require a longer time in which to grow and bloom, but will cover a much larger area. Bona Nox, or Evening Glory, is of very strong growth, and produces large violet-purple flowers which open in the evening. Coccinea is of rather slender but very rapid growth; the vines are thickly covered with small scarlet flowers. Grandiflora Striped-leaved, large flowers of an intense deep blue, with lighter border and pink throat. Setosa, or Brazilian Morning Glory, is most rampant in growth, the stems and under sides of the leaves being thickly covered with soft reddish spines or hairs; the flowers are of satiny texture and reddish-violet hue. The Choice Mixed embraces all the above, together with other choice varieties. with other choice varieties. PER PER

	PKT.	
Bona Nox (Good Night),		\$0 10
Coccinea (Star Ipomæa),	. 5	10
Grandiflora Striped-leaved, Mixed,		20
Setosa (Brazilian Morning Glory),		25
Choice Mixed,	. 5	. 10

KOCHIA SCOPARIA.

A pretty decorative or border plant, of compact globular or ball-like form of growth. Through the summer the slender stems and small leaves make an attractive ball of soft pale green foliage. Late in the fall the branches are covered with small scarlet flowers changing the plant to a brilliant scarlet ball.

				PER	PER
				PKT.	OZ.
Kochia	Scoparia	(Summer	Cypress)	. \$ 0 10	\$0 20



A HEAD OF LANTANA.

LANTANA.

Free-flowering shrubby plants, bearing a profusion of brightly colored flowers. Our fine mixed seed will produce plants with a wide range of colors.

• •						_			PI	ΞR	PF	ER
Fine Mixed,			. •		٠					ζΤ. 10		

LARKSPUR.

These are the annuals, blooming only a single season and must not be confused with the hardy Delphiniums, excepting the New Compact Blue, which, while blooming profusely the first season, lives over winter and blooms freely the second summer. The flowers are of good size, in open sprays, and of the deepest blue. The Double Dwarf Rocket grows eighteen inches high, stiffly erect, terminating in tall spikes of fine double blossoms; these range in shade from pure white to deep rich pink, and are frequently striped and spotted with deeper colors. The Emperor strain grows nearly three feet in height when in full bloom; the flowers show the same diversity of coloring as in the Dwarf Rocket strain, but the spikes of bloom are longer and the flowers larger. These sprays are quite useful for loose bouquets and vases. excepting the New Compact Blue, which, while bloom

				r	EK	LEK
				P	KT.	OZ.
Double Dwarf Rocket, Mixed	١, .	 		. \$0	05	\$0 IO
Emperor, Mixed,		 		٠,	5	20
New Compact Blue,		 			10	50
Tall Rocket Double, Mixed,		 			5	12
		 	:	. \$c	05 5 10	\$0 10 20 50

LATHYRUS Latifolius (Perennial Peas).

These are entirely hardy, coming up from the roots early in the spring. When well established in rich soil they will cover a trellis eight feet high and produce flowers freely during the whole season. The flowers are quite similar to sweet peas, but are borne in close clusters, and are without fragrance; useful for cutting.

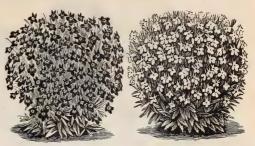
		PER	PER
		PKT.	OZ.
Mixed,		\$0 05	\$0 12
New Pink Beauty,		5	15
Purple,		5	25
Splendens (as sold in the tr	rade)	10	45
White,			35

LINARIA (Kenilworth Ivy).

This is a beautiful trailing plant of rapid growth; the stems are quite slender and the plant is most graceful. It grows readily from seed and is one of the finest plants for edges of vases or hanging-baskets, as well as for potplants in the house, and for planting out on rockwork. A few seeds planted in the large pots in which decorative plants are grown add greatly to their attractiveness.

		PER	PER
		PKT.	OZ.
ymbalaria ($(Kenilworth Ivy)(\frac{1}{4} oz., 4octs.)$	\$0 10	\$1 50

C



STAR OF ISCHL--LOBELIAS--WHITE GEM

LOBELIA.

These dwarf compact plants make very pretty edgings for flower-beds, and florists will find them readily saleable as small pot-plants in the spring. Seed readily saleable as small pot-plants in the spring. Seed sown in February and grown in small pots make fine blooming plants in May. Erinus compacta has flowers of a deep rich blue; E. compacta alba, pure white. The following are especially suited for pot-plants: Crystal Palace, splendid dark-blue flowers; White Gem, quite large, pure white, in greatest profusion, and Star of Ischl, charming dark-blue flowers. Heavenly Blue produces charming dark-blue flowers of a rich blue color. Cardinalis is a hardy perennial and is much esteemed for borders.

					PER	PER
					PKT.	OZ.
Erinus Compacta,					\$0 05	\$0 35
" Alba,						45
" Crystal Palace Compa	acta, .				. 5	I 00
" Star of Ischl,					10	·I 00
" White Gem,		. *			IO	1 25
" Mixed,					. 5	40
" Cardinalis (perennia						
(1/4 OZ.	, 65	ct	s.)	10	
Ramosa, "Heavenly Blue," (1/4 OZ.	, 30	ct	s.)	10	I 00

LEMON VERBENA.

_					PER	PER
					PKT.	oz.
emon Verbena,		. (1/4	oz.,	30 cts.)	\$0 10	\$1 00

LYCHNIS.

Chalcedonica is the tall hardy variety, blooming the second season from seed; it grows three feet high and has large umbels of brilliant scarlet flowers. Haageana hybrida blooms the first season, growing eighteen inches high, and has quite large single flowers which range in coloring from delicate rose-pink to brightest scarlet. These plants are desirable for borders of mixed perennials, and florists can have fine plants from seed for sale from the open ground.

PER PER

seed for saire from the open g.	 	•		PER	PER
				PKT.	OZ.
Chalcedonica,	 			. \$0 05	\$0 20
Haageana Hybrida, Mixed,			• * • •	. 5	50

MAURANDYA.

A pretty trailing vine; fine for rockwork, vases, or as a pot-plant in the house. *Barclayana* has quite large violet-purple flowers, while the *Mixed* shows a variety of colorings.

		~,										
	,										0.	
Barclayana, Fine Mixed,				٠,	(1/4	oz.,	35	cts.)	\$0	10	\$1	25
Fine Mixed,					(1/4	oz.,	35	cts.)		5	1	25

MIMULUS.

Very pretty free-flowering plants. The flowers of *Tigrinus* are a bright yellow, thickly marked with rich brown dots; *Grandiflorus* has much larger flowers, with beautiful markings. Both of these make fine basket or vase plants. *Moschatus* is the well-known basket or vase plants. *Moschatus* is the well-known *Musk Plant*, the yellow flowers of which have a strong musk fragrance.

PER PER PKT. oz.

Moschatus (Musk Plant), (1/8 oz., 25 cts.) \$0 05 \$1 50 Tigrinus (Monkey Flower),

(¼ oz., 35 cts.)

Grandiflorus, . (⅙ oz., 50 cts.) I 25



MARIGOLDS.

Very showy, free-flowering plants for summer bedding. The tall African varieties, of which we offer Eldorado, a large very double flower of rich orange hue, and Lemon Queen, a pale golden-yellow, grow three feet high and are extremely showy in beds of mixed

flowers.

The Dwarf French varieties are of close compact growth, eighteen inches high, and of equal diameter,—a ball-like mass of feathery dark-green foliage; they are most profuse in bloom, and make a grand show planted in masses or as borders to other flowers. Legion of Honor is the only single-flowered variety we offer; it flowers most profusely, and the bright-yellow flowers, of which each petal is broadly marked with rich brown, are most attractive. The Compact Gold Striped has very double flowers, the petals being richly striped with yellow and brown; of Pulchra, the flowers are a rich golden yellow, with velvety brown center; Broum Marble, reddish brown, marbled with orange; Orange Ball, rich clear orange. The Dwarf Mixed is a fine double-flowered strain showing a wide range of colorings. of colorings.

African Double	Mixed,	. \$0 05	\$0 15
	do, or Dahlia-flowered, .		25
Lemon Que	en,	. 5	25
French Double,	Compact Gold Striped,		20
	Dwarf Pulchra,		. 25
44 44	Brown Marble,		25
***	Orange Ball,	- 5	25
11 11	Dwarf Mixed,	. 5	12
" Single,	Legion of Honor,	. 5	15
,	,		

MARVEL-OF-PERU (Mirabilis).

Called Four-o'clocks, because the flowers remain closed until late in the afternoon, when they open rapidly and in a few minutes the plants are literally covered with bloom. The colors are silvery white, bright pink, and rich yellow; our mixed strains also embrace many beautiful striped varieties. The tall sorts grow two and one-half feet high, and the dwarf, which embraced the count of the plants of the sort of the strains of the sort of th braces the same colors, only twelve to fifteen inches. The Variegated has golden leaves mottled with green, and embraces both white- and pink-flowered plants.

Mixed,												\$0	05	\$0	10
Tom Thumb,	Mixed,	٠			٠	٠		٠		٠	٠		5		15
Variegated,	* * * *	٩	•	٠	٠	٠	٠	•	٠	٠	٠	•	5		10

MOMORDICA.

Summer climbers of rapid growth, with finely cut Summer climbers of rapid growth, with finely cut ornamental foliage, producing numbers of curious, spiny, orange-yellow fruits in the fall: When ripened, these fruits split open and disclose the large, bright, scarlet-covered seeds. The ripe fruits placed in alcohol make an excellent liniment for cuts, burns, or bruises. Balsamina, or Balsam Apple, has oval fruits two or three inches long; Charantia, or Balsam Pear, has fruits six to eight inches long; Charantia is the larger and better, commonly miscalled Balsam Apple.

						PKT.	02	Z.,
Balsamina	(Balsam	Apple),				. \$0 05	\$0	15
Charantia	(Balsam	Pear), .				. 5		15

OXALIS.

Rosea grows six inches high and has bright-pink flowers. Tropæloides, very dwarf with reddish-brown leaves and yellow flowers. Valdiviana, tall green leaves, marked with brown; lemon-yellow flowers on tall stems.

Rosea,		٠		(½ oz., 40 cts.) \$0 o5 \$2	50
Tropæloides, .	۰			5.	60
Valdiviana,				5	50
Choice Mixed,				(¼ oz., 60 cts.) 5 2	25

MIGNONETTE.

This is a standard florist's flower, being grown all the year round for the delightful fragrance of the spikes of bloom. We offer the finest



tensively grown for the New York market. New Giant-flowered Red and Goliath are the largest-flowered of all Mignonettes. Nineteen Hundred, Quaker City, Pure Machet, and Erfurt are all large-spiked varieall ties, and largely grown for cut-flow-New Golden Machet and Improved Golden Queen are excellent summer bed-

ding sorts, with

PURE MACHET. new variety well worthy of a trial.

Giant White Spiral (Reseda alba) is not really a Mignonette, but is quite distinct in growth, reaching eighteen inches in height, with slender white flowers. *Miles Hybrid Spiral* is a tall-spiked sort with brownish

	nowers.	KT.	OZ.
	Erfurt,	05	\$0 30
	Giant Pyramidal,	5	
	Improved Golden Queen,	5	30
	Giant-flowered, Red,	5	30
	Goliath,	5	75
	Parson's White Tree,	5	. 25
	Pure Machet,	5	. 30
	Prince Bismarck,	10	30
	Miles Hybrid Spiral,	5	- 35
	Quaker City,	10	35
	Golden Machet,	5	. 30
	Allen's Defiance,	IO	35
ļ	Nineteen Hundred,	10	60
Į	Fordhook Finest, Mixed,	5	35
ļ	Sweet, the Common Mignonette, (fb, 50 cts.)		6
ı	Odorata Grandiflora Ameliorata, (lb, 60 cts.)	5	- ' -7
	Giant White Spiral,	5	30

MUSA ENSETE

(The Abyssinian Banana Tree).

This is a grand tropi-cal plant for lawn decoration during the summer; the plants can be wintered over in a cool greenhouse, and will grow to enormous size the second and third seasons. Directions for culture are given in our booklet, "RARE FLOW-ERS FROM SEED." Musa Ensete, PKT. (100 seeds, \$1.00) \$0 25



NICOTIANA.

This is the ornamental flowering Tobacco. makes slender stalks, branches freely, and bears a pro-fusion of white tubular flowers of delightful fragrance. Sylvestris is a beautiful free-flowering plant of robust habit and graceful appearance, especially suited for large beds and as specimen plants in large flower borders.

									PKT.	OZ.
Affinis,					٠				\$0 05	\$0 20
Sylvestris,										



MOONFLOWER.



Summer climbers of strong rapid growth, frequently reaching thirty to forty feet in height; the large flowers open early in the evening. The "Original Moonflower" has heart-shaped leaves, and the flowers vary greatly in coloring. While reaching such large growth outdoors in summer, make dwarf, free-blooming plants when grown in pots during winter. The White-Seeded has smooth glossy leaves, and the stems thickly set with spines; the flowers are pure white, of satiny texture, and

are pure white, of satiny texture, and delightful jessamine fragrance. The *Cross-bred* is similar in growth to the White-Seeded, but comes into bloom fully a month earlier, and the flowers are of immense size.

						PER	PER	
						PKT.	OZ.	
Cross-bred, or Hybrid,						\$0 10	\$0 70	
"Original" Variety, .			۰			. 10	70	
White-Seeded						· 10	75	

TALL MORNING GLORIES.

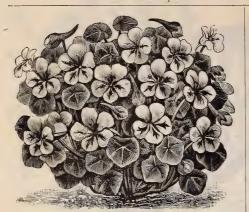
The common morning glory is an old-time favorite, coming into bloom quickly from seed sown early in the spring and brightening our gardens in the early summer mornings with its lovely flowers. The Japanese gardeners have worked with this old-time favorite in much the same way as they have with the chrysanthemum, and send us now varieties with extraordinarily large flowers in most distinct shades of coloring, the vines of which have leaves widely varied in form and coloring.

Seed of the hardier sorts may be sown as early in the spring as the soil can be dug in a fine loose condition; but with the finer Japanese sorts we should advise delaying the planting until the trees are starting out in leaf, or starting the seeds in boxes in the house early and growing the plants in pots until the trees are out in full loof.

in full leat.		PF	εR	PF	€R
		Pk	T.	0.	Z.
New Imperial Japanese, Mixed Colors,		\$0	10	\$0	15
Japanese, Burpee's Frilled and Fancy,					
Mixe	ed,		io	-302	25
Tall, Mixed (Convolvulus Major),				. · ·	
(Per fb, 45 c	ts.)	- 5		6
Double White Tassel,			IO		75
Rochester (New),			IO	V	30

DWARF MORNING GLORIES.

													1.1	. 1 .	- 04	40	
Crimson Violet,		٠					10	÷					\$0	05	\$0	10	
Striped,																	
Tricolor Roseus,		٠									÷		4.	- 5		·IO	
Mixed,														-5		6	
Mauritanicus; a	pi	ro	sti	al	e	t	wi	ni	ng	7 1	ola	ın	t,	5		50	



TOM THUMB NASTURTIUMS.

These are of dwarf, compact, rounded growth. As with all Nasturtiums, they succeed best on light well-drained soils or in slightly raised beds where any surplus moisture will rapidly drain away. A "packet" of Nasturtiums contains from 30 to 45 seeds, an ounce contains from 175 to 225 seeds.

urora. Flowers of a rich bright chrome-yellow, distinctly veined with purplish carmine. Per oz.

distinctly vened with Parparation 6 cts.; ½ th 20 cts.,

Beauty. Glowing orange with suffused flaming scarlet markings. Per oz. 6 cts.; ½ th 20 cts.,

Brilliant Yellow. Flowers are of a clear brightneyellow tint with a glossy finish. Per oz. 20 cts.,

Very distinct: flowers of a peculiar burnished bronze color. Per oz. 6 cts., .

Chameleon. This is not the New French, but plants bloom freely, bearing flowers of many beautiful colorings. Per oz. 7 cts.; ¼ 1b 25 cts., Chameleon—New French. Plants of true Tom Thumb habit of growth, producing flowers of most diversified coloring, and many brilliant markings on a single plant. In this respect it is identical with the French Tall Chameleon, but the plant being so dwarf and compact it is even more shown.

with the French Tall Chameleon, but the plant being so dwarf and compact it is even more showy when in flower. Per oz. 15 cts.; 1/2 lb 40 cts., . . . Cloth of Gold. Plants of compact growth, with bright golden-yellow leaves and brilliant scarlet flowers. It is of great value to plant for beautiful. flowers. It is of great value to plant for bands of foliage in beds. Per oz. 6 cts.; ¼ th 20 cts., . .

Cœruleum roseum. Flowers of a bright cherryred; a distinct shade. Per oz. 6 cts.; 1/4 fb 20 cts., 5 Compact Lustrous. A rich, deep, glowing salmon-scarlet. Per oz. 15 cts.; ½ 1b 40 cts., Crystal Palace Gem. Rich sulphur-yellow, spotted with carmine. Per oz. 6 cts.; ½ 1b 20 cts.,

Empress of India. Dwarf compact growth, with large purplish-green leaves. Flowers of a dark rich salmon-scarlet. Per oz. 6 cts.; ¼ tb 20 cts., .

General Jacqueminot. Rich dark-green foliage, with flowers of the glowing crimson-scarlet of the "Jack Rose." Per oz. 15 cts.; ½ lb 50 cts., 10 Golden King. Rich glowing orange-yellow. Dark purplish foliage. Per oz. 10 cts.; ½ lb 35 cts., 5 king of Tom Thumbs. Glowing scarlet flowers with dark-green foliage. Per oz. 7 cts.; ½ lb 25 cts., 5 king theodore. Dark foliage and flowers of a rich velvety crimson. Per oz. 7 cts.; ½ lb 25 cts., 5 Lady Bird. Bright orange-yellow flowers, with showy brown blotch. Per oz. 7 cts.; ½ lb 25 cts., 5 Lili Schmidt. Flowers of a deep salmon-scarlet; plants of compact form. Per oz. 7 cts.; ½ lb 25 cts., 5 Pearl. Clear lemon-yellow, fading to a faint primrose or straw tint. Per oz. 6 cts.; ½ lb 20 cts., 5 Prince Henry. Flowers of pale straw-yellow, heavily suffused with rose; one of the most distinct and charming. Per oz. 6 cts.; ½ lb 20 cts., 5 Rose. Small flowers of deep bright rose, tinted PER PKT. heavily suffused with rose; one of the most distinct and charming. Per oz. 6 cts.; ½ fb 20 cts., Rose. Small flowers of deep bright rose, tinted with salmon. Per oz. 10 cts.; ½ fb 30 cts., . Ruby King. Flowers of a bright ruby-red with a salmon tint. Per oz. 7 cts.; ½ fb 25 cts., . Spotted King. Flowers of a rich glowing yellow, spotted and flaked with velvety brown or carmine. Per oz. 6 cts.; ½ fb 20 cts., MIXED TOM THUMB NASTURTIUMS.

cludes many distinct and showy colors, having both cludes many distinct and showy colors, having both light and dark types of foliage in mixture. It is not, of course, equal to our Special Mixture of New Varieties, but will give a wide range of flowers in beautiful colorings, and is very effective when planted in mixture. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; 2 ozs. 10 cts.; ½ lb. 17 cts.; per lb. 60 cts.; 5 lbs. or more at 55 cts. per lb.



DWARF LILIPUT NASTURTIUM

A most charming and distinct new strain of ver dwarf compact growth that originated from the tall *Tropæolum Lobbianum*. It is already famous for retaining the unusual brilliancy of color combinations for which the parent stock is noted. Plants are of smaller size than the well-known *Tom Thumb Nasturtium*, growing in closely compact form, while the flowers and rounded light-green leaves are also smaller in size. The perfect flowers are so numerous that they come through the foliage in clusters, embracing many new and beautiful colorings. Sown in a continuous row, these plants are most bright and effective; they are also very desirable for growing singly among other flowers or as pot-plants. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; 2 ozs. 18 cts.; ¼ fb 30 cts.; per fb \$1.00.



BURPEE'S "GORGEOUS" MIXTURE OF THE BEST NEW TOM THUMB NASTURTIUMS.

This mixture is composed of finest new large-flowered varieties, selected by ourselves and grown both in mixture and separate strains, properly blended, for this special offering. Our large blocks of this strain, when in full bloom, are gorgeous beyond description and cannot be surpassed for remarkable brilliancy of coloring nor great perfection of the individual flowers. Although still further improved for 1903, this seed is now so moderate in price that it should be planted liberally. Per pkt. 5 cts.; 1/2 oz. 6 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; 2 ozs. 17 cts.; 1/4 lb. 30 cts.; 1/2 lb. 55 cts.; per lb. \$1.10.

Tall NASTURTIUMS.

the ordinary paling fences or wire netting. They are also very showy planted at the top of a steep slope and allowed to run down the bank. They are equally beautiful simply trailing on level ground. A "packet" contains from 30 to 50 seeds; an ounce, from 175 to 225 seeds. 8 "You should purchase seed by the ounce and plant liberally.

"HYBRIDS OF MADAME GUNTER."

A most beautiful strain, flowering profusely, and having a wide range of bright and distinct colorings, embracing rose, pink, salmon, purple, velvety dark maroon, light yellow, and deep orange in self-colors, as well as most showy striped and blotched varieties. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; 14 lb. 20 cts.; per lb. 70 cts.

FRENCH TALL CHAMELEON.

Not only are the flowers of various colors produced on the same plant, but these flowers are variously splashed and bordered. On the same plant are found self-colored flowers, some curiously stained while others are broadly banded with light or dark shades. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; 14 lb. 30 cts.; per lb. 90 cts.

FORDHOOK FAVORITE MIXTURE.

This mixture is comprised of the most brilliant colorings, both of the Lobbianum Nasturtiums and tall named varieties, including our New Giant-flowered Sunlight, Moonlight, French Chameleon, and Hybrids of Madame Gunter. It is only surpassed by our New Giant-flowered. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; 2 ozs. 15 cts.; 1/4 lb. 25 cts.; per lb. 90 cts.

TALL NASTURTIUMS

(Tropaeolum Majus). Atropurpureum. Flowers of a rich brownish red or velvety crimson. Per oz. 6 cts.; 1/4 fb 20 cts., . . 5 Burpee's SUNLIGHT. This grand variety bears flowers of largest size and are most beautifully colored,—clear rich golden yellow. Flowers measure nearly three inches across, and are produced profusely. Per oz. 10 cts.; ¼ 1b 30 cts.; per 1b go cts. Burpee's MOONLIGHT. This is a companion variety to the preceding, with flowers fully equal Rose. Bright soft rose. Per oz. 6 cts.; ½ 1b 20 cts., 5
SALMON QUEEN (Improved "Vesuvius"). A
magnificent variety with dark-green foliage and
most showy flowers of a rich but soft velvely shade
of salmon. Per oz. 10 cts.; ½ 1b 30 cts.; per 1b \$1.00, 10
Scarlet. Bright scarlet. Per oz. 6 cts.; ½ 1b 20 cts., 5
Scheuerianum coccineum. Deep glowing orangescarlet. Per oz. 6 cts.; ½ 1b 20 cts., 5
Striped. Orange-yellow, with small rich brown
blotch at the base. Per oz. 6 cts.; ½ 1b 20 cts., 5
MIXED, all Colors. A fine assortment; very effective when planted in long rows or masses. Per oz.
5 cts.; ½ 1b 15 cts.; per 1b 45 cts., 5
M. G.—8 These are all of strong vigorous growth, throwing out running shoots that can be trained upon strings or wires, or can be readily made to climb



A Spray of FRENCH CHAMELEON NASTURTIUM.

LOBB'S NASTURTIUMS

(Tropaeolum Lobbianum).

Both foliage and flowers of this type are smaller than those of the common Tall Nasturtiums, but the wonderful profusion of bloom and intense brilliancy of colors make it particularly desirable.

Brilliant. Dark foliage, with flowers of a glowing scarlet. Per oz. 10 cts.; ¼ fb 30 cts., Cardinal. Foliage of a rich dark purplish shade, and flowers of flaming scarlet. Per oz. 10 cts., . . and flowers of flaming scarlet. Per oz. 10 cts., . . Crown Prince of Prussia. Rich velvety brownish crimson with suffused veinings. Per oz. 10 cts., . crimson with suffused veinings. Per oz. 10 cts., . Crystal Palace. Bright orange-yellow, with bronzy crimson markings. Per oz. 10 cts.; ½ hb 30 cts., . Giant of Battles. Sulphur- or primrose-yellow, with suffused rosy markings. Per oz. 10 cts., Gold-Garnet. Very rich orange-yellow, with garnet blotches at base of petals. Per oz. 15 cts., . King of the Blacks. Rich foliage, with flowers of a dark garnet-red. Per oz. 10 cts.; ½ hb 30 cts., . Lucifer. Both flowers and foliage are of a rich dark coloring, the flowers being a deep rich velvety crimson. Per oz. 10 cts.; ½ hb 30 cts., . . . Monsieur Colmet. Rosy carmine tint; pale-yellow calyx. Per oz. 10 cts.; ½ hb 30 cts., . Queen Victoria. Deep orange or salmon-scarlet, calyx. Per oz. 10 cts.; ¼ to 30 cts., Queen Victoria. Deep orange or salmon-scarlet, with fine lines in throat. Per oz. 10 cts.; ¼ to 30 cts., 5 with fine lines in throat. Per oz. 10 cts.; ½ 1b 30 cts., 5

Spitfire. Most glowing scarlet; wonderfully profuse in bloom. Per oz. 10 cts.; ½ 1b 30 cts., . . . 5

LOBBIANUM, FINEST MIXED. This mixture is
composed of the finest and most distinct varieties
in this grand free-flowering type. Planted in
masses it will produce most gorgeous and showy
effects. Per oz. 6 cts.; ½ 1b 20 cts.; per 1b 70 cts., . 5

NASTURTIUM,-"TOM POUCE."

This distinct class of Tropæolum minus is a beauti-Ins distinct class of **Iropæoium minus** is a beautiful trailing Nasturtium. The running stems are closely set with small neat leaves, and produce bright little flowers in wonderful profusion. Flowers are yellow, vivid scarlet, and glowing orange tints, many brightly spotted and marbled. It is especially desirable as a trailer for baskets or vases, and also as a pot-plant for winter blooming in the house. **Per pkt. 5 cts.**; **vz. 10 cts.**; **¼ lb. 30 · ts.**; **per lb. 90 cts.**

Burpee's "Seven Superb" NASTURTIUMS.

Nasturtium,—Burpee's "Twilight." Plants of strong running growth and great free-large and of full expanded form. They are most pleasing in color, having a faint salmon or buff tint heavily suffused with a rosy salmon. The throat is large and open; the three upper petals are beautifully veined with crimson. The flower painted from nature on our colored plate gives but a faint idea of its distinct beauty. This grand novelty comes quite true from seed and is of the same improved large-flowered type as our popular Sunlight. Per pkt. 10 cts.; per oz. 15 cts.; ¼ lb. 40 cts.; per lb. \$1.50.



New Trailing Nasturtium,—Ivy
Leaved. This unique and most beautiful climbing
type. It is different from all other Nasturtiums, both
in foliage and in flower. The plants are of running
growth with star-like pointed leaves of rich green,
veined with white, so that the young shoots, where
the leaves are set quite closely together, have a
marked resemblance to the foliage of the hardy English
Ivy. The flowers are of medium size, intense glowing
scarlet in color, and of most distinct form. The petals
are quite narrow, and standing well apart from each
other present a striking star-like appearance. The IvyLeaf Nasturtium is desirable not only as a bedding
variety, but also as a basket or vase plant, where the
trailing branches show off the beautiful foliage and
star-like scarlet flowers to the greatest advantage.
Per pkt. 10 cts.; per oz. 20 cts.; 1/4 lb. 65 cts.

Burpee's Sunlight. The grand large flowa clear rich golden yellow. The petals are of rounded form, one inch and a quarter across and of a delicate crape-like texture. The two upper petals have delicate brown lines at base, while the three lower ones are fringed at the throat. Individual flowers measure nearly three inches across, and are borne profusely. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; ¼ lb. 30 cts.; per lb. 90 cts.

Burpee's Moonlight. This is a companion fully equal in size and of the same beautiful texture. The color is an exquisite pale strawyellow. The aptness in naming these two varieties is most strikingly shown when the two are planted side by side in contrast. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; ¹/₄ lb. 30 cts.; per lb. 90 cts.

Nasturtium.—" Midnight." Plants of extremely deep dark-green foliage, and bear an abundance of all nasturtiums. The flowers are a deep brownish red or crimson, the soft velvety texture of the petals being crumpled or partially folded, giving the effect of even darker shadings. The two upper petals are finely penciled with crimson and there is a small blotch of crimson at the throat. The calyx and spur are deep orange-yellow, contrasting finely. Per pkt. 10 cts.; per oz. 17 cts.

New Tall Nasturtium,—"Croesus." Of strong vigorous growth, with heavy foliage of a medium green, the plants bear magnificent large flowers in rich profusion. It is equally beautiful either as a climbing vine or grown in a continuous row simply trailing upon the ground. The ground color ranges from light primrose and lemon-yellow to deep orange. The two upper petals are blotched with velvety crimson, and the throat portion is lined with the same rich shade; the three lower petals are heavily fringed or "toothed" at the throat and each marked with small blotches of bright brown-red. Other flowers in the deep yellow and rich orange shades have the same markings in bright carmine or in salmon-red, and in these richer hued flowers the colored markings are frequently suffused over nearly the entire surface of the petals. The originator pronounces it "the finest thing we have ever had in Nasturtiums," and says that while first similar to our Butterfly, later the flowers become suffused like Twilight, and he has frequently seen not only these two colors but also flowers of an almost solid deeper coloring upon the same plant. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 28 cts.

Nasturtium,—"Tom Pouce." This distinct class of *Tropæolum minus* should be more generally known. It bears brilliant little flowers in wonderful profusion,—bright yellow, vivid scarlet, and glowing orange, many of which are marbled with contrasting shades. It is especially desirable as a trailer for baskets or vases, as well as for growing as a pot-plant for winter blooming in the house. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; ¼ lb. 30 cts.; per lb. 90 cts.

Burpee's New Collection of Nasturtiums.

Full-Size Packets of all "Seven Superb" Varieties, as described above,—

Mailed for Only 25 Cts. Nasturtiums are fast becoming as popular as Sweet Peas, and for several years we have offered liberal collections. For 1903, in order more quickly to extend the culture of the finest Climbing and Trailing Varieties, we have decided to put up in a large bag, together with our complete Leaflet on Culture, one full-size packet each of these Seven Superb Nasturtiums for Only 25 Cts.,—sent by mail, postpaid.

Wholesale to Florists. We supply these collections of NASTURTIUMS,—our collection of Eight Elegant Sweet Peas, and our popular Gem Collections, as described on page 6, at the rate of any six for \$1.00, or \$2.00 per dozen, postpaid, by mail. By express or freight at the rate of \$1.80 per dozen,—or only fifteen cents each!

Several of the Best New NASTURTIUMS.

Burpee's "CAPRICE." bears profusely flowers of extra large size and in a wonderful variety of colors and markings. The petals are heavily marbled or overlaid with deep velvety The petals tints,—showing many unique combinations. is appropriately named "CAPRICE" from chanacter of frequently bearing flowers of diverse colors upon a single plant. In this respect it is similar to the popular. ar French Chameleon Nasturtiums, but the flowers are very much larger in size. The large foliage is generally of a deep dark green, and the plants are always of strong and vigorous growth. While a tall or climbing variety, the new "CAPRICE" is equally beautiful grown simply trailing upon the ground. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; 2 ozs. 25 cts.; ¹/₄ lb. 40 cts.; ¹/₂ lb. 75 cts.; per lb. \$1.50. CAPRICE. Burpee's "BUTTERFLY." The flowers large, measuring three inches across, and the petals have a similar crape-like texture to those of Sun-light. The color is a light lemon-yellow, showily marked on the three broad lower petals with a blotch of rich terra cotta red. The petals are deeply fringed at the edges of the throat. The two upper petals are beautifully marked in a manure strongly resembling the petais are beautifully marked in a manner strongly resembling the eye of a peacock's feather in shades of bright red, with fine dark lines radiating through them from the throat. The tall through them from the throat. The tall plants are of handsome light-green foliage and wonderfully profuse in flowering. Per pkt. 10 cts.; per oz. 17 cts. Tall Nasturtium,—"JUPITER.

This variety from California, now first offered, is of strong running growth and bears large, rich golden-yellow flowers of the finest form. The petals are of a thick silky texture, crumpled like crêpe, and where the three lower petals join the throat they are surmounted by a heavy fringe of fine golden hairs. While we have had a sample in our Trial Grounds at FORDHOOK FARMS the past season and consider it one of the finest of the new large-flowering type, we were unable to discover any marked distinction between the New Jupiter and Burpee's Sunlight, but offer seed grown by the originator. Per pkt. 10 cts.; per oz. 28 cts. BUTTERFLY.

Nasturtium,—Tom Thumb VESUVIUS. Dwarf, compact, neatly rounded bush growth eight to ten inches high with small dark-green leaves. The flowers are large, of fine form, with large rounded petals and widely open throat. The coloring is similar to that in the flower of the tall-growing Vesuvius or Salmon Queen, but deeper and richer. The broad petals are heavily shaded and veined with a rich salmon-orange. The throat portion of the two upper petals are heavily flushed and striped with brownish red on a deep salmon ground. While of such an unusual shade, the flowers are very rich and bright. It is certainly one of the very finest large-flowered Tom Thumb varieties, and is most conspicuous on account of its brilliantly colored flowers. Per pkt. 10 cts.; per oz. 25 cts.

New Tom Thumb Nasturtium,—GOLDEN QUEEN. Very dwarf, compact, bush growth of finely rounded form, only six to eight inches high and with small light golden-green leaves, like those of the Cloth of Gold, but even superior as a foliage plant. Produced most freely, the flowers are self-colored in a rich tint of orange-yellow, most intensely bright and glowing. The flowers are small in size, being only an inch and a half across, but the individual petals are quite large and spread out flatly from the widely opened throat, so that the form is fully equal to that of the finest large-flowered Tom Thumb_type. Per pkt. 10 cts.; per oz. 25 cts.

Burpee's New Giant-Flowered Nasturtiums. Until the introduction of our CAPRICE and SUTTON'S SALMON QUEEN, the only truly giant-flowered

Until the introduction of our CAPRICE and SUTTON'S SALMON QUEEN, the only it Masturtiums in cultivation were the now famous BURPEE'S SULLIGHT and MOONLIGHT. Three seasons ago one of our fields of SALMON QUEEN (Improved Vesuvius), from some unaccountable cause, "broke" into several bright colors, principally shades of red, including the most brilliant glowing scarlet. We saved this seed in mixture and have now added to it a suitable quantity of our large-flowered Caprice, also of Butterfly, Twilight, and Moonlight. As thus prepared, this makes the most gorgeous and the first truly giant-flowered complete mixture of Tall Nasturtiums. We are sure that it will give great pleasure to all lovers of Nasturtiums who desire to have the greatest variety of colors in the largest-flowering type of these showy flowers. We recommend our customers to buy the seed by weight and plant liberally. It is an unequaled mixture!

Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; 1/4 lb. 40 cts.; per lb. \$1.50.



IMPERIAL GERMAN PANSIES.



These are famous for their almost endless variety of charming shades of color, united with good size and most perfect form of flowers. They bloom profusely and embrace all the solid or self-colors; delicately shaded flow-ers; five-spotted and three-spotted; edged or bordered flowers of various colors, each with a distinct rim of each white, yellow, or blue dark and light marbled varieties; flowers with clear distinct eyes; striped flowers of striking beauty and vividly colored fancy varieties.

IMPERIAL GERMAN, SPLENDID MIXED. Seeds of more than fifty distinct varieties. Perpkt. 10 cts.; per 1/8 oz. 55 cts.; 1/4 oz. \$1.00; per oz. \$3.50.

IMPERIAL GERMAN PANSIES.

The following are each TEN CENTS per packet, and (except where otherwise priced) are 65 cts. per ½ oz.; \$1.10 per ½ oz.; \$4.00 per oz.

1. Black Prince. Magnificent flowers. The rich

1. Black Prince. Magnificent flowers. The rich glossy black has a peculiarly soft velvety appearance.
2. Black-Blue. Intensely rich; very distinct.
3. Cardinal. The flowers are a brilliant brownish scarlet, the lower petals each being marked with a dark-brown blotch. Per ½ oz. 35 cts.; oz \$1.25.
4. Crown Prince. Flowers of rare beauty, of a deep velvety black, with well-defined rich goldenbronze face.

5. Dark Mahogany with White Margin. darkest mahogany, with a clear-cut edge of pure white.

6. Dark Mahogany with Yellow Margin.

7. Deep Yellow. Very rich; spotless.

8. Emperor Frederick. Velvety brown, shaded

by a narrow band of deep golden yellow. Per ½ oz. 45 cts.; oz. 80 cts.

9. Emperor William, Improved. Always true.

9. Emperor William, Improved. Always true.
10. Fairy Queen. The same shade of delicate sure-blue, clearly margined with a clean-cut border pure white here. azure-blue. of pure white, has not existed heretofore in Pansies.

of pure white, has not existed heretofore in Pansies. The flowers are of good size, perfect circular form, and borne abundantly. Per ½ 0z. 45 cts.; 0z. 80 cts.

11. Fire King. The three lower petals each have a large blotch of magenta, margined with yellow, while the upper petals are of a bright reddish brown of a really fiery shade. Per ½ 0z. 45 cts.; 0z. 80 cts.

12. Gloriosa perfecta, or Improved Quadricolor. Of a reddish steel-blue color, with white and pink edge. Of surpassing beauty, called the Rainbow Pansy.

13. Golden Bronze, Marbled. Odd and striking.

14. Improved Fancy Striped. Handsomely flamed or striped in the most brilliant and exquisite colors.

15. Jet Black. (Dr. Faust, or Black Knight.)

or striped in the most brilliant and exquisite colors.

15. Jet Black. (Dr. Faust, or Black Knight.)

16. Large-Spotted Yellow. Very attractive.

17. Large-Spotted White. Showy flowers.

18. Large-Spotted, Mixed. Each flower superbly spotted or blotched on the three lower petals.

19. Marbled, Mixed. Beautifully marbled.

20. Meteor. Bright canary-yellow; the three lower petals are spotted with mahogany-brown, the upper petals very from reddish brown to dark purple per-

petals are spotted with mahogany-brown, the upper petals vary from reddish brown to dark purple, margined with gold or silver. Per ½ oz. 45 cts.; oz. 80 cts.

21. Odier, or Five-Spotted. Each petal has a large blotch, with clearly defined margin of a contrasting color. Per ½ oz. 70 cts.; ¼ oz. \$1.35; oz. \$5.00.

22. Peacock. The lovely ultramarine-blue most nearly resembles this color in the feathers of a peacock. Per ¼ oz. 30 cts.; oz. \$1.00.

23. Purple Mantle. A splendid very rich color.

24. Red Riding-Hood. Shades of brilliant red.

Purple Mantle. A splendid very rich color.
 Red Riding-Hood. Shades of brilliant red.
 Rosy Lilac. A quiet pleasing color.
 Rosy Morn. This is a beautiful rosy-red color,

26. Rosy Morn. This is a beautiful rosy-red color, with a distinct white edge around each petal.

27. Silver Seam. Deep purple with edge of white.

28. Snow Queen, or Snow Fairy. Spotless white.

29. Ultramarine-Blue. Beaconsfield improved.

30. Victoria Red. The flowers are throughout of a beautiful rich deep-red color, far superior to the Red Riding-Hood Pansy. Per ½, oz. 30 cts.; oz. \$1.00.

31. Fancy Varieties, Splendid Mixed. Most beautiful fancy striped, blotched, and mottled flowers.

32. Show Varieties, Splendid Mixed. All the best solid colors or "selfs." saved from named flowers.



Other Varieties of PANSIES.

Improved Giant Trimardeau. Remarkable for the extra large size of the flowers, which, however, are not so circular in form as the Imperial German. Most of the flowers are marked with three large blotches or spots. Per ½ oz. 50 cts.; oz. \$1.75, . . . Giant Trimardeau, Mixed. A very good strain.

Prince Bismarck. Bea golden bronze, marbled.

golden bronze,marbled. Per ½0z. 45 cts.; 0z. 80 cts., Snow Queen, or Snowflake. Flowers of a delicate pure satiny white. Per ½ 0z. 50 cts.; 0z. 90 cts. king of the Blacks, or Paust. Flowers intensely dark, almost coal-black. Per ½ oz. 45 cts.; oz.80 cts., **Lord Beaconsfield.** Deep purple-violet, shading off in the top petals to a white-blue. Per ½ oz. 45 cts.;

oz. 80 cts...

Emperor William. Ultramarine-blue, with violet eye. Per ½ oz. 45 cts.; oz. 80 cts., ...

Rose Marbled. Very beautiful. Per ½ oz. 45 cts.;

Striped and Mottled. Per ½ oz. 45 cts.; oz. 80 cts., Dark Purple. Rich deep color. Per oz. 80 cts., Silver Edged. Dark purple; white border. Per ½

Gold Margined. Strikingly handsome. Per ½ oz. 45 cts.; oz. 80 cts.,

Pure Yellow. Per ½ oz. 45 cts.; oz. 80 cts.,

Large Flowering, Very Fine Mixed. All colors of German Pansies. Per ½ oz. 30 cts.; oz. \$1.00,

Good Quality, Mixed. As imported; many rich colors. Per ½ oz. 35 cts.; oz. 60 cts.,

Fordhook Bedding Pansies. This is our own mixture of Pansies for Bedding, blended properly from separate colors. ½ oz. 30 cts.; per oz. \$1.00,

Sweet-Scented Pansies. This is a mixture of a few varieties of Pansies that have a fragrance with

few varieties of Pansies that have a fragrance with

ROYAL PRIZE PANSIES. This mixture includes

We make "Trade Packets" (containing from 1000 to 2000 seeds) of any of the above. Separate colors or mixtures at **25 cents** each, *net*.

The Best Tall SWEET PEAS



ECKFORD'S "BLANCHE BURPEE."

ALL AT THE UNIFORM net price OF

3 Cts. per Pkt.; any Nine Packets for 25 Cts. 6 Cts. per Oz.; any Five Ounces for 25 Cts.

Except where otherwise priced, each variety is sold at 15 cts. per 1/4 lb., 40 cts. per lb.

In lots of 5 lbs. or more at 35 cts. per lb.

We are recognized throughout the world as

"HEADQUARTERS FOR SWEET PEAS"

We have ramed and introduced more varieties than any other seedsmen, excepting only Mr. Henry Eckford. Our stocks are superfine,—extra selected and absolutely pure. We sell annually tons of the choicest seed to the most critical buyers in England as well as America. We were awarded the only first prize on Sweet Peas at the Paris Exposition,—showing sixty varieties in bloom.

Showing sixty varieties in bloom.

Our regular five-cent "packets" each contain from seventy to ninety seeds, while an ounce contains from 300 to 360 seeds, varying according to size of seed.

Our New Leaflet, telling "How to Raise the Finest Sweet Peas," gives a New Process on how to insure good germination of the more delicate white-seeded Sweet Peas. It will be of great value to many who have complained that they have failed to get white-seeded Sweet Peas,—such as White Cupid, Blanche Burpee, and Emily Henderson,—to make a good stand. This leaflet is Free when requested with orders.

WHITE.

BLANCHE BURPEE (Eckford's).
A grand large flower of beautiful form; firm, lasting substance and snowy whiteness, having three of the extra large flowers on each long stiff stem, and all facing one way. Vines are of strong growth, blooming profusely throughout the season. See prices above.

EMILY HENDERSON. The earliest blooming standard pure white; nearly as early as the Extra Early Blanche Ferry. Large flowers, but not so well formed as in Blanche Burpee. Per ib 35 cts.

SADIE BURPEE, — White - Seeded (Eckford's). Flowers are of the largest size and purest snowy white. The difference from Blanche Burpee is in the taller standard, which is also more completely hooded. The large flowers come in threes at the top of stiff stems and are of firm substance, lasting well when cut. See prices at top of page.

Sadie Burpee,—Black-Seeded (Eckford's). ©
The flowers, while equally as large as those of the white-seeded strain, show a delicate pink flush in the standard when first opened. This slight variation in color, however, is amply compensated in the greater hardiness, and it is one of the earliest to bloom among the large-flowered Sweet Peas.

CREAM or Light YELLOW.

COQUETTE. Flowers of a deep primrose, shaded with lavender in the standard. Large size with erect standard, beautifully hooded. *Prices at top of page*.

DUCHESS OF WESTMINSTER. Broad, well-rounded, creamy-white standard shaded and veined with coppery rose. Wings more deeply tinted than the standard, being heavily suffused with salmonpink. Per 10 55 cts.

MRS. ECKFORD. Fine large size. A beautiful shade of light primrose-yellow; fine for cut-flowers.

MRS. FITZGERALD. This is very similar if not identical with our popular *Stella Morse*. Flowers of good size, with broad rounded standard; wings broad and flatly spread, both wings and standard being richly suffused soft rose on a creamy-buff ground—a soft and pleasing shade.

QUEEN VICTORIA. © The nearest approach to yellow excepting only *Stella Morse*. Color a soft primrose-yellow, slightly overlaid with faint purple.

STELLA MORSE (Burpee's). ◆ The color effect is richer than in any other of the creamy-yellow varieties. Has a faint tinge of pink underlying the creamy shading, producing a true apricot shade; most beautiful for bunching. Prices at top of page.

Very Light BLUSH.

MODESTY (Burpee's). • When first seen in strong sunlight it is seemingly a silvery white, but the suffused pink tint is clearly shown on closer examination.

MRS. SANKEY. Quite large, well-formed, nearly pure white flowers of silky texture; black-seeded.

SENSATION (Burpee's). Large flowers borne, three or four on a stem; standard well expanded, of delicately silky texture, suffused with faint blushpink; wings semi-erect and well rolled.

Light PINK.

COUNTESS OF LATHOM. © Fine large flowers, borne three on a stem. A soft cream tint heavily shaded with soft flesh-pink in the center of the standard and wings shading much lighter at the edges. This rich tinting gives a coppery-rose effect to the entire flower. A beautiful new variety. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; ½ b 18 cts.; per b 55 cts.

CROWN JEWEL. Standard suffused with rosy violet; wings creamy white, slightly tinted with rose.

ELIZA ECKFORD. Standard flesh-pink, suffused with silvery white; wings white, occasionally suffused with soft pink.

KATHERINE TRACY. Soft rosy pink, lighter at edges. A fine large flower and of strong vigorous growth, but comes only two on a stem.

LOVELY. • The most beautiful shades of soft shell-pink, changing to very light rose at the outer edges. Grand flowers of large size, aptly named "Lovety!" Per Ib 50 cts.

Deeper Shades of PINK.

APPLE BLOSSOM. Large, beautifully hooded flowers; standard heavily shaded and edged with soft rose on silvery white; wings white with deep rose in center.

BLUSHING BEAUTY. Soft rose-pink, delicately suffused on a silvery-white ground; might be called a "peach-blossom" tint. 1/4 To 12 cts.; per To 30 cts.

PRIMA DONNA. O A most beautiful bright shade of blush-pink. Flowers of large size and finest form, frequently four on a stem. Prices at top of page.

ROYAL ROBE. © Fine large flowers of beautiful form and delicate coloring; standard rich fleshpink; wings soft carmine-rose,—a beautiful shade.

TRIUMPH. Standard erect, broadly expanded; creamy white, suffused with salmon-pink, and tinged with carmine at the base; wings shaded with rosy carmine, deepening to rich rose. Prices at top of page.

COMPLETE LIST OF



"Only the Best" Tall

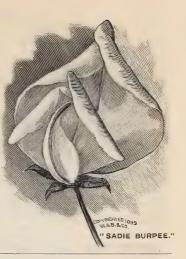
SWEET PEAS

Your choice of all these:

3 Cts. per Packet; any Nine Packets for 25 Cts.,-net. 6 Cts. per Ounce; any Five

Ounce-Packages for 25 Cts.

In larger quantities, except where otherwise priced, all these are 15 cts. per 1/4 lb.; 40 cts. per lb. In lots of 5 pounds or more at 35 cts.



Rich Shades of ROSE.

CALYPSO. Standard broad, well rounded and flatly spread, deep rose-pink; wings of a soft rose. A self-colored flower, rich and showy.

OLONIST. Color a rich glowing rosy pink, with softer and deeper rose shadings in the wings.

FASHION (Burpee's). Large flowers borne on long stiff stems. The coloring is a soft shade of rose-magenta, spread over the whole flower and deepening at base of standard. 1/4 1/8 15 cts.; per 1/8 50 cts.

HER MAJESTY.0 Large, finely hooded flowers of beautiful soft rose, deep and glowing.

LORD KENYON. A fine large flower, three on a stem, self-colored, bright rose-pink shaded more heavily at the edges of the standard and wings and with disthe edges of the standard and wings and with distinct richly colored veinings. Standard large and quite tall, rather pointed; the wings are held nearly erect by the large stiff keel. This is one of the finest and most beautiful of the recent Eckford Novelties. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; ¼ b 20 cts.; per b 55 cts.

MRS. DUGDALE. O One of the largest-flowered of all, coming uniformly three on a stem. The large standards are of an incurved or shell-like form. The standard is of a light carmine-rose with faint markings of primrose; wings of the same tint. They hold the color well when fully opened, and it is sure to become one of the most popular for cut-flowers. 1/4 th 15 cts.; per th 50 cts.

PRINCE OF WALES. A grand large flower in a bright self-colored deep-rose tint. The flowers are beautifully hooded and come frequently four on a stem. It might be called an improved Her Majesty.

ROYAL ROSE. Deep rosy pink, with wings of a lighter shade; flowers of largest size and fine form.

OVID. Flowers of fine size, with large pointed standard of a very deep rose-pink heavily veined; wings erect, heavily rolled and deeper in shade.

RED and SCARLET.

BURPEE'S BRILLIANT. A very bright crimson-scarlet. Standard broad and slightly hooded; wings widely spreading.

FIREFLY. The favorite bright-scarlet variety until the introduction of *Burpee's Brilliant* and *Salopian*. The flower is of medium size, glowing scarlet.

MARS. An intense glowing scarlet of grandiflora form; wings heavily suffused with rose.

PRINCE EDWARD OF YORK. Flowers of extra large size and boldly expanded form; standard is a bright glowing scarlet bordering on salmon, while the broadly spreading wings are soft deep rose.

PRINCESS VICTORIA. Standard bright scarlet; wings rosy mauve; of good size and fine open form.

SALOPIAN (Burpee's Improved "Sunproof"). @ This is decidedly the finest scarlet Sweet Pea in cultivation. Flowers, of largest size and finely hooded form, are borne uniformly three on a stem. As a cut-flower this grand sort far surpasses all other scarlets in size, brilliancy, and lasting substance, the color being equally pleasing in strong or subdued daylight and also by artificial light. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts; 1/4 to 20 cts.; per to 55 cts.

Shades of ORANGE and SALMON.

CHANCELLOR. The flowers are self-colored in a soft suffused tint of rosy pink, heavily shaded in the center with rich salmon-orange, which changes to deep rose-pink as flowers remain open.

GORGEOUS (Burpee's). Standard erect; richly suffused with deep salmon-orange. Wings large and heavily suffused with orange-salmon or deeper shade. The coloring is intensely brilliant. Per lb 45 cts.

HON. F. BOUVERIE. Soft pinkish salmon at base of the standard; wings shade to a lighter salmonbuff at the edges. A most charming variety that might be aptly described as a deep rich pink Venus.

ADY MARY CURRIE. The best of the rich orange-tinted varieties, excepting only the new Miss Willmott; standard large, heavily veined with salmonpink and shaded in lower portion with carmine; wings large, recurved, and of a soft rose-pink, veined with a deeper shade bordering on buff. 1/4 lb 15 cts.; per 1 45 cts.

LADY PENZANCE. Beautiful rose-pink, tinged with orange-salmon; the large handsome flowers are now surpassed by our new *Oriental*. Per 1b 35 cts.

ORIENTAL (Burpee's). Very large finely formed flowers of a bright orange-salmon, heavily veined with a deeper shade. An improved Lady Penzance.

VENUS. Lovely salmon-buff, shaded with rosy pink. The fine large flowers become deeper in shade as they remain open. Prices as quoted at top of page.

"Pink and White."

BURPEE'S EARLIEST OF ALL.O A new and entirely distinct strain developed from the Extra Early Blanche Ferry, growing only eighteen to twenty-four inches in height when in full bloom. It flowers fully ten days in advance of Extra Early Blanche Ferry, bearing a rich profusion of the beautifully tinted flowers. Standard bright rose, Planted under glass early in September the vines grow two feet in height, beginning to bloom by the middle of November,—a most desirable feature for florists.

BLANCHE FERRY. Standard wide and erect, bright rose-pink; wings creamy white, tinted with rose. 1/4 lb 10 cts.; per lb 30 cts.

EXTRA EARLY BLANCHE FERRY. An improved strain of the very popular *Blanche Ferry*, beginning to flower fully a week earlier. Per b 35 cts.

LITTLE DORRIT. Standard quite broad, widely expanded, of a beautiful clear rosy pink; wings widely spread; creamy white, suffused with faint rose.

"Blue and White."

UTTERFLY. Small flowers; creamy white with lavender shadings and rich purple edges; standard is notched at sides. 1/4 to it octs.; per to 30 cts. BUTTERFLY.

LOTTIE ECKFORD. OTTIE ECKFORD. Large silvery-white flowers, beautifully shaded and edged with soft lavender.

MAID OF HONOR (Burpee's) © The flowers are beautifully shaded with light blue on a white ground and boldly edged with narrow border of deep rich violet; very dainty. See prices at top of page.



COMPLETE LIST OF

"Only the Best" Tall

SWEET PEAS

Your choice of all these:

3 Cts. per Packet; any Nine Packets for 25 Cts.,-net. 6 Cts. per Ounce; any Five

Ounce-Packages for 25 Cts.

In larger quantities, exert where otherwise priced, all these are 15 cts. per 14 lb.; 40 cts. per 1b. In lots of 5 lbs. or more at 35 cts. per 1b.



5 OPYRIGHT 1898 BY W. A.B & CO.

LAVENDER and LIGHT BLUE.

ADMIRATION (Burpee's). A grand large flower of beautiful form and self-colored in a delicate shade of rosy lavender. The great freedom of bloom combined with the delicate coloring render this one of the very choicest varieties,—blending finely with the deeper shades. Per pkt. 5 cts.; 02.6 cts.; ¼ the 18 cts.; per 1b 55 cts.

COUNTESS OF RADNOR. Fine size and form. beautiful shade of light lavender, with faint purplish

tinge. 1/4 to cts.; per to 30 cts.

DOROTHY TENNANT. A finely hooded flower; self-colored in a rich shade of rosy mauve. Flowers of large size and good form, retaining the attractive coloring when fully expanded. Per ib 35 cts.

FASCINATION. A very large flower, coming three to a stem. The flowers are self-colored in a rich mauve a stem. The flowers are self-colored in a rich mauve or rosy-lavender tint, several shades deeper and richer than the *Countess of Radnor*, as well as being a much larger and finer flower. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; ¼ fb 18 cts.; per fb 55 cts.

GOLDEN GATE (Burpee's). Blended shadings of pinkish mauve and lavender; stiffly upright wings.

LADY GRISEL HAMILTON.0 Most attractive light lavender shading; flowers of best hooded form and extra large size, even larger than those of Burpee's New Countess. Standard light lavender with azureblue wings; very light and dainty in effect. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; ¼ b 18 cts.; per lb 55 cts.

LADY NINA BALFOUR. The flowers have the largest expanded form with beautiful hooded standard. The coloring is a delicate light lavender or lilac, entirely free from any reddish tone, closely approaching the lovely shade known as "mouse-colored." Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; ½ b 18 cts.; b 55 cts.

NEW COUNTESS (Burpee's). O An improved Countess of Radnor, in which is eliminated the reddish cast in standard, the flowers being a clear light layender. The shade is very attractive when seen in a large bouquet composed solely of this variety.

BLUE and PURPLE.

CAPTAIN OF THE BLUES. The flowers have the appearance of being a true blue, but examination shows that standard is purplish mauve, while wings are lavender-purple; bright and attractive

COUNTESS CADOGAN. The large flowers, when first opening, resemble those of *Captain of the Blues*, but soon change to a light bluish purple in standard and clear blue in wings. The color effect is that of a *bright blue*; very attractive in shade and of finest form. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; ¼ 10 15 cts.; per 10 50 cts.

EMILY ECKFORD. Flowers of large size; standard light rosy purple; wings rich deep blue.

NAVY BLUE (Burpee's). The large flowers are of a deep glowing violet-purple, having the effect of a dark navy blue, although on close examination the standards show a faint tinge of claret-or winered. The flowers are practically self-colored, and the deep rich coloring is grandly effective either alone or when in a combination with other colors. Flowers are much darker than those of Countess Cadogan. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; ½ b 18 cts.; per b 55 cts. per 1b 55 cts.

CLARET and MAROON.

BLACK KNIGHT. Flowers of large size and fine bold form; standard a rich wine-brown or dark claret; wings heavily shaded with brownish purple. CAPTIVATION. The flowers are large and of a

beautiful bright claret shade.

DUKE OF CLARENCE. The flowers are of large size and fine form; in color a deep rich tint of rosy claret bordering on purple-maroon. Per 1b 35 cts.

DUKE OF SUTHERLAND. Standard erect, pointed, of a deep claret shade with strong reddish tinge, deepening to rich purple at the base; wings wide, heavily rolled, and of a deep violet-purple.

DUKE OF WESTMINSTER. Grand large flowers, fully double the size of *Waverly*, which it resembles in coloring. A beautiful shade of rosy claret.

MONARCH. Good large size; standard deep claret or wine-brown; wings glowing purple. Per to 30 cts.

OTHELLO. A deep maroon self-color; very large size; standard slightly hooded, widely expanded, and of grand hooded form. ¼ fb 18 cts.; per fb 50 cts.

SHAHZADA. Intensely dark maroon, with a tint of purple in standard and inner portion of wings; rich.

STANLEY. Rich, dark, glossy flowers of large size, self-colored in darkest maroon of a burnish tint.

STRIPED and VARIEGATED.

AMERICA. Heavily striped with bright blood-red on silvery-white ground; showy. Per ib 35 cts.

AURORA (Burpee's). O Flowers of extra large size, three on a stem. Both standard and wings beautifully flaked with bright orange-salmon on a creamy-white ground. The finest of all striped Sweet Peas.

GAIETY. Standard flaked with cerise-pink; wings striped rosy purple. Per 10 35 cts.

GRAY FRIAR (Burpee's). O A most charming variety, heavily shaded with watered purple mark ings on creamy-white ground. Per to 35 cts. A most charming

JUANITA (Burpee's). Flowers of large size and beautiful form, with broadly striped markings of delicate light lavender on a creamy-white ground.

LOTTIE HUTCHINS (Burpee's). Large flowers of finely expanded grandiflora type, delicately flaked and striped with light pink on a rich creamy ground.

MRS. JOS. CHAMBERLAIN. Standard very large, broad, and slightly hooded; wings large. Ground color is a clear silvery white, brightly striped soft rosy pink with most attractive effect. Per to 35 cts.

PINK FRIAR (Burpee's). The coloring is a soft carmine-rose, suffused on a silvery or crystalline white ground in finely watered markings and heavily backed with rosy carmine.

PRINCESS OF WALES. Flowers of large size, striped throughout with mauve on a white ground.

RAMONA (Burpee's). Flowers are of largest size and finest form; rich creamy white, splashed or broadly striped with pink in both standard and wings.

ENATOR. Purplish maroon, heavily striped on a white ground. Darkest striped variety. Per to 35 cts. SENATOR. WAWONA (Burpee's). The lovely flowers are of a delicate *heliotrope*, beautifully striped with faint creamy white; they are of large size and finest form.

SWEET PEAS in Mixtures.

CHOICE MIXED. This is grown in mixture of many old and new varieties. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 5 cts.; ¹/₄ lb. 10 cts.; per lb. 25 cts.

ECKFORD'S NEW SWEET PEAS, MIXED. strain, although not embracing the latest novelties, contains quite a beautiful assortment of the famous Eckford Sweet Peas. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 5 cts.; 4 lb. 10 cts.; per lb. 30 cts.; 10 lbs. at 25 cts.

ECKFORD'S "UP-TO-DATE." This is Eckford's finest "Gill-edge" mixture, containing his most recent developments, and is equal to that supplied to his choicest home trade. The American-grown seed is hardier and gives better results than the imported stock. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; 2 ozs. 10 cts.; ¼ lb. 17 cts.; per lb. 45 cts.

SPECIAL TRIAL GROUNDS MIXTURE. We annually grow samples of all the different varieties of Sweet Peas offered in our catalogue in comparison

with all the newest introductions and samples of varieties yet unnamed. These trials constitute the most complete assortment of Sweet Peas in the world, and the seed is saved from all samples in mixture, making the most diversified that could be obtained. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; ¹/₄ lb. 17 cts.; lb. 50 cts.

BURPEE'S AMERICAN SEEDLINGS. By crossing and recrossing the improved large-flowering varieties of Sweet Peas there was obtained a remarkable break which has resulted in a number of delicate new shades and such an admixture of blood

new shades and such an admixture of blood that the strain continues to produce sports of varied coloring. This strain contains many distinct colors in varying shades which can be obtained only in the mixture which is continuously producing new ones. Flowers are of largest size and finest form. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; ¹/₄ lb. 17 cts.; per lb. 50 cts.

URPEE'S "BEST MIXED,"—NEW GIANT SWEET PEAS. This is the finest mixture on this page, containing not only the most highly improved varieties from Eckford, but also many of the choicest varieties of our own introductions prior to 1902. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; 2 ozs. 10 cts.; ½ lb. 15 cts.;

DOUBLE SWEET PEAS.

We do not consider these so beautiful as the expanded large single flowers. We have as good a strain as any, but not more than about thirty per cent. of the flowers as yet come double from the seed. From the most carefully selected stock seed, saved only from the best plants bearing double flowers, we offer the following varieties: Apple Blossom,—Boreatton,— Bride of Niagara,-Butterfly,-Captain of the Blues,—Duke of Clarence,—Senator,—Splendor,—Waverly, and Pure White; and also all these colors Mixed DOUBLE SWEET PEAS each at: Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; 2 ozs. for 10 cts.; 1/4 lb. 17 cts.; per lb. 50 cts.

Two Curious SWEET PEAS.

RED RIDING-HOOD. The flowers never open, but remain in a bud-like form, the standard overlapping the wings. Flowers are of a soft rosy pink. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; ½ lb 15 cts.; per lb 40 cts.

SNAPDRAGON (Burpee's). The standard never expands, but closely overlaps the wings; the color is creamy white, tipped with bright rose at the outer end. They are very fragrant, and the long stems, each bearing three flowers, are desirable in making bouquets of assorted flowers. The closed bud-like form combines finely with the light foliage of Asparanus or the delicate strays of Euchophia, while the agus or the delicate sprays of Gypsophila, while the unique character of flowers is interesting where a variety of Sweet Peas is grown. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; 1/4 lb 17 cts.; per lb 50 cts.

We are Headquarters for SWEET PEAS.

Ever since the beginning of "the boom" of the Sweet Pea as a popular flower we have been intensely intergrowing and developing the largest and finest ested in growing and developing the largest and finest type of flower, such as are most suitable for florist use. We carry a full line of varieties and distinct types, and can furnish seed of any variety,—new or old,—or a complete assortment to be grown for exhibition purposes; but owing to the great number of varieties, many of which are of the original small-flowered type, we have decided for this season to confine our list for floriest to the newer and post distinct sorts—those we have decided for this season to confine our list for florists to the newer and most distinct sorts,—those having the largest flowers, finest form, and most pleasing tints and shades of coloring. We can, however, supply seed of any of the older varieties which we have omitted from this list, and shall be glad to quote prices on any variety that may be desired.

The next season to confine our list for the

The past season was extremely favorable for the Sweet Pea, and we think will result in a renewed interest and demand for this flower. As an abundant supply of the finest flowers can be grown in the open ground at small expense, we are sure that a good assortment of varieties will well repay any florist having a local demand for cut-flowers, bouquets, or design work during the summer months. work during the summer months.

Selection of Varieties.

While we have greatly reduced the number of varieties catalogued this season, we have made a further selection of the varieties which our trials at Ford-Hook and the orders of our customers indicate are the most popular for cut-flowers in the different shades under each color classification. These are specially indicated by the **Bull's=Eye** [0] mark of excellence, which will assist even the novice to select the very finest verificities of each color. finest varieties of each color.

In ordering, we suggest purchasing at the rate of one ounce of seed for fifteen feet of row or one pound to 250 feet, as the vines will produce larger and finer flowers if they do not stand too thickly in the row.

Forcing Under Glass.

For winter flowering in the greenhouse we offer two varieties of dwarf growth and very early flowering habit, — Burpee's Earliest of All and Mont Blanc. Seed of these planted in the greenhouse benches late in August or early in September will come into flower in November and will continue to bloom writh late in in November and will continue to bloom until late in the spring. The regular tall growing varieties planted under glass do not begin flowering until early in February.

New Introductions.

Among the most recent introductions, we would especially recommend for trial: Eckford's Coccinea, bright cherry red, a very distinct and entirely new shade;—Lady M. Ormsby-Gore, deep primrose, and Miss Willmott, which is an improvement of the Lady Mary Currie, being larger and more richly colored.

Our trials and individual preferences have guided us in cutting down the list of varieties, but we realize that in different localities some discarded varieties may develop better in size and form than they do with us, and be more popular as a cut-flower; we shall therefore consider it a favor if our customers who grow the Sweet Pea as cut-flower, will kindly suggest the names of any other varieties which they think should be included in this list when sending us their orders.

To Guard Against Insects and Disease.

The two chief difficulties to contend with in growing Sweet Peas are the blight or stem rot and the green fly or Aphis. If the plantings are made in well-drained soil and in a new location each year, there will be little or no trouble with the blight unless the season is or no trouble with the blight unless the season is very wet, in which case the drainage may be improved by ridging the earth up to the vines slightly when cultivating. For the prevention and killing of the green fly or aphis, we have found spraying with a weak solution of whale oil and caustic potash soap cheap and effectual, with less injury to the vines than where the kerosene emulsion was used.

New Tall Sweet Pea, JANET SCOTT.



Burpee's Unequaled New DOLLAR BOX for 1903,—

Contains Thirty-Three Packets and Ounces "True and Tried" Superb New Sweet Peas.

Each season we try to surpass ourselves on our Special Dollar Box of the most superb Sweet Peas, and this year we are quite sure that we have succeeded! Our Dollar Box for 1903 contains one full-size packet each of the Seven Superb Sweet Peas shown on our colored plate:—Burpee's Golden-Rose,—Lady Grisel Hamilton,—Burpee's Dainty,—Miss Willmott,—Benary's "Mont Blanc,"—Burpee's Majestic, and Eckford's Othello.

LEGISTERES PARTY PADE MARKY

It contains also one regular packet each of the following Novelties for 1903:— Burpee's Janet Scott,—Sue Earl, and American Queen; Eckford's Coccinea,—Lady M. Ormsby-Gore, and The Hon. Mrs. E. Kenyon; also a packet each of Burpee's Earliest of All, Re-selected Strain, and Burpee's New Nameless Many-flowered White.

This grand collection is rendered quite complete by a full-size packet each of Aurora,—Eckford's Blanche Burpee, and Sadie Burpee, b. s.,—Countess of Lathom,—Duchess of Westminster,—Hon. F. Bouverie,—Burpee's Navy Blue, and New Countess,—Lord Kenyon,—Mrs. Dugdale, and Burpee's New Sunproof Salopian; also the unique Salvation Lassie; also, a large packet of the curious fragrant Snapdragons,—the new type

of Burpee's Bush and Dwarf Cupids, each in mixture. The box contains also a full ounce each of Burpee's American Seedlings,—Fordhook Fancy-Flaked, and the unequaled special New Burpee's Best Mixed for 1903.

These 33 Packets make the most complete "DOLLAR BOX" of Sweet Peas ever offered. Even taking advantage of the "Special Collection for a Quarter." as advertised on the preceding page, with the other packages, these 33 packets, outside of this box, would cost \$2.65,—while at the regular catalogue prices "per packet" and "per ounce" these thirty-three varieties have a total retail value of \$3.10. We Wholesale, 75 cts. per Box,—not prepaid.

The "Eckford Novelties" in Sweet Peas,



Burpee's "Latest Special" Improved Best New Mixed Sweet Peas for 1903.

This "brand" of the finest large-flowered Sweet Peas in mixture is absolutely unequaled. Each year we strive to "surpass ourselves" in this special mixture. We are quite sure that, notwithstanding the claims of some competitors, an equally highgrade mixture cannot be obtained elsewhere. The seed, of course, is not grown in mixture at all. It is "blended" by ourselves of the largest-flowered, most beautiful named varieties,—each grown separately from the finest selected strains. Pesides all the best and "only the best" of the varieties introduced prior to last year, this NEW "BLEND" FOR 1903 contains also a liberal proportion of all the Eckford Novelties, first offered by us last year, and most of the large-flowered Burpee Novelties of 1903, -varieties never before included in any mixture.

Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; 2 ozs. 25 cts.; 1/4 lb. 40 cts.; per lb. \$1.50.

Burpee's "Earliest of All" Sweet Pea, Re-selected,—"Extreme-Early."

This is an improved strain which we offered last spring under the title of "Gould's Extreme-Early New Selection of Burpee's Earliest of All," which title we now shorten to RE-SELECTED.

Mr. Gould, the originator of BURPEE'S EARLIEST OF ALL, has continued to develop the earliness and dwarf habit of his strain, until in this RE-SELECTED STRAIN we have a variety as much earlier than Earliest of All as that variety is ahead of Extra Early Blanche Ferry which again is earlier than the original Ferry, which again is earlier than the original Blanche Ferry. Thus by constant and intelligent selection this strain has been developed to come into full flower when only twelve inches in height and three to four weeks in advance of the

In our Trial Grounds, the past summer, where the standard varieties of sweet peas all came into flower quite early, the RE-SELECTED was in bloom on June 3d, the regular strain of Earliest of All on June 9th, and Extra Early Blanche Ferry on June 17th. Under less favorable conditions the difference in the period of flowering is aren more marked. is even more marked.

Is even more marked.

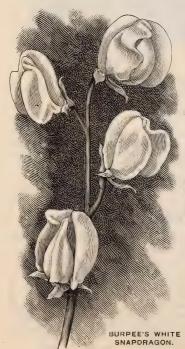
For planting as a border or for very early flowers, this strain is the very finest ever offered, as the plants come into flower all at once, being very even and regular in height. It will enable flower lovers in the South to have a fine display of sweet peas before hot weather sets in. For winter flowering in the greenhouse it is the very best of the popular pink-and-white type of flowers; from seed planted in August, blossoms may be cut early in November, and the plants will continue to bloom until late in the spring. As a pot-plant for the sunny window in winter it is unsurpassed, as a few seeds planted in a flower pot early in the fall will make plants which will bloom freely all winter in a cool or moderately warm room.

MR. THOS. GOULD has grown this strain exclusively for us, and the originator's seed of this RE-SELECTED can be had only under our registered trade-mark seal. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 18 cts.; 2 ozs. 35 cts.; 1/4 lb. 60 cts.; per lb. \$2.00.

W. A. Harshbarger, Professor of Mathematics, Washburn College, Topeka, Kansas, May 12, 1902, writes:—The sweet peas, "Gould's Extreme-Early," that I got from you this spring, were planted March 15th and came into bloom May 7th. Considering the unusually dry April we had, I think this somewhat remarka-The flowers are large, well shaped, and beautifully colored.



Leading florists and growers agree that this is **the earliest of all**—ten days to two weeks earlier (both outdoors and under glass) than the Extra Early Blanche Ferry. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; 1/4 lb. 15 cts.; per lb. 40 cts. & See page 119.



Josephine White. This is an extremely early flowering dwarf selection of Emily Henderson, which in our Trial Grounds the past summer flowered only eight days later than our Re-selected strain of Burpee's Earliest of All, and three days earlier than Mont Blanc, which heretofore has been our earliest white. The flower, however, is not so fine a cut-flower as Mont Blanc; the standard taller, not so wide, and more distinctly notched in the center. It is undoubtedly the very earliest flowering pure white sweet pea, and as the vines are slightly taller and more vigorous in growth than those of Mont Blanc, we think the Josephine White will be the most popular for general garden culture. The vines are two and a half feet in height when in full flower. Per pkt. 10 cts.; 14 lb. 30 cts.; per lb. 90 cts. 10 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; 1/4 lb. 30 cts.; per lb. 90 cts.

White Snapdragon. This is like our original curious "Snapdragon," except that the flowers are snow-white throughout. These bud-

that the flowers are snow-white throughout. These bud-like flowers, borne profusely three and four on a stem, combine finely with other flowers (not Sweet Peas) for bouquets. Used in this manner they always excite remark and are sure to become popular. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 18 cts.

Pink Snapdragon. Like the preceding, but the shell-pink, and frequently borne five flowers on a stem. Very pretty for a buttonhole bouquet. Per pkt. 10 cts.



Burpee's "SNAPDRAGONS," Mixed.

This new mixture contains five colors (including one not yet intfoduced separately) of the curiously formed and deliciously fragrant "Snahdragon" Sweet Peas. Besides their unique beauty in bouquets of assorted flowers, these "Snapdragons" are superior to the regular sweet peas for boutonnieres. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 18 cts.

"Salvation Lassie." This is an entirely new departure in Sweet Peas. The standard is unusually wide and well expanded, yet curving so curiously over the wings as to suggest a Salvation Lassie's Bonnet. In color a soft shade of deep rose throughout. The flowers are of large size, borne profusely on stiff stems and generally four flowers on a stem. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 18 cts.

SEVEN SUPERB TALL SWEET PEAS,—

Shown Painted from Nature in Burpee's Farm Annual.



Eight Elegant New Tall Sweet Peas,-

For Only 25 CTS.! In order to increase still further the popularity of the choicest Tall Sweet Peas, we offer a "Superb Collection for a Quarter," including one full-size packet each of the seven described above, excepting only Burpee's Dantry (of which, unfortunately, the supply of seed is too limited), and a large ten-cent packet each of Burpee's Re-selected Earliest of All, and the unequaled Burpee's New Best Mixed for 1903,—as described on page 123. We have prepared for a sale of fifty thousand of these collections. Should the demand exceed this number we shall be compelled to make a few changes in varieties, but will continue to give seeds of equal value.

Wholesale. These popular and quick-selling collections will be supplied at \$2.00 per dozen, postpaid, or \$1.80 per dozen, sent by express or freight,—which is only fifteen cents each.

Burpee's Dwarf CUPID SWEET PEAS.

This new race of Sweet Peas, first introduced in 1895, differs as widely as possible from the usual tall vine-like growth, being of low, very compact-spreading form. Plants are seldom more than six inches in height and form a dense mat of richest green foliage fifteen inches or more in diameter. The flowers are fully equal in size to those of the tall-growing varieties, but are placed closely together, generally three or four at the top of a stout stiff stem, seemingly poised just above the surface of the dark-green foliage. The close-spreading growth lying on the surface of the properties of the strength of the surface of the dark-green foliage.

NEW DWARF SWEET PEA, "CUPID." FLOWERS WHITE.

The above engraving, reduced in size, is an exact reproduc-tion of an illustration in The Gardenee's Chronicle, London, June 29, 1895, of one of the pot-plants exhibited at the Royal Horticultural Society, June 25, 1895, where by unanimous vote we received an Award of Merit for CUPID,—the highest indorsement possible.

Protracted dry weather induces them to grow with the greatest vigor and flower most freely. The black-seeded varieties are fully as hardy and vigorous as those of the tall-growing sorts, with similar seed, and can be planted successfully quite early in spring when the trees are starting out in leaf. The white-seeded White and Primrose Cupids, however, will give best results if planted when the weather has become warm enough to plant corn, and can be most successfully germinated by pursuing Mr. Hutchins' new method described in our leaflet, "How to Grow Sweet Peas," which is sent free if requested on the order. In dry locations, the seed may be sown rather thickly in a drill as with other sorts, and the plants allowed to grow in a close compact row, forming a beautiful ribbon or border of dark rich green, thickly starred with the brightest blossoms. For heavier moist soils we recommend planting in slightly elevated bads and having the plants stand ten inches or more next. elevated beds and having the plants stand ten inches or more apart.

ALICE ECKFORD CUPID. Standard is silvery white with faint stripe of silvery rose in center fold, with shadings of soft rosy pink at the base; wings white. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; ½ fb 18 cts.; per fb 55 cts.

"APPLE BLOSSOM" CUPID. The flowers are of grand large size, beautifully hooded and borne four on a stem. The standard is very large and broad, slightly pointed with edges well rolled, deeply suffused and veined with deep rose on a silvery ground; wings are shaded in the center with soft rose. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; ¼ fb 30 cts.; per fb 90 cts.

BOREATTON CUPID. Standard a rich wine-brown, with deeper veinings and a satin-like finish. Wings lie closely to the semi-erect keel, deep mauve in shading, underlaid with rosy purple. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; ¼ b 18 cts.; per b 60 cts.

BURPEE'S BEAUTY CUPID. The standard is of unusual breadth, with heavily rolled edges, giving a deeply hooded effect; wings broad and erect. Standard rich rose-pink, shading to nearly white at the edges and slightly striped with carmine at the base. Wings suffused rosy carmine, deepening at the edges. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; ¼ fb 18 cts.; per fb 55 cts.

Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; ½ fb 18 cts.; per fb 55 cts.

"CAPTAIN OF THE BLUES CUPID." The standard is of a reddish-purple tint heavily suffused with violet; wings very large, of a rich violet-purple,—approaching deep blue. As seen in contrast to the rich dark-green foliage, the mass of flowers has quite an effect of rich deep blue. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; ½ fb 30 cts.; per fb 90 cts.

"CHAMBERLAIN" CUPID. This is truly entitled to be called "Giant-flowered." The gigantic flowers are of perfect form, fine substance, borne in clusters upon stiff stems and are beautifully striped rosy pink upon white ground. Per pkt. 10 cts.; per oz. 15 cts.; ½ fb 40 cts.; per fb \$1.40.

COUNTESS OF RADNOR CUPID. Flowers are of immense size, even larger than those of the tall Countess, and are borne in the greatest profusion, coming three and four to a stem. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; 1/4 1b 20 cts.; per 1b 65 cts.

The close-spreading growth lying on the surface of the soil serves to keep the latter cool and moist, protecting it from the burning rays of the sun. By reason of this close dense growth, these Cupid varieties have not always proved so successful when planted where the tall varieties grow most luxuriantly; the close growth of foliage does not dry out so quickly after heavy rains as the tall sorts, which are supported on brush and exposed to the drying influence of the air. For light dry soils, however, where the tall sorts quickly dry up or are injured by blight and insects during severe hot weather, CUPID SWEET PEAS give the greatest satisfaction. Protracted dry weather induces them to grow with the greatest vigor and flower most freely.

The close-spreading growth lying on the sur-

FIREFLY CUPID. The large flowers have the dazzling scarlet effect of *Firefly* and seem even more intense in glowing color as contrasted with the close dark-green foliage. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; ¼ b 20 cts.; per b 65 cts.

PINK CUPID. This grand variety has the bright pink-and-white flowers of the Blanche Ferry type, in the tall or running varieties, of which it is a distinct sport. The standard is of a clear bright rosepink. The wings are lightly suffused with faint rose, but so slightly that they seem pure white in contrast to the bright glowing pink of the standard. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; 2 ozs. 10 cts.; ½ to 18 cts.; per to 50 cts.

PRIMROSE CUPID. The flowers are self-colored in a rich creamy or primrose tint, identical with those of the tall *Primrose*. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; ½ bb 20 cts.; per bb 60 cts.

"ROYALTY" CUPID. This resembles the tall Royal Rose, one of the finest self-colored pinks, but the broad standard makes an even larger flower, while the coloring is considerably deeper and richer in tone,—hence the new name "ROYALTY." The flowers are extra large, well hooded, and of true grandiflora type. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; ½ h grandiflora type. I 30 cts.; per lb 90 cts.

WHITE CUPID. The first of this new "CUPID" dwarf race. Flowers are borne three on a stout stiff stem and of the clearest snowy whiteness. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; 2 ozs. 10 cts.; ½ lb 18 cts.; per lb

BURPEE'S FIFTY CUPIDS, in Mixture. This Special Mixture includes ten of the above and also forty other varieties which have not yet been separately introduced,—the different colors being blended in suitable proportions. This New Mixture alone contains most of the shades in the Tall Sweet Peas. The flowers range in color from pure white and light pink to dark red and from light lavender to deep purple, while there are several attractive and unnamed striped varieties. We have grown a large crop, and are able to sell at so moderate a price that we are sure this superb and showy mixture will make thousands of new friends for our unique DWARF CUPID SWEET PEAS. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; 2 ozs. 18 cts.; ½ lb. 30 cts.; per lb. 90 cts.

New Dwarf CUPID Sweet Pea,—SADIE BURPEE (b. s.)

This will completely eclipse the original White Cupid, and being black-seeded is of vigorous growth. The dwarf, compact plants with their deep-green foliage form a suitable background for the grand pure white flowers, which are gracefully hooded, of the best type and truly enormous size. The standard measures nearly two inches across while the wings spread out, but

white flowers, which are gracefully hooded, of the best type and truly enormous size. The standard measures nearly two inches across while the wings spread out, but still touching measure two and a quarter inches,—giving the flowers an appearance of really gigantic size, never approached heretofore in any other Sweet Pea. The expanded flowers are uniformly of pure pearly whiteness; only the closed bud shows a light tinge of pink. Very often three of these gigantic flowers are borne on a stem; oftener two to stem, while occasionally only one on top of a stem, showing off the gigantic size to even better advantage. Sold only in sealed packets, each bearing our registered trade mark. Per pkt. 15 cts.,—"less one-third."

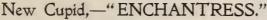
New Cupid,— "BRIDESMAID."

Standard and wings of a very deep pink throughout,—almost self-colored—retaining the rich pink to the edges of both standard and wings.

The large standard is semi-hooded and the wings are unusually large. A most prolific

bloomer, and of such vigorous growth that the dwarf plants continue for months to be completely covered with the large lovely flowers. Sold only in sealed packets bearing our trade mark. Per pkt. 15 cts.,—"less one-third."

NEW CUPID, SADIE BURPEE, from a Photograph.



Most beautiful both for bedding and for boutonnieres. Generally three flowers on each stout stem; rose-pink on rich cream ground. The rose-pink is deepest in color at base of standard. The nearest contempart in tall sweet peas is the Hon. F. Bouverie, but this new Cupid is even more beautiful; the flowers are larger and the pink is of a richer shade. Flowers of finest form; "they beat a Verbena for bedding." Sold in sealed packets bearing our trade mark. Per pkt. 15 cts.,—"less one-third."

New Cupid,—"MAUVE QUEEN." Of the true dwarf cupid growth, the profusion of magnificent large flowers. The flowers are practically self-colored, being deep pinkishmauve upon primrose ground, with wings only a shade lighter than the standard. Soid only in sealed packets bearing our trade mark. Per pkt. 15 cts.,—less usual discount of one-third.



Dwarf Cupid,—"AMERICA." The large flowers are produced in threes at the top of a stiff stem, and are extremely bright in contrast with the rich dark-green foliage. The standard and wings are very broad and spreading, being of the true grandiflora form, showing effectively the bright blood-red stripings on silvery-white ground. The color is most showy and pleasing. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; ¼ lb. 30 cts.; per lb. \$1.15.



Dwarf Cupid,—"Extra Early Blanche Ferry." The flowers are identical with but the plants come into full bloom a week or ten days earlier. The flowers are produced almost as early as Burpee's Earliest of All, and much earlier than the ordinary tall or running varieties. The standard is a bright soft rose-pink and the wings creamy white. The flowers come in three, placed closely together on a stout stiff stem. Per pkt. 10 cts.; 0z. 10 cts.; 1/4 lb. 30 cts.; per lb. 90 cts.

Burpee's Cupid,—"HER MAJESTY." A very pleasing shade of deep rosy crimson, a solid bed or row of this variety being intensely glowing in the sunshine. The color is one of the lighter and softer shades of bright red. The flowers are the same in form and coloring as those of the tall Her Majesty, and are even larger in size, the standards being much broader at the base. The soft shade of rosy crimson is slightly deeper in the wings than in standard. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; 1/4 lb 40 cts.; per lb. \$1.40.

Burpee's Cupid,—"LOTTIE ECKFORD." The flowers are of large size, with standard, and the broad wings widely spreading. Both standard and wings are clear silvery white, outlined or edged with rich purple-lavender with fainter shadings of the same color frequently shading the inner portions. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; ½ lb. 40 cts.; per lb. \$1.40.

Burpee's Cupid,—"STELLA MORSE." This grand new Cupid is identical in rich coloring with the popular tall Stella Morse introduced by us in 1898. The flowers of the Cupid strain are distinct from those of the tall parent variety in that they come only two on a stem, but the shading is so charming that this feature

parent variety in that they come only two on a stem, but the shading is so charming that this feature is easily overlooked. The upper edges of the standard are heavily rolled, giving a sharply pointed effect, while the keel is stiffly erect, holding the broad wings closely to the standard. The ground color is a rich creamy buff, tinted with apricot, while the inner portion of the wings is delicately shaded with soft rosy carmine. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; ¹/₄ lb. 30 cts.; per lb. \$1.00.

For All Other CUPIDS—and Description of the Type—see preceding page.

New Colors of Burpee's Bush Sweet Peas.

Bush Sweet Peas are very attractive if planted as a hedge, allowing about six inches for each plant. They branch freely, and each plant is of *perfect bush form* until about a foot high; when in full bloom they are 18 to 20 inches high and a row will still remain self-supporting. The flowers are about two-thirds the

size of the Tall Sweet Peas, borne two on a stem; the stems are about six inches long. Cut in connection with some of the foliage, which consists of attractive, narrow, light-green leaves, the flowers are excellent for house decoration or bouquets. Their chief beauty, however, is seen when planted in a row, which, when in full bloom, becomes a complete mass of flowers.



BURPEE'S NEW BUSH SWEET PEA.

Burpee's Bush Sweet Pea,—"ROYAL ROSE." The beautiful semi-hooded flowers are larger than usual in this distinct new type, while the plants, always of good bush habit, remain in bloom for a long time. Standard crimson-pink, shading deeper a mid-rib; wings pink, shading lighter at edges. Sold only in sealed packets bearing our trade mark. Per pkt. 15 cts.,—"less one-third."

Burpee's Bush Sweet Pea,— DOROTHY TENNANT. This is of very

decided bush type, quite self-supporting when grown in a row. The flowers are self-colored, in handsome rose-purple; of medium large size, hooded form, of the best type. The plant is hardy and a profuse bloomer. Sold only in sealed packets, each bearing our trade mark. Per pkt. 15 cts.,—"less one-third."

Burpee's Bush Sweet Pea. "LADY MARY CURRIE."

This is certainly one of the very best bush sweet peas, blooming quite early and most profusely, while the flowers are of lasting substance and fine hooded form. The standard is bright crimson-orange; wings crimson, shaded with orange. There is a tint of lilac at base of both standard and wings. Sold only in our trade-mark packets. Per pkt. 15 cts.,—"less one-third."

Burpee's Bush,—"LOTTIE ECKFORD." Standard white ground, quite heavily shaded throughout with lilac; wings similar but shaded with lighter lilac. Both standard and wings are edged with deep blue. Flowers of fine hooded form and extra large for the bush type, being nearly as large as the tall Lottie Eckford. While a decided bush, the plants are of vigorous growth, and the flowers are borne upon long strong stems. Sold only in sealed packets, bearing our trade mark. Per pkt. 15 cts.,—less discount of one-third.

Burpee's Bush Sweet Pea,—"BLANCHE BURPEE." This Blanche Burpee Bush Sweet Pea is one of the very finest additions to this most distinct new race. The flowers are of the pure paper whiteness, fine bold form, and firm lasting substance as in the famous tall Eckford's Blanche Burpee, but average about two-thirds the size. See small illustration of a plant herewith, engraved from a photograph. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; 1/4 lb. 45 cts.; per lb. \$1.60.

Burpee's Bush,—"HER MAJESTY." The color is a rosy crimson, both in the standard a of wings, very bright and soft in tint, a truly charming shade. Typical bush growth in all respects. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; 1/4 lb. 45 cts.; per lb. \$1.60.

Burpee's Bush,—"PRIMA DONNA." Like those of the tall-growing Prima Donna, the flowers are of a beautiful soft pink tint and self-colored,—the most exquisite shade of flesh-pink, a true peach-blossom tint. Standard slightly folded and the upper edges heavily rolled; wings nearly erect and well spread, making a fine hooded effect. Per pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; ¼ lb. 45 cts.; per lb. \$1.60.

Burpee's Bush,—"SENATOR." This is a perfect reproduction in flower of the tall-bush type of growth. The flowers are finely formed, the standard being broad and pointed; wings well spread and heavily rolled. Standard and wings are silvery gray, heavily striped with brownish claret, changing to a violet-purple as flowers remain open. Per pkt. 10 cts.; 0z. 10 cts.; 1/4 lb. 30 cts.; per lb. \$1.15.

BURPEE'S BUSH SWEET

Forty-Eight New Colors in Mixture. These are all entirely distinct from the separare not sufficiently "established" to be worthy of introduction under color, all come true to the dwarf compact "bush type." Many who have admired Burpee's Bush Sweet Peas, but expressed regret that this attractive race existed in such few colors, will hail with delight this special "Trial Grounds Mixture" of forty-eight new colors. As nearly as the names of the similar tall-growing varieties will describe similar flowers of this bush type we should state that the varieties comprised in this New Bush Mixture are: Black,—Blue Friar,—California,—Captivation,—Colonist,—Countess of Shrewsbury,—Creole,—Dorothy Tennant Striped,—Gaiety,—Golden Gate,—Her Majesty Striped,—Juanita,—Katherine Tracy,—Large Violet Queen,—Light Friefly,—Light Gaiety,—Light Gray Friar,—Light Mauve,—Light Pink,—Light Queen,—Lottie Hutchins,—Meteor,—Mikado,—Minnehaha,—Modesty,—Mrs. Gladstone,—Novy Blue,—Oddity,—Oregonia,—Ovid,—Peach Blossom,—Pink Striped,—Primrose,—Primrose Mottled,—Princess Victoria,—Princess of Wales,—Purple Prince,—Purple and White Striped,—Queen Victoria,—Ramona,—Reddish Mauve,—Splendor,—Splendor Striped,—The Queen,—Wawona,—Waverly,—White and Blue Mottled, and White Striped with Lavender. We are sure that thousands will welcome this opportunity to secure a mixed row for cutting of the most attractive new Burpee Bush type, which, as all who have tried it know, is more sure to flower freely in unfavorable seasons than tall-growing sweet peas. Seed sold only "under our seal."

Per pkt. 10 cts.; per oz. 15 cts.; ¼ lb. 45 cts.; per lb. \$1.60.

BURPEE'S BUSH SWEET PEAS. This is a new race of entirely distinct growth, first introduced by us in 1899.

It has proved very satisfactory in growth and freedom of flower, particularly in light warm soils. The plants are erect, fifteen to eighteen inches high when in full flower, but branching freely so that the close bushes are frequently fifteen inches and more in diameter, composed of short erect branches with abundant light-green foliage. The tendrils at ends of the leaves clasp themselves closely to the adjoining branches, so that the whole

plant is held quite erect though sufficiently open to admit of a freer circulation of air than in the low compact form of the Cupid type. The flowers, while not so large, are of as fine form and beautiful coloring as the Tall varieties, and are quite distinct from the Cupid type, being borne on long slender stems. As the stems of flowers can be cut with some of the neat attractive foliage, they are most desirable for bunching in bouquets and for floral decorations.

BURPEE'S BUSH GRAY FRIAR. The first

variety of this most distinct type. It is identical in coloring with our beautiful *Gray Friar*. The flowers are The flowers are borne in twos and threes on quite long stems. The howers are borne in twos and threes on quite long stems. The standard is large, stiffly erect, and broadly spreading; wings wide and well spread, edges slightly rolled. The coloring, in suffused shadings and watered veinings, is of lavender-purple on a silvery-white ground. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; ½ lb 18 cts.; per lb 55 cts.

BURPEE'S BUSH MONARCH.

flowers, generally three in a cluster at top of long stiff stems. The rich dark coloring of the flowers contrasts most admirably with the light-green foliage. Standard large and wide, well spread, and of a deep claret or wine-brown; wings heavily rolled, rich purple. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 6 cts.; ¼ 10 20 cts.; per 10 65 cts.

BURPEE'S BUSH BLANCHE FERRY.

Plants of true bush growth, with a profusion of fine large flowers of the ever-popular coloring, pink-and-white, as seen in tall Blanche Ferry, Burpee's Earliest of All, and Pink Cupid. The plants grow only fifteen inches in height, come into flower early, and are almost completely hidden by the cloud of beautiful blossoms which come in threes on a long stem. The standard is a soft pink and the wings white, occasionally faintly suffused with rose-pink. Branches are slender, and plants can be grown closely together in a continuous row. Per pkt. 10 cts.; per 0z. 10 cts.; ½ fb 30 cts.; per fb 90 cts.







PETUNIA.

The grand large-flowered strains, Burpee's Defiance, as well as the Fordhook Fancy Fringed Double
and Giants of California, make fine pot-plants. The
seed is expensive, and therefore we advise starting in
the greenhouse in February; grown in this way, fine
plants in flower may be had for sale at planting-out
time. The New Dwarf Brilliant Rose is especially
desirable for summer bedding, as winter blooming or
house plants. Adonis has a plentiful supply of soft
rosy-carmine flowers; fine for pot culture, vases, bedding, etc. Our Fringed Double produces about thirty
per cent. of double-flowered plants, the flowers of which
are extremely double, finely fringed, and of most beautiful colorings.

thu colorings.	PKT.	oz.
Burpee's Defiance, Largest Flowering,		
Finest Mixed, (1000 seeds, 50 cts.)	\$0 25	
Dwarf Inimitable, (1/8 oz., 25 cts.)	10	
Fordhook Fancy Fringed, Double,		
(1000 seeds, \$1.50)	25	
Giants of California, Mixed,		
(1000 seeds, 40 cts.)	15	
Large-flowering, Mixed, . (16 oz., 75 cts.)	10	
Large-flowered, Dark Blue,		
(1000 seeds, 60 cts.)	15	
Adonis, (1/8 oz., 50 cts.)	10	\$3 75
Dwarf Brilliant Rose, (16 oz., 50 cts.)	. 10	,,,,,
Striped and Blotched,	5	60
Hybrida, Mixed,	5	40

PENSTEMON.

Penstemons flower freely the first season from seed if sown in the greenhouse or in an early hot-bed. They make very desirable garden plants.

PERILLA Nankinensis.

A rich deep-purple-leaved plant, resembling the Coleus in growth, used for ornamental foliage beds. Laciniata picta has the leaves finely cut or fringed. PKT. \$0 05 \$0 15

PLATYCODON.

Hardy perennials, increasing in size and freedom of flower from year to year, but flowering freely the first year from seed. The Large-flowered Dwarf Blue has large four-petaled flowers of a rich dark blue, while in the Mixed Strain there are many pure white flowers, the balance ranging from light blue to the darkest and richest shade of Navy Blue.

richest shade of Navy Blue.	PER	PER
27 7 0 10 10		oz.
New Large-flowered Dwarf, Blue,	\$0 IQ	\$0 60
Grandiflorum, Mixed,	10	35



PHLOX DRUMMONDII.

We grow only the most brilliant colors of this freeflowering annual, discarding the dull pink shades so
largely found in cheap mixtures. Our Fordhook Strain
of Grandiflora is composed of the finest named varieties, and the large fields invariably receive the most
enthusiastic commendation of florists visiting our
farms. The Grandiflora strain grows eighteen inches
high and blossoms all summer long; started early, in
a cool greenhouse, they make fine blooming plants for
spring sales. The Nana compacta grows only six
inches high when in full bloom, but bears a profusion
of fine large flowers; they make beautiful ribbon borders for flower-beds by simply sowing the seed in a
shallow drill around the edge of the flower-bed.

	PKT.	OZ.
Starred and Fringed, Mixed,		\$0 60
Stellata, Mixed,		75
Fine Mixed,	5	40
Grandiflora Alba,		60
" Coccinea,		70
" Large Blood-Red,	- 5	70
" Yellow,	_ 10	80
" Splendens,	5	70
" Fordhook Strain, Mixed,	10	60
" Fine Mixed,	5	50
Nana Compacta, Snowball, (¼ oz., 45 cts.)	IO	I 75
" Fireball, (1/4 oz., 45 cts.)	10	I 75
" Mixed, . (¼ oz., 40 cts.)	. 10	1 50

PORTULACA.

The Double Rose-flowered produces the finest double flowers in varied colors and markings, making beautiful carpet-beds when planted in masses; it must be borne in mind, however, that even the finest double strains do not produce many double flowers until rather late in the season. The single-flowered embraces pure white and the most beautiful shades of yellow, pink, and red.

and roan	PER	PER
Double Rose-flowered, Mixed,	PKT.	OZ.
(½ oz., 30 cts.)	\$0 10	\$2 00
Finest Single, Mixed,	. 5	25



PRIMULA FIMBRIATA, -SINGLE CHINESE PRIMROSE.

PRIMULA SINENSIS FIM-BRIATA.

(FRINGED CHINESE PRIMROSE.)

This is one of the finest winter-blooming pot-plants for house culture, flowering freely throughout the winter months. To have fine blooming plants for fall sales, the seed should be sown in April or May and grown in a cool situation during the summer. For description of choice named varieties, see page 169 of FARM ANNUAL FOR 1903. Our mixed strains are composed of the best named varieties, and will produce the finest and largest flowers in a great variety of colors.

Fimbriata	Filicifolia, Mixed (Fern-Leaved	
	Primula), (Trade pkt., \$1.00)	\$0 20
14 *	Fringed, Mixed, (Trade pkt., 50 cts.)	10
4.6	Splendid Mixed, Large-flowering,	
	Fringed, (Trade pkt., 75 cts.)	15
8.6	Alba Magnifica, (Trade pkt., \$1.00)	20
E 4	Blue, (Trade pkt., \$1.25)	20
	Bright Red, (Trade pkt., \$1.00)	20
44	Crimson Velvet, (Trade pkt., \$1.25)	20
4.6	Kermesina Splendens,	
	(Trade pkt., \$1.00)	20
**	Lilac Marbled, . (Trade pkt., \$1.00)	20
6.6	Rosy Morn, (Trade pkt., \$1.25)	- 20
66 /	Rubra Violacea, (Trade pkt., \$1.25)	20
4.6	Striped, (Trade pkt., \$1.00)	20

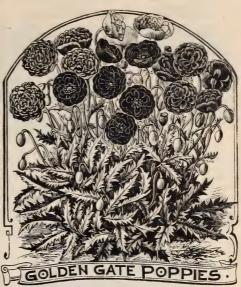
A trade packet of Primula contains from 500 to 1000 seeds. Prices on "Trade Packets" are net.

Other PRIMULAS.

Primula obconica grandiflora is a distinct species, flowering profusely the whole year round; the small white flowers are borne in large clusters on a tall stiff stem. Primula auricula is a fine large-flowered strain of the hardy primrose, or Couslip; the flowers are varied in coloring, with distinct showy markings.

Auricula, (½ oz., 50 cts.) \$0 15 Obconica Grandiflora, (1000 seeds, 50 cts.) o

W. S. HENDERSON, Watertown, N. Y., September 14, 1902, writes:—The seeds were fine, especially the flowers. We had seven first prizes at our County Fair last week. The asters were very large, some of them four and three-quarter inches, and the petunias are just immense and have been acknowledged by every one as the finest they have ever seen.



POPPY.

In the named varieties of large-flowered Poppies we save seed only from carefully rogued crops, and florists planting for effective masses can depend on them to come true to name and color. Fairy Blush is finely fringed, and of a beautiful combination of soft pink and silvery white. Fordhook Fairies are a mixed strain of the fringed type, showing a varied assortment of beautiful colorings. Snowdryft is a pure white fringed variety, Carnation-flowered, Double, have the petals fringed; while the Paony-flowered double, have broad rounded petals of silky texture. The new Nankeen Yellow has the same type of petal, of a pale lemon hue. The Tulip-flowered is a brilliant shade of richest scarlet, the single flowers resembling those of a tulip. Golden Gate and Shirley are improved strains of the Ranunculus-Flowered. Iceland is a perennial variety, flowering the first year from seed, but produces more bloom the second year; the flowers are of the brightest shades.

	1 2314	
	PKT.	OZ.
Burpee's Fairy Blush,	. \$0 10	\$0 60
Fordhook Fairy, Mixed,	. 10	. 30
Golden Gate,	. 5	40
Nankeen Yellow,	. 5	35
Snowdrift (True),	. / 5	40
Tulip-Flowered,	. 5	. 35
The Shirley,	• 5	30
New Silver Lining,		50
Carnation, Double, Mixed,	. 5	10
Double Pæony-Flowered, Mixed,	. 5	10
Iceland, Mixed (Perennial),	. 10	50

PYRETHRUM.

Parthenifolium aureum, or Golden Feather, is a dwarf compact plant having fern-like leaves of a bright golden hue; excellent for edging foliage beds, as well as for baskets and vases. Parthenium, fl. pl., has darkgreen foliage and bears large clusters of double white flowers on long stems; desirable for cut-flowers in summer. Roseum is the Persian Insect-Powder Plant, the powder being made from the dried flowers; aside from this, the plant has large daisy-like flowers in deepshades of pink and red; the plant is quite hardy and blooms freely. Roseum, fl. pl., is the double flowered type of the preceding, having semi-double and quite double flowers in deep rich shades produced on long slender

	4 2016	
	PKT.	OZ.
Parthenifolium Aureum (Golden Feather),		\$0 30
Parthenium, fl. pl. (Feverfew),		45
Roseum (Persian Insect-Powder Plant), .		75
Hybridum Roseum, fl. pl	10	1 25

RICINUS (Castor-Oil Bean).

Grand large-leaved plants for tropical bedding. The new Zanzibar varieties grow to the largest size, ten to fifteen feet in height, and have immense showy leaves. Cambodgensis has large leaves of a bronze-red hue. Spectabilis is a tall sort with immense pale-green leaves.

								Pl	ER	PER
								Pl	T.	OZ.
Cambodgensis,	÷					*		\$0	0.5	\$0 15
Spectabilis,									5	15
Zanzibarensis, Mixed,		(1/4	Ϊb,	20	ct	s.)		5	10
Mixed,		(]	Per	lb,	50	Cl	s.)		5	8

SALPIGLOSSIS.

Good flowering plants for summer bedding; do best in a cool, moist location. The Grandiflora strain grows two and one-half feet high, producing large flowers. Superba is more compact in growth, but with equally brilliant flowers.

PER PER PER PKT. OZ.

Grandiflora, Finest Mixed, \$0 10 \$0 40 Mixed, \$5 35 Superba, Finest Mixed, \$(4 0z., 30 cts.) 10 100



A Single Plant of SALVIA SPLENDENS

SALVIA.~

Splendens is the well-known Scarlet Sage, one of the finest flowering plants for summer bedding, growing to large size and covered with spikes of intense scarlet flowers. Seed started in February will make fine bushy plants for planting out at the proper time.

		PER	PER
			OZ.
Splendens (Scarlet Sage),	(½ oz., 35 cts.)	\$0 10	\$1 25

SCABIOSA (Mourning Bride).

These produce fine flowers in many beautiful shades with long slender stems. The flowers are useful for cut-flower work.

PER PER PER PER OZ.

Dwarf, Double Mixed \$0.05 \$0.10 Large-Flowered Double, Mixed \$5.25 Tall German, Mixed \$5.5 12

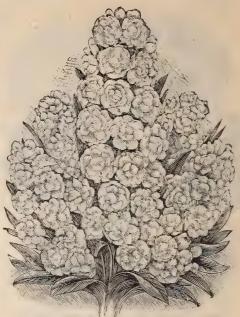
SEDUM (Stonecrop).

Sedum Cœruleum (Stonecrop),	PER PKT.	PER OZ.
(¼ oz., 40 cts.)	\$0.05	\$T 50

SENSITIVE PLANT.

Curious plants, the leaves of which close up tightly when touched; small, feathery, soft-pink flowers. Potted plants sell readily in the spring as a curiosity.

						PE	R	PE	R
			_			PK	T.	OZ	4
Sensitive	Plant (Mi	imosa	Pudica).		 	\$o	05	\$0	1



LARGE-FLOWERING GLOBE PYRAMIDAL STOCK.

STOCKS.

These make good blooming plants for bedding or for pot culture in cool locations; the large spikes of fine double flowers are also desirable for cutting. The Dwarf varieties are best suited for blooming early in the spring, unless the large-flowering *Globe Pyramidal* can be given an early start—six-inch pots and ample room in which to grow,—when they make grand decorative plants, suitable for spring sales. The *Large-flowering Dwarf*, in separate colors, are especially fine and can be had in bloom in three- and four-inch pots. *White Perpetual*, or "Cut-and-Come-Again," is a most useful variety for florists, furnishing a constant supply of fine white sprays throughout the season.

tine white sprays timoughout the s	PER	PER
	PKT	. oz.
Dwarf German Ten Weeks, Fine !	Mixed, . \$0 og	\$0.75
Dwarf White Pyramid, (1/8 oz.	, 60 cts.) 15	5
Emperor, or Perpetual, Mixed,		
	, 75 cts,) 10)
Giant Perfection, Mixed, . (1/8 oz.	, 40 cts.) - 10	3 00
Globe Pyramidal, Mixed, . (1/8 oz.	, 40 cts.) 10	3 00
Large-Flowering Dwarf, Blood-re-	d,	
	, 40 cts.) ic	2 75
" Purple-V		, 0
(½ oz.	, 40 cts.). 10	2 75
" Pure Wi	nite,	
(½ oz	, 40 cts.) . 10	2 75
" Choice I	Mixed,	
· (¼ oz	., 50 cts.) 5	I 50
Red Victoria, (1/8 oz.	, 60 cts.) 15	5
White Perpetual, or Cut-and-Com-	e-Again,	
	, 45 cts.) 15	3 25
Brompton, or Winter, Mixed.	, , ,	
	; 50 cts.) 10	3 50
		5 0

SMILAX.

This fine climber is grown extensively for use in floral decorations of all kinds. The best results are obtained by raising fresh plants from seed each spring.

			PER	PER
Smilax	(Myrsiphyllum	Asparagoides),	PKT.	
		(1/2 07 20 cts.)	80 05	\$0.30

STEVIA.

The Stevias are very largely grown by florists for cut-flowers for early winter use, and, being quite hardy and of easy culture, no special care is required in growing them.

ing them.						PER	PER
						PKT.	OZ,
Stevia Serrata.						\$0 10	\$0 50



SUNFLOWERS.

The Dahlia Sunflower produces nu-merous double flowers of a bright golden yellow. Many-flow-ered Double bran-ches at each leaf, and each branch duces a fine double flower, the smaller ones from the side branches resembling fine dahlia, - see illustration. cumerifolius has small single flowers resembling daisies. The new Stella has fine single flowers of a larger size than last named, while the New Seedlings of Stella are particularly beautiful. Globosus fistulosus produces terminal flowers of immense size and extremely double.

	PKT.	OZ.
Globosus Fistulosus,	\$0 05	\$0 IO
Miniature (Cucumerifolius),		12
Many-flowered Double, (1/4 fb, 25 cts.		
The Dahlia,	. 5	
Golden Nigger.	5	10
Chrysanthemum-Flowered,		15
Stella,	. 5	
New Seedlings of Stella,	. 10	40

VIOLAS, or Tufted Pansies.

Extremely popular in Europe for bedding, Violas or Tufted Pansies should be used more generally in America. Sow the seed in May,



all colors.



TORENIA.

Beautiful free-flowering plants for summer bedding, pot culture, or planting in baskets and vases. Seed started in February makes fine blooming plants in small pots for spring sales. Fournieri, close compact growth, with deep-blue flowers brightly marked with orange. White Wings, similar in growth to Fournieri, but with creamy-white flowers.

PKT. OZ.

Fournieri, . ($\frac{1}{16}$ oz., 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 40 cts.) \$0 05 \$2 75 White Wings, ($\frac{1}{16}$ oz., 25 cts.) 10 3 00

THUNBERGIA (Black-Eyed Susan).

Free-flowering trailing vines of rapid growth; very pretty when used about the edges of baskets, vases or tubs of flowering plants. Seed sown in February and March make fine-blooming pot-plants for spring sales. The flowers are white, yellow, and deep orange, both self-colored and with distinct black eye in center.

PKT. Mixed, \$0 05 \$0 40

VINCA (Madagascar Periwinkle).

Free-flowering bushy plants, two feet in height, with glossy deep-green leaves. The flowers are white and deep pink, both self-colored and with a bright eye of contrasting color. Fine for bedding and pot culture; the plants are in bloom the whole year round. Start

seed early in	the 8	gre	em	lou	se.		, P	KT.	02	7.
Alba Pura, .						 				
Rosea,						 		10		60
" Alba.								TO		60
Mixed Colors			٠.			 		5.		55

ROBT. C. BANCROFT, Toughkenamon, Pa., September 22, 1902, writes:—Certainly no customer can complain of any unfair treatment from your house. I can say personally that of the various kinds of seeds purchased from you at different times, everything has been perfectly satisfactory and it has always been a pleasure to me to recommend your goods to brother florists.

VERBENA HYBRIDA.

Our strains of this popular bedding plant are saved from the choicest flowers, and embrace only the finest Our strains of this popular bedding plant are saved from the choicest flowers, and embrace only the finest colorings. The new MAMMOTH FORDHOOK FAMOUS in mixed colors is the finest and largest-flowered strain in cultivation. We should suggest to florists that plants raised from seed for spring sales are not only free from the troublesome "Verbena rust." which destroys so many plants from cuttings but are also much stronger; will grow more vigorously and blossom more profusely when bedded out. The seed germinates slowly and should be planted quite early. Those who prefer to propagate from cuttings will be able to select many new and desirable colors from our fine seed for stock plants. Auricula-Flowered, (¼ oz., 25 cts.) \$0 to Italian Striped, (¼ oz., 25 cts.) \$0 75 75 Auricula-Flowered, (½ oz., 25 cts.) Italian Striped, (½ oz., 25 cts.) New Mammoth White.
(½ oz., 50 cts.; ½ oz., 25 cts.) Pure White, (½ oz., 25 cts.) Scarlet Defiance, (½ oz., 25 cts.) Burbank's Mayflower, (½ oz., 35 cts.) New Mammoth Fordhook Famous, Mixed Colors, (½ oz., 35 cts.) Extra Fine, Mixed, (½ oz., 25 cts.) Fine Quality, Mixed, (½ oz., 30 cts.) Good, Mixed TO 10

TO

WALLFLOWER.

Extensively grown abroad for fall and winter bloom as pot-plants; highly desirable both for the beauty and fragrance of the flowers. Sow seed early in the spring, growing the plants in the open ground; in the fall lift and plant in pots or window-boxes for flowering.

	PER	PER
	PKT.	OZ.
Choice Single, Mixed,	. \$0 05	\$0 15
Fine German Double, Mixed,		
(½ oz., 25 cts.		1 75
Extra Early Parisian,	. 10	30

WILD CUCUMBER.

A quick-growing climber which succeeds well under adverse conditions. The vines grow very rapidly from seed planted in the open ground, and frequently reach a great height, rapidly covering any trellis or support that may be provided for them. The leaves are quite large and resemble those of the Cucumber,

hence the name.									
								PER	PER
									OZ.
Wild Cucumber,		-	٠			٠		. \$0 10	\$0 25

ZINNIA.

Showy flowering plants for summer bedding. Showy flowering plants for summer bedding. The seeds may be planted early in the spring where the plants are to bloom, or may be started still earlier indoors to obtain a longer season of bloom. The Giant Mammoth, Mixed, produces fine double flowers of the largest size and in a great variety of brilliant colors. The Double Liliput is of dwarf, compact growth, with very symmetrical and extremely double flowers of small size. The new Fairy Gem produces, on neat little husbes miniature double flowers of many bright. little bushes, miniature double flowers of many bright

	1 1	1 1216
	PKT.	OZ.
Elegans, Giant Mammoth, Mixed,	\$0 10	\$0.50
" Double Liliput (New Extra Fine		
Strain),	10	50
" Dwarf Double "Fairy Gem."		
Mixed, (1/4 oz., 30 cts.)	10	I 00

SWEET WILLIAM

(Dianihus Barbatus).

Hardy plants, flowering freely early in the spring the second season from seed; fine for flower borders and also quite useful for cutting.

											PF	€R	PE	ER
											PK	CT.	0	z.
Single, Mixed, Double, Mixed,		٠								. \$	o	05	\$0	15
Double, Mixed,	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠			5		30

EVERLASTINGS.

			PER	PER
			PKT.	OZ.
Acroclinium, Mixed,			. \$0 05	\$0 12
Ammobium, White,			. 5	12
Gomphrena, Mixed,				12
Helichrysum, Fireball,				40
" Snowball, .			, 10	40
" Golden Ball,			. 10	40
" Monstrosum,				30
" Dwarf, Splen	did Mix	ed, .	. 5	35
Helipterum Sanfordi,				30
Rhodanthe, Mixed,			. 5	60
Xeranthemum, Mixed,				35
Everlastings Mixed				40

ORNAMENTAL GRASSES.

	PER	PER
	PKT.	OZ.
Agrostis Nebulosa,	\$0 05	\$0 40
Avena Sterilis (Animated Oats),	5	12
Briza Gracilis,	5	20
" Maxima (Quaking Grass),	5	12
Bromus Brizæformis,		12
Chrysurus Cynosuroides,	5	12
Coix Lachryma (Job's Tears),	5	10
Erianthus Ravennæ,	5	35
Eulalia Japonica Zebrina (Zebra Grass), .	10	70
Gynerium Argenteum (Pampas Grass),	10	35
Hordeum Jubatum (Squirrel's-Tail Grass),		20
Lagurus Ovatus (Hare's-Tail Grass),	5	20
Pennisetum Longistylum,	10	20
" Ruepellianum,	10	40
Mixed Annual Varieties of Grasses,	10	20



florets are all of unusually large size. It embraces a wide range of most bright and distinct colors. The separate florets are frequently larger in diameter than a

silver quarter; in fact, many can scarcely be cov-ered with a silver half-dollar. Our illustration accurately represents an average truss, and if you will try to cover the florets in this illustration as sugin this illustration as sug-gested, their extreme large size will be most clearly brought out. Many of the trusses are composed of brightly colored flowers, each distinctly marked with contrasting eye. Per pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 35 cts.; ½ oz. 65 cts.; per oz. \$1.25.

VERBENA MAYFLOWER.— Burbank's Fragrant Strain.

This is a greatly improved selection of the fragrant Mayflower Verbena developed and selected by Luther Burbank. The florets are much larger percentage of plants, bearing fragrant flowers, than the parent strain. Mr. Burbank has made special selection for large-sized and this will be a most desirable strain for bedding and cut-flower work.

Per pkt. 10 cts.; ¼ oz. 35 cts.; per oz. \$1.25.

brightly colored plants, so that this

FORDHOOK FAMOUS. from a Photograph.

Summer-Flowering BULBS.

The bulbs offered here are of the finest quality, being grown especially for us; they are all true to name and are now properly stored in our warehouses awaiting orders. Twenty-five bulbs or more of one kind will be supplied at the rates per 100. Special quotations on large quantities. We call attention to our Tuberoses, which are particularly fine strains.

	PER	CI ADIOLI A TE	
EACH.	100.	GLADIOLI in Mixture.	
Amaryllis Regina, \$0 10	\$8 00	PFR	PER
		100.	1000.
Apios Tuberosa, 4	3 50	Gladioli,-Childsi, Finest Mixed, \$2 25	\$20 00
Begonia, Tuberous-Rooted, Double,		Groff's New Hybrids, Mixed, 2 50	22 50
Mixed, 8	5 75	Burnee's Superb Seedlings 1 25	II 00
Tuberous-Rooted, Double,-Crimson,		Lemoinei Seedlings, 1 50 Fine Mixed (first size), 1 00 " (second size), 65	13 50
Pink, White, and Yellow, 9	7 00	Fine Mixed (first size) 1 00	9 00
Tuberous-Rooted, Single, Mixed, 5	3 00	" " (second size), 65	6 00
Tuberous-Rooted, Single, Mixed, 5 Tuberous-Rooted, Single,—Crimson, Orange, Pink, White, and Yellow, 6			
	3 75	GLOXINIAS.	40 Y 2 TO
Caladium Esculentum (good size), 8	6 00		PER
Fancy Leaved, 10	8 00	Glavinia Crassifalia Crandiflara Franta	100.
Calla, Spotted,	5 00	Gloxinia Crassifolia Grandiflora Erecta, Blue, \$0 03	\$6 50
Cinnamon Vine,	3 00	Crassifolia Grandiflora Erecta,	20 20
	3 00	Pink	6 50
Field-grown DAHLIAS.		Pink,	0.20
rield-grown Darithas.		White, 8	6 50
Dahlias, -Show and Fancy.		Crassifolia Grandiflora Erecta,	0 30
A. D. Livoni, 8	7 00 7 00 7 00	Mixed 7	6 00
	7 00	Mixed,	6 00
Elegans, 8	7 00		
Harlequin, 10	7 00	Hyacinthus Candicans,	2 25
John Bennett, 8	7 00	Iris Kæmpferi, Best Double Mixed 6	-5 00
Elegans, 8 Harlequin, 10 John Bennett, 8 Le Phare, 8 Miss Cannell, 8 Miss May Lomas, 8 Mys Largetty	7 00		
Miss Cannell, 8	7 00	LILIES.	
Miss May Lomas 8	7 00 7 00 7 00		0
Mis. Languy,	7 00	Lilium Auratum, 10	8 00
Queen of Yellows,	7 00	Longiflorum, 10 Melpomeně, 12	8.00
Ruby Queen, 8 Snow, 8 Uncertainty, 8	7 00	Melpomene,	10 00
Snow,	7 00 7 00	Roseum or Rubrum 12	8 00
Uncertainty, 8	7 00		
DECORATIVE.		Tigrinum flore pleno,	5 50
Clifford W. Bruton, 10	9 00	, Wallacei,	5 50
Grand Duke Alevie	9 00	Madeira Vine,	2 50
Henry Patrick,	9 00	Montbretia Crocosmiæflora,	I 50
Magnificent, 10	7 00	Drap d'Or,	2 00
Henry Patrick, 10 Magnificent, 10 Nymphæa, 10 Wm. Agnew, 10	9 00	Drap d'Or,	2 00
Wm. Agnew,	9 00	Etoile de Feu,	2 00
Zulu,	9 00	Pottsii Grandiflora,	I 50
CACTUS.		Rosea,	I 75
Harmony, 10	9 00	PER	PER
Harmony,	9 00	100.	1000.
Gloriosa, 10	9 00	Mixed, \$1 40	\$12 00
John H Roach	9 00		PER
Matchless,	9 00	EACH.	100.
Perle d'Or,	9 00	Nymphæa Odorata Gigantea, \$0 15	\$12 00
Salmon Queen,	7 00	PER	PER
Matchless, 10 Perle d'Or, 10 Salmon Queen, 10 Dahlias,—Best Double, Mixed, 8	7 00	100.	I000.
			\$1 25
GLADIOLI.		Oxalis Dieppi, \$0 25 Lasandria, 30	1 50
Gladioli,-Named Varieties.		Tignidia Canarianaia	1 30
Angusta Angusta	T 75	Tigridia Canariensis, 2 25	
Augusta,	I 75 I 75 I 75 I 75 I 75	Conchiflora, 2 2 25 Grandiflora Alba, 2 2 5 Immaculata Alba, 3 00 Lilacea, 2 25	
Ceres,	1 75	"Immaculata Alba	
Emma Thurshy	I 75	Lilacea 2.35	
	I 75	Pavonia, 2 25	
General Phil. Sheridan,	I 75	Rosea	
John Bull,	- 15	Mixed, 2 00	18 00
Lamarck,	I 75	mined, i	
Madame Monneret	1 75 1 75 1 75 1 75		PER
Mrs. E. H. Krelage,	1 75	EACH.	100.
May,	1 75	Tritoma Uvaria Grandiflora,	\$7 00
May,	1 75		
CHILDSI	, ,	TIPEDOCEC	
Boston. 4 Columbia 4 Dr. Sellew, 4 Ethel, 4 Henry Gillman, 4	3 25	TUBEROSES. PER	PER
Columbia,	3 25	Tuberose, Albino,	1000.
Dr. Sellew,	3 25	Tuberose, Albino, \$1 75	\$14 00
Ethel,	3 25	Excelsior Pearl, 80 "Extra Selected,	7 00
Henry Gillman,	3 25	Extra Selected, , I 25	, IO OO
Mrs. Beecher, 5	3 25	Variegated-Leaved,	14 00
Mohonk,	3 25	Zephyranthes Andersoni, 2 25	
Nezinscott, 4	3 25	Atamasco, 1 75	
Nezinscott,	3 25	Candida,	
Wm. Falconer, 4	3 25	Rosea, 2 75	

Please remember that BURPEE'S FARM ANNUAL, which, from the extreme care taken annually in its preparation and as the "SILENT SALESMAN" of the largest mail-order seed trade, is now generally recognized as "The Leading American Seed Catalogue," is mailed FREE to every planter who writes for it.

Burpee's New "Nameless" Sweet Pea,—

"Double-Stemmed Many-Flowered White"

near top of stem and generally all facing one way. BURPEE'S NEW "NAMELESS"

The most unique novelty in large-flowering tall Sweet Peas yet produced! Some idea of its remarkable character may be obtained from the illustration, which has been engraved

from a photograph.- The flowers are pure white, uniformly of the largest size, and are borne six to eight and frequently-as many as ten to twelve large flowers on a long stout stem. The stems are frequently double; that is, two stems seem to be united in growth throughout their entire length. The flowers are well placed

> The vines are most profuse in bloom, being of unusual vigor, as is shown from the fact that about half the flowers have double standards.

\$25.00 for a Name! We want an appropriate name for this unique novelty, which is sure to create a furore among growers of Sweet Peas on two continents. Were we to follow the custom of our German friends in giving a Latin botanical name to all new varieties we should have to call it, uthways detay they allow manife a example. to call it Lathyrus ódoratus alba magnifica grandi-flora multiflora! We want a short American name that will give, however, some idea of its remarkable character. We want also opinions as to its character, and will pay ten dollars for best report; five dollars for second best report; two dollars each for five "next best" reports, and one dollar each for the ten next best reports. We desire to have this "wanter the seconds." reports. We desire to have this new MANY-FLOWERED DOUBLE-STEMMED "NAMELESS" WHITE distributed as widely as possible and cannot allow any purchaser to have more than two packets for his own planting. Each packet will contain about twenty seeds. **Per pkt. 15 cts.**

Burpee's New "Nameless" Mixture of "Red-Spurred" Nasturtiums

A most beautiful type of climbing Nasturtiums, A most beautiful type of climbing Nasturtiums, very profuse in blooming, and remarkable for rich brilliancy of colors. Some of the flowers are deep orange, spotted with blood-red; others are creamy white blotched with orange-scarlet, while there are also bright flowers of a brilliant red, splashed with yellow. The flowers are further ornamented each with a red spur, contrasting beautifully with the dark-colored handsome foliage. Per hkt. (of twenty seeds) 15 cts. some foliage. Per pkt. (of twenty seeds) 15 cts.

\$25.00 for a Name! To the tomer suggests the best name we will pay a prize of \$25.00, while we will also pay ten dollars for the best report, and **other prizes** for other reports,—exactly as outlined above for the New "Nameless" Sweet Pea.

Novelties Free for Trial.

MANY-FLOWERED

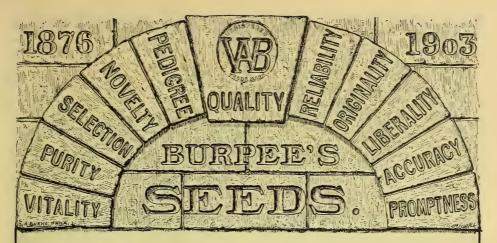
WHITE SWEET PEA.

from a Photograph of one Stem.

The plan of distributing for advance trial, prior to their introduction, samples of promising new varieties

originated with us some years since, and has become a popular feature of our business. We now annually distribute several hundreds of thousands sample packets of different Novelties FREE with orders, -so that reports may be obtained as to worth, adaptability, and growth, and a widespread judgment For this season we have several promising NOVELTIES IN SWEET PEAS, NASTURTIUMS, and OTHER BEAUTIFUL ANNUAL FLOWERS.

In New Vegetables, to be distributed gratis for advance trial this season, we would mention the New Beet from Holland,—a delicious New Savoy Cabbage,—a distinct New Lettuce,—a New Shipping Watermelon,—a unique New Garden Pea,—two very promising New Radishes,—a remarkable New Variety of Sorrel, and a fine New Turnip. 19 In all we have Eighteen Varieties of Vegetables and Flowers,—not yet catalogued by us, but well worthy of thorough trials,—all of which we have reserved for FREE Distribution among our customers whose orders indicate an interest in improved "New Creations" of merit. Shall we send You several of these?



The Keystone of our success in having built up and maintained for so

many years the largest mail-order seed trade in the world has been QUALITY.

We have acted upon the principle that "the best is the cheapest," and have spared no expense to grow **only the Best Seeds** that it is possible to produce. Ten other stones in this Arch of Success are named above;—these are described briefly below:

AS TO SEEDS.

Vitality. That Burpee's Seeds Grow—and grow vigorously—is proved by many thousands of *soil tests*. A sample of every lot is tested before selling,—*see page 141* for illustration from a photograph of such vitality tests.

Purity. At FORDHOOK FARMS we have the largest Trial Grounds in America. Here are tried, side by side, in the open fields, samples of all varieties, and careful notes made each season as to purity or "trueness to type."

Selection. Our comprehensive comparative trials enable us to select the choicest strains of each variety. The stocks of many old standard sorts have been improved greatly by constant careful selection since we began business twenty-seven years ago.

Novelty. These same field trials enable us to recognize any new varieties of real value. It is therefore not surprising that we have introduced into cultivation more novelties of sterling worth than have any other seedsmen.

Pedigree is as necessary in seeds as in choice strains of thoroughbred stock. "Like produces like," and we never take any chances in "picking up" stocks that look right but of unknown parentage. We sell only seeds of selected strains that have been well bred for generations.

AS TO METHODS.

Promptness. In the new Burpee Building we have the most complete seed warehouse, equipped with all modern conveniences,—so that with our trained corps of helpers we are able to fill all orders promptly.

Accuracy is as necessary as promptness. By our thorough system of "checking" our employees are trained to care-taking, and with the thousands of orders filled daily it is rarely that a mistake can occur.

Liberality. It is not our aim to get all we can for the money paid. Besides full value in seeds at the process charged we also include, free, useful leaflets and promising novelties for advance trial,—see pages 4 and 136.

Originality. Every careful reader will recognize that this catalogue is *unlike others*. It would take too lengthy a paragraph to mention all the points of originality in our business methods.

Reliability. Seed buying is entirely a matter of confidence. Had not our integrity of purpose—our thorough reliability—been established by years of honorable dealings, we should not have built up this arch of which the keystone is QUALITY.

Other stones in this arch could be named, but these ten,—in addition to the keystone of QUALITY,—should suffice to show that we appreciate the reasons for the success attendant upon our efforts to build up a substantial and enduring business to which we have earnestly devoted our energies and capital. We recognize the fact that this success can be maintained only by the same methods that led to its achievement. While we hope to be actively engaged for many years yet in the business which is our life-work and pleasure, it is our ambition to so train our sons and successors that,—even long after the life of its founder,—the name of BURPEE shall continue to be synonymous with the

Best Seeds that can be Grown!

M. G.-10

Trial Grounds at Burpee's Fordhook Farms.

From THE FLORISTS' EXCHANGE, New York, September 6, 1902.

Fordhook Farms, where W. Atlee Burpee & Co. make all their seed trials,* is in exceptionally good condition this year. The past four weeks has been a growing season, some rain having fallen nearly every day. This has made heavy growth of most crops, though rather detrimental to crops of flowering plants.

Sweet peas have done very well this year, and early in the season were profuse with flower, so that all the objects of the trials were achieved as to noting varieties, vine stock, etc. Just now, on account of rain, there are but few flowers out, but a few fine days will develop another good

Balsams are grown extensively, and with great care, by this firm. Several self colors that are good things for the florist trade have been secured, and among them a double white very large and a double pink of a delicate shade.



MACHINE FOR PLANTING TOMATOES. In Use at Fordhook Farms, of W. Atlee Burpee @ Co.

The present season has been particularly good | FLORISTS' EXCHANGE, New York, Sept. 6, 1902. for tests of pansy seed. This was sown in drills early and is now in full bloom.

In asters most noticeable was a row of Comet, white, dwarf in growth and a free flowerer; also very early. Seed sown in drills in the open, April 24, produced flowers August I. Another early aster suitable for florists is Ostrich Plume; it is white and has long stems. The flower reminds one of that of Mrs. Alpheus Hardy chrysanthemum.

Petunias are also grown extensively, and some good strains are seen. The Star petunias, recently introduced, are very good. There are also several self colors that should prove useful.

A new mignonette was noticed in the trials; it has a reddish head. The spike is larger than that of Allen's Defiance, as the two kinds are growing side by side in the open.

Large numbers of poppies are tested, but most

of these were past blooming.

Salvia splendens is also grown with great care; about 40 pounds of seed were obtained from the 1901 crop.

Specialties are made of flowering begonias for seed, the strains grown being very true and of sturdy growth. A fine strain of the bronzed leaf coleus has been developed on this place. This is a grand addition to the tropical garden.

The vegetable trials are extensive and are conducted in a very thorough manner. Not only are trials made of all varieties sold in the firm's own store, but everything new sent out by other firms is grown, and comparisons made with existing varieties of the species.

This has been an exceptional year for growth of onions. All the trials of these produced bulbs of full growth from seed sown in April; in fact, the Gibraltar onion is still growing, showing no

signs yet of ripening off.

The trials of beans, sweet corn, and tomatoes are very extensive, all the old and new varieties growing in the same patch, so that by careful observation the merits of each can be easily seen.

One great innovation this year was the installation of a planting machine which is illustrated herewith. The picture shows the machine planting tomatoes. This appliance as it goes along makes a furrow. It has a ratchet attachment which can be set at whatever distance the plants are to be placed; when the distance is reached, the machine drops about one pint of water; then the boy drops a plant and the machine covers the plant on both sides, forming a ridge. This machine was a great success and paid for itself in one season. Two boys are employed planting; as one drops a plant, the other reaches for another plant, 'so that they work alternately.-From an article in THE

* This statement is not quite correct, for while thousands of trials are made each season at Fordhook Farms, the bulk of the *Cucurbitaceæ* (Cucumbers, Melons, Squashes, etc.) are planted, as for years past, upon our trial grounds in Southern New Jersey. There better results can be obtained, particularly of melons in the light sandy soil. The member of the staff of THE FLORISTS' EXCHANGE, in a day's visit to Fordhook, did not have time to get over "Our New Farm," where were growing in long rows all our trials of the Rassica, family, (including, Cabberg, Carlifley, Brassica family (including Cabbage, Cauliflower, Brussels Sprouts, Kale, etc.) as well as some important crops of Vegetables and Flowers. Neither was a day long enough to allow an examination of many other trials, particularly of Root Crops, such as Beets, Mangels, Carrots, Parsnips, Salsify, and Turnips.

**Pon page 144 we publish an extract from another article which appeared in this same leading New York trade pages and transparent and

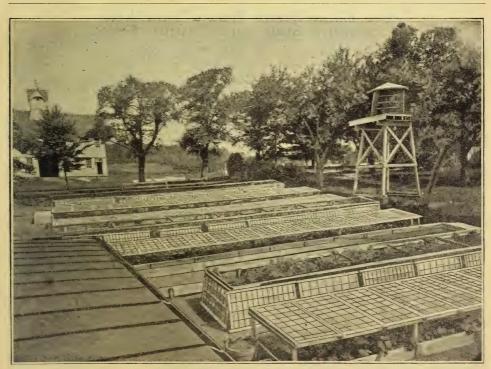
trade paper eight years ago.

W. A. B. & Co.



VIEW IN THE TRIAL GROUNDS AT FORDHOOK FARMS.

This is one of the photographic illustrations from the "Florists' Exchange" Article.



SOME OF THE FRAMES AT FORDHOOK,—with partial view of the principal seed-house in the background. In these and other frames are grown the several strains of Coleus, Giant-flowered Heliotrope, Tuberous-rooted and Free-flowering Begonias, while in the adjoining greenhouses are produced the choicest Gloxinias, Fancy-leaved Caladiums, Rex Begonias, etc., as well as trials of Cyclamen, Primulas, and other greenhouse plants from seed. The greenhouses are used also to start the plants of Petunias, Balsams, Salvias, Peppers, Tomatoes, etc., of which many acres are grown annually for seed at FORDHOOK.

The Burpee Premium at State and County Fairs

We hereby authorize the secretaries of every State Fair in the United States to offer a cash prize of twenty dollars for the best collection of Vegetables grown from Burpee's Seeds. We authorize, also, the secretary of every County Fair in the United States to announce, in like manner, a cash prize of five dollars for the best display of the products (Vegetables or Flowers) of Burpee's Seeds.

In Case this offer is not announced in the regular PREMIUM LISTS FOR 1903 of any State or County Fair, and a customer of ours would want to compete, we shall waive this requirement and still pay the same cash prize,—provided the products of BURPEE'S SEEDS exclusively have won the Society's regular prize for "Best Display of Vegetables." Show Cards furnished, if desired.

Photographs. We desire to have a photograph of exhibits winning our prize at STATE FAIRS, and in return shall send a dollar, in addition to the prize of \$20.00, to each one sending such a photograph, while for **the best photograph** we will pay a special prize of **ten dollars extra**.

\$100.00 Extra. We will pay also one hundred dollars cash as an extra prize to exhibitor who wins the greatest amount of prizes for products of Burpee's Seeds in 1903. Please write us a complete list, with amounts of money awarded, of all the prizes won at different fairs. To the party whose report reaches the largest correct TOTAL in cash prizes, we shall send our check for an extra hundred dollars. As All reports of prize awards must be received on or before December 10, 1903.

Burpee's Seeds are "Seeds of Success"

Our customers may remember the remarkable record published in the Quarter-Century Edition of Burpee's Farm Annual, when we published a photogravure illustration of the First Prize and Sweepstakes at the New York State Fair, won by Mr. E. Van Allen, of Delmar, whose winnings amounted to a total of three hundred and sixty-one dollars in cash prizes. In 1901 the products of Burpee's Seeds again "swept the deck," winning first prize for largest and best collection of Vegetables at the New York State Fair. More than four hundred thousand planters who received Our Catalogues for 1902 failed to write for our "Prize Supplement,"—hence we think it worth while to publish some extracts on these pages as to prizes won a year ago. As our catalogues have to be prepared in September and October, so as to begin mailing early in December to our customers in the South, in California, and in foreign countries, the prize awards this season are not yet decided, but we shall issue Our Prize Supplement for 1903 early in February, and shall be pleased to mail it FREE to all of our customers who ask for it.

Some of the Prizes Won a Year Ago,at Leading State and County Fairs.

In New York the State Fair First Prize was again won, but by Mr. Alfred Sweet, Glendale Farms, Glendale, N. Y., whose total winnings from products of Burpee's Seeds reached the amount of \$957.10 at different fairs. Mr. Sweet won in all 1103 first prizes and 153 second prizes, and wrote us that "every variety of Burpee's Seeds was fertile and brought first prizes in strong competition,"—and that his strongest competition was from others who also used Burpee's Seeds! As At the great New York State Fair, at Syracuse, including first prize for best Collection of Vegetables, Mr. Sweet won \$107.00 in prizes. Mr. Sweet also won \$61.00 in prizes at the fair at Cambridge, N. Y.;—\$59.00 at Sandy Hill, N.Y.;—\$24.75 at Warrensburgh, N.Y.;—\$15.00 at Ballston Spa, N.Y.;—the large amount of \$338.50 at the fair at White Plains, N. Y.;—\$88.00 at Poughteepsin, N. Y., and \$65.00 in prizes at the fair at Chatham, N. Y. The above prizes included first prize for Best Collection of Vegetables at seven of these eight fairs in the State of New York.

At the fair at Trenton, N. J. Mr. Sweet won \$52.00 in prizes and wrote us that he arrived there too late—"had I got there in time I would have won \$300.00;" at Danbury, Conn., Mr. Sweet won \$146.85 in prizes.

Burpee Premium at State and County Fairs in fall of 1901 and hence received "Our Hundred Dollar Special," making his winnings amount to a grand total of one thousand and fifty-seven dollars and ten cents,—all with the products of Burpee's Seeds exclusively!

In New York. Many other first prizes were won by the products of Burpee's Seeds. F.E. Stevens, Glen Falls, N.Y., won the Burpee Premium and the Societies' first prize for best collections at both the Saratoga County Fair, Ballston Spa, and the Otsego County Fair, Cooperstown. Mr. Stevens wrote us: "I also won a great many single premiums at the fairs this fall, on vegetables raised from your seeds. I advertised your seeds quite extensively this fall, as I exhibited at seven different fairs. I can safely place my total winnings at \$300.00. I found your seeds very true to name, which I have not found in all other seed companies that I have dealt with." Lewis J. Brundage, Starkey, N. Y., won \$75.75, including first prizes for best displays at Vates County Fair, Penn Yan, and Schuyler County Fair, Watkins. On October 22d Mr. Brundage wrote: "The products of your seeds have won a very large number of prizes for me this fall, as usual. I now have a display from the same at the Pan-American. Your seeds always give me the very best of satisfaction and I cheerfully recommend them to my friends." E. B. SOUTH-WORTH, Trout Creek, N. Y., won \$78.40 in prizes at two county fairs and writes: "I feel that it is my duty to say that Burpee's seeds are all right and up-to-date." SIDNEY N. TILLEY, Williston, Vermont, crossed the State line and won \$43.00 at Clinton County Fair, Plattsburgh, N. Y. L. P. Frisbie, Delhi, N. Y., won \$12.45 at Delaware Co. Fair, and wrote, October 7, 1901: "Have used your seed several years and never had a failure caused by poor seed. Had a fine crop of cabbage this year, nearly every plant forming a head, but not having had plants enough of my own I bought a thousand plants grown from other seeds and not more than 50 per cent. formed solid heads. Next year will grow all my plants from your seeds. Long live Burpee and Burppee's Seeds." L. E. Woodcock, Watertown, N. Y., won \$59.00, including both first prizes for best displays at the Jefferson County Fair. Fred. N. Terpening, West Oneonta, N. Y., won pr

In Pennsylvania the State Fair first prize was captured by Herman C. Goldbach, of Burpee's Seeds in Pennsylvania, New York, and other States, not named on the following pages, as well as in the Dominion of Canada. All these were enumerated in our Prize Supplement of 1902, while a complete list, with full address of each winner of prize awards, at various fairs in fall of 1902, will be published in our Prize Supplement for 1903, which will be sent tree to all customers who ask for it.



TESTING SEEDS FOR VITALITY IN A GREENHOUSE AT FORDHOOK.

Engraved from a Photograph taken in October, 1902.

Every lot of seeds (even those grown by ourselves on our own farms) is tested for vitality before selling. We rely only upon actual soil tests and thus know just how Burpee's Seeds Grow under normal conditions. Besides thousands of open field trials, many thousands of these tests for vitality are made each season and we discard all seeds that do not come up to the Burpee Quality,—no matter how great the cost. We prefer to bear the loss ourselves rather than sell any seeds which would not give complete satisfaction to our customers.

In Illinois.

S. M. RIPLEY, of Belleville, was awarded our special prize of \$20.00 at the ILLINOIS STATE FAIR, held at Springfield. Mr. Ripley writes:—I was very successful with vegetables grown from your seeds. I was awarded the Association's first premium on collection of vegetables, all grown from your seeds; also first on several varieties. Total amount of prizes on vegetables grown from your seeds was \$71.00.

JAMES H. WOODBURN, Sterling, won our prize at the great Northwestern Fair, held at Sterling.

JOHN SKINNER, Princeton, was awarded the first prize at the Bureau County Fair, held at Princeton; for the best display of farm and garden products, not less S. M. RIPLEY, of Belleville, was awarded our special

the best display of farm and garden products, not less than fifteen varieties, grown by a boy or girl under sixteen, in the competition for our prize.

ROBT. OSBORNE, Tamaroa, at the Perry County Fair was awarded first premium for best display.

MRS. KATE BARNARD, Ringwood, was awarded the Society's first prize for the best display of vegetables at Woodstock. Mrs. Barnard writes that she won the at Woodstock. Mrs. Barnard writes that she won the Blue Ribbon for best display of vegetables at the Mc-Henry County Fair; also 19 Blue and 3 Red Ribbons on other exhibits; won 9 Blue and 7 Red at Liberty-ville, Lake County, and 1 Blue and 5 Red at Elkhorn, Wis. Total value of premiums, \$49.75.

T. E. WILSON, Alma, won the Society's first prize for the best collection of vegetables at the Marion County Fair, and writes:—Your seeds are first-class and true to name.

and true to name.

JOHN M. THOMEN, Greenup, at the Greenup (Cumberland County) Fair was awarded the Society's first prize for the best and largest display of vegetables, and

prize for the best and largest display of vegetables, and was awarded also our special prize.

Jas. P. Wilson, Olney, for the second time, was awarded first premium for the largest and best display of vegetables at the Richland County Fair.

Mrs. C. C. Morrill, Hainesville, was awarded at the Lake County Fair first premium for the largest and best display of flowers, and writes:—My display was far better than anything exhibited at Elkhorn, Wis., by either florists or amateurs.

In Michigan.

MRS. C. BROWN, Jasper, was awarded a total of \$25.50 for her display of vegetables and flowers exhibited at the Lenawee County Fair, held at Adrian,—including the Society's regular first prize.

JAS. C. CULVER, Midland, received the first premium at the Midland County Fair, for the best and largest displayed from the property speeds.

at the Midland County Fair, for the best and largest display of vegetables,—all grown from Burpee's seeds. Mrs. John Apps, Berlin, was awarded the Burpee premium at the Ottawa and West Kent Fair, for the best and largest display of vegetables. Mrs. Apps writes:—Please accept my thanks for the check so kindly sent me. The Chinese Giant Peppers I raised from seed bought of you last spring were the wonder of every one who saw them. I sent twelve to the State Fair. They received first prize and were taken with other vegetables grown from your seed to the Pan-American at Buffalo, N. Y., and were in the Michigan Exhibit there which was awarded the first prize. The Golden Wax Beans were a sight to behold; they were Exhibit there which was awarded the first prize. The Golden Wax Beans were a sight to behold; they were just grand. Received first premium on Early Red Onions, Matchless Tomatoes, and first on six peppers and winter radishes and cauliflower.

M. A. Scott, Crosby, was awarded the Society's regular first prize for the largest and best display exhibited at Caledonia Union Fair Association, which embraces the counties of Kent Allegan and Barry.

embraces the counties of Kent, Allegan, and Barry.

In the Great National Garden Contest of the "American Agriculturist" the Grand Prizes of Seven Hundred and Fifty Dollars cash were won by the products of "Burpee's Seeds." Never before was there such a sharply contested competition, nor one that awoke such widespread interest, as this National Contest for the Best American Garden. The three first prizes, of \$250.00 each, were awarded to Mr. J. E. Morse, Detroit, Michigan, whose garden (as, indeed, were two-fifths of all the gardens entering into the competition) was planted exclusively with BURPEE'S SEEDS.

The Record of Burpee's Seeds for Producing Prize-Winning Vegetables and Flowers is Unequaled.

In Minnesota.

C. H. MURPHY, Caledonia, was awarded the Burpee premium of \$20.00 for the best and largest display of vegetables exhibited at the MINNESOTA STATE FAIR, held at Hamline. Mr. Murphy writes:—I showed fifty-five varieties grown from your seeds at MINNESOTA STATE FAIR. I showed and won second premium on Houston County exhibit, which amounted to fifty-five varieties grown from your seeds at MINNESOTA STATE FAIR. I showed and won second premium on Houston County exhibit, which amounted to \$259.00. I also won third premium on farm exhibit—\$24.00—at the same fair. I also won first and second on collection of Gourds, \$5.00. I showed at Northern Wisconsin State Fair for your prize and got beat (but by Burpee's seed!). At La Crosse Interstate Fair I won second on farm exhibit—\$10.00—and at Houston County (Minn.) Fair I won \$15.00. Mr. Murphy also won the Society's regular premium, in addition to the Burpee special, for the best display of vegetables at the Houston County Fair, held at Caledonia.

NATHAN JONES, Howard Lake, was awarded the Burpee premium at the Wright County Fair, and writes:—I have planted your seeds for twenty years. N. C. LAUGESON, Hutchinson, was awarded a total of \$17.00 at the McLeod County Fair, Hutchinson, including first prize for best display of vegetables.

MRS. WM. MOORE, Little Sauk, writes:—I again received first prize at our County Fair for finest collection of vegetables raised by one person. I also got first on Surehead Cabbage. They were pronounced the largest and finest cabbage ever raised in the county. I sold them for a fancy price while on exhibition. I received many first and second prizes and would have received nearly every first in the vegetable hall, but some parties put their exhibit ticket on my exhibit and of course secured the prizes. I have been your patron for twenty-three years. I plant your seed, and yours only. I buy seeds from no other firm.

W. G. Deacon, St. Vincent, October 26th, writes:—Enclosed please find marked premium list. The St. Vincent Society is, I believe, the farthest one north in the United States receiving State aid. It is held within two miles of the international boundary line between Minnessota and Manitoba and from the enclosed marked prize list of the Society you will see that we have taken, besides your special prize, first and second prizes for table beet, red cabbage, red onion, wh

second prizes for table beet, red cabbage, red onion, white onion, yellow onion, and first prize for cauliflower. For several years past we have sown your seeds exclusively and don't ask for better.

In Ohio.

G. R. CORDES, Plainville, writes:—I have been awarded the special premium for the best display of vegetables grown from your seeds and exhibited at the Hamilton County Fair, held at Cincinnati. I have also captured the regular premium offered by the Agricultural Society for the best display of vegetables; also on other single entries, all of which were grown from your seeds. So this is a double triumph of the superiority of Burpee's seeds over other seeds which was quickly observed by the visitors in general. Long may the fame of Burpee's SEEDS live as a standard of excellence to lead all others. lence to lead all others.

MRS. J. B. RAPP, Owensville, was awarded the special

Ience to lead all others.

MRS. J. B. RAPP, Owensville, was awarded the special Burpee premium at the Clermont County Fair, held at Owensville. Mrs. Rapp advises us that her exhibition attracted a great deal of attention, and that the total amount of her winnings at this fair was \$44.35.

D. E. HANNA, Cadiz, writes:—We were very successful with your seeds in growing nice vegetables which we showed at four fairs and were awarded many premiums, over \$100.00 in all. We displayed your cards and we trust will do you a great deal of good. At West Virginia State Fair I got \$100.00 on display of vegetables and first on a number of specimens. At Belmont County Fair I got all the premiums on vegetables, and at Harrison County Fair I received most all of the prizes, including grand display. November 1st Mr. Hanna writes:—I received \$130.00 in premiums at fairs this fall on grain, potatoes, and vegetables. I am well pleased with the result.

G. B. Gregg, Marysville, won the Society's first premium for best display of garden products at the Union County Fair, held at Marysville. Mr. Gregg also won a number of single premiums.

MRS. MARY C. EADES, Bellefontaine, was awarded the Society's first premium for the best display of flowers at the Logan County Fair, and also won "prizes on displays of pansies, white asters, colored asters, verbenas, dahlias, gladioli, funeral designs (pillow, Maltese cross, spray of white asters), all grown from seed purchased from Burpee."

In New Hampshire.

CHAS. A. EVANS, Claremont, won the Society's first CHAS. A. EVANS, Claremont, won the Society's first prize for best display of vegetables at New HAMP-SHIRE STATE FAIR, and with other prizes the total amounted to \$219.91. Mr. Evans writes:—I attribute my success to the fine quality of Burppee's Seeds. An article in The Brattleboro Phænix stated: "That the words Valley Fair are synonymous with the best that farm and garden can produce was demonstrated for the systemth time. A new exhibitor, and a top weakly the system of the farm and garden can produce was demonstrated for the sixteenth time. A new exhibitor, and a top-notcher as well, was C. A. Evans, of Claremont, N. H., a young working farmer, but a gardener of no small ability. Mr. Evans took seventy-five prizes at the New Hampshire State Fair at Concord this year, and his Brattle-boro exhibit consisted of over two hundred varieties." Mr. Evans also won the Society's prize for the largest and best exhibit of vegetables at the Sullivan County Fair, held at Claremont and writes:—I shall plant largely this coming year, and shall know where to buy THE BEST SEEDS THAT GROW!

In Iowa.

L. G. CLUTE, Greeley, writes:—I enclose you certificate of the secretary of the Iowa State Fair and also of the Delaware County Fair, showing that I took first premium on Burpee's seeds at Iowa State Fair and Delaware County Fair.

Iowa State Fair—

\$278.00 plus Burpee premium \$20.00, \$298.00 Delaware County Fair

\$278.00 plus Burpee premium \$20.00, \$298.00

Delaware County Fair—
\$45.00 plus Burpee premium \$5.00, \$50.00

or a total awarded on the products of Burpee's seeds
of \$348.00. Mr. Clute won also the State's regular
prize for the best and largest display of vegetables
exhibited at the lowa State Fair. The previous fall,
Mr. Clute was awarded, in prizes at these two fairs, a
total of \$234.00,—all with products of Burpee's seeds.
ASA FARRINGTON, Bloomfield, won the Society's
regular prize for the best collection of vegetables at
the Davis County Fair, and wrote:—While we have
had the worst drought ever known in Iowa I had
some very nice vegetables on exhibition. The onions
were as nice as I ever grew. I was asked a great many
times during the fair how I got my onion seed to grow,
and I would tell them by planting Burpee's Seeds,
and they would usually say, "I thought such other
firm's seeds were just as good, but they would not
grow for me this year."

O. H. Barnhillt, Shenandoah, was awarded the
Burpee premium at the Shenandoah District Fair.
CHAS. W. CORBETT, Williamsburg, at the Williamsburg District Fair Association, was awarded the
Society's first prize for the choicest and largest variety
of vegetables, while his son, ten years old, received
first prize on best collection exhibited by a boy under
fifteen. All were grown from Burpee's Seeds.
At the Plymouth County Fair the prize for best collection of flowers was won by Mrs. E. Brandon, Le
Mars,—all grown from Burpee's seeds.
Mrs. J. N. Robinson, Le Mars, received the Society's
first prize for the best and largest display of vegetables.
Mrs. For the best and largest display of vegetables.
Mrs. Robinson writes:—The exhibit was a fine one.
People thought it a marvel for such a dry season.

In North Dakota.

JOHN W. MILLETT, Bismarck, September 4th, writes:—Enclosed find certificate from secretary of the North Dakota State Fair, held at Mandan. This makes three seasons I have won your special prize. I was awarded nineteen prizes—fourteen first and five second prizes—for vegetables grown from your seeds this season. I have gardened here for twenty-five years and this has been the dryest and poorest season we have ever had, yet I have grown a good crop of vegetables from Burpee's seeds. I am particularly pleased with your Early Baseball Cabbage, New Early and Late Stonehead Cabbages. Prizes won at the North Dakota State Fair amounted to \$48.50.

In New Mexico.

S. E. KOONTZ, Aztec, won first prize for the best display of vegetables at the COLORADO-NEW MEXICO FAIR, held at Durango, Colo. This fair is a union of La Plata and Montezuma Counties in Colorado and San Juan County in New Mexico. Mr. Koontz writes:—As I have always had such good success with Burpee's seeds I was glad of an opportunity to help advertise them in this locality. I took first premium on everything entered from Burpee's seeds.

The Record of Burpee's Seeds for Producing Prize-Winning Vegetables and Flowers is Unequaled.

In Wisconsin.

As is the case with Maine (mentioned in next col-nn), Wisconsin has two official State Fairs. At both

umn), Wisconsin has two official state Fairs. At both the first prizes were awarded to our customers.

Casper Olson, Genesee, was successful in winning the Burpee premium of \$20.00 for the best collection of vegetables at the Wisconsin State Fair, held at Madison. Also the \$5.00 prize offered at County Fairs, at the Walworth County Fair, held at Elkhorn. Mr. Olson also won first prize at the Wisconsin State Fair

Again, as in 1900, JOSEPH WARD was a winner of our premium for best collection of vegetables at the NORTHERN WISCONSIN STATE FAIR, held at Chippewa Falls. Mr. Ward sent us two fine pictures showing the exhibition and notified us that he took the following prizes: Three first premiums @ \$3.00 each; nineteen first premiums @ \$2.00 each; ten second premiums @ \$1.00 each; five third premiums @ 50 cts. each, etc.,—amounting in all to \$79.50.
FRANK J. LINDLEY, Fox Lake, Wis., writes:—I was awarded \$55.00 worth of premiums on vegetables grown from your seeds at the Dodge County (Wis.) Fair, held at Beaver Dam.

E. H. Kierstead, Oregon, when acknowledging receipt of our check on December 14th for \$5.00 in payment of the Burpee premium won at the Dane County Fair, held at Madison, writes:—I won first on display of asters, fifteen varieties grown from your Fordhook

of asters, fifteen varieties grown from your Fordhook strain. I exhibited them in pots and could have sold them for Chrysanthemuns. I also had a show of nasturtiums and sweet peas on which no premiums were offered. We have always found your seeds true to

offered. We have always found your seeds true to name and sure to grow.

At the Berlin County Fair, the secretary divided our special offer. The vegetable prize was won by H. B. THOMAS; the flower prize by MRS. CHAS. SCHISSLER. MRS. TONY BRANDT, Baraboo, was awarded the Burpee premium for the best collection of vegetables shown at the Sauk County Fair, held at Baraboo.

In Idaho.

Chas. Menges, of Peck, was awarded the Society's first premium for the best display of vegetables at the Inter-State Fair, held at Lewiston, and also our special of \$20.00 extra. Mr. Menges was awarded also the Lewiston Water and Power Company's special premium of \$10.00 for the best display of vegetables.

In South Carolina.

W. P. Counts, Slighs, was awarded our premium W. P. COUNTS, Slighs, was awarded our premium of \$20.00 for the best collection of vegetables exhibited at the SOUTH CAROLINA STATE FAIR, held at Columbia. November 18th Mr. Counts writes:—I will say that I won prize on every article exhibited at the State Fair grown from your seed. I have been winning prizes at the State Fair for several years. I use no other but W. Atlee Burpee & Co.'s seed.

In Washington.

W. L. WRIGHT, North Yakima, was awarded first premium (\$20.00) on the best collection of vegetables grown from Burpee's seeds at the Washington State Fair, held at North Yakima. In acknowledging receipt of our check on December 11th, Mr. Wright writes:—I also took second premium of \$30.00 on my exhibition for the best display by any one grower. My exhibition was forty-five feet long, six shelves high, and was one of the finest put up in the State of Washington, as I took great pains with it.

In Maine.

S. H. Dawes, Harrison, was awarded again our special prize at the Maine State Fair, held at Lewiston. Mr. Dawes made a very creditable exhibit and was awarded prizes amounting to \$83.00, including first prizes also on General Exhibit of Farm Products, arrangement of Garden Truck, Grains and Seeds, Beans, Peas, Beets, Onions, Parsnips, Turnips, etc.

Mr. Dawes was awarded also our special prize for the best and largest exhibit at the Northern Cumberland County Fair. He was awarded also the Society's regular first prize on this exhibit. Mr. Dawes was awarded this same prize last year. In a letter acknowledging receipt of our check Mr. Dawes states:—I only exhibited at two fairs this season, the Maine State and Cumberland County, and Iwon all the first premiums at the County Fair and about all at the State Fair, but the amount of the premiums they pay is small.

O. M. BICKFORD, Bangor, was awarded our special prize at the EASTERN MAINE STATE FAIR, held at Bangor; in all, his prizes amounted to \$100.25.

E. R. MAYO, Manchester, was awarded the regular first prize at the Kennebec County Fair, held at Redfield, and was therefore awarded our special prize as offered at Counity Fairs. The amount of cash won on the products of Burpee's seeds was \$31.00.

MRS. LEORA W. Ames, Farmington, was awarded the first premium on the largest and best display of flowers and also on the best vase of flowers at the Franklin County Fair at Farmington, was awarded the first premium on the largest and best display of flowers and also to our extra prize. Mrs. Ames writes:—I can't begin to tell you of the praise my Asters received. Every one said they never saw such beautiful ones. All the flowers were very nice, but my asters seemed to attract more attention than any others. I counted the flowers on one plant of aster, and found to my own surprise there were fity-seven altogether,—quite a-story, but a true one evertheless.

Chas. Porter, Houlton, was awarded the Burpee

to my own surprise there were fity-seven altogether,—quite a story, but a true one nevertheless.

Chas. Porter, Houlton, was awarded the Burpee premium at the Aroostook County Fair, held at Houlton. In acknowledging the receipt of our check Mr. Porter states that he received \$12.50 in premiums alone at the County Fair this year. Premiums are small and he got all that could be gotten.

RALPH J. PATTEN received the Burpee premium at the Sagadahoc County Fair held at Topsham.

In Oregon.

J. R. Douglass, Albany, Oregon, in sending certifi-J. R. DOUGLASS, Albany, Oregon, in sending certificate from secretary showing that he had been successful in receiving our special premium at the Oregon STATE FAIR, held at Salem, Oregon, wrote:—I competed against seven counties, knocked them all out and took first prize of \$300.00,—total amount won was \$415.50. We had men from your State and New York who said they never saw as fine vegetables in any of their fairs as we had here or as close competition as York who said they never saw as fine vegetables in any of their fairs as we had here, or as close competition as we had for first prizes all around. Our iair was a grand success. I represented our county in the county contest on agricultural and horticultural products. I had as fine a display as was ever seen in our State,—all grown from your seeds. The Great Divide Potato takes the lead in our State, and your Cauliflower was immense, both for size and beauty, and all the rest of my vegetables were fine. This makes twenty-five years that I have used your seeds (with the exception of two or three years that I have lived in town). During that time I used your seeds in Kansas before I came here twelve years ago, and I have always found them true and sure to germinate. I think I will have to have a little seed of every variety of vegetables you grow for next year, as they say I can't do it again.

At the Paris Exposition
the Only First Prize on Sweet Peas was awarded to our exhibit of sixty varieties, all produced from our American-grown seed. Large bouquets of Tall varieties were shown in connection with pot-plants of the Dwarf Cupid and Burfee's Bush Sweet Peas. This was pronounced the finest exhibit of Sweet Peas ever made on the continent of Europe. We received also a Silver Medal for Collection of Photographs displayed by request of the United States Government in connection with The Department of Agriculture, and showing views of Trial Grounds, Seed Crops, and Seed Cleaning as conducted at Fordhook Farms.

AT the Pan-American Exposition, Buffalo, 1901,—not only was our exhibit of Sweet Peas much admired (as were our beds of Begonias, Coleus, and Roses) and awarded premiums, but it was most gratifying to note that all the prize winners in the different classes exhibited by amateurs were grown also from our seed.

Our Prize Supplement for 1903 will be mailed early in February to all known contestants of 1902. It will be mailed FREE, also, to any one who may ask for it when ordering this winter or spring.



"READY FOR THE POST OFFICE," at the York Avenue Frontage of our Philadelphia Warehouse,-This wagon-load of mail sacks contained 20,656 copies of BURPEE'S FARM ANNUAL.

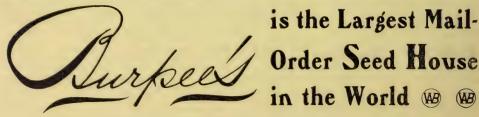
Planters who may visit Philadelphia are invited to inspect the New A Cordial Invitation. Burpee Building, where we shall be pleased to explain the workings of the various departments. We are glad also, during spring, summer, and autumn, to have our customers examine the crops and trials at FORDHOOK FARMS. Wednesday is "Visitors' Day," but customers from a distance can obtain permits at our Philadelphia office for any other weekday. It is the common remark of gardeners and seedsmen, after a day at FORDHOOK FARMS: "Planters generally have not the slightest idea of the unusual care you exercise in growing and testing seeds. You ought to say more about it." There is certainly no other place in America where such a complete assortment of all varieties-both known and unknown-can be seen growing each season.



Fordhook,—"A Household Word Among Seed Buyers."

The great development of the seed industry in America is nowhere better exemplified than on the large seed farm of W. Atlee Burpee & Co., at Fordhook,—located among the Bucks County hills in Pennsylvania,—a name now as familiar among seed growers and buyers as a household word. Too much credit cannot be given to Mr. W. Atlee Burpee, the head of the great Philadelphia firm, for the energy he has displayed and the capital he has expended in order to make the experiments carried on at this perfect model farm of the utmost value, not only to himself but to the whole nation.—Extract from an illustrated article published more than eight years ago in The Florists' Exchange, New York, September 29, 1894. See also page 138.

The partial record of prizes won, printed upon preceding pages, should show one of the reasons why



Planters everywhere are learning that they can rely absolutely upon getting, with only the slight trouble of mailing an order to Philadelphia, -uniformly the

BEST SEEDS THAT CAN BE GROWN!

Ask for our Prize Supplement for 1903, if wanted.

ORDER SHEET FOR SEEDS, BULBS, ETC.

W. Atlee Burpee & Co., Philadelphia

MAIL, EXPRESS, OR FREIGHT.	Date,	1903.
	1	AMOUNT ENCLOSED.
Name,		P. O. Order, \$
Post Office,		Draft, \$
County,		Cash, 8
State,		Stamps, - \$
Name, Post Office, County, State, Express Office,		Total, - \$
SPECIAL NOTICE.—The prices given deners and Florists do not include cost purchaser pays freight or express charges upon of postage (2 ozs. for 1 ct., 8 cts. per 15 cts. per qt., and Sweet Corn 10 cts.	in our Wholesale Price of transportation, except on receipt. If Seeds are 1b.) must be sent with the	ce List for Market Gar- Seeds in Packets. The ordered by mail, the cost
About Shipping.	PLEASE WRITE NAME A	ND ADDRESS VERY PLAINLY.
	REM	IARKS:
The through freight lines are reliable, but it takes some days longer for a shipment to reach any great distance by freight than if sent by express. Seeds are given a special rate by the express companies of twenty per cent. less than regular rates. When paying charges you should see that you get the benefit of this rebate. It is often cheaper to have small parcels sent by express rather than by freight, especially if you are in a hurry for the seeds. We can send seeds to most distant parts of the United States by a special express rate, but which is to be prepaid at the cost of eight cents per pound. **D** Those of our customers on the Pacific coast who wish to take advantage of this special rate, should remit sufficient cash to cover charges when sending their order. The freight lines west of the Mississippi River have what is known as a minimum rate of one hundred pounds, and all shipments by freight weighing less than this are billed as if they weighed the full one hundred pounds. The difference between the freight and express rate per hundred pounds can be judged by the following table. The differences stated below are guaranteed in no way, as transportation rates are constantly changing.	Please write instructions or	remarks concerning this order below.
EXPRESS RATE PER 100 LBS. Alabama, \$3 75 \$0 59		
Illinois 60		
Maine, 63		
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		·
Before deciding as to how you will have your seeds shipped, please consider carefully the difference between freight and express, as some of our customers order seeds shipped by express when they have no idea as to the difference in cost.		
Seeds Can Be Mailed		

in any quantity,—in 4 lb. packages.

We make no charge for packing, but at the low prices quoted in this catalogue the cost of postage, 8 cts. per lb., must be remitted, in addition to price of the seed,—if ordered to be sent by mail.

Quantity.	NAMES OF SEEDS, ORDERED.	PRICE.
e .		
		ii
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Quantity.	NAMES OF SEEDS ORDERED.	PRICE.
		_
	·	

Quantity.	PLANTS, BULBS, AND MISCELLANEOUS.	PRICE
and the second s		
	-	
ALL	QUESTIONS Requiring an An	swer

should be written upon a separate sheet,—bearing likewise your name and address.

Ä

It is our rule to place orders in hand for **filling immediately**, and therefore unnecessary delay can be avoided if our customers who ask for information will *kindly write such inquiries upon a separate sheet of paper*. This separate sheet can then be passed to the correspondence department, without holding back the order until the answer has been dictated.

Useful Leaflets on Culture included FREE.

Please write below the names of any cultural leaflets desired:

Đ	OMESTIC. (Form No. 6001.)
and pressure a	Space above this line is for the Postmaster's record, to be filled by him.
aster	Application for Money Order.
	mountDollarsCents.
S	ent to W. ATLEE BURPEE & CO.,
lon; Ta	<u>\$</u>
Ē	PHILADELPHIA, ety or town
this ap	20
y use	State Pennsylvania.
nou	ent by
en seindling	O .
Acc	ldress of sender: No Street.

Fees Charged for Money Orders

For payment in United States (which includes Hawaii and Porto Rico), in Canada, in Cuba, and in the Philippines.

For Orders for sums not exceeding \$2.50 3 cents.								
Over	\$ 2.50	and	not	exceeding	\$	5.00	5 ce	nts.
Over	\$ 5,00	and	not	${\tt exceeding}$	S	10.00	8 се	nts.
Over	\$10.00	and	not	exceeding	S	20.00	10 се	nts.
Over	\$ 20.00	and	not	exceeding	53	30.00	12 ce	nts.
Over	\$30.00	and	not	exceeding	S	40.00	15 ce	nts.
Over	\$40.00	and	not	exceeding	\$	50.00	, .18 се	nts.
Over	\$50.00	and	not	exceeding	\$	60.00	20 ,c∈	nts.
Over	\$60.00	and	not	exceeding	\$	75.00	25 се	nts.
Over	\$75.00	and	not	exceeding	\$	100.00	30 се	nts.

Memoranda o	f Issuing	Postmaster:
-------------	-----------	-------------

Note.—The maximum amount for which a single Money Order may be issued is \$100. When a larger sum is to be sent additional Orders must be obtained.

Applications must be preserved at the office of issue, for four years from date of issue.

{Edition July 1, 1901.}

BLUE LIST



RURPEE'S SEEDS-BEST THAT GROW

ARE "PROVED BY TEST" AT

BURPEE'S FORDHOOK FARMS

AT BURPEE'S NEW FARM ANNUAL IS MAILED FREE TO THE LARGEST TRIAL GROUNDS IN AMERICA

1903

Speziell für das deutsch : amerikanische Publikum und unsere deutschen Kunden.

ierdurch zur besonderen Kenntnisnahme, daß wir speziell für unsere deutsche Kundschaft und das deutsch-amerikanische Publikum einen deutschen Korrespondenten engagiert haber. Derselbe war eine Reihe von Jahren in einer der ersten großen Kunst- und Handelsgärtnereien in Erfurt, Deutschland, thätig und glauben wir, daß wir allen Anfragen und allen Anforderungen genügen können. Der Gedanke, nicht recht verstanden zu werden, mag bisher viele unserer Gönner abgehalten haben, in der ihnen gewohnten Sprache zu schreiben und ebenso zu bestellen. Unsere Kunden und Gönner können dies jetzt ohne Besorgnis in deutsch thun. Nur ersuchen wir noch im Falle einer Bestellung (welche wir möglichst bald erbitten) etwaige Anfragen auf einem separaten Zettel an uns zu richten, um uns in den Stand zu setzen, dieselben umgehend zu erledigen, während in der Zwischenzeit der Austrag ausgeführt wird.

Es erübrigt sich, zu erwähnen, daß Burpee's Samen die besten sind, welche gezogen werden können. Die Qualität unserer Samen ist unüberstroffen. Das zu erzielende Resultat hängt indessen nicht allein von der Güte der Aussaat ab, sondern ist vielen Zufälligkeiten unterworsen, welche sich unserer Kontrolle vollständig entziehen. Wir sind zum größten Entgegenkommen gern bereit und im Falle eines Frrtums zahlen wir (im Gegensaß zu anderen Firmen) den vollen für die Sämereien bezahlten Betrag zurück. Unsere Angestellten, meist Leute von erprobter Tüchtigseit, sind mit dieser Berantwortlichkeit der Firma vollständig vertraut und gebrauchen deshalb die bei der Ausssührung der Austräge notwendige Sorgsalt und Aussmerksamkeit.

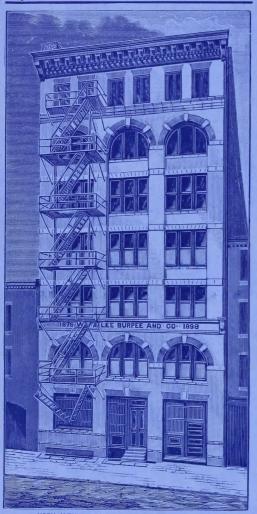
Zum Schluß bitten wir um eine forgfältige Beachtung ber vorsgehenden Seiten und zeichnen

Hochachtungsvoll

28. Atlee Burpee & Co.

Plant the Right Seeds in the Right Way *** ***

⊙ ⊙ ⊙ The result of our policy of selling only the highest grade seeds shows that there is a sufficient number of "quality buyers" to sustain an establishment



THE NEW "BURPEE BUILDING."

such as ours, which is the largest mail-order seed trade in the world! O O Even though inexperienced in gardening, you are sure to have the right seeds if you will confine your selections in each class to those varieties marked with a bull's-eye. O O You can easily learn the right way to plant and cultivate, by reading the plainly written original leaflets, which are given free with orders when asked for. O O O In buying seeds, no saying is truer than this: "It's not what you pay, but what you get for the money paid, that counts." • • • O Our extensive business enables us to make prices as low as they possibly can be made for the quality of seeds that we handle. O O O Our interests are mutual,—your success is ours! • • No matter how far away you may live-North, South, East or Westyou will get seeds suited to your climate, and are safe in sending to the new Burpee Building, Philadelphia. O O O Before any seeds are allowed to leave this warehouse they have all been "proved by test" at our famous Fordhook Farms, the most complete Trial Grounds in America. O O O Burpee's Seeds are warranted fresh and genuine, to the full extent of the purchase money. This, of course, does not guarantee you a good crop under all conditions, as success is sometimes beyond human control, but it should assure you that we have entire confi-"The value of dence in the seeds we sell. a guarantee is not in what is said, but in who says it." o o o Every experienced planter knows that from good seeds only can good crops be raised. "Cheap Seeds" are dear at any price. O O O Sensible planters realize that they cannot afford to run any risk.

• • • If you would have the choicest vegetables, the most beautiful flowers, and the finest farm products, it is necessary that you should be careful always to

Plant the Right Seeds in the Right Way *** ***